The Weekly Valley Herald.

Vol. XXII.---No. 5. CHASKA, MINN., THURSDAY DECEMBER 6, 1883. WHOLE No. 1097.

F. E. DU TOIT,
PENSION AGENT,
Office in "Herald" Block, Chaska

MERCHANTS HOTEL
J. F. Difley, Propr.
Chaska, - Minn.
The "Merchants" is now prepared for business. If you want a square meal, and a clean bed stop with me, second door East of "Herald Block."

ŒSTREICH BROS
BRICK and STONE
MASONS,
PLASTERERS, &c.
Chaska, - - Minn.
Will do all work in their line either by contract or by the day, at lowest living rates.

THE SARGENT HOUSE
—:0:—
This new hotel, will be open for accomodation of travelers
SEPTEMBER, 1, 1880.
It is situated nearly opposite the Court House.
CHASKA, - - MINN.

AUG. WEBBER,
SALOON!
Opposite Court House,
CHASKA, - - MINN.
Choice Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Lager Beer.
FREE LUNCH EVERY DAY

CITY
FURNITURE
STORE.
CHEAP FOR CASH!
UNDERTAKING A SPECIALTY
The undersigned has constantly on hand a full line of furniture and and undertakers materials, which will be sold cheap for cash. New work and repairing done to order.
JOHN DOLS.

NEW
Livery Stable,
JERRY EHEMAN, Propr.
FASHIONABLE EQUIPAGES FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE.
Will also attend to Auctions in all Parts of the County, at Reasonable Rates.
JERRY EHEMAN.
Chaska, Minn.
Office at Washington Hotel

VALLEY
Flouring Mills
J. G. EITEL, Propr.
CHASKA, - - MINN.
The undersigned is prepared to do custom work at his mill and gurantee satisfaction. Every farmer who brings flour to this mill may be assured that he can have flour from his OWN WHEAT. Farmers wishing to exchange their wheat for flour or feed can be accommodated. A full line of the choicest brands of flour always on hand. Also bran and shorts.
J. G. EITEL

ACKERMANN BROS
Roller Mill,
Young America, - Minn.
Best grades of granulated roller flour as well as Straight Family XXXX Flour shorts, bran and feed always on hand, and for sale or exchanged for wheat. We also grind
Corn, Rye and Buckwheat
On Friday and Saturday of every week.

EMPIRE
Billiard Hall
—BY—
Samels & White
CHASKA, MINN.
We would respectfully inform the public that we have lately opened a first class saloon and billiard hall, and constantly keep on hand a large stock of choice wines, liquors and cigars. The best of beer always on tap. We also sell whiskey by the gallon at the very lowest possible figures
SAMELS & WHITE.

CHASKA
WAGON FACTORY
BY
JOSEPH ESS,
CHASKA, : : MINN.
PLATFORM BUGGIES
THE CHEAPEST & BEST MADE.
Also Agent for the Cortland, New York Buggies.
I have a supply of Lumber Wagons, and Single Wagons on hand of my own make which I will sell as cheap as the cheapest warranted to be first class in every respect.
I am also agent for the celebrated Cortland, New York Platform Spring Buggy just the thing for family use, which I wil, sell very cheap and warrant.
Shop above Barthel's Saloon.

The Valley Herald.

Published every Thursday by
A. L. and F. E. DU TOIT,
Editors and Publishers.

COUNTY OFFICERS:
Treasurer—Peter Wego.
Auditor—L. Streukens.
Register of Deeds—F. Greiner.
Sheriff—F. E. Du Toit.
Clerk of Court—G. Krayenbuhl.
Attorney—W. C. Odell.
Surveyor—H. Muehlberg.
Judge of Probate—Julius Schaler.
School Superintendent—P. A. N. Vreyens.
Coroner—E. H. Lewis.
Court Commissioner—Geo. Mix.
County Commissioners—Robt. Patterson, Chairman. Geo. Kugler, E. E. Harrison, Chas. Arine and Jacob Trawe.

SINCE the re-assembling of Congress, some of the extreme partizans on the republican side of the house, are trying to revive sectional issues, "Waving of the bloody flag &c." It is rather late in the day for anything of that kind.

SERGT Mason, who shot at the assassin Guiteau, has been pardoned out of the N. Y. Penitentiary by Pres, Arthur. He is now with "Betty and the Baby," having been discharged from the army.

50,000 Dollars expended in Chaska the past season in buildings is a handsome showing, taking into consideration that the great bulk of the buildings erected were dwelling houses to accommodate our rapidly increasing population. Can our neighboring towns do better.

CONGRESS organized last Monday by the election of Mr. Carlisle, for speaker and Genl. J. B. Clark for clerk and Hon. J. P. Leedom, Sergt at Arms.

The republicans complimented Genl. Kiefer, with their votes for the speakership.

Attorney General Hahn has just delivered the following opinion in regard to the terms of office of the recently elected county officials:

"As to the superintendents of schools, I held in an opinion this day given to the superintendent of Wright county, that these officers take their office December 1st, as heretofore, because the result of the constitutional amendment [Chap. 2, Laws 1883] will not be ascertained, nor the proclamation of the Governor be issued until after January 1st, and the amendment is not in force until these things are ascertained and done. As to the county treasurers, a different conclusion must be arrived at, because the result of the vote and the proclamation of the governor will, in the ordinary course of events, be ascertained and made before the first Monday in January, 1884. If it shall appear that the amendment is adopted all laws in consistent with it will. pro tanto, be inoperative and the clause in said amendment providing that "all terms of office shall terminate at that time," viz, the first Monday of January in each year will be the rule and guide in the future, notwithstanding anything in any of the laws of this state to the contrary. I am therefore, of the opinion that the newly-elected county treasurers will take their offices on the first Monday of January instead of the first day of March, as heretofore.

What Causes The Cyclones.

Will some of our scientific friends be kind enough to tell us the cause of cyclones.

We see that some attribute them to spots on the sun and some assign other reasons. We should like it of some one or more persons who was present at Rochester during the prevelence of that terrible cyclone last summer would give a complete and faithful statement of the condition of the atmosphere during the day previous to the cyclone. We have heard it stated that at the hour of eleven o'clock on the forenoon of that fatal day there was a stange appearance in the heavens; there was no clouds; but there was an awful stillness and intense heat. That as the day advanced the atmosphere and objects presented a green appearance that the people looked at one another and fancied each had chanced his original color. That about 5 o'clock p m,, the wind began to blow and dense clouds appeared for the first time in the west tumbling and rolling over each other. that all the people then became alarmed, and many who lived in the north part of the city had time to run to the south part of the city for safety before the cyclone broke in upon them. If this is the way cyclones perform there would be plenty of time for prudent people to seek places of safety. Why would it not be well enough for those who have passed through these cyclones in safety, to get together and give us the result of their absorvations both before and immediatly after the cyclones what causes that greenish appearance in the clouds and around us everywhere on such occasions.

WACONIA DEPARTMENT.

Fine weather,

Our lake is still open in a few places, Dec 4th.

Fine skating, which is being enjoyed by young and old.

Business dull, but we are still alive and on deck.

Mrs. Schutz the popular hostess of the lake house celebrated her thirty sixth birthday, on last Sunday. Everybody wishes she may at least double the number.

The drug store is full of Christmas goods of every description. Come and see.

Our wheat market is not what it should be.

Mr. Orth of Minneapolis spent the Sabbath in town. He will build a fine summer residence here in the spring.

Anton Cleasgens sold his (160 acres) last week to Mr. John Fahse for 6000 dollars, Good price but proves that the day of cheap farms in Carver Co is past. Mr. Claesgens will dispose of his personal property by auction soon and will then probably move into the village.

Frank Kohlberg is building a fine house near the lake.

Our school closed on Wednesday of last week for Thanksgiving. Miss Smith spent the remainder of the week at home in Laketown. She reports a very interesting service in the Moravian church on Tuesday. Rev Conrad of St Paul officiating. After the sermon an old fashioned Moravian love feast was celebrated at which brotherly and sisterly love prevailed which is as it should be.

Rev. Theodore Sonderman spent a part of last week in St Paul.

Our mill is shipping her surplus flour to St Paul

Hugo Volkenant offers for sale the Fred Janke farm in this town. See his advertisement in this issue.

Mr and Mrs. Kelrich who have been visiting in their old home in Pa are expected home this week

What is the matter? Waconia has been without a lawsuit for over a week. Wont some one please lay a chip on his shoulder and walk through town.

Gus Heinecke rejoices. Its a boy, and being born in a candy store he cant help but be a sweet one.

Mike Zahler has been hopping around on three legs for a few days. His old friend rheumatism has been making him a call. Mike says his old friend "sticketh closer than a brother."

We received a letter from our friend J. A. Ricera Hollywood headed "Hurrah, for the next Republican President"

"Dont yell J. A. R. before you are out of the woods."

Dont be too sure Mr. Editor about N Y being safely moved in the Democratic harbor Her past record wont justify it

We saw a postal card written in figures go through the P. O. and we thought somebody would be around soon and sure enough he came on Sunday. Now stop that Robert you make us angry.

We do not mean to be personal in any of our items but if we happen to tread lightly on any ones "corn" and the shoe pinches too badly, we would advise a good application of the oil of discretion and circumspection,

See Ordinance No 5, published in this issue of the HERALD. Our farmer friends should read it, as it may save them from getting into trouble.

THE St Paul GLOBE has reduced the price of the Daily Edition, six issues per week, postage paid to $6. The GLOBE, will also hereafter, be printed on a $30,000 press, the largest and best in the west.

The GLOBE is now the very best paper published in the entire Northwest, and is deserving the success it is so rapidly attaining.

A FAIR OFFER.

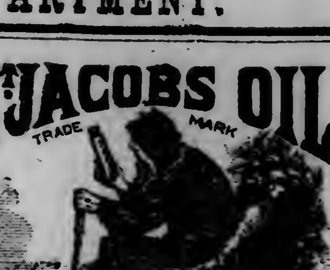
In Brown County, Dakota, there lives a young man by the name of William Heckelsmiller. He is a fine specimen of the penman family, and should by all means be called Sweet William. This young man came to me some time ago and wanted to borrow $800. I asked security. He promised the same, but failed. I of course refused the loan. This was very aggravating to William. And revengeful as he is, he set to work contested my claim or homestead. He employed a one horse lawyer, who is always ready to take a dirty case. William is not a common laborer, but is engaged in a good deal of head work, as he calls it. This employment has brought him so far that he does not know how to meet the ends. Now I have heard that the people of Brown county do love William so sincere that they wish to tie him up, for fear he might leave them. But ropes are scarce up in that country, therefore I make the proposition, that I will furnish the rope if desired.

I have recently found out through a friend, Mr Holland, that sweet William is now in Minneapolis, and report says does not work as hard as formerly with the head, as he is a student of music, his father giving him instructions on the hand accordion; but we do not believe that Mr Holland, or anybody else in Dakota will shed tears at his removal, as the claims are all contested.

Now William I have succeeded in finding a place for you in a mill, and if you have no money to pay your way, let me know and I will send you a ticket.

NIC HENRION,
Benton, Minn.

Subscribe for the VALLEY HERALD.



THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

WACONIA HOUSE.
HENRY LUKAN, Propr.
Keeps on hand good wines, liquors and cigars. Good board at reasonable rates. Has good stabling for horses.

Meyer & May
DEALERS IN
GENERAL
Merchandise
WACONIA, MINN.
We would respectfully inform the public of Waconia and vicinity that we have now opened our new store, well stocked with new goods, finely selected, such as
DryGoods,
Groceries,
Boots & Shoes,
Hats & Caps,
Clocks, Crockery
Glassware, Wooden
& Willow-Ware, etc.
And in fact every article kept in a first class general store.
OUR PRICES
Will be as low as the lowest, and we will guarantee you good goods and fair dealing. Give us a trial, and you will be convinced that you can do better by dealing with us than elsewhere.
MEYER & MAY

LAKE HOUSE,
A. F. SCHUETZ,
WACONIA, MINN.
—:0:—
The best accommodations for Travelers, Fishing Parties and Pleasure Seekers. The hotel is closely situated on the beautiful Clearwater Lake. Stable and water on the premises.

Confectionery Store and BAKERY
by G. A. Heineke,
WACONIA, MINN.
I would respectfully inform the public that I have opened a bakery and confectionery store at my new place in Waconia, and constantly keep on hand a large stock of confectioneries, bread, cakes and crackers, tobaccos and cigars, pipes &c Lunch at wll hours of the day.
G. A. HEINECKE.

Waconia Brewery!
MICH. ZAHLER, Propr.
Waconia, Carver County, Minn.
This brewery has been enlarged and new machinery added to the establishment making it one of the best inland breweries of the state. All orders for beer promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Give us a trial

DR. H. R. DIESSNER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
HOMOEOPATH,
WACONIA, - - MINN.

A. EISELEIN
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
WACONIA, MINN.
—0—
Goods at St. Paul and Minneapolis prices.
Produce taken in exchange for goods at CASH market prices.

CARPENTER
BUILDER & MOVER.
BERNHARD RAUCH,
Waconia, - - Minn.
The undersigned will contract for building new buildings or moving buildings, repairing buildings and in fact all kinds of carpenter work, Charges reasonable.

Julius Enger,
CARPENTER
AND BUILDER,
CHASKA, - - MINN.
I will take contracts for all kinds of buildings, and guarantee low prices and first class work. Am also prepared to furnish all kinds of building material.
Plans and specifications furnished on demand. I am also prepared to supply builder with doors, sash and blinds.
JULIUS ENGER.

Caspar Spies
CARVER, MINN.,
Keeps constantly on hand and will sell as cheap as the cheapest
WHITE AND PLASTERING
LIME.
Plaster Paris. Cement, Plastering Hair, Chaska Brick.
Is also ready to contract for brick or stone work and plastering any where in the county

Lake Resort.
BY
JOHN RADDE,
WACONIA, - MINN
I respectfully notify my friends that I have opened up a first class saloon in my new building on first street new building new bar, new fixtures will be pleased to see all my old friends, and make new ones, at any time The best of liquors wines beer cigars &c, only will be handed over the bar. Lunch can be served at any hour, Liquors by the quantity will be sold to farmers as cheap as it can be obtained anywhere. Farmers come, and if you need whiskey for harvesting, threshing, or private use come and try the "Wild Dutchman" Free lunch from 10 to 12.
JOHN RADDE

PETER ILTIS
Wholesale & Retail Dealer in
WINES, LIQUORS CIGARS,
CHASKA, MINN.
I am now prepared to sell to the trade the choicest wines, liquors and cigars at and below St. Paul and Minneapolis prices.
PETER ILTIS.

LIST OF THE
LEADING BUSINESS HOUSES
— OF —
MINNEAPOLIS.

Louis Laramee,
Manufacturer of and Dealer
HARNESS, BLANKETS,
Dusters, Fly Nets, Farm Harness etc.
Largest Stock and best Assortment in the State. Orders by mail promptly attended to.
304 Nicollett Avenue.

E. B. PRESTON & CO.,
203 Nicollet Avenue,
RUBBER STORE.
We keep Rubber hats, caps, boots, shoes, gloves, blankets, sheeting, diapers, leggins, Balls, syringes, Atomizers, Finger Cots, Piano Covers, Dress Shields, Wagon Springs, Floor Matting, Horse Covers, Door Mats, Cushions, Bibs, Coats, Corks, Combs, Spittoons, Brushes, mittens, mirrors, dolls, toys. Also leather, rubber and cotton belting, packing, hose &c.

E. J. Cushman,
Wholesale & Retail Dealer in
FARM and SPRING WAGONS,
BUGGIES & PHEATONS.
FINE CARRIAGES A SPECIALTY.
General Agents in the Northwest for Pierson's Patent Harness, Emerson, Fisher & Co., Standard Wagon Co., Bruce carriage Co.
220 & 222 WASHINGTON AVE. SOUTH.

J. A. BIXBY & CO.
Dealer in
Hardware & Stoves,
Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Cooler & Fillers, Adams & Westlake Oil Stoves, etc., etc.
319 HENNEPIN AVENUE.

E. G. BARNABY,
FINE
FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, CAPS, FURS, &c., &c.
Under Nicollet House.

PHELPS & BRADSTREET
DEALERS IN
Furniture and Draperies,
Syndicate Block.
Artistic Furnishing a Specialty.

NATIONAL HOTEL.
and
BILLIARD HALL
CHASKA - MINN.
Peter Iltis, Proprietor.
—:0:—
This well known Hotel has recently been entirely re-furnished throughout with new furniture and beds and is now No. 1. in every respect.
THE BAR
Is stocked with the finest imported
Liquors, wines and cigars and the coolest and best beer in town constantly kept on draught.
Give me a call and become satisfied what I say is true.

SEGELBAUM BROS.,
Dealers in
Dry Goods,
Fancy Goods, Notions & Millinery
Complete assortment in every department. Made Garments for Ladies, Misses and Children a specialty.
257 & 259 Nicollet Ave.
Segelbaum's Block. Cor. 3d Street.

Eichenzer & Co.,
Hatters
— AND —
MEN'S FURNISHERS,
have removed to No. 248, Nicollet Avenue, one block above their former location.

NEW
Furniture Store!
COLOGNE
:0:
Dols & Joreson,
COLOGNE - - MINN.
:0:
Keeps constantly on hand all kinds of
Chairs
Bedsteads
Bureaus
Lounges
Picture Frames
Coffins, &c
And will sell them at city prices.
ALSO
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS
:0:
Estimates furnished and all work done promptly and satisfactorily.

JOHN WUDKE
MERCHANT TAILOR,
CHASKA, MINN.
Good fits a specialty. Sample cloth of all kinds always kept on hand.
Shop over Gehl's Butcher Shop.

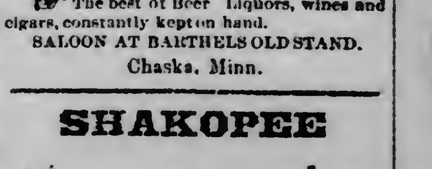
SALOON!
Zum Baierischen Hof,
JOHN ETZELL, Prop.,
CHASKA, MINN.
The best of beer, wines, liquors and cigars, always on hand. A good lunch served during the forenoon of every day. My friends are invited to give me a call
JOHN ETZELL

SEWING MACHINE AGENCY.
:0:
"New Home" and other Sewing Machines; Pianos, Organs, at Wholesale and Retail.
Come to me before you buy, and save money.
RICHARD HELLRIEGEL.
CHASKA, - - - MINN.

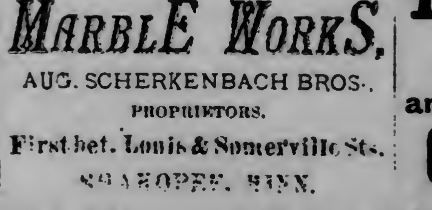
ChaskaHouse,
CHASKA, MINN.
FERD HAMMER PROPR
This house is thoroughly finished, and offers the best accommodations for board
BY THE DAY OR WEEK
And for the Traveling Public
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED.
Charges Moderate.

NEW
HARDWARE STORE.

M H MUYRES
DEALER IN
Hardware,
Tinware, Stoves, Farmers and Carpenters' Tools.
Also Agent for Reliable Insurance Companies,
CHASKA, MINN.

THOS. SCHUTZ.


Billiard Hall
The best of Beer Liquors, wines and cigars, constantly kept on hand.
SALOON AT BARTHELS OLD STAND.
Chaska, Minn.

SHAKOPEE

MARBLE WORKS,
AUG. SCHERKENBACH BROS.,
PROPRIETORS.
First bet. Louis & Somerville Sts.
SHAKOPEE, MINN.

BAZAAR.
The Largest and with the greatest care selected Stock in Solid Gold and Roll Plate Jewelry of any Description, Also the finest selection of Fancy Articles to be Found At
GOTTLIEB EDERS
FANCY TOY STORE,
Everybody is Cordially invited to come and convince Themselves, as Showing Goods is no object to us, but we are always ready to please our patrons. Call On
GOTTLIEB EDER.

H. YOUNG's STORE,
IS THE PLACE FOR BARGAINS.
A large line of Notions and Holiday Goods one fourth cheaper than you ever saw them before.
Clothing At Panic Prices.
Do not fail to see our stock and the prices will tell for themselves, big bargains in flannels and dress goods at H. YOUNGS STORE.
NOW IS THE TIME.

CITY DRUG STORE!
JOSEPH FRANKEN, Prop'r.
Prescriptions a Specialty.
I HAVE A COMPLETE STOCK OF
NON-SECRET AND PATENT MEDICINES,
Paints, Oils, Brushes, Toilet Goods, Books, Stationery, Notions Liquors and Cigars. A full line of
Homeoepathic Tinctures and Pellets.
The largest and best selected stock of
Wall Paper.
A Full Assortment of Glassware.
All orders from the country or surrounding towns solicited and promptly filled.

BEHOLD THE PROOF!
Simplicity vs. Complication

SIX PIECES IN THIS Knotter, USED ON The Deering
ARE DOING THE WORK OF Thirty Pieces IN THIS KNOTTER USED ON Other Binders.
NOW WATCH the other Machine-men squirm and claim IMAGINARY IMPROVEMENTS.
Come and See the Deering Binder,
and gratify YOUR CURIOSITY, if nothing else

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Valley Herald.

A. L. & F. E. DUTOIT. Publishers.

CHASKA, - - MINNESOTA.

Woman suffrage has won its battle in the territory of Washington, as both houses of the legislature have voted to strike the word "male" from the election laws, and the governor is expected to sign the bill. If so the new law will go into operation in sixty days.

Immigration has fallen off perceptibly during the past year and it is just as well that such is the fact. Uncle Sam's gastric juices have been pretty hard worked of late assimilating the sometimes rather indigestible foreign substances that are thrust into his body politic. It will do no harm to take a rest. The west was filling up a little too fast with foreign born citizens. Not that they are not, or will not make good citizens, but it will be better for them to have some people around them who are to the manor born.

The value of farms, including fences and buildings, in the United States in 1880 was $10,177,000,000. In 1860 it was $6,645,000,000, an increase not quite equal to the increase in population. According to the census report, Illinois pays out more money for fences than any other state in the Union. Pennsylvania comes next. There are in the United States 6,000,000 miles of fence, and it has, in all, cost something over $2,000,000,000. During the census year alone $78,629,000 was expended for fencing purposes. The onerous fence tax is causing action in favor of "no fences" in several states

Mrs. Belva Lockwood, the woman lawyer of Washington, was recently very much incensed at those newspapers which reported her as having been forbidden to practice as a pension attorney before the Interior Department because of irregular transactions with pensioners. She admitted that the Commissioner of Pensions had issued such an order, but insisted that he had immediately withdrawn the notice. So he did, but, as it now appears, only to begin a criminal prosecution of her for retaining her clients' money. Mrs. Lockwood is the lawyer who requested Lord Coleridge to use his influence in favor of the admission of women to the bar of England.

Our immigration this year has not been up to the standard of last year. During the first ten months it shows 501,000 immigrants arrived in the country, as compared with 668,000 in the corresponding period of 1882—a falling off of 167,000. The falling off is not a thing to be lamented. It is no advantage to us to receive a larger number of immigrants than we can find employment for, and the conditions of our labor market this year have not been altogether favorable to the easy obtaining of work. If the general decline in wages, now threatened in the manufacturing countries, shall come, these conditions will be still more unfavorable, and thousands will have difficulty in finding work.

In his official report for last year Mr. Howard Vincent the British director of criminal investigations, declares that the metropolis of London, with a territory of nearly 700 square miles, covered by more than 700,000 houses, and inhabited by nearly 5,000,000 persons, is the safest capital for life and property in the world. A summary of the report in the London Times is as follows: "The extradition treaties continue to operate most beneficially in rendering to justice continental subjects flying from the law to or from Great Britain. It is, however, comparatively seldom that an Englishman turns for refuge to any other country than the United States of America, with whom the treaty is the most incomplete and the most defective of any now existing between civilized governments."

The Georgia Supreme Court has just rendered a decision which is of wide interest. The railroad managers in that state make their men sign what is called "a death warrant," by which they agree to take all the risks of their occupation, and not try to hold their employers liable for any injury they may sustain resulting from either their own carelessness or any other cause. To make the contract more binding, the man's wife, when he has one, is required to sign an agreement that she will not sue for damages in case of accident to her husband. The widow of a brakeman who was killed, nevertheless brought suit and was awarded $3600 by a jury. The case was carried to the Supreme Court, which has sustained this decision, taking the obviously just ground that, while an employee might waive his right to sue for injuries not arising from criminal negligence, the waiver in cases where there was such negligence would be contrary to public policy and void.

Mr. Price commissioner of Indian affairs, in his report to the secretary of the interior, calls attention to the drinking habits of the army, and the sale of liquors on the Indian reservations. By way of illustration he points out that at one of the military posts, Fort Gates, where less than two-hundred troops constitute the garrison, no less than 72,000 pints of lager beer were consumed in three weeks, which is about seventeen pints a day for each man. The lager sold at the military posts is manufactured expressly for the purpose and contains, the commissioner says, from 25 to 40 per cent. of proof spirits, instead of the 5 to 12 per cent. contained in the ordinary beer. The War department permits post-traders to sell malt liquors, the beer, as already shown, consisting of about 50 per cent. of alcohol. The sale of this stuff opens the way for the sale of liquors to the Indians, and the result is that wrongs and outrages are constantly committed by drunken "redskins."

Eastern people are in the habit of calling the attention of persons inclined to "go west" to the cyclones and tornadoes that occasionally visit some of the western States. But it appears that New England is not exempt from such disasters. The late hurricane in New Hampshire is an instance in point; Hon. I. E. Clay, the largest owner of timber land in New England, telegraphs as follows: "Explorers just in report that the havoc and destruction by the late hurricane is far worse than we had reason to expect. The loss in Chatham alone will reach $100,000. It will take a century to fully restore our forests. The loss falls very seriously on owners of woodland, while the lumber business will be crippled for years." There was no loss of life owing to the circumstance that the country swept by the hurricane was wooded. Had it struck a village or open country the results would doubtless, have been very disastrous to human life.

The St. Paul fire department officiated at twenty-nine fires in November. The total loss was $19,120.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Washington News Notes.

Postoffices established: Dakota, Weible, Traill county. Postoffices discontinued: Wisconsin, Colburn, Columbia county. Special service discontinued: Montana, Hyde, Custer county; Primus, Gallatin county. Postmasters commissioned: Albert B. Capps, Churndau, Iowa; William H. Brent, Pioneer, Montana.

A Star reporter was informed the 27th that Senators Mahone and Riddleberger have positively decided that they will not go into the Republican senatorial caucus. They will act with the Republicans, and upon that ground, will strongly insist upon the election of George C. Gorham as secretary.

Advices have been received from Leech Lake to the effect that the Indians have dispersed and gone out hunting. Some of them said they didn't much expect to hear from the commissioners until spring.

The public debt reduction is less than for a long time before, owing chiefly to the large pension payments. The decrease was only $1,721,676.

W. T. Rambusch of Wisconsin, formerly clerk under the late Mr. Blackfan, foreign postal clerk at Washington, wants the vacancy.

General News Items.

In making improvements on Cole's hill, Plymouth, Mass., the graves of pilgrims who came over in the Mayflower, and were buried during the winter, have been discovered. One opened contained the skeleton of a middle-aged man, five feet nine inches in height. In another grave the skeleton of an elderly man was discovered. These are the only graves of the first settlers positively identified. Tablets will be placed to mark the exact location.

The mechanical department of the Excelsior Manufacturing company's works at St. Louis, better known as Filley's Stove foundry, closed down December 1st., for an indefinite period, greatly to the surprise of 450 men, who are thrown out of employment. Dull trade is the only reason assigned for the suspension.

Business of the Fargo land office the past week: Homesteads, 56, 8,960 acres; tree claims 72, 11,520 acres; declaratory statements, 58, 9,280 acres; soldiers' declaratory statements, 3, 460 acres; final proofs, 35,5,600 acres; total acreage, 524, 35,840; total cash receipts, $8,623,87.

Van Syckle, the democratic lawyer, and politician who on the 23d shot Mr. Cheeseman, the editor of the Bridgeton, N. J., Patriot, and was then shockingly beaten by the wounded man, is in a very low condition.

The funeral of Phoebe Paulin, the girl found murdered, took place at Newark, N. J., on the 28th inst. The citizens of Orange offer a reward of $4,500 and the governor one of $500 for the murderer.

New York politicians claim that $25,000, which Vandeabilt subscribed for ex-Gov. Cornell's canvass last year, went into the governor's pocket whole.

Chicago's proposed obscene paper, the Police Reporter, was nipped in the bud after an outlay of $900 on the first issue.

Steam vessels carried 475,000,000 people last year, with a total loss of 284 lives, or one in 1,850,000.

Lake Pepin is closed again, and the ice is sufficiently strong to admit of being crossed by foot men.

The elevated roads in New York carried 661,618 passengers on the 24th for $29,269.

In Mrs. Frey's old trunk in Philadelphia her heirs found $5,090—mostly in gold.

Allegan county, Michigan, shipped 187,650, bushels of peaches this season.

Over 3,000 deer were killed this season in the Adirondacks.

Ohio's valuation is $38,631,148 higher this year than last.

Doings of Criminals.

A robbery under somewhat peculiar circumstances took place at Cedar Falls, Iowa. Mrs. Cavish Ritter drew $1,150 from the bank, representing that she wanted to purchase some land. Her husband finally persuaded her not to open the money, and she promised to put it in the bank. Shortly after noon, having occasion to leave the house, she was met on returning by a fellow coming out of the house with a revolver in his hand. Investigation showed that he had taken the money and made good his escape, and although officers have been searching for him ever since, no clue to his whereabouts have been obtained. The Ritters are a poor family, and the money was obtained by a recent sale of the place.

While the family of Gen. James Grant Wilson of New York were at dinner the other day, a thief climbed up the pillars of the stoop, and, entering an upper window, secured about $2,000 worth of jewelry. He was met descending the stairs by Gen. Wilson, whom the thief covered with a revolver while he made good his escape with the plunder.

Milton P. Church committed suicide at Helena, M[illegible]t., by shooting himself through the head with a revolver, in his room at the International hotel. Until recently he had been employed in the Northern Pacific land office. No reason is assigned for the deed, except that Church was subject to fits of despondency.

Ald. and School Trustee Will J. Davis is said to have skipped out from Bozeman, Mon. Attachments amounting to $4,000 have been filed against his property, and more to hear from. Davis was married to an elegant lady there three months ago. His departure creates a marked sensation.

At Mahunk, Ga., a few days ago, Jennie Murray (colored) shot her step-father, William Troup, dead. He was trying to restrain her from entering a house with strange men.

At Currytown, N. Y., Mrs. John Diedendorf, awoke in the night to find a rope about her neck and that her husband was trying to strangle her.

The Casualty Record.

In Omaha, Mrs. Wm. Ryan called at the house of a friend, and stating that she felt sick obtained permission to lie down in an adjoining room. Soon afterward she was found with her throat cut, she having attempted suicide with a knife. She is now in St. Joseph's hospital in a dying condition. The deed was caused by temporary mental derangement.

The residence at River Falls, Wis., of Hon. Nils P. Haugen, state railroad commissioner, was burned at 1 o'clock on the morning of the 1st. The fire originated in the explosion of a kerosene lamp, which had been kept burning during the night.

I. J. Young's furniture shop, Lee & Phillips' hardware store, and Granger's grocery store at Amherst, Mass., were burned. Loss, $20,000.

From the Old World.

London Cable: As was expected, El Mahdi has lost no time in using his recent victory as an argument in support of his pretentions among the Mohammedan population. Dispatches from Northern Africa have been received which speak of the arrival of emissaries from the False Prophet, whose mission is to relate the story of his marvelous success, and to call up the faithful to rally to his support. What effect these exhortations may have upon the fanatical Moslem tribes it is yet too soon to ascertain.

The Daily News denies the statement that Lowell has been asked to withdraw from the rectorship. Lowell leaves the question in the hands of two principals of the university. The difficulty does not arise from the fact that Lowell is an alien, but that being a foreign envoy, he is not amenable to British law. The chairman of a committee of Lowell's friends denies that Earl Selborne expressed the opinion that Mr. Lowell was ineligible.

The Freeman's Journal is informed that within a fortnight over thirty persons have been arrested, charged with conspiracy to blow up the residence of a County Mayo landlord, and belonging to the Fenian brotherhood. After secret examination by the police of each one seperately they were all discharged. Subsequently a majority of the accused were rearrested.

The Times publishes a singular attack on Mr. Gladstone, accusing him of preparing measures secretly and refusing to disclose the details to his colleagues, and rather insolently warns him that he is the servant of a free people and not a pope, issuing infallible degrees.

King Alfonso, in Madrid, on the 30th, unveiled a statue of Queen Isabella the Catholic. The German crown prince witnessed the ceremony. The king and prince afterward inspected troops at the barracks. In the evening a ball was given in honor of the prince, and 2,000 persons were invited.

Lord Overstone died worth $60,000,000 He would walk a mile to save a penny, and was exceedingly pompous and prosy. Col. Lloyd Lindsay, who married his daughter, is very unpopular. Mrs. Lindsay is now richer than the queen, and as parsimonious.

Valera, the new Spanish minister to Washington, is reported from Madrid, is especially charged to look after the interests of Cuba, and facilitate a treaty of commerce which shall satisfy the Cubans.

A pacific solution of the Tonquin question is now regarded as possible. England is exercising her influence with France and China for a peaceable settlement.

Personal Gossip.

John Dalton Locke, of New York, tinware merchant, died at his residence, White Stone on the Sound, at nine o'clock on the morning of the 29th, of Bright's disease. Mr. Locke was of Scotch-Irish stock, and was born in Kingston, up among the New Hampshire hills, in 1809. He was a self-made man in every sense of the word. Leaving home at the age of eighteen, barefooted, with 25 cents in his pocket, he pluckily set out to make his fortune, which is rated up among the millions.

Died on Thanksgiving Day, at Indianapolis, Ind., Prof. Samuel K. Hershour, a distinguished educator. At Richmond, Va., Dr. George W. Bagley, a humorist lecturer and correspondent. At Atchison, Kans., Richard F. Clark, a well-known railroad man. At Philadelphia, George E. Haines, president of the Pennsylvania society of Cincinnati. At Adrian, Mich. Ex-Gov. William L. Greenly.

Ex-Vice President David Davis presided at a banquet given by Camp Orme, Sons of Veterans, in Bloomington, recently, when an elegant silk flag was presented by Gen. McNulty, on behalf of Mrs. Orme, widow of the late Gen. W. W. Orme. Gen. McNulty's remarks were replied to by Senator David Davis.

George William Henry, Lord Vernon, baron of Kinderton, County Chester, and late a captain in her majesty's Eighth Hussars, with a county seat at Sudbury park, Derbyshire, and play grounds at Poynton hall, near Stockport, is in Chicago.

Lieut Col. George B. Carse, a retired officer of the United States army, at Philadelphia died from nervous prostration. He was three times elected to the legislature of New Jersey, but of late years has not been engaged in any business.

Lawrence Weldon, who was appointed judge of the United States court of claims recently, has been David Davis' attorney for many years, and owes the place to him He is an Ohioan, nearly sixty years old.

Proctor Knott's successor in congress. Thomas A. Robertson, has a very red mustache and goatee. He, too, is a funny man, and a better story-teller, it is said, than Proctor.

Prof. J. H. Tice the well known weather prophet died suddenly on the 29th at his residence in the suburbs of Cheltenham near St. Louis.

Mrs. Bailey, Charleston, S. C., a street car driver's wife, has fallen heir to $100,000 from her uncle in Baltimore, who was worth $3,000,000.

Gen. John Taylor Pratt, the oldest native resident of Scott county, Ky., died at Georgetown. He was a soldier in the war of 1812.

Judge Ward Hunt, retired from the United States supreme court as a hopeless paralytic, is improving in health.

Hon. Lorin Fletcher of Minneapolis announces that he is a candidate for congress.

R. C. Jefferson, of St. Paul, comes into a fortune of $500,000 at Warsaw, N. Y.

Capt. King, in Coleman county, Tex., has 650,000 acres nearly fenced in.

Maj. Ben Perley Poore is getting fatter every day, and already weighs 300.

Senator George of Mississippi is serious ill at his home in Jackson.

Ex-Gov. Stevenson of West Virginia is dying at Parkersburg.

O'DONNELL'S FATE.

The Man Who Slew Carey Convicted on Saturday and Sentenced to Be Hanged—He Becomes Nearly Frantic and Screams a Little Speech While Being Dragged From Court.

From the London Special.

The trial of O'Donnell was resumed today. The court room was crowded, but there were but few persons outside the building. Pryor sat behind Charles Russell, senior counsel for O'Donnell. The prisoner's brother was present. O'Donnell appeared calm. Walter Young of Port Elizabeth, a cab driver, was called for defense. He testified that he frequently drove the Carey family around Port Elizabeth, and they ought to know him. When Mrs. Carey and her son denied it, he was panic-stricken. He once said to Tom Carey at Port Elizabeth: "You are a fine fellow. Why didn't you shoot O'Donnell when he shot your father?" Tom answered: "I had no revolver. I went to get it, but when I went there it was gone. My father had it." Witness had mentioned this to other cab drivers. The cross examination did not materially change his testimony. No other witnesses were called for the defense and Russell began his address to the jury. Russell spoke four hours and upon concluding was loudly applauded by the crowd. The judge sternly repressed the applause. Attorney General James closed the case for the government in a speech lasting one hour and a half.

A Florida Town Burned.

A disastrous and destructive conflagration has swept away the thriving city of Ocala, Fla. The fire originated the 29th from the over-turning of a kerosene lamp in the large store of S. Benjamin's at North and Main streets. The store was speedily wrapped in flames, which were carried by the fierce prevailing wind to Benj. Snowden's store and thence to Mrs. Barco's private hotel. At this point the flames reached the massive and elegant Ocala hotel, one of the handsomest in Florida, and just erected at a cost of $125,000. The guests were asleep when the fire broke out, but the clerk succeeded in getting all out of the building without injury. Shortly after this the whole city was in flames. Agnew's fine hotel, and it is impossible at this time to estimate the losses, but they are between $300,000 and $500,000. Many of the buildings were not insured. The greatest loss is among persons of moderate means.

Ocala is a city of 1,500 inhabitants, about 159 miles from Jacksonville, and was called the Queen City of the Interior. It was the most promising town in Middle Florida. At present there is ruin and desolation where the city stood, and its homeless people need help.

Trespassing on Public Lands.

Secretary Teller rendered the following decision in a case recently reported to the general land office from Washington territory, in which one Baird was accused of trespassing and cutting timber unlawfully on public lands:

The accused, although a squatter, is rightfully on the land if he intends to make a home on it and take it under the settlement laws when the land is surveyed, and he is allowed to do so. Whether he or is not a trespasser does not depend upon how many trees he cuts, but on the bona fide character of the settlement. If he has taken the land in good faith he is the owner thereof for all practical purposes, although the title may remain in the government. It is better that the government occasionally suffer by the loss of timber cut on pretended homestead and pre-emption claims than that a settler should be embarrassed in his efforts to secure the benefit of liberal laws, passed for the express purpose of inducing people to go on public lands and make themselves homes.

Anoka claims to have made building improvements to the amount of $400,000 the past season.

CONGRESS.

Analysis of the Composition Thereof, Showing All the Recent Political Changes.

Forty-Eighth Congress.

THE SENATE.

The following changes have been made in the senate of the United States since the last session of the forty-seventh congress: In Illinois, Shelby M. Cullom (Rep.) succeeds David Davis (Ind.); in Colorado, Thomas M. Bowen (Rep.) succeeds George M. Chillcott (Rep.); in Georgia, Alfred H. Colquitt (Dem.) succeeds Pope Barrow (Dem.); in Iowa, James F. Wilson (Rep.) succeeds J. W. McDill (Rep); in Louisiana, Randall Gibson (Dem.) succeeds W. P. Kellogg (Rep.); in Michigan, T. W. Palmer (Rep.) succeeds T. W. Ferry (Rep.); in Nebraska Charles F. Manderson, (Rep.) succeeds Alvin Saunders, (Rep.); in New Hampshire, Austin F. Pike, (Rep.) succeeds Edward H. Rollins, (Rep.); in Oregon, J. N. Dolph, (Rep.) succeeds Lafayette Grover, (Dem.); in Virginia, H. H. Riddleberger, (Mahoneite) succeeds J. W. Johnston, (Dem.); and in West Virginia, John E. Kenna, (Dem.) succeeds Henry G. Davis, (Dem.). The senate contains 38 Republicans, 36 Democrats, and two Mahoneites. The senate, ending March 4, 1883, stood: Republicans, 37; Democrats, 37: Mahoneites, 1; Independent, 1. Following are the names of the members of the present senate:

ALABAMA. Term. Politics.	MISSISSIPPI. Term. Politics.
1885 James L. Pugh....D	1887 John Z. George...D
1889 John T. Morgan..D	1889 L. Q. C. Lamar...D
ARKANSAS.	MISSOURI.
1885 Jas. D. Walker....D	1885 George G. Vest....D
1889 Aug H. Garland..D	1887 F. M. Cockrell....D
CALIFORNIA.	NEBRASKA.
1885 James T. Farley..D	1887 C. H. Van Wyck...R
1887 John F. Miller....R	1889 C. F. Manderson..R
COLORADO.	NEVADA.
1885 Nathaniel P. Hill..R	1885 John P. Jones.....R
1889 Thos. M. Bowen..R	1887 James G. Fair.....D
CONNECTICUT.	NEW HAMPSHIRE.
1885 Orville H. Platt..R	1885 Henry W. Blair...R
1887 Joseph R. Hawley.R	1889 Austin F. Pike....R
DELAWARE.	NEW JERSEY.
1887 Thos. F. Bayard..D	1887 William J. Sewell.R
1889 Eli Saulsbury.....D	1889 J. R. McPherson..D
FLORIDA.	NEW YORK.
1885 Wilkinson Call....D	1885 E. G. Lapham....R
1887 Charles W. Jones.D	1889 Warner Miller....R
GEORGIA.	NORTH CAROLINA.
1885 Joseph E. Brown.D	1885 Zebulon B. Vance.D
1887 Alfred H. Colquitt.D	1889 Matt W. Ransom..D
ILLINOIS.	OHIO.
1885 John A Logan....R	1885 G. H. Pendleton..D
1889 Shelby M. Cullom.R	1887 John Sherman....R
INDIANA.	OREGON.
1885 Dan. W. Voorhees.D	1885 James H. Slater..D
1887 Benj. Harrison...R	1889 J. N. Dolph.......R
IOWA.	PENNSYLVANIA.
1885 Wm. B. Allison...R	1885 J. D. Cameron....R
1889 James F. Wilson..R	1887 John I. Mitchell...R
KANSAS.	RHODE ISLAND.
1885 John J. Ingalls....R	1887 Nelson W. Aldrich.R
1889 Preston B. Plumb.R	1889 Henry B. Anthony.R
KENTUCKY.	SOUTH CAROLINA.
1885 John S. Williams.D	1885 Wade Hampton...D
1889 James B. Beck....D	1889 Matthew C. Butler.D
LOUISIANA.	TENNESSEE.
1885 Benj. F. Jonas....D	1887 H. E. Jackson.....D
1889 Randall Gibson...D	1889 Isham G. Harris..D
MAINE.	TEXAS.
1887 Eugene Hale......R	1887 Sam Bell Maxey..D
1889 William P. Frye...R	1889 Richard Coke.....D
MARYLAND.	VERMONT.
1885 James B. Groome.D	1885 Justin S. Morrill..R
1887 Arthur P. Gorman.D	1887 Geo. F. Edmunds.R
MASSACHUSETTS.	VIRGINIA.
1887 Henry L. Dawes..R	1887 Wm. Mahone.....M
1889 George F. Hoar...R	1889 H.H.Riddleberger.M
MICHIGAN.	WEST VIRGINIA.
1887 Omar D. Conger..R	1887 J. N. Camden.....D
1889 Thos. W. Palmer..R	1889 John E. Kenna....D
MINNESOTA.	WISCONSIN.
1887 S. J. R. McMillan.R	1885 Angus Cameron...R
1889 Dwight M. Sabin..R	1889 Philetus Sawyer...R

Total—Republicans, 38; Democrats, 36; Mahonites, 2.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Following is a list of members of the lower house of the Forty-eighth congress:

ALABAMA.	
1 Thos. H. Herndon..D	5 Thomas Williams....D
2 Hilary A. Herbert...D	6 G. W. Hewett.....D
3 William C. Oates....D	7 William H. Forney..D
4 Charles M. Shelley..D	8 Luke Prior.......D
ARKANSAS.	
1 Poindexter Dunn....D	4 Samuel W. Peel.....D
2 James K. Jones.....D	At large, C. R. Breckenridge.........D
3 John K. Rogers.....D	
CALIFORNIA.	
1 Wm. S. Rosecrans...D	4 Patrick B. Tully ... D
2 James H. Budd......D	At large, C. A. Sumner.D
3 Barclay Henley.....D	At large, J.R. Glascock.D
COLORADO.	
James B. Belford......R	
CONNECTICUT.	
1 William W. Eaton..D	3 John T. Wait.......R
2 Chas. L. Mitchell...D	4 Edw'd W. Seymour..D
DELAWARE.	
Charles B. Lord.....D	
FLORIDA.	
1 R. H. M. Davidson...D	2 Horatio Bisbee, Jr...R
GEORGIA.	
1 John C. Nichols....D	6 James H. Blount...D
2 Henry G. Turner...D	7 Judson C. Clements.D
3 Charles F. Crisp...D	8 Seaborn Reese.....D
4 Hugh Buchanan....D	9 Allen D. Candler...D
5 N. J. Hammond....D	At large. T. Hardeman.D
ILLINOIS.	
1 R. W. Dunham.....R	11 William H. Neece..D
2 John F. Finerty.....I	12 James M. Riggs...D
3 George R. Davis....R	13 Wm. M. Springer...D
4 George E. Adams..R	14 J. H. Rowell.......R
5 Reuben Ellwood....R	15 Joseph G. Cannon..R
6 Robert R. Hitt.....R	16 Aaron Shaw.......D
7 T. J. Henderson....R	17 S. W. Moulton.....D
8 William Cullen.....R	18 Wm. R. Morrison..D
9 Lewis E. Payson...R	19 R. W. Townshend..D
10 N. E. Worthington.D	20 John R. Thomas...R
INDIANA.	
1 John J. Kleiner....D	8 John E. Lamb......D
2 Thomas R. Cobb...D	9 Thomas B. Ward....D
3 S. M. Stockslager...D	10 Thomas J. Wood....D
4 William S. Holman.D	11 George W. Steele...R
5 C. C. Matson......D	12 Robert Lowery.....D
6 Thomas M. Browne.R	13 William H. Calkins.R
7 Stanton J. Peelle...R	
IOWA.	
1 M. A. McCoid......R	7 John A. Kasson....R
2 J. H. Murphy......D	8 W. P. Hepburn.....R
3 D. B. Henderson...R	9 W. H. M. Pusey....D
4 L. H. Weller.......GB	10 A. J. Holmes.......R
5 James Wilson.......R	11 Isaac S. Struble....R
6 J. C. Cook........D	
KANSAS.	
1 J. A. Anderson.....R	At large, L. Hanback...R
2 D. C. Haskell......R	At large, S. R. Peters....R
3 Thomas Ryan......R	At large, D. Perkins.....R
At large, E. N. Morrill...R	
KENTUCKY.	
1 Oscar Turner.....D	7 J. C. Blackburn....D
2 James F. Clay......D	8 P. Thompson, Jr....D
3 J. E. Halsell.......D	9 W. W. Culbertson...R
4 T. A. Robertson....D	10 John D. White......R
5 Albert S. Willis.....D	11 Frank Wolford.....D
6 John G. Carlisle....D	
LOUISIANA.	
1 Carleton Hunt.....D	5 J. Floyd King.......D
2 E. John Ellis.......D	6 *A. S. Herron.......D
3 W. P. Kellogg......R	
4 N. C. Blanchard....D	*Dead.
MAINE.	
At large—	Charles A. Boutelle....R
Thomas B. Reed......R	Seth L. Milliken.......R
Nelson Dingley, Jr....R	
MARYLAND.	
1 G. W. Covington...D	4 J. V. L. Findlay... D
2 J. F. C. Talbott....D	5 Hart B. Holton.....R
3 F. S. Hoblitzell....D	6 L. E. McComas.....R
MASSACHUSETTS.	
1 R. T. Davis.......R	7 Eben F. Stone.....R
2 John D. Long......R	8 Wm. A. Russell....R
3 A. E. Ranney......R	9 Theodore Lyman...I
4 P. A. Collins......D	10 William W. Rice....R
5 Leopold Morse.....D	11 William Whiting...R
6 H. B. Lovering....D	12 Geo. D. Robinson..R
MICHIGAN.	
1 W. C. Maybury....D	7 E. C. Carleton.....D
2 N. B. Eldridge.....D	8 Roswell G. Horr...R
3 E. S. Lacey.......R	9 Byron M. Cutcheon.R
4 Geo. L. Yapels.....D	10 H. M. Hatch.......R
5 Julius Houseman..D	11 Edward Breitung...R
6 Edwin B. Winans..D	
MINNESOTA.	
1 Milo White.......R	4 W. D. Washburn...R
2 Jas. B. Wakefield..R	5 Knute Nelson......R
3 Horace B. Strait...R	
MISSISSIPPI.	
1 H. L. Muldrow....D	5 O. R. Singleton....D
2 J. R. Chalmers.....I	6 H. S. Van Eaton....D
3 E. S. Jeffords......R	7 E. Barksdale......D
4 H. D. Money.......D	
MISSOURI.	
1 William H. Hatch...D	8 John J. O'Neill.....D
2 A. M. Alexander...D	9 J. C. Broadhead....D
3 A. M. Dockery......D	10 Martin L. Clardy....D
4 James N. Burns....D	11 Richard P. Bland...D
5 Alexander Graves..D	12 Charles H. Morgan..D
6 John Cosgrove.....D	13 Robert W. Fyan....D
7 Aylett H. Buckner..D	14 Lowndes H. Davis..D
NEBRASKA.	
1 A. J. Weaver......R	3 E. K. Valentine.....R
2 James Laird.......R	
NEVADA.	
George W. Cassidy.D	
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
1 Martin A. Haynes...R	2 Ossian Ray.........R
NEW JERSEY.	
1 Thomas M. Ferrell.D	5 Wm. W. Phelps....R
2 J. Hart Brewer....R	6 Wm. H. F. Feidler..D
3 John Kean, Jr......R	7 William McAdoo...D
4 Benj. F. Howey...R	
NEW YORK.	
1 Perry Belmont.....D	18 Fred A. Johnson..R
2 Wm. E. Robinson..D	19 Abram X. Parker....R
3 Darwin R. James...R	20 Edward T. Wemple..D
4 Felix Campbell.....D	21 George W. Ray....R
5 Nicholas Muller....D	22 Charles R. Skinner..R
6 Samuel S. Cox......D	23 J. Thomas Spriggs..D
7 Wm. Dorsheimer...D	24 N. W. Nutting.....R
8 John J. Adams.....D	25 Frank Hiscock......R
9 John Hardy........D	26 Sereno E. Payne....R
10 Abram S. Hewitt...D	27 J. W. Wadsworth...R
11 Orlando B. Potter..D	28 Stephen C. Millard.R
12 Waldo Hutchins....D	29 John Arnot.........D
13 John H. Ketcham..R	30 H. S. Greenleaf....D
14 Lewis Beach.......D	31 Robert S. Stevens..D
15 John J. Bagley, Jr..D	32 Willard F. Rogers..D
16 T. J. Van Alstyne...D	33 Francis B. Brewer..R
17 Henry G. Burleigh..R	At large, H. W. Slocum.D
NORTH CAROLINA.	
1 Walter R. Pool......R	6 Clement Dowd......D
2 James E. O'Hara....R	7 Tyre York..........I
3 Wharton J. Green....D	8 Robert B. Vance....D
4 William R. Cox.....D	At large. R. I. Bennett.D
5 Alfred M. Scales.....D	
OHIO.	
1 John H. Follet.....D	12 Alphonso Hart.....R
2 Isaac M. Jordan.....D	13 George L. Converse.D
3 Robert M. Murray..D	14 George W. Geddes.D
4 Benj. Le Fevre.....D	15 Adoniram J. Warner.D
5 George E. Seney...D	16 Beriah Wilkins.....D
6 William D. Hill.....D	17 John. T. Updegraff.R
7 Henry L. Morey....R	18 Wm. McKinley, Jr..R
8 J. Warren Keifer...R	19 Ezra B. Taylor.....R
9 James S. Robinson..R	20 David R. Paige.....D
10 Frank H. Hurd.....D	21 Martin A. Foran....D
11 J. W. McCormick..R	
OREGON.	
Melvin C. George...R	
PENNSYLVANIA.	
1 Henry H. Bingham.R	15 George A. Post.....D
2 Charles O'Neill.....R	16 William W. Brown.R
3 Samuel J. Randall..D	17 Jacob M. Campbell.R
4 William D. Kelley..R	18 Louis E. Atkinson.R
5 Alfred C. Harmer..R	19 William A. Duncan.D
6 James B. Everhart.R	20 Andrew G. Curtin..D
7 I. Newton Evans...R	21 Charles E. Boyle..D
8 Daniel Ermentrout.D	22 James H. Hopkins.D
9 A. Herr Smith......R	23 Thomas M. Bayne..R
10 William Mutchler..D	24 George V. Lawrence.R
11 John B. Storm.....D	25 John D. Patton.....D
12 Daniel W. Connelly.D	26 Samuel H. Miller...R
13 Chas. N. Brumm. GB	27 Samuel M. Brainerd.R
14 Samuel F. Barr....R	At large, M. F. Elliott..D
RHODE ISLAND.	
1 Henry J. Spooner....R	2 Jonathan Chace.... R
SOUTH CAROLINA.	
1 Samuel Dibble.......D	5 John J. Hemphill...D
2 George D. Tillman...D	6 George W. Dargan..D
3 D Wyatt Aiken.......D	7 E. W. M. Mackey....R
4 John H. Evins........D	
TENNESSEE.	
1 A. H Pettibone......R	6 Andrew J. Caldwell.D
2 Leonidas C. Houk....R	7 John G. Ballantyne.D
3 George G. Dibrell....D	8 John M. Taylor....D
4 Benton McMillin.....D	9 Rice A. Pearce.....D
5 Richard Turner.....D	10 Casey Young......D
TEXAS.	
1 Charles Stewart......D	7 Thos. P. Ochiltree.Ind
2 James H. Regan.....D	8 John H. Miller.....D
3 James H. Jones......D	9 Roger Q. Mills.....D
4 David B. Culbertson.D	10 John Hancock......D
5 J. W. Throckmorton.D	11 S. I. T. Lanham....D
6 Olin Wellborn........D	
VERMONT.	
1 John W. Stewart....R	2 Luke P. Poland....R
VIRGINIA.	
1 Robt. M. Mayo....Mah	6 John R. Tucker....D
2 Harry Libby......Mah	7 John Paul.......Mah
3 George D. Wise....D	8 John S. Barbour....D
4 Ben. S. Hooper..Mah	9 Henry S. Bowen..Mah
5 George C. Cabell....D	At large, J. S. Wise..Mah
WEST VIRGINIA.	
1 Nathan Goff, Jr......R	3 John E. Kenna......D
2 William L. Wilson..D	4 Eustace Gibson.....D
WISCONSIN.	
1 John Winans.......D	6 Richard Guenther...R
2 Daniel H. Sumner...D	7 Gilbt. M. Woodward.D
3 Burr W. Jones......D	8 William T. Price....R
4 Peter V. Deuster....D	9 Isaac Stephenson....R
5 Joseph Rankin......D	

Totals—Dems., 192; Reps., 118; Mahonites, 6; Independents, 5; Greenbackers, 2; vacancies (occasioned by the death of J. T. Updegraff, of the Seventeenth Ohio district, and Andrew S. Herron, of the Sixth Louisiana district) 2. Total, 325. Democratic majority over Republicans, 74; Democratic majority over all, 61.

The following shows the political changes that have taken place between the Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth congresses, the Independents and Greenbackers being classified according to their party antecedents and the manner in which they voted on party questions:

	—17th.— Rep.	Dem.	—48th.— Rep.	Dem.
Alabama	...	8	....	8
Arkansas	...	4	....	5
California	2	2	....	6
Colorado	1	....	1	....
Connecticut	3	1	1	3
Delaware	...	1	....	1
Florida	1	1	1	1
Georgia	...	9	....	10
Illinois	13	6	11	9
Indiana	8	5	4	9
Iowa	9	....	7	4
Kansas	3	....	7	....
Kentucky	1	9	2	9
Louisiana	1	5	1	5
Maine	3	2	4	....
Maryland	1	5	2	4
Massachusetts	10	1	9	3
Michigan	9	....	5	6
Minnesota	3	....	5	....
Mississippi	1	5	1	6
Missouri	5	8	....	14
Nebraska	1	....	3	....
Nevada	...	1	....	1
New Hampshire	3	....	2	....
New Jersey	4	3	4	3
New York	20	13	13	21
North Carolina	1	7	2	7
Ohio	15	5	8	13
Oregon	1	....	1	....
Pennsylvania	19	8	16	12
Rhode Island	2	....	2	....
South Carolina	3	2	1	6
Tennessee	3	7	2	8
Texas	...	6	....	11
Vermont	3	....	2	....
Virginia	3	6	6	4
West Virginia	...	3	1	3
Wisconsin	6	2	3	6
Totals	158	135	127	198
Majority	23	....	....	71

The subjoined table gives the States affected by the reapportionment of 1882, with the losses and gains in the number of districts:

	No. of dist's.	Gain.	Loss.
Alabama	5	1	..
California	6	2	..
Georgia	10	1	..
Illinois	20	1	..
Iowa	11	2	..
Kansas	7	4	..
Kentucky	11	1	..
Maine	4	..	1
Massachusetts	12	1	..
Michigan	11	2	..
Minnesota	5	2	..
Mississippi	7	1	..
Missouri	14	1	..
Nebraska	3	2	..
New Hampshire	2	..	1
New York	34	1	..
North Carolina	9	1	..
Ohio	21	1	..
Pennsylvania	28	1	..
South Carolina	7	2	..
Texas	11	5	..
Vermont	2	..	1
Virginia	10	1	..
West Virginia	4	1	..
Wisconsin	9	1	..
Totals		35	3
Not Gain		32	

Following are the States having delegates at large:

Arkansas......1	Kansas........4	North Carolina 1
California.....2	Maine.........4	Pennsylvania ..1
Georgia.......1	New York... .1	Virginia 1

A St. Paul Man Inherits Half a Million.

Warsaw, N. Y., Special Telegram: The will of the late Cyrus Jefferson, formerly of Warsaw, was admitted to probate at Franklinville, Cattaraugus county, N. Y., recently. After setting aside $30,000 for his wife, and several minor bequests of $500 each to relatives, the remainder of the property, estimated at $1,000,000, is to be divided equally between his two children, Mrs. James Bristol of Gainesville Creek, N. Y., and Rufus C. Jefferson of St. Paul, Minn. Some care to keep the amount of the vast estate private was exercised in execution of his will. The whole estate is said to be so admirably invested that it could be converted into cash in a week. Rufus C. Jefferson lives at No. 206 Nelson avenue, St. Paul and has been a resident of St. Paul since the 1st of May last, having formerly lived for several years at Woodstock, Ill. He is a real estate and loan agent, with office at No. 34 East Third street.

Sergeant Mason Interviewed.

ALBANY, N. Y., Special Telegram, Nov. 26.—Sergeant Mason was released this afternoon from the penitentiary, and left for his home in Virginia. In a conversation he said: "I am in a great measure indebted for my pardon to the press. I have had a friend in them from the time I was sentenced. I had lost hope that my release would come before the expiration of my term, and I used to think of the injustice of the sentence. What had I done? Simply fired and scared the wretch who had murdered our president, and any other man would have done the same thing. If I had been tried by a jury I would have been acquitted. If I had killed Guiteau that would have been murder, and I think then if I would have had a trial by jury that I would have been acquitted." Being asked if this would end his service in the army, he replied. "Oh, yes! No more army for me. I can make more money pulling stumps down in Virginia, where Betty and the baby are."

Girl Killed for Jealousy.

Chicago Special: The town of Lake was the scene of a horrible tragedy recently. For some time Emma Lafebra, a young German girl, has been annoyed by the attentions of Fritz Wormley, a butcher who wanted her to become his wife, but whose proposal she rejected for another man. Wormley went to the house where the girl was employed, and asked her if she would marry him. The girl rebuked him and declared that she would not become his wife. Quick as a flash he drew a revolver, and placing the muzzle of it at the back of her head sent a ball crushing through her skull. Wormley gazed a moment on the bleeding, writhing form of his victim, and then shot himself in the head, dying almost instantly.

Curious Blackmailing Confession.

Milwaukee, Special Telegram, Nov. 30.—The two Polish blackmailers, Anton Pufalski and wife, who, a month ago, went to the two Polish priests on the South side and threatened to publicly denounce them as guilty of the greatest immorality, and cite instances, if they did not give them $500, have confessed that they were advised to extort money from the priests in this way by Alderman Rudzinski, the Polish alderman, who has since been charged with receiving bribes, and by the father of the alderman. The confession has created a great stir in Polish quarters, where the Rudzinskis are strongly disliked.

Ella Wheeler, the gifted young woman, who has been appropiately called the poetess of passion, is twenty-four years old, has red hair, and wears stripped hosiery and Langtry bangs. When she gets fairly started at some of her hay-fever and fly-blister poetry the church bells ring and the fire department turns out. So, on the whole, she is considered as dangerous a party to have around as a camphene lamp or a coal-oil can.

The St. Paul board of trade are to be taxed $1,800 for accomodations in the new chamber of commerce building.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary Teller's Report, Giving a Full Exhibit of the Indians and Public Lands.

THE INDIAN QUESTION.

Of the fifty-four pages of Secretary Teller's annual report, 29 are devoted to Indians, 6 to public lands, 3 to patents, 2 each to education and railroads, and 12 miscellaneously to geological surveys, Alaska, Utah, Yellowstone park, census, and government buildings. Much of the matter presented on the Indian question is threshed straw. It is interesting to note that—

The department has located an Indian school a Lawrence, Kans., to be conducted on the plan of Carlisle, Hampton and Forest Grove. The citizens of Lawrence donated to the government for the purposes of this school 280 acres of choice land in the immediate vicinity of the city, of the cash value of something over $10,000. The buildings are now in course of construction, and when completed will accommodate about 340 children. It is desirable to increase their capacity to 500. School buildings at Chilocca, Ind. T., and Genoa, Nebr., are about ready for occupation. The capacity of each of these schools is 150. It is proposed to establish boarding schools at Devil's Lak, Rosebud, and Sisseton, Dak.; Washakie, Wyo.; Wichita, Ind. T.; and Siletz, Oreg. Some of these are in course of erection. Secretary Teller reminds the country that the United States owes now, under existing treaties, $3,256,000 for Indian education, which government ought, but has not paid, and urges that now when there is a surplus of revenue, is a good time to make an appropriation. Of the Indian tribunals of three head men at each agency no adequate report is given. Crimes on reservations are yet without the necessary legislation from congress.

The commissioner of Indian affairs again calls attention to the persistent attempts made by Payne and others to invade the Indian Territory for the purpose of settlement, and recommends the enactment of a law adding imprisonment to the fine now provided for, in which the secretary concurs. The increase of Indian agents' salaries is recommended on the ground that better pay would command better men. The commissioner of Indian affairs recommends that a fund be placed at the disposal of the department to pay the fees of homestead entries by Indians, in which the secretary concurs.

THE SIOUX RESERVATION.

After recounting the failure of the Sioux treaty to meet the approval of the senate, the secretary continues:

"Whether the proposed payments are sufficient must be determined from the value of the land and the tenure under which it is held. It does not appear from an examination of the treaty of 1868 that it was the intention on the part of the government to recognize the whole of that vast tract of land called the Sioux reservation as the property of the Sioux alone, for it is provided that other Indians might be settled on the reservation with the consent of the Indians thereon; no provision is made for compensation for the land to be taken for that purpose. It appears to have been the purpose of the government in reserving that vast tract to secure to each Sioux Indian a piece of land for his personal benefit; for it is provided that the head of a family should be allowed to take not exceeding 320 acres, and others a less amount; out of the reservation these smaller pieces were to be carved. The amount of land stipulated to be given to the Indian is more than double the amount that is allowed citizens of the United States to take under the settlement laws. It is also provided in the treaty of 1868, that if the tract reserved was not sufficient to secure the required amount of land, other land should be added. There is also a provision that any male Indian eighteen years of age, of said tribes, may take a homestead of 160 acres anywhere on public land by residing on it for three years. It is further provided in the act of 1868 that, on the selection of land as aforesaid, the government will give to parties selecting the same seeds, agricultural implements, etc., to the value of $100 the first year, and $25 per year for three years thereafter; and that each person engaging in farming should receive $20 per year, or $10 more than if he continued to roam over the reservation. The treaty of 1868 provides that schools shall be maintained at government expense for every thirty scholars; also that the United States would furnish to each family that should commence farming one good American cow and one good, well-broken pair of American oxen. The treaty of 1876 provides that the government should erect comfortable houses for such of the Indians as should desire to farm. It is very evident that the great object in making the treaty was to induce the Indians to settle on farms and become farmers. But little effort has been made to comply with the conditions of these treaties on the part of the government. I have shown in another part of this report that there is due the Sioux, under the provisions for the support of schools, $1,491,600. The Indians have built themselves on the reservation 2,519 houses. The government should have constructed these houses, which the Indians have constructed substantially without government aid."

CROOK'S POLICY ASSAILED.

The familiar facts of the Apache outbreak are stated, and Gen. Crook's policy is thus commented on:

"Gen. Crook was given full charge of the police of the reservation, for it was not thought to be prudent to divide the responsibility of keeping peace on the San Carlos reservation, and the department was not willing to attempt to keep peace with the prisoners of war freed from military control. The condition is an anamalous one, and one that cannot long continue. It is quite certain that the presence of the prisoners among the agency Indians has been very demoralizing. Those Indians are guilty of murders and other crimes, and subject to the laws of Arizona and New Mexico, where the crimes were committed. Gen. Crook says that they were not promised immunity for past offenses, but it is quite evident that they returned with the idea that they would not be punished for the crimes committed. It does not appear to be the duty of the department of the interior to determine whether these offenders should be punished or not. At this time they are prisoners of war, in the hands of the war department. If possible they should be removed from the agency to some point where there will be less danger of their escape, and where their evil influences will not be felt by the more peaceably disposed of the tribe."

In regard to the valuable coal lands found in the San Carlos reservation, Secretary Teller says: "It is competent for the president by executive order to reduce the reservation, and thus throw the coal fields out of the reservation; but it is not thought advisable to do so without compensating the Indians for the land so taken, for, as before stated, it will be very difficult to make them understand that they are not being robbed. Some compensation should therefore be provided before the land is sold. If the claims of the prospectors should be found to be correct—that is, that they were in ignorance of the boundaries of the reservation (the government not having established boundaries)—they ought to be allowed to derive some advantage from their work, either by being allowed to purchase at a reduced price or to lease for a term of years."

The recommendations for the Crow and Blackfeet reservations in Montana are as follows:

"This reservation is situated in the Territory of Montana and contains 7,364 square miles, or 4,713,000 acres of land. A large part of this is unfit for cultivation, but the very best of grazing land. These Indians should be located on the Big Horn, with a suitable reservation for agricultural and pastoral purposes, and the balance sold. At least 3,000,000 acres might thus be disposed of, leaving the Indians sufficient agricultural lands to become self-supporting, if they desire to become agriculturists, and a sufficient amount of grazing lands should they prefer to become stock-raisers. The 1,713,000 acres that would be left would give nearly, if not quite, 600 acres of land to each individual member of their tribes. The number of Crows has been estimated at 3,500; but it is quite certain that the number is much less, and probably not over 2,500 or 3,000. A portion of the money realized for such sale should be at once invested in a herd for the tribes, and cared for by the government until such time as the Indians shall be prepared to accept and care for their stock themselves. The proceeds, properly used, would make the Crows self-supporting in a few years at the farthest."

BLACKFEET RESERVATION.

"The number of Indians on this reservation is about 12,000. Until recently they have been able to support themselves largely by hunting, but the disappearance of the buffaloes is likely to cause great suffering among them during the coming winter and spring if an additional appropriation is not made for them.

Inspector Howard reports from Fort Belknap, on the 17th of October, 1883, that "for the first time in the history of the agency the buffalo has failed to visit that region." Heretofore the buffalo meat and hides secured by the Indians have been sufficient, with the limited aid given by the government, to give them fair support. If the Indians fail to secure buffaloes, as it is now quite certain they will, there is great danger of starvation among them. They must certainly starve unless they live off of the stock in the vicinity of the agency, but not on the reservation. If the Indians are driven by hunger to kill the cattle on the ranges belonging to herders who are rightfully in that section of country, there will be great danger of a collision between the herders and the Indians, and if such collision does not occur there will be a great loss of property, for the Indians will doubtless destroy more than they use. These Indians have a fine grazing country and some good agricultural lands that can be utilized by irrigation. A suitable appropriation should be made for their immediate wants, and provisions made for stocking the range with cattle, and they will become self-supporting from the growth of such herds."

THE LAND OFFICE.

The report of the commissioner of the general land office shows that the disposal of public lands under all acts of congress aggregates 19,430,032.80 acres, of which amount 339,235.91 acres were Indian lands, and 1,199,335.71 acres railroad sections under various acts of congress. The total cash receipts were $11,713,883.70, of which $625,404.37 was for sale of Indian lands. The increase in 1883 over 1882 was $3,319,367.66, and over 1881, $6,305,078.34; pre-emption and private entries, 4,465,665.49 acres; timber-culture entries, 3,110,930.23 acres; the number of homestead entries 56,565, embracing 8,171,814.38 acres. Not included in the lands disposed of, and in addition thereto, were 47,933 preemption filings, 4,999 soldiers' declaratory statements, and 10,232 miscellaneous filings. Four thousand two hundred and seventy-four contested cases were examined and acted upon during the fiscal year. The number of pre-emption cases undecided June 20, 1883, was 12,542, an increase of the number in arrears of 2,370, and 11,912 new cases were received for action. Considerable timber land was sold: but no land valuable for agricultural purposes has been offered at public sale.

In regard to fraudulent entries the report says:

"No difficulty is found where the parties making such fraudulent entries still hold the title, but in case there has been a transfer for a valuable consideration without notice of the fraud, great injustice is done to the purchaser by disturbing the title which he had no reason to suppose was fraudulent. If it is clearly established that the grantee in the patent had no existence, the title is held to be in the government, and the purchaser has no remedy except against the vendor, who is usually impecunious, and not infrequently has left the country. It would appear to be right that after a certain time the presumption should be conclusive that the patent was issued in strict accordance with law, and there should be no inquiry into the proceedings anterior to the time of issue."

In the matter of fencing public lands, a grievous affliction to small Texas cattle men, government is urged to take decisive steps to prevent rich capitalists from taking up the public domain, to the prejudice of poor men who want land.

RAILROAD EXEMPTIONS.

The subject of railroad taxation, in the cases where railroads lease their lands without taking a patent for them, and so escape taxation for local purposes and for the expenses of surveying, is covered by the following suggestion:

"It is earnestly to be desired that some means of adjustment of these grants, as a whole, be provided, or some method devised which shall, under cover of legislative authority, not only remedy the evil suggested, but enable this department to reach a finality as to the titles to be conveyed to these corporations at the earliest practicable moment, and thus relieve an anxious and excited public feeling, already sufficiently aroused upon the various difficult and complicated questions connected with the administration of this momentous and important branch of public affairs. To this end I most urgently recommend that the prompt and serious attention of congress be invited to the foregoing suggestions."

PENSIONS.

At the close of the last fiscal year there were 303,658 pensioners, as follows:

Army invalids	198,648
Army widows, minor children, and dependent relatives	74,474
Navy invalids	2,468
Navy widows, minor children, and dependent relatives	1,907
Survivors of the war of 1812	4,831
Widows of those who served in the war of 1812	21,336

There were added during the year 38,162 new pensioners, and 796 previously dropped were restored, making the total added, 38,958, an excess over the number added of 10,645. During the year 20,997 pensioners were dropped for various causes, leaving a net increase over the rolls of 17,961.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There were 35,734 applications for patents and trade marks, and 22,686 were granted.

In the matter of education the recommendation made is as follows: "In many of the States the school system is only lacking in efficiency on account of the lack of funds to support the schools provided for. In such cases it is believed that a liberal appropriation by the general government would so stimulate the State system that the States could be ultimately left to carry on the work without government aid."

The commissioner of railroads gives a detailed statement showing the condition of the sinking funds of the Union and Central Pacific companies, held by the treasurer of the United States under the act of congress approved May 7, 1878, from which it will be seen that on June 30, 1883, those funds amounted to $4,036,713.45; the Central Pacific having to its credit $2,404,015.86, and the Union Pacific $1,632,697.59. There are uninvested $858,532 to the credit of the Union Pacific, and $844,652 to the credit of the Central Pacific. The fund, says Secretary Teller, is a failure, and works hardship to the companies because so large an amount lies idle. On the Utah question, nothing new is announced. It is recommended that any laws proposed by the Utah legislature, be submitted to congress for approval. Game protection and strict police regulations, are urged for the Yellowstone National park. The speedy completion of the census is promised. Fire escapes are asked for the government printing office and insane hospital. The whole number of patients in the Freedmen's hospital last year was 1,017.

Personal Gossip.

The Methodist clergy and laity of Boston gave a reception recently to Bishop Foster, who made an official tour of the globe in the past sixteen months. The bishop expressed his surprise at the squalor and ignorance prevailing in India.

Dr. Stocker who has been severely snubbed by the Lord Mayor of London because he is a Jew-baiter, is Chaplain of the German court. His anti-Jewish sentiments do not meet with any sympathy among Englishmen. His lectures have been twice broken up by Socialists, who gathered in Memorial hall in sufficient numbers to take possession. Recently they hooted the doctor, unfurled red flags, and seized the platform, with cheers for the "next revolution."

Lafayette Cook, an old man living at South Auburn, Me., announced to his friends two weeks ago that he should die within a fortnight, and at later intervals referred to it. He prepared himself for the coffin on Monday, though apparently in usual health, bade his friends good bye, stretched himself on the lounge and passed into a slumber from which he never wakened.

Ex-Governor James E. English is the richest man in New Haven, Conn., having $6,000,000 which he made himself. He started on a farm at Bethlehem, learned the carpenter's trade, followed it a couple of years, and went into the lumber business, in which he is still interested. John C. Anderson comes next with $5,000,000. His father started poor in the tobacco business at New York, and the son inherited the business and the father's earnings. Treadwell Ketcham has between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000 which he made himself.

Dr. James S. Goodwin of Portland. Me., whose ninetieth birthday occurred Sunday, Nov. 11, is the youngest son of the late Gen. Ichabod Goodwin of South Berwick. He was graduated at Dartmouth at the age of 18, and is the only survivor of the class of 1811, and with the exception of two members of earlier classes, is the oldest surviving alumnus of that college.

The romantic experience of Miss Beach, the Bethel, Conn., young lady who wrote her name on the band of a hat and finally married the New Orleans gentleman into whose hands it fell, has had an unexpected sequel, Of course the other girls in the hat shop did the same thing, and now a western firm has refused a consignment of hats sent on their order because so many of them have young women's names written inside the bands.

The cable announces the death at Mecca of Shiek Obeidullah from an attack of cholera. The sheik has played an important part in Eastern politics for several years. As the head of the warlike and predatory Kurds he has harassed Persia, laying waste large tracts of territory and striking terror into the hearts of the shah and his peace-loving people. Descended from the daughter of the prophet and being of the purest Bedouin blood, he was esteemed the third holiest personage in Islam. His followers come from the race of sturdy mountaineers who harassed the flanks and rear of Xenophon's army in their famous retreat, so ably described in the "Anabasis." The Romans also fared badly at their hands, as many Latin authors have related in their histories and descriptions of the Parthians.

Almost all the leading New York papers are now managed by Western editors. Ballard Smith, of Kentucky, has just been made editor of the Herald; Mr. Bromley, who takes charge of the Commercial Advertiser next week, is an Ohio man; so is Mr. Reid, of the Tribune; Albert Pulitzer, of the World, and Carl Schurz, of the Evening Post, are from Missouri, and Dana, of the Sun, comes from Illinois. Nearly all the Philadelphia papers, on the other hand, are under the management of Pennsylvanians.

Flats in Gotham.

From N. Y. Correspondence of Hartford Times.

There has scarcely been a busier time among builders in New York than the present. The statistics of building operations from January 1 to September 1 show an outlay of over $44,000,000 on new structures of various kinds. First class buildings, including large business houses, absorbed $12,659,000. The outlay upon flats was close on $10,000,000. On tenements and tenement stores it was $8,750,000. It was thought a few years ago that the flat craze had been overdone but there seems to have been a mistake. The $10,000,000 already put into it this year is mostly for very large flats, such as accomodate a dozen to a score of families each, very high buildings chiefly, which dwarf and generally darken all their surroundings.

The first flats put up in New York were four stories high. After a while the height was increased to six stories. Then as elevators came into use, one or two more stories were added. When eight-story buildings were put up it was thought that the limit as to height had been reached. but the upward tendency kept on. The buildings of eight stories were followed by ones of nine stories, and those in turn by ten-story buildings, which looked simply titanic. But the advance skyward did not stop there. Eleven-story buildings came next, and now I hear there are some prodigious piles projected which shall be twelve and thirteen stories.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

The Question of Terms.

Attorney General Hahn is constantly receiving inquiries in regard to the terms of office of the recently elected county officials. He has already delivered the following opinion, in reply to P. Fitzpatrick, county attorney of Winona county, which applies to all cases. At his request it is printed in full:

As to the superintendents of schools, I hold in an opinion this day given to the superintendent of Wright county, that these officers take their office Dec. 1, as heretofore, because the result of the constitutional amendment (Chap. 2, Laws 1883), will not be ascertained, nor the proclamation of the governor be issued until after Jan. 1, and the amendment is not in force until these things are ascertained and done. As to county treasurers a different conclusion must be arrived at, because the result of the vote and the proclamation of the governor will, in the ordinary course of events, be ascertained and made before the first Monday of January, 1884. If it shall appear that the amendment is adopted, all laws inconsistent with it will, pro tanto, be inoperative, and the clause in said amendment providing that "all terms of office shall terminate at that time," viz., the first Monday of January in each year will be the rule and guide in the future, notwithstanding anything in any of the laws of this State to the contrary. I am, therefore, of the opinion that the newly-elected county treasurers will take their offices on the first Monday of January, instead of the first day of March, as heretofore

The parsonage of the Catholic c[illegible] in the town of Alberta was destroyed by fire on the night of the 29th. Father Gruenholtz lost his furniture, library and papers. The total loss was $2,000.

The German Lutheran church in Kelso, Sibley county, received notice from the county treasurer of that county to pay taxes on the church and grounds, and the officers of the church paid the taxes, without knowing that all church property is exempt from taxation.

In Montrose, Gerbach's store, containing the finest stock of goods in Rice county, and Nordman's hotel and barn, occupied by Charles Munding, were burned the 24th. Gerbach's building was insured for $2,400 and the stock for $18,000, with Gale & Co., Minneapolis. Norman's building was insured for $1,200 in the St. Paul Fire & Marine.

Many citizens of Rochester have this fall constructed storm cellars by erecting within the house cellars a strong stone vault, arched, and large enough to accommodate the family in case of another cyclone. There has been this fall in that city a morbid nervousness and dread of being overtaken in the night by a cyclone, and when a thunder-shower threatens, very many hold themselves in readiness to fly to a place of safety if the wind shall rise.

William P. Smith, a pioneer of Alexandria, died on the 28th, aged seventy-four years.

Diphtheria is raging in the family of John M. Sullivan of Haverhill township, Olmsted county. One child, a girl nine years old, was buried on Nov. 26; and others are ill with the dread disease, and their recovery is extremely doubtful. The family have been entirely abandoned by the neighbors and left to shift for themselves in their sad extremity. No other cases are reported in the county.

Dr. M. McG. Dana, of St. Paul who has the subject of poor houses, their condition and improvement, assigned him as a member of the state board of charities and corrections, is preparing, in connection with Mr. Hart, secretary of the board, the best practical plan for a county poor house. County commissioners about to build are invited to correspond with the county secretary, and avail themselves of the information which would help them to secure plans of a building, economical and adapted to its purpose.

Mr. Knott of Morris is to build a $10,000 hotel at Brown's Valley.

The Ramsey County Auditor J. J. McCardy, promptly on the 1st of December, as required by statutes more or less ignored by some of his predecessors, presents the detailed list of taxes in St. Paul and the rest of Ramsey county for the year 1883. The total tax, real and personal, in the county exceeds that of last year by $283,987.95, or more than 20 per cent. Last year the total levy in the city was 21 mills; this year it is 24½ mills. The increase arises from the larger levy and augmented valuations.

LATE MARKET REPORT.

MINNEAPOLIS.

WHEAT—The market on 'change was dull yesterday, but prices were a little better all around. For No. 1 hard 98½c was bid, but sellers held out for 99c, and no sales were made. For January No. 1 hard $1.01 was bid and $1.03½ for February. Sales of May were made at $1.10. From ½ to 1c more was asked on futures by sellers.

CORN—The market is dull and steady. No. 2 was bid for at 48c on track, 49c asked: October and November, 47c; year, 46c; condemned, 43@46c.

OATS—Dull and steady. No. 2 white, 29c asked, 28c bid; No. 2, 27c asked, 26c bid; rejected, 25@26c.

ST. PAUL.

FLOUR—No change in the situation has taken place, the market remaining quiet, with an easy tendency. Orders on the millers have come in from the East pretty regularly, but have not been heavy. Quotations: Orange Blossom, $6.60, Straights, Red Cross, $5.75; Capitol, family, $5.25; bakers' XXXX, $4.25. In barrels, 25c extra. Outside brands, 25@50c lower, according to quality. Low grades, $3.50@4 per bbl; in barrels, 25c extra. Rye flour, $3.50@3.75 per bbl; Graham, $4.25@4.50 per bbl; buckwheat, $9 per bbl.

CORN—Corn remains dull, but for the week under review has been very steady, and yesterday was firmer and higher for spot lots; options 1@2c higher: No. 2, 47c bid and 50c asked; December, 47c bid and 50c asked; February and May, 60c asked; No. 3 46c bid and 47c asked.

OATS—Oats have been about steady, with very slight fluctuations, but yesterday were a shade easier. The market has been fairly active, with supply about equal to the demand. Yesterday the following sales were recorded: 1 car No. 2 white, on track, 49c; 1 car No. 2 mixed, 27½c; 1 car do, 28c; 1 car do, 27c; 10 cars on private terms. The board quotations range as follows: No. 2 mixed spot, 27c bid and 27½c asked; December, 27c bid and 28c asked; January, 28c bid and 29c asked; February, 30c asked; May, 32c bid and 34c asked; No. 3 mixed, 26c bid and 27c asked. No. 2 white, 28c bid and 29c asked.

CHICAGO MARKET.—Flour dull and unchanged. In regular wheat there was a good speculative business. The market opened a shade easier, and declined ½c. attributed to the unfavorable tenor of foreign advices. At the decline the speculative demand became more active and prices gradually advanced, fluctuated and closed ¼c higher than yesterday. Sales ranged as follows: November, 94⅛@95¼c, closed at 95⅛c; December, 95⅜@96⅜c, closed at 96⅛c; January, 96⅞@97⅞c, closed at 97½c; February, 97⅞@98⅛c, closed at 98¼c; May, $1.02¾@1.04⅞, closed at $1.04⅜; No. 2 spring, 95⅛@95¾c. closed at 95⅜c; No. 3 spring, 81½@82½c; No. 2 red winter, 99c. Corn, demand active, unsettled and stronger; opened ¼@⅜c lower; advanced ⅝@¾c, fluctuated and closed ⅝@¾c higher than yesterday; cash, 48⅛@48⅞c, closed at 48⅝@48¾c; November, 48⅛@48⅝c, closed at 48¾c; December, 47⅞@48⅜c, closed at 48⅛c; year, 47⅝@48⅛c, closed at 48⅛c; January, 47@47¾c, closed at 47⅜c; February, 47@47⅞c, closed at 47½c; May, 50¾@51⅛c, closed at 51⅛c. Oats, dull but firm, strengthened by the tone of the other markets; cash, 28½c; November, 28⅝c; December, 28⅜@29c; January, 29c; May, 32⅛@32⅜c, closed at 32⅜c. Rye, firm at 56c. Barley, steady at 62c. Flax seed, weaker at $1.38. Pork, scarce and firm, mainly for deferred deliveries; market receded 5@10c early in the day, but afterward rallied 25@35c, and ruled steady to the close: cash, $11@11.10 for old; $12.20@12.25 for new; November, $10.95@11.15, closed at $11.15@11.20; December, $10.87½@11.12½, closed $11.15@11.20; year, $10.90@11.10; closed higher at $11.15@11.20; January, $11.65@12, closed at $11.92½@11.95; February, $11.80@12.12½, closed at $12.05@12.07½; March, $12@12.02½; April, $12.15@12.17½; May, $12.30@12.45, closed at $12.45@12.50. Lard, steady and in fair demand; advanced 10@15c and closed cash, $7.55@7.60 for old; $7.60@7.65 for new; November, $7.55@7.65, closed at $7.62½@7.65 December, $7.47½@7.60, closed at $7.57½@7.60; the year, nominal at $7.55@7.60; January, $7.60@7.75, closed at $7.72½@7.75; February, $7.72½@7.87½; March, $7.90; May, $8@8.02½. Bulk meats, in fair demand; shoulders, $5; short ribs, $6.25; short clear, $6.50. Butter, firmer; choice to fancy creameries, 32@39c; choice to fancy dairies, 21@30c. Eggs, quiet. Whisky, steady and unchanged. Freights—Corn to Buffalo, 4c. Receipts—Flour, 22,000 bbls; wheat, 132,000 bu; corn, 286,000 bu; oats, 161,000 bu; rye, 31,000 bu; barley, 101,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 26,000 bbls; wheat, 33,000 bu; corn, 191,000 bu; oats, 120,000 bu; rye, 6,000 bu; barley, 88,000 bu. Call—Wheat, sales, 2,150,000 bu; advanced ¼c. Corn, sales, 780,000 bu; advanced ⅛c for the year, January and May, and ⅜c for February. Oats, sales, 110,000 bu; advanced ⅛c. Pork, sales, 9,500 bbls; advanced 2½c for December; declined 2½c for January and February. Lard, sales 3,200 tierces; declined 5c for November and 2½c for January and February.

MILWAUKEE MARKET.—Flour, quiet and unchanged. Wheat, higher: 95c November; 95⅞c December; 97c January; $1.05 May. Corn, quiet and unchanged. Oats, unchanged. Rye, quiet and unchanged. Barley, stronger: No. 2, 60⅞c; extra No. 3, 52c. Provisions, dull; mess pork, $10.95 November; $11.75 January; prime steam lard, $7.60 November; $7.65 January. Butter, unchanged. Cheese, dull and unchanged. Eggs, higher, at 25c. Receipts—Flour, 24,000 bbls; wheat, 92,000 bu; barley, 48,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 25,000 bbls; wheat, 5,000 bu; barley, 26,000 bu.

DULUTH MARKET, Special Telegram—The markets on 'change to-day were a shade lower and inactive. Round lots of No. 1 hard, spot, were offered at 99⅜c, 99¼ bid; sales of car lots at 98¾c; strictly fresh No. 2 hard was offered at 91c, 90½c bid; No. 1 hard, December, offered at $1, 99¼c bid; 92c was bid for round lots of No. 2 hard, December; January, No. 1 hard, was offered at $1.02¼, $1.01 bid. Closing prices: No. 1 hard, cash, 98¾c; December, 99¼c; No. 2 hard, cash, 90½; December, 92c. Inspection: Cars—No. 1 hard, 123; No. 2 hard, 18; No 1, 59; No. 2, 19; No. 3, 1. Total, 220. Receipts, 92,566 bu; shipments, 22,024 bu; in store, 1,251,374 bu.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

FIELD AND FARM.

Things Pretty and Useful.

A very handsome heading for lace curtains is made by using the deep and pointed fringe which now comes in all colors.

Pretty and odd chair backs are made of squares of linen and of satin. This may seem a strange combination, but the effect is excellent. Where the squares are joined cover the seams with fancy stitches. The satin squares may be left without ornamentation, and all the work be put on the linen ones. Embroidery or painting or etching is the favorite method employed.

If the stair-rails are dingy, their appearance may be improved by washing them with a little sweet milk; polish with a flannel cloth.

A pretty way to finish the ends of crash spreads or tidies is to fringe them to the depth of several inches, fasten the threads where you stop fringing with small and even stitches, over-casting the edge, use the colored silk or cotton that is the principal color in the other ornamentation. To make the process of fringing easy, first draw out one thread where you wish to make the place to stop, then slash the edge, and with a stiff needle or large pin you can draw the threads out rapidly and easily.

Handsome stockings which are of "many colors," like Joseph's coat, may be dried without streak or stains if you take the trouble to have pieces of board cut out the exact shape and size of the stockings; thin board will do. On these draw the damp stockings and set them behind the stove to dry.

A table scarf of olive felt was made handsome and tasteful by having on one end a corner of plush. The piece of plush was shaped like a triangle. Where it joined the felt there were some fancy stitches with bright colored silks. The other end of the scarf had a straight band of plush put on with fancy stitches also, and instead of being an inch or two from the edge of the scarf, there was a space left of at least ten inches below the plush. Both ends were finished with a row of fringe.

Farmer's Hints.

A Prairie Farmer correspondent convinced himself by the eating that lovers of salsify need not wait till spring for their favorite root. His wife prepared some the other day; cut in moderately thin slices, stewed, seasoned, and served with small crackers' they had a decided oyster flavor, and he advises more attention to the supply of this "delicious vegetable."

There are many things about the kitchen or garden that could be utilized in one way or another for poultry that often go into the swill-tub or gutter. If a little labor be expended on their preparation, there is no better food. The potato and turnip parings boiled, and while hot thoroughly mashed and mixed with meal, drippings, meat scraps, soups and stale bread crumbs, will be found a cheap and valuable food. In cold weather and during confinement these articles will supply the place of insect and green food, and as most of the refuse from the table is of the best quality, thoroughly cooked and seasoned, it makes a very appetizing mess for the fowls.

An Eastern exchange says: "The reason why apple orchards on prairie soil at the West are short-lived is that they grow fast and do not ripen their wood well. The consequence is injury in winter, and this followed up year after year, destroys vitality; the center is all black and dead, with a living shell outside, which a hard winter kills. In the eastern states where the apple tree is long-lived, the soil and climate are very different from yours. All you can do is to select hardy sorts and plant on dry lands. There are orchards more than 50 years, 80 to 100 years old in good condition in this country.

The Live Stock Monthly, speaking of ensilage, says that while theorists are still endeavoring to show the insignificant value of ensilage for feeding to milch cows, the practical farmer continue to build silos, fill them with ensilage and double the number of cattle on their farms. Scientists cannot prove impossible that which exists as a tangible, practical fact.

Improvement in Farm Machinery and Methods.

How much easier and better does the farmer do his work now than he did in the days of his great-grandfather. To be sure, there were as good crops raised then as now, but the land was new and crops would grow wherever planted. But times have changed. Horse power takes the place of human labor in nearly all of the work done on the farm. I have in my possession an old-fashioned three-tined dung fork, with iron enough about it for a set of horse shoes, and a hay fork, one hundred and twenty years old, made by a country blacksmith, of course, and a very heavy, clumsy instrument it is. Supposing some "old feller" could spend a day in a modern hay-field; wouldn't his eyes open when he heard the click of the mower, and saw the grass fall down at the rate of an acre an hour; and when asked if that hay would do to go in that day, he would reply, "no, no, it ain't dry enough, it ought to make three days sartin." And he would wonder what had become of all of the big rocks, and the roadside fences, and what made the timothy grow so stout in that swamp; and he would think the barn was a meeting-house; and shake his head when told that the cows made two pounds of butter a day, and say, "I don't know, I don't know." Surely when we look at all of the improved machinery on the farm, as well as everywhere else, and the improved breeds of stock, the fine horses and carriages, and the improved means of travel and transportation, and when we think how many comforts and luxuries are within the reach of the common people, we know that the world moves on; and could we live until a hundred years from now, probably we should see as great changes as have been made within the past hundred years.—Manchester Farmer.

Fowls for Market.

Mr. D. W. Lewis takes up the subject from the commercial point of view, and in a recent circular reminds farmers of the requisite for securing highest prices in the New York market:

"Fowls should not be fed for twenty-four hours before killing, as food in the crop is liable to sour and injure its sale. Bleeding in the mouth is the best mode of killing. Heads and feet should be left on. In dressing, the water should be as near the boiling point as possible, without actually boiling. Dip the bird into the water three times, holding it by the legs. The feathers must be then quickly and thoroughly removed, without breaking the skin. Then dip into boiling water two seconds, and immediately afterward into cold water the same length of time. Wet dressed poultry is generally preferred up to Thanksgiving, after which time dry picked has the preference. Small fat turkeys sell best the season through, except at Thanksgiving, and Christmas, when large, dry picked birds only are wanted. Geese sell best at Christmas."

Dressing For a Photograph.

"The question is often asked," said an experienced photographer, "why actors and actresses take the most pleasing pictures. It is because they study the principles of art and good taste in their profession, and understand how to dress. Moreover, they usually bring a selection of veils, flowers, curls, braids, laces, and sometimes costumes to give the photographer a choice of accessories. They come when they are wholly at liesure, and are not flustered. A red face takes black, and they know it. Then they do not load themselves down with gewgaws and haberdasheries, to show all that they have got in worldly goods. Few persons know how to dress for a picture like an actress. The best material for ladies to wear when about to sit for a photograph are such as will fold or drape nicely, like reps, winceye, poplin, satins, silks. Lavenders, lilac, sky-blue, purple, and French blue take very light, and are worse for a picture than pure white. Corn color and salmon are better. China pink, Rose pink, dark purple, pure yellow, Mazarine blue, navy blue, fawn color, Quaker color, dove color, ashes or roses, and stone color show a pretty light gray in the photograph. Scarlet, claret, garnet, sea-green, light orange, leather-color, light Bismarck, and slate color, take still darker, and are excellent colors to photograph. Cherry, wine color, light apple green, Matternish green, dark apple green, bottle green, dark orange, golden and red brown show nearly the same agreeable color in the picture. A black silk always looks well, and it takes well if not decked with ribbons and laces that take white. Dark Bismarck or snuff brown usually take blacker than a black silk or satin, and are not easy to drape. A silk, because it has more gloss and reflects more light, usually takes lighter than a woolen dress. Ladies with dark or brown hair should avoid contrasts in their costumes, as light substances photograph more quickly than dark, and ladies with light hair should dress in something lighter than those whose hair is dark or brown. Few ladies understand how to arrange their hair so as to harmonize with the form of the head, but blindly follow the fashion, be the neck long or short, or the face narrow or broad. A broad face appears more so if the hair is arranged low over the forehead or is parted on the side, and a long neck becomes short-like when the hair is built up high, while a few curls would make a most agreeable change in the effect. Powdered hair gives good effect, and powder should be bestowed upon freckles."

Gold and Silver Dust

Philadelphia News.

There are houses in this city, plain looking from without, but with roofs incrusted with precious metals, and floors studded with silver, gold and diamonds. There are cobwebs hanging from the ceilings, but they are sprinkled like the spangled lace of an oriental bride. The men and women in the house are ill dressed and grimy, but their fingers are tipped with gold, and their hair is dusted with glittering ores. With all their riches, however, such houses are only greasy shops, with rickety, dark stairways. A reporter of the News climbed three flight in one. He entered a room whence he might have been sent away well off for life; but all he received was a choking whiff of sulphuric acid or some other acid, and all he saw and felt was a furnace which a number of workmen were supplying with bits of an old floor. The ashes were being scraped into barrels.

"Making pulverised charcoal for bilious people?" asked the reporter.

"No, sir; just burning some precious wood," was the answer. "You see, when we moved from our old quarters in the Peterson building we brought the old floor with us and left a new one. I expect these bits of firewood to yield us upward of $2,000. The floor has been in use about ten years, and, grain by grain, it has been filled with costly metals. This charcoal will be ground in a mill, and thence will go into a crucible for amalgamation with mercury. By squeezing out the mercury through chamois skins we will regain the gold and silver that has been ground into the floor by hundreds of feet."

"What becomes of the metal dust that is swept up?"

"We treat it in a similar way. Our employes are required to wash their hands in a tank, and the dirty water passes through a series of sieves before reaching the waste pipe, so that very little of value is allowed to escape. A Newark firm uses no less than five tanks for its refuse water before it passes into a well. A few years ago the firm took out the mud from the bottom of the well, worked it, and obtained several hundred dollars of metal. The sweepings and settlings of a shop like ours are worth from $2000 to $4000, according to the kind of work done. If we get up many diamond settings and plain rings the waste is large. In chain making and watch case work the loss is not so great."

"What is the value of a floor?"

"That is hard to estimate. Dorison & Age of Newark burnt a floor 50x100 and obtained a return of $5000. A jewelry establishment on Sansom street obtained $800 for one recently burnt."

"Cannot the workmen carry away the gold dust with out detection?"

"I have heard of such things. We had a man in one employ who had curly hair and was continually running his fingers through it. On inquiry we found he had been discharged from a New York factory for carrying gold away in his hair, which was afterwards redeemed by a fine tooth comb in a way many a mother redeems her boy's scalp."

At this juncture another lot of the precious kindling was put in the furnace. The scribe dusted off his note book, shook the lapel of his coat, looked honest, held up his hands and had his finger nails inspected, and left as poor as he came.

"We do not reduce our sweepings," said another jeweler. "We take our sweepings, burn them and pulverize them, and send out sample packages to the assayer. The value of sweepings yearly I should estimate at over $400."

At the United States mint, where more gold is used than in any other manufacturing place in the country, the devices used to recover vagrant particles of gold and silver are both novel and interesting. Chief Clerk L. R. Copperwaithe said: The value of our sweepings for the fiscal year ending June 30 was $14,204.40 gold, and $9,320.12 for silver. We are very careful to reclaim all the gold we can. Nearly every month we have the roofs of all our buildings swept and the sweepings refined."

"Does that pay you to sweep the roofs?"

"Pay us! The sweepings for one month amounted $200. We occasionally sweep the roof of the Presbyterian Church. You wouldn't expect to find gold in a sewer, would you? Well, we scraped about fifty feet of the street sewer, and, apart from the rats we caught, reclaimed $500 worth of gold and silver that had been washed from the roof of the building during heavy showers."

"How often do you scrape the sewer?"

"Well, we shall scrape again soon. But after that there will be no need. We are having a well dug to catch our rain-water in the future. We had a surplus last year of 21 ounces of gold over the amount allowed for waste."

"How do you guard against your workmen carrying gold away?"

"The workmen leave their working clothes here, and they are washed from time to time."

"What becomes of the gold that escapes through the chimneys?"

"Every time a crucible is open a certain amount of gold is bound to volatilize but it drops on the roof and in the street. Occasionally a crucible upsets, and that causes considerable volatilization. We had a felt roof on one of our sheds that was taken off and reduced, yielding a large amount of gold and silver. The old Pennsylvania depot, before Mr Wanamaker bought it, had a felt and gravel roof, which for years had been absorbing gold, that is, no doubt, in some city dump."

"How valuable do you think the roof was?"

"Judging by the roof taken off the mint yard, I should say at least $1 per foot. So, you see, Uncle Sam has many thousands in some ash heap around town."

Nearly all American girls who marry German barons, soon get divorces. The winter is a very mild one when a German baron will get up to kindle a fire.

AN OCEAN INCIDENT

Far out at sea, it was Thanksgiving Day,
And we were off Good Hope;
The wind blew shrilly out of Table Bay,
And strained were spar and rope.

On deck we saw the bustling captain come,
With face of anxious care;
For outward bound, he sighed to think of home,
And dear reunions there.

"We've little to be thankful for," he said,
In seaman's fretful tone;
"The passage long, the ocean gales ahead,
Naught else our voyage has shown."

His little daughter climbed the bulwarks high,
And o'er the surge that roared,
Her sweet laugh rang, when, lo! the fearful cry,
"The child is overboard!"

"Down helm, down helm! and lay the yard aback!"
The captain's sturdy arm
Is struggling in the vessel's foamy track.
Above the sea's alarm.

Saved! saved! he stood upon the deck,
Beside his child; and then,
"What though all else," he said, "were gone to wreck?
Thank God with me, my men!"

Mr. Flintshire's Marriage.

BY HENRY LABOUCHERE.

Mr. Flintshire retired from the Indian Civil Service at the age of fifty, returned to England with the fixed intention of marrying for money. Being a bachelor his pension was more than sufficient for his wants, and his savings amounted to a considerable fortune. But he was a very careful man, to say at least, and he had always cherished the idea of marrying a rich wife who would keep him. Hitherto he had been unsuccessful, because he had to a limited extent, allowed sentiment to interfere with his choice. But now that his income had diminished in consequence of his retirement, he resolved to be guided entirely by expediency, and to permit neither age or any other disqualification to balk his design.

It is hardly surprising that with such broad views as this he had comparitively little difficulty in discovering his opportunity. He was chatting one day with his doctor in rather a despondent mood, in consequence of the unsatisfactory state if his liver, when the medical gentleman, to cheer him, remarked.

"My dear sir, you need not feel uneasy. You will be well in a month, and you will live to be as brisk and lively at eighty-four as old Mrs. Mumblewood."

"Who is Mrs. Mumblewood?" inquired Mr. Flintshire.

"A patient of mine—a wonderful lady. As I tell you she is eighty-four, and yet comes to see me in an omnibus to save a cab fare," said the doctor, laughing. "You will hardly believe it when I tell you she is enormously wealthy."

"Is she a widow?" inquired Mr. Flintshire, pricking up his ears.

"Yes. Her husband was old Mumblewood, the contractor, who died worth, as they say, a quarter of a million. The old fellow came from nothing, but the widow is a shrewd, clever old lady, as brisk as you or I."

"She can't last much longer, I suppose?" remarked Mr. Flintshire, absently.

"Well, that is a professional secret," said the doctor laughing again. "However, it is safe to predict that she has lived the best part of her life."

"I should like to see her," said Mr. Flintshire, in quite a hearty tone for him. "The sight of her will do one more good than a course of medicine."

"It will be cheaper, at any rate," said the doctor, with unconscious irony. "Let me see—I should like to have a look at you next week. Now, Tuesday morning at twelve o'clock is old Mrs. Mumplewood's hour, and you might arrange your visit accordingly."

Probably the doctor had no other design in his mind than the wish to secure another fee, and in this he succeeded, for Mr. Flintshire at once undertook to call on the day and at the hour mentioned.

It seems incredible that any man should seriously think of paying court to an old lady of eighty-four. Yet Mr. Flintshire was quite prepared to do so if it turned out that Mrs. Mumblewood was anything like as rich as was supposed, and he made the appointment with the most deliberate attentions.

He had no difficulty in learning all about the old lady, who resided in Sloane street and was well known in the neighborhood. The result of his inquiries was highly satisfactory, for though the deceased contractor had not left anything like a quarter of a million, the widow had inherited a large fortune, which must have considerably increased in consequence of her penurious habits. She lived in a small house, attended by two old servants who had been, respectively, cook and butler to her late husband. She could hardly be spending £500 a year, to judge from the stories that were told about her, and the natural inference was that her savings must alone amount to a fortune.

Under these circumstances Mr. Flintshire did not fail to keep his appointment. He considered the widow an excellent chance, and though her miserly propensities rather interfered with his original design of being supported free of expense, this drawback was counterbalanced by the probability of her speedy demise. He therefore quite made up his mind to marry her, nor did his purpose waver when he found Mrs. Mumblewood an illiterate old lady, with a skin parchment, a face that might have been carved from a block of wood, and a tongue that was constantly saying bitter things.

The meeting at the doctor's house, which was their first introduction, soon ripened into intimacy. Singular as it may appear in an old lady of eighty-four, Mrs. Mumblewood was evidently flattered by his attentions, and though she soon intimated to him that she suspected he had designs on her fortune, she readily accepted his assurance that his politeness arose from pure friendship. Before long, Mr. Flintshire got into the habit of calling nearly every day, and though the hospitality he received was of a very meagre kind, he could not help admiring the strict economy which the widow practiced in her domestic arrangements.

It was only natural, however, that the old proverb about the course of true love never running smooth should have been exemplified in Mr. Flintshire's case. If the widow received his attentions with complacency: he was much less favorably regarded by another member of the household. He perceived that he had an enemy in the butler from the first moment that ancient retainer opened the door to him. This individual was a surly, not overclean individual of sixty, or thereabouts, whose chief duties appeared to be to keep off intruders from his mistress, since he apparently discharged no other functions. It was perfectly obvious that old Numb was jealous of every one who entered the house, and, probably, had an eye on his mistress's fortune. He was never polite to Mr. Flintshire, who did not intend to be refused when he made his proposal of marriage, realized that he must not leave Mr. Numb out of his calculations. The consequence was that, after mature deliberation, he one day asked the butler to give him a few words in private, and thus delivered himself:—

"Mr. Numb," he said mysteriously, "has the possibility of your mistress marrying again ever occurred to you?"

"No, it hain't", said the man, shortly.

"Well, Mr. Numb," perhaps not, though you hardly have imagined that I could see so much of that excellent lady as I have done lately without conceiving a very great regard for her. Now, supposing," said Mr. Flintshire, quite jocosely, "supposing I were to aspire to gain your mistress's hand, what would you say?"

"I should say, don't you wish you may get it," returned Numb, calmly.

"I am quite serious," said Mr. Flintshire frowning a little. "Of course, I know it is not usual for a gentleman to consult a lady's butler before proposing marriage to her. Indeed, the idea is ridiculous. But you have lived in your mistress's service so long that she regards you as a friend and adviser, and under the circumstances I think it only right to mention the matter to you. A word from you, Mr. Numb, might prove very useful."

"Very likely," said Mr. Numb, and in oracular tone.

"Well, now, come, Mr. Numb. Just consider. I am not a foolish and extravagant man who would play ducks and drakes with your mistress's money. On the contrary, I am a careful man, and not a poor one either. I think we should like a little better, Numb, if I were master here; your wages might be raised; and—and—well Numb, on my wedding day I dare say I might give you a five pound note. What do you say to that?"

Mr. Flintshire spoke in his most earnest and persuasive tone, but failed to move a muscle of Mr. Numb's stolid face.

"Or—or ten. Shall we say ten Numb?" said Mr. Flintshire, eagerly.

"Make it fifty," said the butler with a perfectly impassive countenance:

"Fifty! Bless my soul. Ahem! It's a very large sum," gasped Mr. Flintshire, "Can't we split the difference and meet half way—say twenty or twenty-five?"

"Fifty," repeated Numb stubbornly.

"Well, Well! fifty then," said Mr. Flintshire with resignation. "It is a large sum, but——. However say fifty."

The butler said fifty, apparently rather to oblige Mr. Flintshire than from any interest he felt in the discussion—judging at least from his tone and manner. Nothing more passed at this remarkable interview, but the next day Mr. Flintshire proposed to Mrs. Mumblewood and was immediately accepted.

After this matters went smoothly enough, and though Mr. Flintshire fretted a great deal about the fifty pounds he had promised Numb, he did not consider the money thrown away. The alacrity with which Mrs. Mumblewood had accepted him plainly revealed that he owed his success to the butler's interference. When once he was married he flattered himself that Mr. Numb's dominion would soon come to an end. Meanwhile it was prudent to be polite to him, for, since he acted as the old lady's confidential adviser, he might make himself disagreeable by suggesting settlements and other undesirable complications.

Nothing of the kind occurred, however, and the marriage was performed in a neighboring church without fuss or ceremony. Mr. Numb received his fifty pounds, together with a promise of a rise in his wages, which Mr. Flintshire intended in his own mind as a preliminary to dismissing him. The wedding banquet and the auspicious event in no way disturbed the even tenor of the household. The only change that occurred was that from henceforth Mr. Flintshire was promoted to the dignity of paymaster of the establishment, the widow stopping all supplies with promptitude the moment she had changed her name.

Mr. Flintshire did not trouble to announce his wedding in the papers. There was nothing to be gained by doing so, and his wife did not appear to desire it. He settled down readily enough to his new state of life, and devoted himself to ministering to his wife's comfort in a very laudible manner. The chief aim he had in view was to prevent her from making a will. He strongly suspected that she had made one before her marriage, in which the name of Mr. Numb figured conspicuously; but that document was now null and void by operation of law. If his wife, therefore did not make a fresh one, he would, at her death, inherit everything as her husband, and he was, accordingly, quite content to leave matters where they were at present.

If Mr. Flintshire deserved domestic happiness as a reward for his perseverance, he certainly did not attain that desirable consummation. To begin with, his wife was crotchety and fractious, as old people generally are, but, in addition to these failings, she possessed a remarkably vigorous temper. Mr. Flintshire, to serve his own purposes, stayed by her side from morning till night, and she made a perfect slave of him. Being morbidly fearful of offending her, he dared not venture to retaliate, and never was an unhappy husband more henpecked than he. Another source of annoyance was that the whole household seemed to be in league to plunder him. The simple domestic arrangements which had sufficed when the old lady held the purse were no longer sufficient. His wife was the first to propose a more liberal table, and Mr. Numb manifested a perfectly fiendish ingenuity in suggesting costly little dishes for her. In a word, the housekeeping expense increased to an enormous extent, and all attempts at introducing economy proved unavailing.

The last but not the least of the bridegroom's troubles was the presence in the house of Numb, the butler. So long as this man remained, Mr. Flintshire felt that he was only the nominal head of the establishment. Mr. Numb did precisely as he pleased, and his residence with his mistress showed no signs of diminishing. Yet Mr. Flintshire did not see his way to getting rid of him. If he attempted to exercise his authority, his wife might be driven to take some desperate course. He ventured on one occasion to hint that Numb's services might with advantage be dispensed with, but the suggestion called forth such a torrent of reproaches and invectives, that Mr. Flintshire trembled at his temerity. Numb stayed on, and haunted him like a veritable Old Man of the Sea, drawing high wages, increasing the weekly bills, and, what was far worse, enjoying the larger share of his wife's confidence.

The one bright spot in the midst of Mr. Flintshire's tribulation was that his wife evinced no desire to make a will. He therefore felt toleraoly secure about the future, which was a great consolation to him. Nevertheless a year of this anxious life so undermined his constitution, that in all probability another twelvemonth would have either killed him or rendered him hopelessly imbecile. Fortunately for him, these dreadful contingencies were averted by the sudden death of the old lady, who expired in her sleep without having given the slightest indication of her approaching end.

The sad event had much the same effect upon the bereaved husband as a summer shower has upon a parched garden. It revived him instantly and called forth all his former energy and vitality. His first step was to make a minute and careful examination of the deceased lady's effects, without, as he had anticipated, finding a trace of a will. The precaution was hardly necessary, for he was certain she had not made one, but the search satisfied his mind, and he lost no time in venting his revengeful feelings against Mr. Numb. He nursed his resentment until the day of the funeral, but immediately upon his return from following his wife to the grave he summoned the butler to his presence. The man shuffled to the room with a hang dog look, as though he anticipated his fate but Mr. Flintshire remarked that his expression was insolent and defiant.

"Numb," said his master, sharply; "you will be good enough to leave this house within an hour. I won't stand any more of your insolence, and it was only only out of consideration for the poor lady who has gone that I have borne with you so long. I will pay you a month's wages, and I warn you not to attempt to make off with any of my property."

"Two can play at that game," snarled the butler, fumbling in his pocket, and producing a document. "Suppose this house and everything in it was my property, and I was to ask you to clear out; what would you say then?"

"It is a perfectly idle proposition," said Mr. Flintshire, loftily. "What is that paper?"

"It is a copy of the old lady's will. My lawyer has the original."

"Is it dated since my marriage?" inquired Mr. Flintshire, with a shade of anxiety.

"Oh, no!—long before," answered the butler, with a grin.

"Then it is not worth the paper it is written on," said Mr. Flintshire, waiving aside the document. "I don't want to see it. It is of no consequence whatever."

"I shouldn't be too sure if I were you," returned Numb, maliciously, as he put the paper back in his pocket. "I fancy you will laugh the other side of your mouth before the day is out."

"Got out of my sight this instant!" cried Mr. Flintshire, losing his temper. "If you have not left the house within an hour, I shall send for the police."

The butler appeared quite unmoved by his threat, and disappeared with perfect self-possession. His confidant air troubled Mr. Flintshire a little, though he hardly knew why. It was obvious that the man did not believe that the will he spoke of was void, but that was only his ignorance. Nevertheless Mr. Flintshire resolved to call immediately upon the firm of solicitors who had been in the habit of acting as his wife's legal advisers, and accordingly he hailed a passing hansom, and drove to Lincoln's Inn.

"Are you Mr. Flintshire?" inquired the senior member of the firm—"the gentleman who recently married our late client, Mrs.—Mrs. Mumblewood?"

"Yes," answered Mr. Flintshire, struck with uneasiness at something strange in the lawyer's tone and manner. "Possibly you are aware of our marriage."

"I never heard of it till to-day. I regret to say I have to make almost extraordinary and painful communication to you," said the lawyer, speaking as though he could hardly realize what he was about to say. "I have had Mr. Numb here this morning, and it was from him I heard of your—marriage."

"Good heavens what is the matter?" gasped Mr. Flintshire, beside himself with nervous apprehension.

"I really hardly like to break the news to you, but the fact is our late client was secretly married to this Mr. Numb some years ago. I had no idea of it till this morning. It is the most extraordinary state of things I ever heard of in my life," said the lawyer, leaning back in his chair.

"It's a lie—a base, infamous conspiracy!" cried Mr. Flintshire, foaming at the mouth.

"I am afraid it is true. In fact, since seeing Mr. Numb I have inspected the marriage registry at Somerset House," and the lawyer. "The most startling thing is that this old lady, whose meanness amounted to a mania, deliberately committed bigamy with her husband's concurrence in order to save money."

"If it is true he shall hang for it! He shall refund every farthing and pay me damages. I will inform against him before the nearest magistrate," cried Mr Flintshire, gesticulating wildly, and looking very odd and excited.

He did not carry out any of these threats, however, for the melancholy reason that he straightway went raving mad.

TEN CENTS.

This is the sum Mr. A. Burns, three miles east of Cobourg, Ont., says he wouldn't have given for his chance of living before he used Burdock Blood Bitters. He had dyspepsia for fifteen years, and was cured by three bottles of this very excellent preparation.

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Mrs. J. C. Anderson of Peshtigo, Wis., asks us the price of twelve bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters. They cured her of erysipelas and salt rheum, and she expresses herself as highly pleased about it. She is no more gratified than we are, however.

NUMBER ONE.

My wife considers Burdock Blood Bitters a number one medicine. They cured her of dyspepsia and liver complaint when no other remedy she ever tried would do it. This is what Mr. Martin Kizer of Linn Grove, Ind., says.

Burdock Blood Bitters are sold by every druggist. You want to try them; to try them is to like them.

Foster, Milburn & Co., Prop's, Buffalo, N. Y.

Write Home Health Company, Minneapolis, Minn., for Home treatment of all diseases. Surest, cheapest in the world.

Carbo lines.

The gray and bald no more shall grieve,
The sighs of coming age,
For Carboline can both retrieve
And tullest griefs assuage.

Piso's cure will cure coughs, asthma, bronchitis and consumption. 25 cents.

The most comfortable boot in town is that with Lyon's Patent Metallic Heel Stiffeners.

From Col. C. H. Mackey, 32d Iowa Infantry: I have derived more benefit from Ely's Cream Balm than anything else I have ever tried. I have now been using it for three months and am experiencing no trouble from Catarrh whatever. I have been a sufferer for twenty-two years. C. H. MACKEY, Sigourney, Iowa. Feb. 22 '82.

For three winters I have been afflicted with Catarrh and Cold in the Head. I used Ely's Cream Balm, it accomplished all that was represented.—T. F. McCORMICK (Judge Common Pleas), Elizabeth, N. J. (Price 50 cents.)

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There is no animal in the world so treacherous as man—a remark easily credited of the authors of the vile compounds sold as tonics. Allen's Iron Tonic Bitters, however, does not belong to this class but is the best medicine of its kind known. All genuine bear the signature of J. P. Allen, St. Paul, Minn.

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For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other Intermittent Fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from Fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

Funny Fancies.

French gallantry: A gentleman weary of life flings himself out of a fifth-story window. A beautiful lady happens to be taking the air on the balcony of the first floor. "Charming!" he exclaims rapidly, and then passes on.

Seasonable hint to young men: Don't throw any obstacle in the way of your lady friends when they express curiosity about the size of your feet. Christmas is coming, and if you lie about the matter, the chances are your new slippers will be four sizes too small.

A lady in Toronto got to laughing over some amusing incident, and could not stop. Finally a doctor was called in, and he could not quiet her, and she might have died laughing if a telegram had not arrived just then saying that her husband's mother was coming on a short visit.—Philadelphia Call.

A Lafayette, Ind., lady—a model wife and mother—broke her husband of the saloon habit by walking up to the bar beside him and calling for the beer. She broke the awful silence, as they walked home, with the remark: "I love you, my husband, and if you are going to hell, I'm going right along with you."

"Do you know," said the Prince as Mary looked up from the paper, "do you know, Miss Handerson, that this is my forty-second birthday?" "No," said Mary; "I'm really surprised that one so old can look so young. Does your ma know about it?" "O yes, Miss Handerson; you would'nt believe it, but 'er was the Hempress herself, as gave me the information. 'O'w old are you Miss Handerson? Heighteen. Hi suppose." "O, pa can tell you about that, Albert. You should see pa if you want to know that." "My heyes! wat a hartful hactress you are, Miss Handerson! But Hi know you're heighteen. Hi don't need to hask about that." And with a broad English smile the Prince changed the conversation to tell the great tragedienne about his proposed trip to Ireland.

Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) has cured me of hereditary Scrofula of the worst type. The medicine is more than you claim for it and I hope any who doubt will write to me. E. C HAWES, Jr., Clarksville, Ga.

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Cured Clergymen.

Rev. L. S. Caulian, of Circleville, Kansas, says: Dr. Warner, your White Wine of Tar Syrup has been in my family and found to be all and even more than you claim of it. It is a speedy cure for all Throat and Lung diseases.

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Rev. L. A. Dunlap, of Mt. Vernon, says: My children were afflicted with a cough resulting from Measles, my wife with a cough that had prevented her from sleeping more or less for years, and your White Wine of Tar Syrup has cured them all.

ALLEN'S
Lung Balsam!
A GOOD FAMILY REMEDY!
—THAT WILL CURE—
Coughs, Colds, Croup,

Dr. Meredith, Dentist, of Cincin'ti, was thought to be in the last stages of Consumption, and was induced by his friends to try Allen's Lung Balsam after the formula was shown him. We have his letter that it at once cured his cough and that he was able to resume his practice.

Jeremiah Wright, of Marion County, W. Va., writes us that his wife had Pulmonary Consumption and was pronounced incurable by their physician, when the use of Allen's Lung Balsam entirely cured her. He writes that he and his neighbors think it the best medicine in the world.

CONSUMPTION.

Wm. C. Digges, Merchant, of Bowling Green, Va., writes April 4, 1881, that he wants us to know that the Lung Balsam has cured his mother of Consumption, after the physician had given her up as incurable. He says others knowing her case have taken the Balsam and been cured. He thinks all so afflicted should give it a trial.

Wm. A. Graham & Co., Wholesale Druggists Zanesville, Ohio, write us of the cure of Matthias Freeman, a well-known citizen, who had been afflicted with Bronchitis in its worst form for twelve years. The Lung Balsam cured him as it has cured many others of Bronchitis.

Allen's Lung Balsam

Is harmless to the most delicate child! It contains no Opium in any form! Recommended by Physicians, Ministers and Nurses. In fact by everybody who has given it a good trial. It Never Fails to Bring Relief.

As an Expectorant it has no Equal.

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with it, after I had most signally failed by the most approved methods of treatment with mercury and iodide of potassium.

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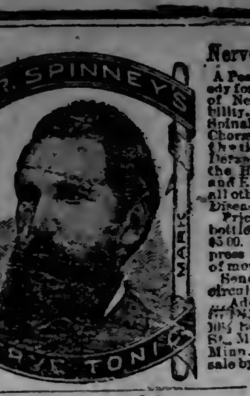

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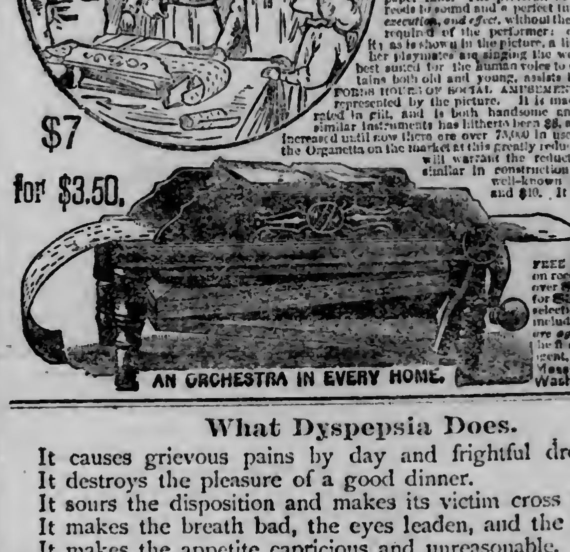

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It enriches the blood, improves the liver, and cheers the mind.
It purifies the breath, clears the eyesight, and makes the skin natural.
It brings a regular and healthy desire for food at proper times.
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1920 Acres of Land in Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas	$28,800 00
12 Weber Style 2 Grand Upright Pianos	9,600 00
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120 Solid Gold Stem-Winding Watches, Elgin Movement	15,000 00
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20 Silver Stem-Winding Watches, Springfield Movement	700 00
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Total Value, -	$14,300 00

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FUR London and Leipzic Agency—Raw Furs wanted. A. MOORE, Manager, 18 Jackson street, Saint Paul, Minn.

WANTED—Experienced Book and Bible Agents in every County. Liberal Salaries Paid. Address, stating experience, P. O. Box g. g., Chicago, Ill.

SAMARITAN NEVER FAILS. NERVINE THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR. A SPECIFIC FOR Epilepsy, Spasms, Convulsions, Falling Sickness, St. Vitus Dance, Alcoholism, Opium Eating, Syphilis, Scrofula, Kings Evil, Ugly Blood Diseases, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Rheumatism, Nervous Weakness, Brain Worry, Blood Sores, Biliousness, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Kidney Troubles and Irregularities. $1.50.

Sample Testimonials.

"Samaritan Nervine is doing wonders." Dr. J. O. McLemoin, Alexander City, Ala.
"I feel it my duty to recommend it." Dr. D. F. Laughlin, Clyde, Kansas.
"It cured where physicians failed." Rev. J. A. Edie, Beaver, Pa.

Correspondence freely answered. For testimonials and circulars send stamp.

The Dr. S. A. Richmond Med. Co., St. Joseph, Mo. Sold by all Druggists. (17)

Loss and Gain.

CHAPTER I.

"I was taken sick a year ago
With bilious fever."

"My doctor pronounced me cured, but I got sick again, with terrible pains in my back and sides, and I got so bad I Could not move!

I shrunk!

From 228 lbs. to 120! I had been doctoring for my liver, but it did me no good. I did not expect to live more than three months. I began to use Hop Bitters. Directly my appetite returned, my pains left me, my entire system seemed renewed as if by magic, and after using several bottles I am not only as sound as a sovereign but weigh more than I did before. To Hop Bitters I owe my life."

Dublin, June 6, '81. R. FITZPATRICK.

CHAPTER II

"Malden, Mass., Feb. 1, 1880. Gentlemen—I suffered with attacks of sick headache."

Neuralgia, female trouble, for years in the most terrible and excruciating manner.

No medicine or doctor could give me relief or cure until I used Hop Bitters.

"The first bottle
Nearly cured me;"

The second made me as well and strong as when a child,

"And I have been so to this day."

My husband was an invalid for twenty years with a serious

"Kidney, liver and urinary complaint,
"Pronounced by Boston's best physicians—
"Incurable!"

Seven bottles of your bitters cured him and I know of the

"Lives of eight persons"

In my neighborhood that have been saved by your bitters,

And many more are using them with great benefit.

"They almost
Do miracles?" —Mrs. E. D. Slack.

How to Get Sick.—Expose yourself day and night; eat too much without exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will want to know how to get well, which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters!

The BUYERS' GUIDE is issued March and Sept., each year: 216 pages, 8½ x 11½ inches, with over 3,300 illustrations—a whole picture gallery. Gives wholesale prices direct to consumers on all goods for personal or family use. Tells how to order, and gives exact cost of everything you use, eat, drink, wear, or have fun with. These invaluable books contain information gleaned from the markets of the world. We will mail a copy Free to any address upon receipt of the postage—7 cents. Let us hear from you.

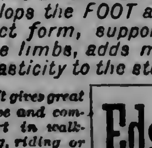
Respectfully,

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO. 227 & 229 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

The Triumph Shelf.



FITS ANY STOVE PIPE AND IS THE STRONGEST LIGHTEST & MOST CONVENIENT MADE. Immense Profits To AGENTS. SEND FOR LATEST TERMS TO, THE TRIUMPH MFG. CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Foot and Ankle.

The EDSON ELECTRIC GARTER develops the FOOT and ANKLE into perfect form, supports and strengthens the limbs, adds marvellous grace and elasticity to the step.

It gives great ease and comfort in walking, riding or dancing, maintains and excites healthful circulation, dispels gout, rheumatism and neuralgic pains, subdues all cramps and stiffness of joints, relieves bloated limbs and feet.

Edsons' Electric Garter.

This matchless invention wholly supersedes every other form of Garter for Ladies, Gentlemen or Children's wear. They are worn with all the comfort of the best known garters, and are NOT MORE EXPENSIVE.

PRICE, in Finest Silk Webbing (usual colors), Stud and Buckle Clasp, 12, 13, 15 inch, $1.50; 17 inch, $2.00 per pair. Mailed to any address on receipt of money. Send for circular. LONDON ELECTRIC FABRIC CO., 81 Beekman Street, New York.

When writing to advertisers please say you saw their advertisement in this paper.

Washington House!

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

Jno. Beierstettel.

This old and well known Hotel has been entirely refitted, and now offers the best of accommodation to the traveling public.

Good Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen.

The Best of LIQUORS, WINES & CIGARS kept at the Bar.

☞ Fresh Beer always on tap.

Charges Reasonable.

STABLE ATTACHED.)

Marble Shop.

St. HUBERT CHANHASSEN.

The undersigned has opened a new marble shop, in St. Hubert, Chanhassen, and is ready to furnish Monuments, head stones and marble work of all kind, and will guarantee all of his work as to quality and workmanship, and at prices that will defy all competitions.

☞ WORK SOLICITED ☜

PETER FEYEREISEN, Propr.

S. BESEMANN. ANTON TIETZ.

BESEMANN & TIETZ.

Billiard Hall!

CHASKA, MINN.

We have just fitted up one of the neatest

SALOONS AND BILLIARD HALLS

In Chaska, and will keep constantly on hand the best of

Liqors, Wines and Cigars.

☞ Also Fresh Beer on tap every morning.

FREE LUNCH EVERY MORNING.

GIVE US A CALL.

"OLD RELIABLE"

CHASKA

Insurance Agency.

JOSEPH FRANKEN, Ag't.

Agent for all of the leading

FIRE, LIFE & HAIL

Insurance Companies.

Policies issued at home, and Losses promptly paid.

For full particulars inquire at the DRUG STORE, Chaska.

DR. P. F. SHILLOCK,

Deutscher Arzt,

Office in Herald Block Chaska, Minn. Office hours 9—11 a. m. & 2—4 p. m.

CHASKA ONE PRICE

Boot & Shoe STORE by G. H. Schroers,

CHASKA, MINN.

All goods warranted to be A No. 1.

Cheap for Cash.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER.

Repairing done cheap to customers.

NEW

FURNITURE STORE

Burkhart Bros.

Opposite Goodrich's 99 cent store.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

Wool, Hair and Husk Mattresses, Wool Pillows,

&c. &c.

Repairing promply attented to. All work warranted, and charges reasonable.

BURKHART BROS.

NEW STORE!

NEW GOODS!!

NEW PRICES!!!

NEW

BOOTS & SHOES STORE.

BY

FRANK EISELE

Chaska - - - Minn.

I have just received and opened a large stock of boots, shoes, rubbers, rubber boots, slippers &c.

All goods warranted No., 1 in quality and will de sold very

CHEAP FOR CASH!

☞ Store opposite Chas. Eders' loon.

John Streakens,

Cologne, - Minn.

Boot and Shoe Maker.

☞ Repairing neatly and promptly done.

VALLEY HERALD.

R. R. Time Table

Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R.

SOUTH.		NORTH.	
Passenger	8:53 a. m.	Passenger	7:50 p. m.
do	4:12 p. m.	do	10:23 a. m.
do	7:50 p. m.	do	6:10 a. m.
do	7:00 a. m.	do	10:11 a. m.
do	9:23 a. m.	do	5:21 p. m.
do	5:30 p m.	do	9:30 p. m

H. D. WEAVER, Agt.

C. M. & St. P. R'y, H. & D. Div.

TIME TABLE NO. 5.

EAST.		WEST.	
Mixed	5:45 a. m.	Passenger	8:32 a. m
Passenger	4:03 p. m.	Mixed	7:25 p. m

The above Trains connect at Cologne with main line Passenger Trains.

FRED GREINER, Jr. Agent

HOME AND COUNTY NEWS.

Pay

Up your

Subscription.

Pork is cheap.

The ice is splendid for skaters.

This is beautiful winter weather.

Artics at $175 at

F. W. Eder.

Business with our merchants is quiet.

A change of time on our Railroads.

A fine line of Jewelry at Diecons Call and see.

A fine line of perfumery and toilet articles at Frankens.

Just received a new lot of over coats that we will sell at astonishing low prices. Fred W Eder.

Our machine agents report collections very slow. Low prices of wheat the cause.

Don't forget to get a buffalo coat at those low prices at

Fred W. Eder.

The Holidays are approaching, prepare your presents. Chaska is the head quarters.

You will always find the largest assortment of dress goods and trimmings at Fred W. Eder.

Melvin and Barker, will put up large quantities of ice the coming winter. Send in your orders.

Go to Fred W. Eder for your goods. He will always give you satisfactory prices.

Nearly all our business men observed Thanksgiving, and closed their places of business for a greater portion of the day.

An immense lot of Holiday goods just received which will be sold at Bedrock prices. F. W. Eder.

Rev. Mr Hilman, will deliver an interesting sermon at the usual hour on Sunday evening next. All are invited.

I will guarantee to sell buffalo coats 5 dollars apiece cheaper than any store in the county, call and see at Fred W. Eder.

F. P. Seeger.

We call the attention of our readers to the new add of Mr. Seeger which appears in this issue of the Herald. Mr. S., is disposing of his large stock of winter goods at cost and will receive grain and farm produce in exchange at very highest cash price. Call and examine his stock before going elsewhere.

A Dime Sociable.

At Mr R. Melvins house on Friday eve Dec 7th. A dime sociable all are cordially invited to come and bring your cousins your aunts and your sister. If you have not got any sister come and bring some one elses sister.

Bonds Of County Officers.

The following County Officers elect are required to qualify and give bonds in the following amounts at the meeting of the County Board in January, viz;

Peter Weego Treasurer, $60,000
Fred Greiner, Register. $5,000.
F. E. DuToit, Sheriff, $5,000.
W. C. Odell, Co. Atty, $1,000.
Julius Schaller, Judge of Probate $500.

A Bad Accident.

We are sorry to learn that Peter A. Nord, of Dahlgren, had the misfortune to lose three fingers of his right hand while sawing wood with a circular saw last Tuesday morning in handing a splintered stick of wood his hand was accidentally thrown against the saw, with the above result. Drs Lewis & Hartley dressed the wound.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to me will please settle at once as I am going out of business.

Mrs. H. YOUNG.

Singing School.

Mr. Ramsdill will organize a singing class, next Monday evening at the Moravian Church. All who want to learn to read music and become proficient in singing should avail themselves of this opportunity, as there is certainly a lack of good singers in our village; the cost of books will be 75 cents each and can be had at the church Monday evening. Grown people who feel interested are cordially invited to attend. Terms made known the first evening.

Building in Chaska During 1883.

A Creditable Exhibited.

The building season of 1883 has closed, and while not showing an extraordinary amount of building in Chaska, it yet manifests a healthy and substantial growth. As will be seen, the list shows that a very large proportion of the buildings erected were residences, every one of which has been occupied as soon as completed, mostly by laborers upon our brick yards.

The following is a complete list of buildings erected during the season, together with the actual cost of each as near as is possible to obtain.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.	
Engine House and Council room 2 story brick	$2 800
Philip Henk, improvements on Concordia Hall	5 00
Total	$3,300
BUSINESS BUILDINGS.	
Casper Teipel, 2 story brick business building	$1 800
H. Kreutzian, frame machinery warehouse and dwelling	1 100
Philip Henk, brick machinery warehouse	800
Joseph Ess, brick machinery warehouse	800
Burkhart Bros., improvement and brick addition to Millinery store	800
Frand Eisele, frame shoe store	600
H Brinkhaus, brick butcher shop	350
Stroback, Greiner & co., brick black smith shop	300
J Mutkens, cooper shop	300
Total	$6,850
PRIVATE RESIDENCES.	
Fred Greiner, Jr., 2 story brick	$3 500
H. & O. Goodrich Brick Tenement	4 300
Conrad Fink, 2 story brick	2 500
Mrs M. Nieberle, 2 story brick	1 500
E. Oestreich 2 " "	1 700
Jno Windolph 2 story frame with add	1 500
Rosa Roers 1½ " "	800
Ferd Pracht 1½ " "	800
F Schroeder 1½ " "	600
L Matzeski 1½ " "	500
Julius Enger 1½ story frame	700
G & A Wiest, 1½ " & add	500
Peter Meyer 1½ " frame	500
V. Newak 1 story frame	300
H & O Goodrich 1½ story frame	600
Jacob Van Muelken, 1 story frame	300
John Hertz, 1½ story frame	400
Carl Dosch 1½ " "	400
Carl Foul, 2 story frame	500
Wm Teskun, 2 " "	600
Fred Monrors 2 story frame	500
H Buckman 1½ " "	400
H Focht 2 " "	700
Mrs Leymeyer 1½ " "	500
Matt Feesler 1 " "	250
Ernest Meyer 1 " "	200
Philip Henk, 1 " "	200
Additions to residences	1 050
Total	$26,650
STABLES & BARNS.	
Peter Hitis, 2 story brick	$1 000
G Krayenbuhl, 1½ story brick	350
White & Samels, 2 story frame	700
Geo. A DuToit, frame	300
H. Kreutzian, frame	150
Rosa Roers	200
Ferd, Pracht "	150
Besemann & Tietz,	200
Barker & Reichow	200
Miscellaneous	300
Total	$2,500
IMPROVEMENTS &c.	
Bierlein & Sons, New Engine, sand machine, shafting, covering &c	$1 000
Henning & Melvin, Engine, sand machine, sheds, &c on brick yard	1 500
Stroback, Greiner &Co., Engine, sand machine &c., on brick yard	1 300
Barker &Co., Engine and improvements on brick yard	1 000
Wiest Bros., Engine & improvements on brick yard	800
Rederle & son., improvements on brick yard	800
Peter Hitis improvements on Brewery	1 000
Improvement on H & D Depot	300
" " M & St L "	300
Total	$11,000
RECAPITULATION.	
Public Buildings	$3,300
Business Buildings	6,850
Private Residences	26,650
Stables & Barnes	2,500
Improvements &c	11,000
Grand Total	$50,300

From present indications we think next years buildings operations will exceed the past years by several thousand dollars.

Lucky Ones.

The Fair of the St Mark's school at Shakopee last week was a success. The receipts being $1500. The following prizes were drawn by parties residing in this County, viz:

Mathias Jacques. Plow.
Jacob Biern. Stove.
J. Kocks, $10.

All of the lucky ones reside in Chanhassen.

Money To Loan.

The "Carver County Bank" Chaska, and "Farmer's Bank" Waconia, have each $50,000 at their disposal to place on farm lands in this County at low rates of interest and on long time.

Dwelling For Rent.

Also one good room suitable for business. Inquire of

JOHN BEIERSTETTEL.

For Sale.

I offer 160 acres of land for sale in section 8—Hollywood town on easy terms. Geo. A. DuToit

Chaska.

Barley! Barley!! Barley!!!

Highest market price paid for barley in cash or trade at

H. Youngs store.

For Sale.

The undersigned has a large supply of medicated food, for sale, for the improvement of the condition of horses and cattle. One trial will convince you of its value. For sale by. Dr. Chas. May.

Notice to Creditors.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned, Peter Campbell, on store account or otherwise, will save themselves cost of collection by law, by calling and settling up at once.

Watertown, Nov. 22d 1883.

PETER CAMPBELL.

Incendiarism.

Some fiend in human form attempted to set fire to the Machinery Warehouse of Peter Finnegan last Monday evening at about 9 o-clock and but for the timely discovery of the fire by Morris Krayenbuhl, we would probably have been called upon to record a fearful calamity to our young city. The warehouse is situated between Muyres and Youngs stores and being a frame structure surrounded by a lot of frame buildings, the fire would have made rapid work with that section of our village, only one cistern being available to the department. A lot of oily tow was placed against the inside petition between the office and next to the building and set on fire and when discovered had already run along and badly charred the wood work, but was extinguished by a couple of pails of water without the help of the department who were promptly called out. It is the work of an incendiary. Woe to him should he be found out.

Ho! For Jordan.

Some thirty members of our Fire Department under the command of officers Barker & Enger, and headed by the Chaska Cornet Band, visited Jordan and took part in their street parade last Thursday, and report a grand time, both at the parade and at the ball.

We also learn that they were royally received and entertained by the Jordan Department, and they returned home Friday morning, more than well pleased with the Fire Department and citizens of Jordan generally.

Married.

Vincenz Gies, is down from Montana. He was married at Jordan on Tuesday last and will return with his bride in a few days.

Vincenz has the best wishes of a host of friends.

New Bank Building.

We hear it reported that the "Carver County Bank," will erect a splendid new brick Bank building next season. Their business having increased to such an extent, that more commodious quarters are necessary.

The building site has not yet been decided upon, but probably upon the ground of the present building.

A Runaway and Dead Mule.

Henry Sauerbrey had a valuable mule killed at the Shakopee cattle fair last Monday, by a runaway team. The other team mule which Mr. Sauerbrey had hitched with this one was badly injured but will probably recover. The team was a valuable one, and the loss falls heavily on Mr. S.

Running Close.

We understand that the County Funds are now "way down," there being less than $3,000 on deposit to the credit of the Treasurer, at the Carver County Bank, with a small proportion of the funds belonging to the revenue fund.

Election Notes.

According to the decision of Atty Genl Hahn, the term of County Treasurer elect Weego, commences on the 1st of January, instead of as heretofore on the 1st of March, and is for three years.

S. B. Kohler, Chairman elect of the Board of County Commissioners is the only new officer elect who takes his seat this year on January 1st.

NOTICE
To Whom It May Concern!

The saloon keepers of the county of Carver and the public generally are hereby notified not to sell or give to my son John Fick Jr., any intoxicating liquors of any kind including beer, as he is an habitual drunkard and I will prosecute all violations of this order.

Dated Laketown, Dec 4th 1883.

JOHN FICK,

Farm For Sale.

I offer the Fred Janke farm in this town for sale. This is a good chance for some one who wishes a good piece of land.

HUGO VOLKENANT.

Caught A Bear.

Thos. Kohmann, residing near the village of St Bonifacious, ran across a yearling bear while out in his timber land cutting wood a week ago last Saturday, and killed him with his axe. It weighed about 100 lbs., and was good eating, Try the old one now Tom.

Hides! Hides!!

The highest cash price paid for Hides at the butcher shop of

HENRY GEHL,
Chaska.

Fresh Oysters!

The undersigned will hereafter keep constantly on hand the best quality of Fresh Oysters by the bulk, and will retail by the pint, quart or gallon, at Minneapolis prices. These Oysters are always fresh and you are sure of getting a good article by calling on

CHARLES GEHL.

Be Sure And Get A Ticket.

Mr. Lucien Dixon, has a very large stock of Jewelry which he must dispose of before the end of the Holidays, and will therefore give each purchaser of $2. worth of jewelry, a ticket in a drawing for a gold watch & chain worth $50. The tickets in the drawing are limited to 200. Call at his store and examine his stock before going elsewhere.

Almost A Fire.

We are informed by Jno. Krnibring, of Watertown township, that he came very near losing his stable, grainary and dwelling house on the day after the late election. His straw stack, which was piled up against his barn was discovered to be on fire, and it was only after hard work that the straw was moved and the fire got under control. It was a narrow escape and Mr K., considers himself extremely fortunate.

Fined Twenty Five Dollars.

Michael Haag, a saloon keeper of Norwood, was on Wednesday, Nov 28th, arraigned before Justice C W Bachmann, of Young America, for selling intoxicating liquors to Henry Fabel, an habitual drunkard and after a full hearing, was sentenced to pay a fine of twenty five dollars and the costs of prosecution. He paid the fine and says "he won't do so any more."

Concordia Hall.

Philip Henk, proprietor of Concordia Hall, the only large hall in town, has recently thoroughly repaired that structure, putting on a new roof, new platform in front, and re-plastering and painting the inside, also re-arranged the stage, adding new drop curtains and re-seating the house by chairs instead of benches, the outlay being fully $500.

Mr. Henk deserves the thanks of the public for his generosity in this respect, and we hope some means may be devised whereby Mr Henk, may be fully remunierated for his outlay.

Personal.—Wm Tessmann, of Dahlgren, made us a pleasant call last week.

H W. Reichow, was up from St Paul, last Wednesday calling on old friends.

Sam Fowler has again been heard from, He is in Canada.

Capt Thos. B. Hunt, has been placed on the retired list of the army owing to disability.

Adolph Baumann, Merchant of Belle Plaine, was visiting friends and relatives in town this week.

Prof Hartly, principal of the high public school of Waseca, was in town last Thursday eating his Thanksgiving Turkey, with Judge Sargent.

Casper Kronschnable, of Fuederick, D. T., was in town last Wednesday. He says he likes his new home first rate, and that he has 160 acres ready for seed next spring on his new farm.

Watertown.

"Got any time?"

Still no clue to the burglars,

Splendid skating on the river now.

"Want a can of oyters? only 10 cents a corner."

Business is picking up a little since Thanksgiving.

E. Moers has the largest stock of Holliday goods ever brought into Watertown.

Oil cans are not dangerous things, if they are found in ice houses.

The Valley Herald is the only county paper having a Watertown correspondent, and he only "fills the chair."

Our Catholic Church society have a new bell weighing 1000 lbs which they will consecrate on next Saturday. This will be a benefit to the whole community.

If it takes nine shots to kill a squirrel, how many shots will it take to kill a deer?

Ordinance of the Village of Waconia.

ORDINANCE No 5.

An Ordinance to regulate the tieing and detaining of teams on the streets of Waconia.

SECT 1. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to tie or detain any teams or cattle of whatsoever kind on any of the public streets of Waconia Village beyond the reasonable length of time necessarily spent in performing their business transactions.

SECT 2. Any person or persons failing or refusing to comply with the provisions of Sect one, of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof before any court of competent jurisdiction shall pay a fine of one dollar and costs for each and every offence.

SECT 3. It is herewith made the duty of the Constable or constables of this incorporation to see that Sect ONE and TWO of this ordinance shall be strictly enforced; the said Constable or constables shall have all teams and cattle of whatsoever kind found tied or detained contrary to Sect. ONE of this Ordinance brought into some good secure place of shelter and forthwith make complaint to one of the Justices of the Peace, which said Justice shall thereupon fine the accused according to Sect TWO of this Ordinance.

SECT 4. this Ordinance shall be in force from and after its appproval and publication.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the village to be affixed this 24th day of November A. D 1883.

[Seal] Albert Kohler,
President.

Attest
A Ed Kaeder, Recorder.

A Big Purchase.

The Minneapolis FREE PRESSE, says that Henry Stockmann, formerly a resident of Norwood, in this county, has recently purchased lots 8 & 9 Block 6, Highland Park, of Herman Cirelier, for $3,700.

Mr H., will build a business structure on the same next spring 100x157 feet.

AMERICAN FARMER FREE TO ALL OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

All of our subscribers who will pay their subscription accounts to this paper in full to date, and one year in advance, will be presented with one year's subscription to the

"AMERICAN FARMER"

a sixteen page agricultural magazine, published by E. A. K. Hackett, at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and which is rapidly taking rank as one of the leading agricultural publications of the country. It is devoted exclusively to the interests of the Farmer, Stock Breeder, Dairyman, Gardener, and their Household, and every species of industry connected with that great portion of the people of the world, the Farmer. The subscription price is $1 00 per year. Farmers can not well get along without it. It puts new ideas into their minds. It teaches them how to farm with profit to themselves. It makes the home happy, the young folks cheerful, the growler contented, the downcast happy, and the demagogue honest.

MEAT MARKET by Charles Gehl

CHASKA, — — MINN.

Always keep on hand Fresh Beef, Pork, Mutton, Corned Beef, Ham, Smoked Sausage, Dried Beef, Lard, &c.

☞ Shop 2nd Street. jly 19 1y 81.

Minneapolis & St. Louis RAILWAY.

ALBeRT LEA ROUTe

NEW AND POPULAR LINE TO

CHICAGO Via ROCK ISLAND.

Through Cars, connecting in Union Depot with trains for all points East.

THE PIONEER & PEERLESS LINE TO

ST. LOus

Several miles the shortest; connecting in Grand Union Depot with trains for all points South, Southeast and Southwest.

Des Moines Short line.

The only direct and first-class route between the capital cities of the great States of Minnesota and Iowa.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS

between St. Paul and Minneapolis and Fort Dodge and the extensive coal fields of Iowa.

The only route offering TWO TRAINS DAILY to

Kansas City, Atchison & Leavenworth

Making close connection with trains of the Union Pacific and Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railways.

A full line of tickets to all points in the Union States and Canadas on sale at principal ticket office throughout the Northwest.

For information regarding Rates, Routes, Sleeping-car Berths etc., inquire of nearest Ticket Agent, or of

S. F. BOYD, *Gen'l Tkt & Pass. Agt.* **E. RYDER.** *Supt.*

MINNEAPOLIS

SHORT LINE. The use of the term "Short Line" in connection with the corporate name of a great road, conveys an idea of just what is required by the traveling public—a Short Line, Quick Time and the best of accommodations all of which are furnished by the greatest railway in America.

CHICAGO, MILWUKEE, and St. Paul.

It owns and operates over 4,500 miles road in Northern Illinois, Wisconsin Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota, and as its main lines, branches and connections reach all the great business centres of the Northwest and Far West it naturally answers the description of Short Line, and Best Route between.

Chicago, Milwaukee St. Paul and Minneapolis.
Chicago, Milwaukee, La Crosse, and Winona.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Aberdeen and Ellendale.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Eau Claire and Stillwater.
Chicago, Milwaukee Wausau and Merrill.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Beaver Dam and Oshkosh.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Waukesha and Oconomowoc.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison and Prairie du Chien.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Owatonna and Faribault.
Chicago, Beliot, Janesville and Mineral Point.
Chicago, Elgin, Rockford and Dubuque.
Chicago, Clinton, Rock Island, and Ceder Rapids.
Chicago, Council Bluffs and Omaha.
Chicago, Sioux City, Sioux Falls and Yankton.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Mitchel and Chamberlain.
Rock Island, Dubuque, St. Paul and Minneapolis
Davenport' Calmer, St Paul and Minneapolis,

Pullman Sleepers and the Finest Dining Cars in the World are run on the main lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and every attention is paid to passengers by courteous employes of the Company.

S. S. MERILL, General Manager. A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass & Tkt Agt
J. T. CLARK, Genl Sup't. GEO. H. HARTFORD Ass't Gen Pass Agt

CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING

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OERTER & EDER.

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CHASKA - MINN.

Call early and get your Bargains in CLOTHING, as we have made a General reduction on all winter goods.

OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS

BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS

FOR NEW GOODS AND NEW PRICES CALL AT FRED W. EDER.

Just Stop and Think!

Don't you know that one of the best and easiest ways to save your "hard earned wealth" is to buy where you can get the

BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY?

Of course you know it, and in order that you may know that we know you know it, we want to remind you that we are now offering at

VERY LOW PRICES!

One of the Largest and Best Selected Stocks of

Hardware of all Descriptions!

It has ever been your fortune to witness or our fortune to secure.

An examination of our goods and a knowledge of our prices will convince you that we are telling you only the PLAIN, UNVARNISHED TRUTH!

You are respectfully invited to call and test the truth of our remarks.

P. HENK, - Chaska

HERMAN KREUTZIANS,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Farm Machinery,

CHASKA, - - MINN.

Also Agent for the Celebrated

Champion Twine Binders,

Champion Reapers & Mowers,

Constantly keep on hand a full line of repairs for all machinery I have for sale. I also keep on hand and sell at bottom prices all kinds of first class agricultural implements, from a grub hoe on to a steam threshing machine.

H. J. Kreutzian.

ATTENTION!

Selling at COST for CASH or Grain all winter Goods at

FRED SEEGER.

Take in New Artics	1.35—1 55
" " Women "	1.25—
" " children "	75-1.00
Boots & Shoes felt	1.00—1 50
" " leather	1.00—2.25

Men & Boys Clothing and Over Coats at cost.

Big BARGAINS in Flannels, Sheeting and Dress Goods. Now is the time to buy cheap. Highest price paid for Wheat, Corn, Oats and Barley in Cash or GOODS. Come early and get the cream of a large Stock.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Weekly Valley Herald.

Vol. XXII.---No. 6. CHASKA, MINN., THURSDAY DECEMBER 13, 1883. WHOLE No. 1098.

F. E. DU TOIT,
PENSION AGENT,
Office in "Herald" Block, Chaska

MERCHANTS HOTEL.
J. F. Dilley, Propr.
Chaska, - *Minn.*
The "Merchants" is now prepared for business. If you want asquare meal, and a clean bed stop with me, second doorEast of "Herald Block."

ŒSTREICH BROS
BRICK and STONE
MASONS,
PLASTERERS, &c.
Chaska, - - Minn.
Will do all work in their line either by contract or by the day, at lowest living rates.

THE SARGENT HOUSE
—:0:—
This new hotel, will be open for accomodation of travelers
SEPTEMBER, 1, 1880.
nd is situated nearly opposite the Court ouse.
CHASKA, - - MINN.

AUG. WEBBER,
SALOON!
Oppesite Court House,
CHASKA, - - MINN.
Choice Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Leger Beer.
FREE LUNCH EVERY DAY

CITY
FURNITURE STORE.
CHEAP FOR CASH!
UNDERTAKING A SPECIALTY
The undersigned has constantly on hand a full line of furniture and und undertakers materials, which will be sold cheap for cash. New work and repairing done to order.
JOHN DOLS.

NEW
Livery Stable,
JERRY EHEMAN, Propr.
ASHIONABLE EQUIPAGES FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE.
Will also attend to Auctions in ll Parts of the County, at Reasonable Rates.
JERRY EHEMAN.
Chaska, Minn.
Office at Washington Hotel

VALLEY
Flouring Mills
J. G. EITEL, Propr
CHASKA, - MINN.
The undersigned is prepared to do custom work at his mill and gurantee satisfaction. Every farmer who brings flour to this mill may be assured that he can have flour from his OWN WHEAT. Farmers wishing to exchange their wheat for flour or feed can be accommodated. A full line of the choicest brands of flour always on hand. Also bran and shorts.
J. G. EITEL

ACKEMANN BROS
Roller Mill,
Young America, - Minn.
Best grades of granulated roller flour as well as Straight Family XXXX Flour shorts, bran and feed always on hand, and for sale or exchanged for wheat. We also grind
Corn, Rye and Buckwheat
On Friday and Saturday of every week.

EMPIRE
Billiard Hall
—)BY(—
Samels & White
CHASKA, MINN.
We would respectfully inform the public that we have lately opened a first class saloon and billiard hall, and constantly keep on hand a large stock of choice wines, liquors and cigars. The best of beer always on tap. We also sell whiskey by the gallon at the very lowest possible figures
SAMELS & WHITE.

CHASKA
WAGON FACTORY
BY
JOSEPH ESS,
CHASKA, : : . MINN.
PLATFORM BUGGIES
THE CHEAPEST & BEST MADE.
Also Agent for the Cortland, New York Buggies.
I have a supply of Lumber Wagons, and Single Wagons on hand of my own make which I will sell as cheap as the cheapest warranted to be first class in every respect.
I am also agent for the celebrated Cortland, New York Platform Spring Buggy 'ust the thing for family use, which I wil, sell very cheap and warrant.
Shop above Barthel's Saloon.

The Valley Herald.
Published every Thursday by
A. L. and F. E. DU TOIT,
Editors and Publishers.

COUNTY OFFICERS:
Treasurer—Peter Weego.
Auditor—L. Streukens.
Register of Deeds—F. Greiner.
Sheriff—F. E. Du Toit.
Clerk of Court—G. Krayenbuhl.
Attorney—W. C. Odell.
Surveyor—H. Muehlberg.
Judge of Probate—Julius Schaler.
School Superintendent—P. A. N. Vregens.
Coroner—E. H. Lewis
Court Commissioner—Geo. Mix.
County Commissioners—Robt. Patterson, Chairman, Geo. Kugler, E 2. Harrison, Chas. Arine and Jacob Truwe.

Herald Agents.

The following persons have been appointed agents for the Herald in their localities.

Jacob Meuwissen, Cologne.
George Mix, Waconia.
C. O. Teas, Watertown.

Lists will be furnished them of all delinquent subscribers with receipts to countersign.

SETH A. Kenney of Rice County addressed the Farmers Club of McLeod county last week on the Amber cane industry of Min esota.

THE Democratic caucus to nominate a Speaker of the House of Represe tatives in Washington, res lved to retain the fourteen disabled soldiers in the employ of the last House.

CHRIST Stahlmann, the old and well known Brewer of St Paul, was buried last Friday. He was well known in this County and his sudden and unexpected death caused much regret.

GENL. W. D. Washbure of Minneapolis, announces p bli ly that he will not be a candidate for reelection to Congress, and kindly transfers his "mantle o the shoulders of Loren Fletcher, and the voters of the fourth congre sional district are expect d to comply with his wishes, as it is the edict of the "powers that be."

DUNNELL is already in the field for Congress in the first District. His friends say that Bierman can beat White, and that Dunnell is the only man who can carry the Di trict. The 1st & 4th Districts are similarly situated, and we should not be surprised to see both represented in the next Congress by Democrats. So mote it be.

Maryland To The Front.

The Hon. Oden Bowie, ex-Governor of Maryland, President of the Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co., also President of the Maryland Jockey Club say: "Both in my family, and in my private stab es, as well as those of the City Passenger Railway Co. I have for several years used St. Jacobs Oil most satisfactorily." Such a statement ought to convince every reader of this paper.

Commissioners Appointed.

The matter of the application of Ann Corcoran, for a Judicial road from her farm in Hollywood, Carver Co., to Winsted, McLeod Co., was heard before Judge Mac Donald, in court at Shakopee last Monday, and after a full hearing, the Judge appointed the following Commissioners to lay out said road according to the petition, viz:

S. B. Kohler, Carver Co.
E. T. Huntington, McLeod Co.
Fritz Moy, McLeod Co,

Total valuation of Real and Personal property for Carver County for year 1883.

Benton,	$356,491
Camden,	249,497
Chaska and vill,	180,926
Chanhassen,	318,718
Carver and vill.	115,707
Dahlgren,	335,528
Hollywood,	270,406
Hancock,	169,8..
Laketown,	321,461
San Francisco,	242,300
Waconia and vill.	341,851
Watertown and vill.	389,530
Young America and vill,	385,793
Total	$3,705,131.

State, County and School Taxes for 1883.

The following are the amounts of taxes raised in this County for the year 1883. viz:

For State Taxes,	$6,669,25
General School Taxes,	3,705,12
Special " "	18,347,69
County Revenue	14,820,52
Village Taxes	1,458,57
Town "	12,946,40
Town del road taxes	574,71
Total Taxes.	$54,521,29.
Average value per acre including improvement and structures thereon,	$12.41.

WACONIA DEPARTMENT.

O such weather,
Mud in December.

Oh for one of Minnesota's gentle Zephyrs to cool the air.

Our merchants are beginning to make long faces over the dullness of trade.

The skating still continues good and our young folks are happy.

Our public school will have a christmas tree in the school house on Sunday evening before Christmas. All are invited to come and see the little ones enjoy themselves.

A sister of Mrs Gustav Braun, was married in the Lutheran church on Thursday. It was a pleasant affair. Rauen's hall was engaged, where the merry company wiled away the happy hours in dancing.

"Treasures from the Prose world" is a very interesting book, for the young and old, and every family should possess one. Miss Anna Sonderman is canvassing for this valuable work and we bespeak for her a large patronage.

Mr. Theodore Kowalke and Miss Lena Gats joined hands for life in the Lutheran church on Thursday the 11th inst. The wedding was a large one and the presents were not scarce. They are a very worthy couple and have the best wishes of all for their happiness thro' life

Geogre N. Houghton made his Waconia friends happy by a visit over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs Edward Helrich who have spent the past six weeks in Penn, visiting friends, returned last week much pleased with their trip and very glad to settle down once more in their old home near Zoar.

Santa Claus hol's forth at the drug store and dozens of happy children admire his supplies thro' the window.

Norwood.

Busin ess is lively,

Dr. Cash is kept quite busy.

Dr. Northrop's family have arrived.

Efferts, the popular "mine host" is happy over the arrival of a permanent boarder in his family. Cigars are free.

Our popular Co. Supt. of schools is no longer to be seen in town. He is kept busy visiting the schools of the county. We hope he will have better roads than last winter.

Business with our merchants in pork, poultry and wool has been "big" ever since Thanksgiving, everything marketable finds ready sales with our enterprising merchants.

The streets of Norwood again present their "old time" appearance. They are crowded with farmers teams from morning until night.

Pat Conboy, the well known farmer and stock dealer of Hancock, was relieved of his pocket book at the late fair at Carver the last Saturday of last month.

The Catholic Chruch, Assumption, has a new resident priest in the person of Father J. W. Kuel.

A FAIR OFFER.

In BrownCounty, Dakota, there lives a young man by the name of William Heckelsmiller. He is a fine specimen of the penman family, and should by all means be called Sweet William. This young man came to me some time ago and wanted to borrow $800. I asked security. He promised the same, but failed. I of course refused the loan. This was very aggravating to William. And revengeful as he is, he set to work contested my claim or homestead. He employed a one horse lawyer, who is always ready to take a dirty case. William is not a common laborer, but is engaged in a good deal of head work, as he calls it. This employment has brought him so far that he does not know how to meet the ends. Now I have heard that the people of Brown county do love William so sincere that they wish to tie him up, for fear he might leave them. But ropes are scarce up in that country, therefore I make the proposition, that I will furnish the rope if desired.

I have recently found out through a friend, Mr Holland, that sweet William is now in Minneapolis, and report says does not work as hard as formerly with the head, as he is a student of music, his father giving him instructions on the hand accordion; but we do not believe that Mr Holland, or anybody else in Dakota will shed tears at his removal, as the claims are all contested.

Now William I have succeeded in finding a place for you in a mill, and if you have no money to pay your way, let me know and I will send you a ticket.

NIC HENRION,
Benton, Minn.

Subscribe for the VALLEY HERALD.

St. Jacobs Oil
THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.
Relieves and cures
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
BACKACHE,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY, SWELLINGS,
SPRAINS,
Soreness, Cuts, Bruises,
FROSTBITES,
BURNS, SCALDS,
And all other bodily aches and pains.
FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.)
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

WACONIA HOUSE.
HENRY LUKAN, I ropr.
Keeps on hand good wines, liquors and cigars. Goodboard at reasonable rates. Has od stabling for horses

Meyer & May
DEALERS IN
GENERAL
Merchandise
WACONIA, MINN.
We would respectfully inform the public of Waconia and vicinity that we have now opened our new store, well stocked with new goods, finely selected, such as
DryGoods,
Groceries,
Boots & Shoes,
Hats & Caps,
Clocks, Crockery
Glassware, Wooden
& Willow-Ware, etc.
And in fact every article kept in a first class general store.
OUR PRICES
Will be as low as the lowest, and we will guarantee you good goods and fair dealing. Give us a trial, and you will be convinced that you can do better by dealing with us than elsewhere.
MEYER & MAY

LAKE HOUSE,
A. F. SCHUETZ,
Waconia, Minn.
—:0:—
The best accommodations for Travelers, Fishing Parties and Pleasure Seekers. The hotel is closely situated on the beautiful Clearwater Lake Stable and water on the premises

Confectionery Store and
BAKERY
by G. A. Heinske,
WACONIA, MINN.
I would respectfully inform the public that I have opened a bakery and confectionery store at my new place in Waconia, and constantly keep on hand a large stock of confectioneries, bread, cakes and crackers, tobaccos and cigars, pipes &c. Lunch at all hours of the day.
G. A. HEINECKE.

Waconia Brewery!
MICH. ZAHLER, Propr.
Waconia, Carver County, Minn.
This brewery has been enlarged and new machinery added to the establishment making it one of the best inland breweries of the state. All orders for beer promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Give us a trial

DR. H. R. DIESSNER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
HOMOEOPATH,
WACONIA, - - MINN.

A. EISELEIN
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
WACONIA, MINN.
—0—
Goods at St. Paul and Minneapolis prices.
Producetaken in exchange for goods at CASH market prices.

CARPENTER
BUILDER & MOVER.
BERNARD RAUEN,
Waconia, - - Minn.
The undersigned will contract for building new buildings or moving buildings, repairing buildings and in fact all kinds of carpenter work. Charges reasonable.

Julius Enger,
CARPENTER
AND BUILDER,
CHASKA, - - MINN.
I will take contracts for all kinds of buildings, and guarantee low prices and first class work. Am also prepared to furnish all kinds of building material. Plans and specifications furnished on demand. I am also prepared to supply builder with doors, sash and blinds.
JULIUS ENGER.

Special Announcement
To The Public!
GET READY FOR THE JUBILEE!
FRED W. EDER
CHASKA, - - - - MINN.
Will, on Friday December the 14th 1883 Inaugurate a most extraordinary sweeping
REDUCTION SALE!
Of his entire stock comprising upwards of FIFTEEN thousand Dollars of Good, Clean, seasonable and desirable
MERCHANDISE.
After a brilliant and successful season my every effort will from this on be bent on reducing my stock to the Lowest minium, for immediately after the
HOLIDAYS
I take inventory.
Do not fail to call. We are bound to sell. No respects paid to values.
THE STUFF MUST GO.

SALOON!
Zum Baierischen Hof,
JOHN ETZELL, Prop,
CHASKA, MINN.
The best of beer, wines, liquors and cigars, always on hand. A good lunch served during the forenoon of every day. My friends are invited to give me a call
JOHN ETZELL

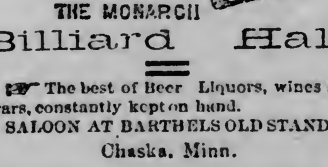
NEW
Furniture Store!
COLOGNE
:0:
Dols & Joreson,
COLOGNE - - MINN.
:0:
Keeps constantly on hand all kinds of
Chairs
Bedsteads
Bureaus
Lounges
Picture Frames
Coffins, &c
And will sell them at city prices.
ALSO
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.
:0:
Estimates furnished and all work done promptly and satisfactorily.

PETER ILTIS
Wholesale & Retail Dealer in
WINES, LIQUORS CIGARS.
CHASKA, MINN.
I am now prepared to sell to the trade the choicest wines, liquors and cigars at and below St. Paul and Minneapolis prices.
PETER ILTIS.

NATIONAL HOTEL.
and
BILLIARDHALL
CHASKA - MINN.
Peter Iltis, Proprietor.
—:0:—
This well known Hotel has recently been entirely re-furnished throughout with new furniture and beds and is now No. 1. in every respect.
HE BAR
Is stocked with the finest imported
Liquors, wines and cigars
and the coolest and
best beer in town
constantly kept
on draught.
Give me a call and become satisfied that I say is true.

ChaskaHouse,
CHASKA, MINN.
FERD HAMMER PROPR
This house is thoroughly finished, and offers the best accommodations for board
BY THE DAY OR WEEK
And for the Traveling Pub
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED.
Charges Moderate.

NEW
HARDWARE STORE.
M H MUYRES
DEALER IN
Hardware,
Tinware, Stoves, Farmers and Carpenters' Tools.
Also Agent for Reliable Insurance Companies,
CHASKA, MINN.

THOS. SCHUTZ.

THE MONARCH
Billiard Hall
The best of Beer Liquors, wines and cigars, constantly kept on hand.
SALOON AT BARTHELS OLD STAND.
Chaska, Minn.

SHAKOPEE

MARBLE WORKS,
AUG. SCHERKENBACH BROS.,
PROPRIETORS.
First bet. Louis & Somerville Sts.
SHAKOPEE, MINN.
Your orders of Marble and Granite Work solicited.

BAZAAR.
The Largest and with the greatest care selected Stock in Solid Gold and Roll Plate Jewelry of any Description, Also the finest selection of Fancy Articles to be Found At
GOTTLIEB EDERS
FANCY TOY STORE,
Everybody is Cordially invited to come and convince Themselves, as Showing Goods is no object to us, but we are always ready to please our patrons. Call On
GOTTLIEB EDER.

H. YOUNG's STORE,
IS THE PLACE FOR BARGAINS.
A large line of Notions and Holiday Goods one fourth cheaper than you ever saw them before.
Clothing At Panic Prices.
Do not fail to see our stock and the prices will tell for themselves, big bargains in flannels and dress goods at H. YOUNGS STORE.
NOW IS THE TIME.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Valley Herald.

A. L. & F. E. DUTOIT, Publishers.

CHASKA, - - MINNESOTA.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Washington News Notes.

The Rev. Dr. Sunderland, a prominent clergyman of Washington has written a letter to District Attorney Corkhill denouncing his raid on the alleged fraudulent pension attorneys. He declares that Commissioner Dudley transcended his duties in going before the grand jury, and says Postmaster General Gresham ought to be removed from office for ordering the postmasters of the country not to send lists of veterans to the pension attorneys. What could have inspired the reverend gentleman to move in a matter so foreign to his profession was a mystery until it was learned that Webb, one of the lot of pension agents against whom the gravest charges are made, and whose case is pending before Secretary Teller, is the superintendent of his Sunday school.

Another land bill, to be introduced, has been prepared by Mr. McAdoo of New Jersey. He proposes hereafter that it shall be impossible for foreign noblemen, capitalists and corporation to become extensive landed proprietors in the new states and territories, but that all the lands hereafter shall be reserved for the benefit of actual settlers.

Congressman Davis of Illinois will introduce a bill proposing an amendment to the constitution which will permit the president to veto items in an appropriation bill; also, a bill to place Col. John E. Smith on the retired list, with the rank of brigadier general.

Gen. Slocum will soon introduce in the house a bill for the relief of Fitz John Porter similar to that introduced by Gen. Sewell in the senate, and will take an early opportunity to make a speech in its support.

The secretary of the treasury has authorized the payment, without rebate, of bonds embraced in the 123d call, maturing on the 15th inst; payment to be made in order of presentation.

Many members of the house are talking of going home at once to remain till after the holidays, under the impression that the committees will not be announced before that time.

The controller has anthorized the Exchange National bank of Hastings, Nebr., to begin business, with a capital of $100,000.

Coinage at the mints in November $5,-884,910, of which $2,350,000 were silver dollars.

Secretary Folger said Minneapolis should have $55,000 for the new postoffice.

News of the Railroads.

A number of Milwaukee & St. Paul officials are at Mitchell estimating the cost and considering the feasibility of extending the road to Scotland, Dak., and also to Grand View, Douglas county.

The St. Paul & Duluth company have donated the $200 received from the St. Paul Ideals for fare to and from Duluth on the occasion of their entertainment there, to St. Luke's hospital.

General News Items.

Mrs. Linda W. Slaughter, Bismarck's early poetess and author, of "the doctor's wife," Bismarck's first school teacher and for several years postmistress, has been granted a divorce from her husband, Dr. B. F. Slaughter. Both occupied prominent positions in the early history of Bismarck, and the doctor at one time represented the district in the territorial council.

Schedules in assignment for the benefit of creditors has been made by Levi Bros. & Co., clothiers, of New York to Solomon H. Kohnfiled. Their liabilities are $2,470,639, nominal assets, $1,940,642; actual, $1,721,-242; contingent liabilities, $739,855. Henry Herriman is a creditor to the amount of $20,687. There are unknown holders of notes to the amount of about $1,162,009.

There were 546 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's Journal during the week ending the 8th, fourteen more than the preceding week, one less than the corresponding week of 1882, and seventy-seven more than the same week in 1881. About 70 per cent. of the failures were those of small traders whose capital was under $5,000.

James Nutt, arraigned at Uniontown, Pa., for killing Nicholas L. Dukes, has been granted a change of venue on account of the impossibility of obtaining jurors. The case is transferred to Alleghany county, but if possible the opinion that the killing of Dukes was justifiable is more pronounced in Pittsburgh than in Fayette, at Nutt's home.

In a decision in a case against the Duluth railroad, Judge Dickinson held on the 6th inst., that a railroad must not be constructed through a public street in such a manner as to necessarily obstruct or render dangerous its use as a highway.

The general court martial which was appointed for the trial of Capt. Chambers McKibben, Fifteenth infantry, met at Fort Snelling on the 6th. The offense was proven but the defence pleads no intention to defraud anybody.

The statement of the condition of the Culver, Page & Hoyne failure in Chicago is as follows: Total liabilities, $753,425; paid by sale of stock, fixtures and lease, $377,127.88; paper since taken up, $74,450.15; liabilities unpaid, $256,675 51.

William and Mary College, the oldest in the country except Harvard, has closed its doors, having but one student. Washington was a student at William and Mary.

In scuffling with a young printer at Danville, Ky., the office devil pulled his clothes off somewhat, revealing the fact that the printer was a handsome girl.

John Swim a hermit miser at West Jefferson, Ohio, has not slept on a bed for thirty-five years, and is worth $200,-000.

Pennsylvania's treasury received last year $6,775,430, one-third of which was taxes on corporations.

The official vote in Massachusetts gave 160,492 for Robinson, a plurality of 9,854.

One New York firm shipped 100,000 trade dollars on the Lessing the 5th.

Emerson & Brecke, Chippewa Falls clothiers, suspended for $18,000.

Buffalo's water shipments of coal this season were $1,237,200.

Yankee Doodle was played in Beecher's church Thanksgiving.

Chicago Germans are going to build a $65,000 emigrant house.

Doings of Criminals.

At Ripon, Wis., Seth R. Lyon, boot and shoe dealer, whose failure was reported a few days ago, has committed suicide. He was knocked down and robbed a few years ago, sustaining severe injuries, and it is thought that this trouble, coming in connection with business reverses, unsettled his brain and led to the rash act.

Samon, the Laconia, N. H., murderer, was given a hearing on the 6th inst. He appeared nervous. In answer to the question, 'Samon, are you guilty or not guilty?" he replied, "Guilty sir." He was ordered to remain in jail until March, when the case will be heard.

David Brooks, a hard character known as "Bully" Brooks, was arrested at White Pigeon, Mich., on suspicion of having murdered Mrs. Catharine Beard of that place, who was found dead in bed Aug. 13. The evidence is claimed to be strong against him.

Rev. John W. Owen Bache, rector of Grace church, Harlem, N. Y., while walking on Fifty-first street near Fourth avenue, was grasped about the neck by some one from behind and choked so he could make no outcry, and was robbed of about $2,000.

Eli Frank, the clothing merchant of Rushville, Ill., who was shot by Elsie Block, a rival merchant, on the night of the 29th, is dead. The Blocks, father and son, are both in jail on the charge of murder.

Ben Brown, a colored waiter at Waterbury, Ct., has been arrested for robbing the Eldridge mansion at Norfolk, Ct., last summer of $5,000 worth of diamonds and $400 in gold coins.

The case of Ira C. Bellows who went from Mandan to New York to give himself up on a charge of embezzling water funds, is set for trial Jan. 14.

Roughs stoned Mrs. Langtry's car as it passed through Connelsville, Pa., recently. No person was injured.

Mrs. Clark of Farmersville, N. Y., was murdered by her husband, recently.

The Casualty Record.

The five-story buildings 48 to 50 Federal street, Boston, owned by B. Boardman & Co., were badly damaged by fire. The principal occupants, the Standard Bag Company, were insured. The loss of the bag company will be about $75,000; insurance $37,000. A lot of bag-making machinery was destroyed. It is the only one in the country.

The store of Bigelow & Gibbs, at Salem, Iowa, was burned on the 6th inst., with its contents. Loss on stock, $6,000; on building, $2,000; insurance, $6,500. Four thousand bushels of corn and scales valued at $600 were destroyed.

A fire at Providence, R. I., recently damaged the stock of McManus, Haire & Doolin dry goods, $200,000; insured. The firm failed on the afternoon of the 6th for $130,-000.

Mount Hickory Rolling mill was discovered to be on fire in the engine room, and despite the efforts made, was totally destroyed. Loss, $200,000.

A body washed ashore at Pigeon River, discovered by Indians, is thought to be that of Capt. DeKay of the Manistee.

John Tellickel dropped dead at his sister's wedding in Bloomington, Ill., on the night of the 7th.

The Covey block, at Marlboro, Mass., was burned. Loss $30,000; fully insured.

The gale of Nov. 12 drowned sixty-eight of the Gloucester fishermen.

From the Old World.

An action of the Central News, London, against the Press association for libel, has begun. The libel was contained in a letter from the manager of the Press association to customers of the Central News, denying that the latter received any telegram in regard to the fire in the circus at Berditchey, Russia. The defendants denied publication, and pleaded that the libel was privileged and true. They also stated that the manager wrote the letter without authority.

In the court of assizes at Dublin a true bill was found against Elliot, arrested for the murder of Sarah Smyth, the wife of a Westmeath landlord, who was shot dead while returning from church. True bills were also found for conspiracy to murder against fourteen others in connection with this murder. Three men arrested for complicity in the affair were discharged.

The crown prince of Germany, with his suite, started for Seville, incognito. King Alfonso, the cabinet ministers, the diplomatic body, and other notables, took leave of the prince at the depot, where the king and prince embraced and kissed each other. The prince will proceed from Genoa to Rome, where he will visit with the pope.

At Dublin, Robert Elliott, indicted for the murder of Mrs. Smythe, in April, 1882, pleaded not guilty, and was assigned counsel. Thirteen others, indicted for conspiracy to murder Smythe's brother in-law, brother of the deceased lady, pleaded not guilty. The trial begins the 10th inst.

O'Donnell was informed on the 4th inst. by the sheriff that he would be hanged on the 17th inst. He received the announcement with composure and replied that he was prepared for the worst.

Sir Richard Paul Amphlett, formerly member of parliament, is dead, aged seventy-four years.

Personal Gossip.

Frank Hurd of Ohio said: "I do not think any general tariff revenue will be brought forward, but we will ask for free salt, free sugar, free lumber, free barbed wire and free copper. My preference is for single bills, but I do not how know the matter will be arranged. I shall introduce a bill for free wool at the earliest opportunity. Our Michigan men were elected on the free lumber and salt issue. Seven-tenths of the people of Louisiana want free sugar, and I do not approve of the giving of bounties."

Moses H. Colby, a wealthy and eccentric bachelor who lived alone in Boston for thirty years, died suddenly at the court house the other day. While testifying in a trial that was in progress he settled back in the witness chair and apparently fell asleep. There is no known relative to claim his wealth.

The name of John C. New is being mentioned for the vacant chairmanship of the republican national committee. Secretary Chandler is objected to because he is in the cabinet and the western members do not favor going to New England for a man.

Rev. George W. Nolly, a well-known Methodist minister, died at Ashland, Va., recently, aged eighty years. He had been over fifty years in the ministry.

John R. Butchel of Akron, Ohio, has made another bequest of $200,000 to the college bearing his name in that city, making his donations $500,000.

The Des Moines State Register will publish a letter from Hon. John A Kasson, declining re-election to congress.

William Y. Buttles, the cowboy poet, is a Washington clerk, and is said never to have seen the plains.

It is said Carl Schurz thinks of returning to St. Louis.

The Mormons Alarmed.

The Salt Lake Herald, a Mormon journal, owned by John T. Caine, Mormon delegate to congress; and others, says of the president's Utah recommendation:

This most sweeping measure that has ever been proposed for Utah is full of evil possibilities which become probabilities when we reflect upon the persons who would likely have the enforcement of the same. When Arthur recommends the adoption of such an extraordinary measure for dealing with Mormons, it is evident that he contemplates vigorous action in the event of congress uniting hands and giving him full swing according to his ambitious inclination. However, we do not apprehend the occurrence of anything serious or radical immediately. True, Arthur has gone farther than his predecessors in the matter; but if we take the trouble to recall events of the past dozen years, we will understand that the Anti-Mormon storm throughout the land is not more violent than storms that broke out previous to the assembling of congress within the recollection of people in this generation.

The question is being discussed all over the Territory and the church leaders are agitated.

Curious Blackmailing Confession.

Milwaukee, Special Telegram, Nov. 30.—The two Polish blackmailers, Anton Pufalski and wife, who, a month ago, went to the two Polish priests on the South side and threatened to publicly denounce them as guilty of the greatest immorality, and cite instances, if they did not give them $500, have confessed that they were advised to extort money from the priests in this way by Alderman Rudzinski, the Polish alderman, who has since been charged with receiving bribes, and by the father of the alderman. The confession has created a great stir in Polish quarters, where the Rudzinskis are strongly disliked.

Brown Stone.

"There's a gentleman," said a dealer in building stone, "who has just ordered a lot of brown stone for a house he is building. I wonder what he would say if I should tell him that he is merely buying sections of an old mud flat to pile up. The poor Irish use peat and the millionaire uses mud flat, extra dry and very ancient. All the brown-stone," continued the dealer, "comes from what we call the new red-stone and it is about as well represented in Connecticut as anywhere. In parts of it you find the tracks of huge animals that walked along the shore millions of years ago; even the rain-drop and the smallest insect track are preserved with as much accuracy as if they were made only yesterday. In fact, this brown-stone represents the deposits of fresh water streams; it is the beach and bottom, the sand that sifted down and gradually hardened in untold ages."—Philadelphia Times.

PRESIDENTIAL POINTERS

President Arthur Favors the People with His Third Annual Message.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

To the Congress of the United States: At the threshold of your deliberations I congratulate you upon the favorable aspect of the domestic and foreign affairs of this government. Our relations with other nations continue to be on a friendly footing. With the Argentine Republic, Belgium, Brazil, Denmark, Italy, Santo Domingo and Sweden and Norway, no incident has occurred which calls for special comment. The recent opening of new lines of telegraphic communication with Central America and Brazil permitted the interchange of messages of friendship with the governments of those countries. During the year there have been perfected and proclaimed consular and commercial treaties with Servia and a consular treaty with Roumania, thus extending our intercourse with the Danubian countries, while our Eastern relations have been placed upon a wider basis by treaties with Corea and Madagascar. The new boundary survey treaties with Mexico, a trademark convention and a supplementary extradition treaty with Spain, and a convention extending the duration of the Franco-American Claims Commission, have also been proclaimed. Notice of the termination of the fisheries articles of the treaty of Washington was duly given Great Britain. The privileges and exemptions of the treaty will seemingly close on July 1, 1885. The fishing industry pursued by a numerous class of our citizens on Northern coasts, both of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, are worthy of the fostering care of congress. Whenever brought into competition with like industries in other countries, our fishermen, as well as manufacturers of fishing appliances and preparers of fish products, have maintained a foremost place. I suggest that congress create a commission to consider the question of our rights in the fisheries, and the means of opening to our citizens, under just and enduring conditions, the richly stocked fishing waters and sealing grounds of British North America. A question has arisen touching the deportation to the United States from the British islands, by government or municipal aid, of persons unable there to gain a living and equally a burden on the community here. Such of these persons who come under the pauper class, as defined by the law, have been sent back, according to the provisions of our statutes. Her majesty's government has insisted that precautions have been taken before shipment was made. However, they have in so many cases proven ineffectual, and especially so in certain instances of needy immigrants reaching our territory through Canada, that a revision of our legislation upon this subject may be deemed advisable. Correspondence relative to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty has been continued, and will be laid before congress.

AMERICAN PORK.

The legislation of France against the importation of prepared swine produced from the United States, has been repealed. That result has been due no less to the friendly relation of this government than to a growing conviction in France that the restriction is not demanded by any real danger to health. Germany still prohibits the introduction of all swine products from America. I extended to the imperial government a friendly invitation to send experts to the United States to inquire whether the use of these products was dangerous to health. This invitation was declined. I have believed it of such importance, however, that the exact facts should be ascertained and promulgated that I have appointed a competent commission to make a thorough investigation of the subject. Its members have shown their public spirit by accepting their trust without pledge of compensation, but I trust that congress will see in the national and international bearings of the matter sufficient motives for providing at least for the reimbursement of such expenses as they may necessarily incur. The coronation of the czar at Moscow afforded to the government an occasion for testifying to continued friendship by sending a special envoy and a representative of the navy to attend the ceremony. While there have arisen during the year no grave questions affecting the status in the Russian empire of American citizens or other faith than that held by the national church, this government remains firm in its convictions that the rights of its citizens abroad should be in no way affected by their religious belief. It is understood that measures for the removal of the restrictions which now burden our trade with Cuba and Porto Rico are under consideration by the Spanish government. The proximity of Cuba and the peculiar method of administration which there prevails necessitate constant discussion and appeal on our part from the proceedings of the insular authorities. I regret to say that just protests of this government have not as yet produced satisfactory results. The commission appointed to decide certain claims of our citizens against the government after the recognition of satisfactory rules as to their validity was admitted to be illegal. Full reparation for the injuries sustained by our citizens should be no longer delayed and the farce of naturalization in the United States as a shield to disturbers in other countries abolished. The claims commission has finally adjourned. Some of its awards, though made more than two years ago, have not yet been paid. Specie payment is expected. Claims to a large amount which were held by the late commission without its jurisdiction have been presented to the Spanish government, as the action of the colonial law authorities has given rise to these claims. The case of the Masonic has not yet reached a settlement. The Manilla court has found that the proceedings of which this government has complained were authorized, and it is hoped that the government of Spain will not withhold the speedy reparation which its sense of justice should impel it to offer for the unusual severity and unjust action of its subordinate colonial officers in the case of this vessel. The Helvetian confederation has proposed the inauguration of a class of international treaties for the deferment to arbitration of grave questions between nations. This government has assented to the proposed inauguration of such already with Switzerland. Under the treaty of Berlin, liberty of conscience and civil rights are assured to all strangers in Bulgaria. As the United States have no distinct conventional relations with that country, and are not a party to the treaty, they should in my opinion maintain diplomatic representation also for the improvement of intercourse and the proper protection of the many American citizens who resort to that country as missionaries and teachers. I suggest that I be given authority to establish an agency and consulate at the Bulgarian capital. The United States are now participating in a revision of the tariff of the Ottoman Empire. They have assented to the application of a license tax of foreigners doing business in Turkey, but have opposed the oppressive storage tax upon petroleum entering ports of that country. The government of the khedive has proposed that the authority of the mixed judicial tribunals in Egypt be extended so as to cover citizens of the United States accused of crime, who are now tried before consular courts. This government is not indisposed to accept the change, but believes that its terms should be submitted for criticism to the commission appointed to revise the whole subject.

RELATIONS WITH MEXICO.

At no time in our national history has there been more manifest need of close and lasting relations with a neighboring State than now exists with respect to Mexico. The rapid influx of our capital and enterprise into that country shows what has already been accomplished by the vast reciprocal advantages which must attend the progress of its internal developments. The treaty of commerce and navigation of 1848 has been determined by the Mexican government, and in the absence of convention engagements the rights of our citizens in Mexico now depend upon the domestic statutes of that republic. There have been instances of harsh enforcement of the laws against our vessels and citizens in Mexico, and of denial of diplomatic resort for their protection. The initial step toward a better understanding has been taken in the negotiation, by the commission authorized by congress, of a treaty which is still before the senate for approval. The provisions for the reciprocal defense of the frontier by the troops in pursuit of hostile Indians have been prolonged for another year. The operations of the forces of both governments against savages have been successful, and several of the most dangerous tribes dispersed by the skill and valor of United States and Mexican soldiers fighting in a common cause. The convention for the resurvey of the boundary from the Rio Grande to the Pacific having been ratified and exchanged, the preliminary reconnoissance therein stipulated has been effected. It now rests with congress to make provision for completing the survey and resetting the boundary monuments.

A convention was signed with Mexico on July 13, 1882, providing for the rehearing of the case of Benjamin Weil vs. The Abra Sylon Mining Company, in whose favor awards were made by the late American and Mexican claims commission. That convention still awaits the action of the senate. Meanwhile, because of the charges of fraudulent awards which have made a new commission necessary, the executive has directed the suspension of pay of the distribution quota received from Mexico.

OUR CENTRAL AMERICAN NEIGHBORS.

Our geographical proximity to Central America, and our political and commercial relations with the seat of that country, justify, in my judgment, such material increase of consular corps as will place at each capital a consul general. The contest between Bolivia, Chili and Peru have passed from the stage of strategic hostilities to that of negotiation, in which the consuls of this government have been exercised. The demands of Chili for absolute cession of territory have been maintained and accepted by the party of Gen. Iglesias to the extent of concluding a treaty of peace with the government of Chili, in general conformity with the terms of the protocol signed in May last between the Chilian commandry and Gen. Iglesias. As a result of the conclusion of this treaty Gen. Iglesias has been formally recognized by Chili as president of Peru, and his government installed at Lima, which has been evacuated by the Chilians. A call has been issued by Gen. Iglesias for a representative assembly to be elected on the 13th of January, and to meet at Lima on the 1st of March next. Meanwhile the provisional government of Gen. Iglesias has applied for recognition to the principal powers of America and Europe. When the will of the Peruvian people shall be manifested I shall not hesitate to recognize the diplomatic and representatives approved by them. Representatives of this government attended at Caracas the centennial celebration of the birth of the illustrious Bolivar. At the same time the unveiling of a statue of Washington in the Venezuelan capital testified to the veneration in which his memory is held there. Congress at its last session authorized the executive to propose to the Venezuelan government a reopening of the awards of the mixed commission of Caracas, and the departure from this country of the Venezuelan minister has delayed the opening of negotiations for reviving the commission. This government holds that, until the re-establishment of a treaty on this subject, the Venezuelan government must continue to make these payments provided for in the convention of 1866. There is ground for belief that the dispute growing out of the unpaid obligations due from Venezuela to France will be satisfactorily adjusted. The French cabinet has proposed a basis of settlement which meets my approval, but as it involves a recasting of the annual quotas of the foreign debt it has been deemed advisable to submit the proposal to the judgements of the cabinets of Berlin, Copenhagen, the Hague, London and Madrid.

THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.

At the recent coronation of his majesty King Kalakaua this government was represented diplomatically and by the formal visit of a vessel of war. The question of terminating or modifying the existing reciprocity treaty with Hawaii is now before congress. I am convinced that the charges of abuse and frauds under that treaty have been exaggerated, and I renew the suggestions of last year's message, that the treaty be modified wherever its provisions have proved onerous to legitimate trade. I am not disposed to favor the entire cessation of treaty relations which have fostered good will between the countries, and contributed toward the equality of Hawaiian among the nations.

GOOD WILL IN THE ORIENT.

In pursuance of the policy declared by this government of extending our intercourse with the Eastern nations, legations have during the past year been established in Persia, Siam and Corea. It is probable that permanent missions from those countries will ere long be maintained in the United States. A special embassy from Siam is now on its way hither. Treaty relations with Corea were perfected by the exchange at Simul on the 19th of May last of the ratification of the lately concluded convention, and envoys from the king of Zanzibar have visited this country and received a cordial welcome. Corea, as yet unacquainted with the methods of Western civilization now invites the attention of those interested in the foreign trade, as it needs the implements and products which the United States are ready to supply. We seek no monopoly of its commerce and no advantage over other nations, but as the Chinese in reaching for a higher civilization have confided in this republic, we cannot regard with indifference any encroachments on their rights.

CHINA AND THE UNITED STATES.

China, by the payment of a money indemnity, has settled certain of the long-pending claims of our citizens, and I have strong hopes that the remainder will soon be adjusted. Questions have arisen touching the rights of American and other foreign manufacturers in China, under the provisions of treaties which permit aliens to exercise their industries in that country. On this specific point our own treaty is silent. But under the operation of the most favored nations clause we have like privileges to those of other powers. While it is the duty of the government to see that our citizens have the full enjoyment of every benefit secured by treaty, I doubt the expediency of leading in a movement to constrain China to admit an interpretation by which we have only an indirect right to exact the transference to China of American capital. For the employment there of Chinese labor would in effect inaugurate a competition for the control of markets now supplied by our home industries. There is good reason to believe that the law restricting the immigration of Chinese has been violated intentionally or otherwise by the officials of China upon whom is devolved the duty of certifying that the emigrants belong to the excepted classes. Measures have been taken to ascertain the facts incident to this supposed infraction and it is believed that the government of China will co-operate with the United States in securing the faithful observance of the law. The same considerations which prompted congress at its last session to return to Japan the Simonoski indemnity seem to me to require at its hands like action in respect to the Canton indemnity fund, now amounting to $300,-000. The question of the general revision of the foreign treaties of Japan has been considered in an international conference held at Tokio, but without definite result as yet. This government is disposed to concede the requests of Japan to determine its own tariff duties, provide such proper judicial tribunals as may commend themselves to the Western powers for the trial of causes to which foreigners are parties, and to assimilate the terms and declarations of its treaties to those of other civilized States. Through our ministers at London and Monrovia, this government has endeavored to aid Liberia in its differences with Great Britain, touching the boundaries of that republic. There as a prospect of the adjustment of the dispute by the adoption of the Mannah river as the line. This arrangement is a compromise of the conflicting territorial claims. The rich and populous valley of the Congo is being opened to commerce by a society called the International African association, of which the king of the Belgians is president, and a citizen of the United States chief executive officer, and large tracts of territory have been ceded to the association by native chiefs. The objects of this association are philanthropic. It does not aim at permanent political control, but seeks the neutrality of the valleys which have been opened. Steamboats placed on the river and the nuclei of states established at twenty-two stations under one flag, which offers freedom to commerce and prohibits the slave trade. The United States cannot be indifferent to this work, nor to the interests of their citizens involved in it. It may become advisable for us to co-operate with other commercial powers in promoting the rights of trade and residence in the Congo valley free from the influence or political control of any one nation.

In view of the frequency of invitations from foreign governments to participate in social and scientic congresses for the discussion of important matters of general concern, I repeat the suggestion of my last message, that provision be made for the exercise of discretionary power by the executive in appointing delegates to such conventions. Specialists are ready to serve the national interest in such capacity, without personal profit or other compensation than the defrayment of expenses actually incurred, and this a comparatively small annual appropriation would suffice to meet.

RESTRICTIONS UPON TRADE.

I have alluded in my previous message to the injurious and vexatious restrictions suffered by our trade in the Spanish West Indies. Brazil, whose natural outlet for its great national trade in coffee is in and through the United States, imposes a heavy export duty upon that product. A like narrow policy is pursued in other American countries. Our petroleum exports are hampered in Turkey and in other Eastern ports by restrictions as to storage, and by onerous taxation. The free outward movement of our great food product is in some quarters clogged with like impediments. For these mischiefs adequate relief is not always provided by reciprocity treaties like that with Hawaii or that lately negotiated with Mexico, and now awaiting the action of the senate. It is advisable to provide some measure of equitable relation with the governments which discriminate against our own. If, for example, the executive were empowered to apply to Spanish vessels from Cuba and Porto Rico the same rules of treatment and scales of prices for technical faults which are applied to our vessels and cargoes in the Antilles, a resort to that course might not be barren of good results. A discretionary authority to forbid the importation of articles of consumption injurious to health might be advantageously exercised in our dealing with countries that discriminate against our food products.

THE TREASURY.

A GRATIFYING EXHIBIT.

The report of the secretary of the treasury gives a full and interesting exhibit of the financial condition of the country. It shows that the ordinary revenues from all sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, amounted to $398,287,581.95, whereof there was received from customs, $214,706,496.93; from internal revenue, $144,720,368.95; from sale of public lands, $7,955,864.42; from tax on circulation and deposits of national banks, $9,111,008.85; from profits on coinage of bullion deposits and assays, $4,460,205.17; from other sources, $17,333,637.60. Total, $398,281,581.95. For the same period the ordinary expenditures were:

For civil expenses	$22,343,285 76
For foreign intercourse	2,419,275 24
For the Indians	7,362,590 34
For pensions	66,012,573 64
For the military establishment and arsenals	48,911,382 93
For the naval establishment, including vessels and improvem'ts at navy yards	15,283,437 17
For miscellaneous expenditures, including public buildings, lighthouses and collecting revenues	40,098,432 53
For expenditures on account of District of Columbia	3,817,028 48
For interest on the public debt	59,160,131 25
Total	$265,408,137 54
Leaving a surplus revenue of	132,879,444 41
Which, with an amount drawn from the cash balance in treasury of $1,299,312 55, making	134,178,256 96
Was applied to the redemption of bonds for the sinking fund	44,850,700 00
Of fractional currency for the sinking fund	46,556 96
Of funded loan of 1881—continued at 3½ per cent	65,380,250 00
Of loan, July and August, 1861—continued at 3½ per cent	20,595,600 00
Of funded loan of 1907	1,418,850 00
Of funded loan of 1881	719,150 00
Of loan of February, 1865	1,800 00
Of loan of July and August, 1861	216,600 00
Of the loan of March, 1863	116,850 00
Of the loan of July, 1882	4,765,000 00
Of 5-20s of 1862	103,000 00
Of 5-20s of 1864	705,000 00
Of 5-20s of 1865	960,000 00
Of 10-40s of 1865	13,355,000 00
Of consols of 1865	4,080,000 00
Of consols of 1867	23,570,000 00
Of consols of 1868	15,465,000 00
Of Oregon war debt	545,000 00
Of refunding certificates	107,150 00
Of old demand, compound interest and other notes	13,300 00
Total	$134,178,796 96

The revenue for the present fiscal year, actual and estimated, is as follows:

Source.	Est. for remaining three-quarters of y'r.	Actual for '83, quarter ending Sept. 30.
From customs	$137,597,024 33	$57,402,975 67
From internal revenue	90,337,721 40	29,662,078 60
From sales of public lands	5,067,364 83	2,932,635 17
From tax on circulation and deposit in national banks	1,542,199 12	1,557,800 88
From repayment of interest and sinking fund Pacific railroad	1,478,940 49	521,059 51
From customs fees, etc	901,303 22	298,696 78
From fees, consular, letters patent and lands	2,476,790 20	863,209 80
From proceeds of sales of government property	167,437 77	112,562 23
From profits, coinage, etc	3,149,780 54	950,229 40
From deposits for surveying lands	327,138 69	172,461 31
From revenues of District of Columbia	1,643,982 01	256,017 99
From miscellaneous	2,382,810 27	1,237,189 13
Total	$247,023,082 97	$95,966,917 13

The actual and estimated expenses for the same period:

	First quarter.	For remaining three-quarters of year (est'd).
For civil and miscellaneous, including public buildings, lighthouses, and collecting the revenue for quarter ending Sept. 30, 1883, actual	$15,385,799 42	$51,114,200 58
For Indians	2,623,390 54	4,126,609 46
For pensions	16,285,261 98	93,714,738 02
For military establishment, including fortifications, river and harbor imp'vements and arsenals	13,572,204 33	26,487,795 67
For naval establishm'nt, including vessels and machinery and improvements at navy yards	4,199,299 69	12,300,700 31
Expenditures on account of District of Columbia	1,138,836 41	2,611,163 59
For interest on public debt	14,797,297 96	39,702,702 04
Total ordinary expenditures	$67,942,090 33	$190,057,909 67
Total receipts, actual and estimated	$343,000,000 00	....
Total expenditures, actual and estim't'd	258,000,000 00	....
Total estimated am't due sinking fund	45,816,741 07	....
Leaving balance of	39,184,258 93	....

If the revenues for the fiscal year which will end on June 30, 1885, be estimated upon the basis of existing laws, the secretary is of the opinion that for that year the receipts will exceed by $60,000,000 the ordinary expenditures, including the amount devoted to the sinking fund. Hitherto the surplus, as rapidly as it has accumulated, has been devoted to the reduction of the national debt. As a result, the only bonds now outstanding which are redeemable at the pleasure of the government are the 3 per cents, amounting to $305,000,000; $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cents, amounting to $250,000,000; and the $737,000,000 4 per cents are not payable until 1891 and 1907 respectively. If the surplus shall hereafter be as large as the treasury estimates now indicate, the 3 per cent bonds may all be redeemed at least four years before any of the $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cents can be called in. The latter at the same rate of accumulation of surplus can be paid at maturity, and the moneys requisite for the redemption of the 4 per cents will be in the treasury long before these obligations become payable. There are cogent reasons, however, why the national indebtedness should not be thus rapidly extinguished. Chief among them is the fact that only by excessive taxation is such rapidity attainable.

REDUCING THE REVENUE.

In a communication to congress at its last session I recommended that all excise be abolished except those relating to distilled spirits, and that a substantial reduction also be made in the revenues from customs. A statute has since been enacted by which the annual tax and tariff receipts of the government have been cut down to the extent of at least fifty or sixty millions of dollars. While I have no doubt that still further reductions may be wisely made, I do not advise the adoption at this session of any measures for a large diminution of the national revenues. The results of the legislation of last session of congress have not as yet become sufficiently apparent to justify any radical revision or sweeping modifications of existing law. In the interval which must elapse before the effects of the act of March 3, 1883, can be definitely ascertained, a portion, at least, of this surplus revenues may be wisely applied to the long-neglected duty of rehabilitating our navy and providing defenses for the protection of our harbors. This is a matter to which I shall again advert. Immediately associated with the financial subjects just discussed is the important question, What legislation is needed regarding the national currency? The aggregate amount of bonds now on deposit in the treasury to support the national bank circulation is about $350,000,000; nearly $200,000,000 of this amount consists of 3 per cents, which, as already stated, are payable at the pleasure of the government, and are likely to be called in within less than four years, unless meantime the surplus revenues shall be diminished. The probable effect of such an extensive retirement of the securities which are the basis of the national bank circulation would be such a contraction of the volume of the currency as to produce grave commercial embarrassment. How can the danger be obviated? The most effectual plan, and one whose adoption at the earliest practical opportunity I shall heartily approve, has already been indicated. If the revenues of the next four years shall be kept substantially commensurate with the expenses, the volume of circulation will not be likely to suffer any material disturbance; but if, on the other hand, there shall be great delay in reducing taxation, it will become necessary either to substitute some other form of currency in place of the national bank notes, or to make important changes in the laws by which their circulation is now controlled. In my judgment the latter course is far preferable. I commend to your attention the very interesting and thoughtful suggestions on this subject which appear in the secretary's report. The objections which he urges against the acceptance of any other securities than the obligations of the government itself as a foundation for national bank circulation seem to me insuperable. For averting the threatened contraction, two courses have been suggested, either of which is probably feasible. One is the issuance of new bonds, having many years to run, bearing a low rate of interest and exchangeable upon specified terms for those now outstanding. The other course, which commends itself to my own judgment as the better, is the enactment of a law repealing the tax on circulation and permitting banks to issue notes for an amount equal to 90 per cent of the market value, instead of, as now, the face value of deposited bonds. I agree with the secretary in the belief that the adoption of this plan will afford the necessary relief.

THE TRADE DOLLAR.

The trade dollar was coined for the purposes of trade in countries where silver passed at its value, ascertained by its weight and fineness. It never had a legal tender quality. Large numbers of these coins entered, however, into the volume of our currency by common consent. Their circulation in domestic trade has now ceased, and they have become a disturbing element. They should not longer be permitted to embarrass our currency system. I recommend that provision for their reception by the treasury and mints as bullion at a small percentage above the current market prices of silver of like fineness.

CUSTOMS DISTRICTS.

The secretary of the treasury advises a combination of certain of the customs districts of the country, and suggests that the president be vested with such power in relation thereto as is now given him in respect to collectors of internal revenue by Sec. 3131 of the revised statutes. The statistics on this subject, which are contained in his report, furnish of themselves a strong argument in defense of his views. At the adjournment of congress the number of internal revenue collection districts was 126. By executive orders dated June 25, 1883, I directed that certain of these districts be consolidated. The result has been a reduction of one-third their number, which at present is but eighty-three.

WAR AND THE NAVY.

THE INDIANS MOSTLY QUIET.

From the report of the secretary of war it will be seen that in only a single instance has there been any disturbance of the quiet condition of our Indian tribes. A raid was made from Mexico into Arizona by a small party of Indians, which was pursued by Gen. Crook into the mountainous regions from which it had come. It is confidently hoped that serious outbreaks will not again occur, and that the Indian tribes which have for many years disturbed the West will hereafter remain in peaceable submission.

STATE MILITIA ENCOURAGED.

On several occasions during the past year officers of the army have, at the request of State authorities, visited these military encampments for inspection of troops From the reports of those officers I am induced to believe that the encouragement of the State militia organization by the National government would be followed by very gratifying results and would afford it, in sudden emergencies, the aid of a large body of volunteers educated in the performance of military duties.

AN EXPOSED SEACOAST.

I again call your attention to the present condition of our extended seacoast, upon which are so many large cities whose wealth and importance to the country would, in time of war, invite attack from modern armored ships, against which our existing defensive works could give no adequate protection. Those works were built before the introduction of modern heavy rifled guns into maritime warfare; and if they are not put in an efficient condition, we may easily be subjected to humiliation by a hostile power greatly inferior to ourselves. As germane to this subject, I call your attention to the importance of perfecting our submarine torpedo defenses.

The board authorized by the last congress to report on the methods for the manufacture of heavy ordnance, and adapted to modern warfare, has visited the principal iron and steel works in this country and in Europe. It is hoped that its report will be soon made, and that congress will thereupon be disposed to provide suitable facilities and plans for the manufacture of such guns as are now imperatively needed. The secretary of the navy reports that, under the authority of the acts of Aug. 5, 1882, and March 3, 1883, the work of strengthening our navy by the construction of modern vessels has been auspiciously begun. Three cruisers are in progress of construction—the Chicago, of 4,500 tons displacement, and the Boston and Atlantic, each of 2,500 tons. They are to be built of steel, with the tensile strength and ductility prescribed by law, and in combination of speed, endurance, and armament are expected to compare favorably with the best unarmed war vessels of other nations. A fourth vessel, the Dolphin, to be constructed of similar materials, is intended to serve as a fleet dispatch boat. The double-turreted monitors Puritan, Amphitrite and Terror have been launched on the Delaware river, and a contract has been made for the supply of their machinery. A similar vessel, the Monadnock, has been launched in California. The naval advisory board and the secretary recommend the completion of the monitors, the construction of four gunboats, and also of three steel vessels like the Chicago, Boston and Dolphin, as an important measure of material defense.

INTERIOR WATERWAYS.

The secretary urges the immediate creation of an interior fast line of water ways across the peninsula of Florida, along the coast from Florida to Hampton Roads, between the Chesapeake bay and Delaware river, and through Cape Cod. I feel bound to impress upon the attention of congress the necessity of continued progress in the construction of the navy. The condition of the public treasury, as I have already intimated, makes the present an auspicious time for putting this branch of the service in a state of efficiency. It is no part of our policy to create and maintain a navy able to cope with that of the other great powers of the world. We have no wish for foreign conquest, and the peace which we have so long enjoyed is in no seeming danger of interruption; yet our naval strength should be made adequate for the defense of our harbors, the protection of our commercial interests, and the maintenance of our national honor—a proposition from which no patriotic citizen can withhold his assent.

POSTOFFICE AFFAIRS.

A PROMISING STATE OF FINANCES.

The report of the postmaster general contains a gratifying exhibit of the condition and prospects of this interesting branch of the public service committed to his care. It appears that on June 30, 1883, the whole number of postoffices was 47,863, of which 632 were established during the previous fiscal year. The number of offices operating under the system of free delivery was 154. At these latter offices the postage on local matter amounted to $4,195,230.52, a sum exceeding by $1,021,894.01 the entire cost of the carriers' service in the country. The rate of postage on drop letters passing through these offices is now fixed by law at two cents per half ounce or fraction thereof. In offices where the carrier system has not been abolished the rate is only half as large. It will be remembered that in 1863, when free delivery was first established by law, the uniform single rate of postage upon local letters was one cent, and so it remained until 1872, when in those cities where carrier service was established it was increased to defray the expense of such service. It seems to me that the old rate may now with propriety be restored, and that, too, even at a risk of diminishing for a time, at least, receipts from postage upon local letters. I can see no reason why that particular class of mail matter should be held accountable for the entire cost of not only its own collection and delivery of all other classes, and I am confident, after full consideration of the subject, that the reduction of the rate would be followed by such a growing volume of business as to occasion but slight and temporary loss to the revenue of the postoffice.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH NOT DESIRED.

The postmaster general devotes much of his report to the consideration in its various aspects of the relation of the government to the telegraph. Such reflection as I have been able to give the subject since my last annual message has not led me to change the view which I then expressed, in dissenting from the recommendation of the postmaster general, that the government assume the same control over the telegraph which it has always exercised over the mails. Admitting that its authority in the premises be as ample as has ever been claimed for it, it would not, in my judgment, be a wise use of that authority to purchase or assume the control of existing telegraph lines, or to construct others with a view of entering into general competition with private enterprise. The objections which may be justly urged against either of those projects and, indeed, against any system which would require an enormous increase in the civil service, do not, however, apply to some of the plans which have lately provoked public comment and discussion. It has been claimed, for example, that congress might wisely authorize the postmaster general to contract with some private person or corporation for the transmission of messages at specified rates and under government supervision. Various such schemes, of the same general nature but widely differing in their special characteristics, have been suggested in the public prints, and the arguments by which they have been supported and opposed have doubtless attracted your attention. It is likely that the whole subject will be considered by you at the present session. In the nature of things it involves so many questions of detail that your deliberations would probably be aided slightly, if at all, by any particular suggestions which I might now submit. I avow my belief, however, that the government should be authorized by law to exercise court supervision over interstate telegraph communication, and I express the hope that for attaining that end some measure be devised which will receive your approbation.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

REGULATION OF FEES.

The attorney general criticizes in his report the provisions of the existing law fixing the fees of jurors and witnesses in the federal courts. The provisions are chiefly contained in the act of February 26, 1853, though some of them were introduced into the act from statutes which had been passed many years previous. It is manifest that such compensation as might, when these laws were enacted, have been just and reasonable, would in many instances be justly remanded at the present day as inadequate. I concur with the attorney general in the belief that the statutes should be revised by which these fees are regulated. So, too, should be the laws to regulate the compensation of district attorneys and marshals. They should be paid wholly by salary, instead of in part by fees, as is now the case. The change would prove to be a measure of economy, and would discourage the institution of needless and oppressive legal proceedings, which it is to be feared have in some instances been conducted for the mere sake of personal gain.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

EVILS TO BE REMEDIED.

Much interest and varied information is contained in the report of the secretary of the interior. I particularly call your attention to his presentation of certain phases of the Indian question, to his recommendations for the repeal of the pre-emption and timber culture acts and far more stringent legislation to prevent frauds under the pension laws. The statutes which prescribe the definition and punishments of crimes pertaining to pensions, could doubtless be made more effective by certain amendments and additions, which are pointed out in the secretary's report. I have previously referred to the alarming state of illiteracy in certain portions of the country, and again submit for the consideration of congress whether some federal aid should not be extended to public primary education wherever adequate provision therefor has not already been made.

UTAH.

The Utah commission has submitted to the secretary of the interior its second annual report. As a result of its labors supervising the recent election in that Territory, pursuant to the act of March 22, 1882, it appears that the persons by that act disqualified, to the number of about 12,000, were excluded from the polls. This fact, however, affords little cause for congratulation, and I fear that it is far from indicating any real and substantial progress toward the extirpation of polygamy. All of the members of the legislature are Mormons. There is grave reason to believe that they are in sympathy with the practices that this government is seeking to suppress, and that its effort in that regard will be more likely to encounter their opposition than receive their encouragement and support. Even if this view should happily be erroneous, the law under which the commissioners have been acting, should be made more effective by the incorporation of some such measures as they recommend and as were included in bill No. 2,238 on the calendar of the senate at its last session. I am convinced that polygamy is so strongly intrenched in the Territory of Utah that it is profitless to attack with the state weapons which constitutional legislation provide. I favor, therefore, the repeal of the act upon which the government depends, the assumption by the national legislature of entire political control of the Territory and the establishment of a commission with such powers and duties as shall be delegated to it by law.

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

is accomplishing much in the direction of the agricultural development of the country, and the report of the commissioner giving the results of his investigations and experiments, will be found interesting and valuable. At his instance a convention of those interested in the cattle industry of the country was lately held at Chicago. The prevalence of pleuro-pneumonia and other contagious diseases of animals was one of the chief topics of discussion. A committee of the convention will invite your co-operation in investigating the causes of these diseases, and providing methods for their prevention and cure. I trust that congress will not fail at its present session to put Alaska under the protection of laws. Its people have repeatedly remonstrated against our neglect to afford them the maintenance and protection expressly guaranteed by the terms of the treaty, whereby that territory was ceded to the United States. For sixteen years they have pleaded in vain for that which they should have received without asking. They have no law for the collection of the debt, the support of schools the conveyance of property, the administration of laws, or the enforcement of contracts—none indeed for the punishment of criminals except such as are afforded by certain customs, commerce and navigation acts. The resources of Alaska, especially in fur, mines and lumber, are considerable in extent and capable of large development, while its geographical situation is one of political and commercial importance. The promptings of interest, therefore, as well as considerations of honor and good faith, demand the immediate establishment of civil government in that Territory.

RAILWAYS.

Complaints have lately been numerous and urgent that certain corporations controlling in whole or part the facilities for the inter-state carriage of merchandise by the great railways of the country have resorted in their dealings with the public to divers measures unjust and oppressive in their character. In some instances the State governments have attacked and suppressed these evils, but in others they have been unable to afford adequate relief because of the jurisdictional limitations which are imposed upon them by the federal constitution. The question whether the national government may lawfully interfere in the premises, and what, if any, supervision of control it ought to exercise, is one which merits your careful consideration. While we cannot fail to recognize the importance of the vast railway systems of the country, and their great and beneficial influence upon the development of our material wealth. We should, on the other hand, remember that no individual corporation ought to be invested with absolute power over the interest of any other citizen or class of citizens. The right of these railway corporations to any profitable return upon their investment and to reasonable freedom in their regulations must be recognized, but it seems only just that, so far as its constitutional authority will permit, congress should protect people at large in their interstate traffic against an act of injustice which State governments are powerless to prevent.

FOREST PRESERVES.

In my last annual message I called attention to the necessity of protecting by suitable legislation the forests situated upon the public domain. In many portions of the West the pursuit of general agriculture is only made practicable by resort to irrigation. While successful irrigation would be impossible without the aid afforded by forests in contributing to the regularity and constancy of the supply of water. During the past year severe suffering and great loss of property have been occasioned by profuse floods, followed by periods of unusually low water in many of the great rivers of the country; these irregularities were, in great measure, caused by the removal from about the sources of the streams in question of the timber by which the water supply had been nourished and protected. The preservation of such portions of the forests on the national domain as essentially contribute to the equable flow of important water courses is of the highest consequence. Important tributaries of the Missouri, the Columbia and the Saskatchewan, rise in the mountains of Montana, now the northern boundary of the United States, between the Blackfeet and Flathead Indian reservations. This region is unsuitable for settlement, but upon the rivers which flow from it, depends in the future the agricultural development of a vast tract of country. The attention of congress is called to the necessity of withdrawing from the public sale this part of the public domain, and establishing there a forest preserve.

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS.

The industrial exhibitions which have been held in the United States during the present year attracted the attention of many foreign countries, where the announcement of those enterprises had been made public through the foreign representatives of this government. The Southern exhibits at Louisville were largely attended by the exhibitors of foreign countries, notwithstanding the absence of any professional character in those undertakings. The centennial exposition to be held next year at New Orleans, in commemoration of the century of the first shipment of cotton from a port of the United States, bids fair to meet with like gratifying success. Under the act of congress of the 10th of February, 1883, declaring that exposition to be national and international in its character, the foreign governments with which the United States maintains relations, have been invited to participate. The promoters of this important undertaking have already received assurances of the lively interest it has excited abroad.

The report of the commissioner of the District of Columbia is herewith transmitted. I ask for it your careful attention, especially for those portions which relate to assessments for taxes and water supply.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

WORKINGS OF THE LAW.

The commissioners appointed under the act of Jan. 16, 1883, entitled "An act to regulate and improve the civil service of the United States," entered promptly upon the discharge of their duties. A series of rules framed in accordance with the spirit of the statute was approved and promulgated by the president. In some particulars wherein they seemed defective those rules were subsequently amended. It will be perceived that they discountenanced any political or religious tests for admission to the offices of the public service to which the statute relates. The statute related in its original form to the classified clerkships in the several executive departments at Washington, numbering about 5,600, and to similar positions in the customs districts and postoffices where as many as fifty persons are employed. A classification of these positions, analogous to that existing in the Washington offices, was duly made before the law went into effect. Eleven customs districts and twenty-three postoffices were thus brought under the immediate operation of the statute. The annual report of the civil service commission, which will soon be submitted to congress, will doubtless afford the measure of a more definite judgment than I am now prepared to express as to the merits of the new system. I am persuaded that its effects have thus far proved beneficial. Its practicable methods appear to be adequate for the ends proposed, and there has been no serious difficulty in carrying them into effect. Since the 16th of July last no person, so far as I am aware, has been appointed to the public service in the classified portions thereof at any of the departments or at any of the postoffices and customs districts above named, except those certified by the commission to be competent in the basis of the examination held in conformity to rules.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION.

At the time when the present executive entered upon his office, his death, removal, resignation or inability to discharge his duties would have left the government without a constitutional head. It is possible, of course, that a similar contingency may again arise, unless the wisdom of congress shall provide against its recurrence. The senate, at its last session, after full consideration, passed an act relating to this subject which will now, I trust, commend itself to the approval of both houses of congress. The clauses of the constitution, upon which must depend any law regulating the presidential succession, presents also for solution other questions of paramount importance. These questions relate to the proper interpretation of the phrase "inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office." Our law providing, that when the president shall suffer from such inability, the presidential office shall devolve upon the vice president who must himself, under the circumstances, give place to such officer as congress may by law appoint to act as president. I need not here set forth numerous and interesting inquiries which are suggested by these words of the constitution. They were fully stated in my first communication to congress, and have since been the subject of frequent deliberations in that body. It is greatly to be hoped that these momentous questions will find speedy solution, lest an emergency should arise when longer delay will be impossible, and any determination, albeit the wisest, may furnish cause for anxiety and alarm. For the reasons fully stated in my last annual message, I repeat my recommendation that congress propose an amendment to that provision of the constitution which prescribed that the formalities for the enactment of laws, whereby in respect to bills for the appropriation of public moneys, the executive may be enabled, while giving his approval to particular items, to interpose his veto as to such others as do not commend themselves to his judgment.

THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT

of the constitution confers the rights of citizenship upon all persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof. It was the special purpose of this amendment to insure members of the colored race the full interment of civil and political rights. Certain statuatory provisions, intended to secure the enforcement of those rights, have been recently declared unconstitutional by the supreme court. Any legislation whereby congress may lawfully supplement the guaranties which the constitution affords for the equal enjoyment by all the citizens of the United States of every right, privilege and immunity of citizenship, will receive my unhesitating approval.

[Signed] CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 3, 1883.

An Interesting Patent Suit.

An interesting case, involving a very ingenious and economical device, has just been decided by the courts, the particulars of which will bear brief mention. Nelson Lyon of Albany, N. Y., has recovered judgment of $8,447.10 besides cost and interest against G. T. Fisher & Co., in the United States Circuit Court at Detroit, Mich., for an infringment of what is known to the trade as Lyon's Patent Metallic Heel Stiffener. This contrivance is one of the most useful of modern inventions, and has achieved a remarkable sale—over three-quarters of a million dollars worth, the testimony in the present suit showed having been disposed of since the patent was granted, being a grand total of 273,478 pounds, or 3,883,000 pairs. At one time the Attorney General of the United States declared the Lyon patent invalid, simply on account of an informality in the application, but this was afterward corrected by the Commissioner of Patents, in accordance with a special act of Congress authorizing such correction. Fisher's main improvement consisted in elongating the screw-hole fastening the plate, and, as defendants they based their main defence in trying to show the special act of congress was unconstitutional and that plaintiff's invention was not new. Action was commenced in May, 1880, a perpetual injunction was obtained in December following, and the case was referred to a master to ascertain the profits made by defendants and the loss sustained by Mr. Lyon. The master reported the sum as $3,384, but on motion the court doubled the same, and directed judgment to be entered against defendants for such double damages, with interest from the date of the master's report and costs.

The Lightning Ticket-Seller.

From the Cincinnati News Journal.

Nearly every circus advertises its treasurer and "the lightning ticket-seller of the world," and the gentlemen who manipulate the coin in a ticket wagon unquestionably arrive at a wonderful degree of proficiency and rapidity. Knowing that Colonel John Murray's name had figured a good deal in this direction a reporter questioned him on the subject recently.

"Colonel Murray, from your experience and your knowledge of the subject, whom do you consider to be the fastest ticket-seller in the world?" was asked.

"Well, that is a hard question to answer. Several claim it, but a great many things must be taken into consideration quick calculation, correct change, etc. I believe, however, that none have ever come up to the record I made with Sells Brothers' Circus in Chicago on the lake front, on Decoration Day, 1882."

"What was the record then?"

"I sold 6,150 tickets in an hour without an error, and without taking in a bad piece of money. If this record has ever been excelled I have not heard of it."

"Are there many efforts to pass bad money?"

"Such instances are of every-day occurrence. But in twenty-two years' experience I have never taken but one $5 counterfeit bill. The silver money I can detect the moment I get it in my hand, either by the weight or the handling of it. I have passed money back so quickly and went on selling tickets that the party would look at me in perfect astonishment and take a minute or two to recover his wonted equanimity. Some come back and claim that I have given them the wrong change, but that never works as I know better. One very amusing thing has occurred a thousand times, and that is when I have given a man his change and his ticket together he would stand and demand his money not knowing it was in his hand, so quickly had it been given him. I have seen fly fellows around the wagon come up and present a twenty dollar bill expecting me to give them the wrong change, but I would never be caught in anything of the kind."

"You run across queer customers at the mouth of a ticket wagon?"

"I should say so. In some parts of the South and North they come to a circus with knives up their sleeves, and as I would hand them money and tickets the points of their weapons would cut my hands. The negroes of the South are the queerest set I ever ran across. They remember a man for years. When I had not been in a town for four seasons I have seen them stand around the ticket wagon and say. 'That is the same feller who was here four years ago.' Before the season is over my hands have corns on them from the constant handling of silver. No attempt at robbery was ever made but once, and that was in Cleveland in 1880. It was after the night preformance, and I had over $3,000 in my valise. Eph Sells and I were just getting off of the grounds to take a hack, when a man struck me with a slug shot. I shot at him and so did Sells, but he got away without the money, and a policeman promptly arrested me for shooting at him. I have been treasurer of 'Sells & Brooke's Shows,' Cooper & Bailey's Circus,' The Great Southern Show,' and 'The Lake Circus. I have also been treasurer of several theatres, and used to officiate in the box office of the old Wood's Theatre

J. F. Murphy, formerly of the Waseca Radical, has bought an interest in the Herald of the same place.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CONGRESSIONAL.

Monday, December 3.

SENATE.—The senate was called to order at 12 m. by President Pro Tem Edmunds, and prayer offered. The president laid before the senate the credentials of re-election of Beck to succeed himself, of Palmer to succeed Ferry, and Pike to succeed Rollins. The oath was administered to Beck, Bowen, Cullum, Dolph and Ferry, whose credentials were submitted at the last session. The customary resolution notifying the house and president that the senate was ready for business were agreed to and a recess of one hour taken. On reassembling the recess was extended to 3 p. m. At 3 the senate was again called to order, but there being no prospects of the speedy completion of house organization, adjourned. In administering the oath to senators, the iron-clad oath was taken by Beck, Bowen, Cullom, Dolph, Frye, Hoar, McPherson, Manderson, Palmer, Pike, Plumb, Sabin, Saulsbury and Wilson. The remainder took the modified oath. The new senators are Pike, Kenna, Gibson, Colquitt, Wilson, Riddleberger, Sabin, Palmer, Cullom, Manderson, Dolph and Bowen.

HOUSE.—At 12 o'clock Clerk McPherson rapped the house to order and proceeded to call the roll of representatives. The roll call disclosed 316 members.

Nominations for speaker being in order, Mr. Geddes said: "I nominate for speaker of this house of the Forty-eighth congress Mr. Carlisle of Kentucky, a man acknowledged to be pre-eminently qualified for the place."

Mr. Cameron presented the name of Keifer of Ohio, and Mr. Lyman the name of Robinson of Massachusetts. Messrs. Harrison, Tucker, Reed and Calkins were appointed tellers, and the clerk proceeded to call the roll.

CARLISLE ELECTED SPEAKER.

The result was as follows:

Carlisle	191	J. S. Wise (Va.)	1
Keifer	112	Wadsworth (N. Y.)	1
Robinson	2	Lacey (Mich.)	1

The clerk declared Mr. Carlisle elected, and Messrs. Randall and Keifer escorted the gentleman to the chair. His entrance into the chamber was the signal for loud applause.

Upon taking the chair Mr. Carlisle said: Gentlemen of the House of Representatives; I thank you sincerely for the honor conferred upon me by the vote just taken. To be chosen from the membership of a body like this, to preside over its deliberations, is a distinction upon which any citizen may properly congratulate himself, and I assure you your kindness is fully appreciated. At the same time I realize the fact that the position to which you have assigned me is one of very great labor and responsibility, and while profoundly grateful for this manifestation of your confidence, I shall endeavor to discharge its duties with serious distrust of my capacity to meet in an acceptable manner the requirements of the office. I promise, however, to devote to your service all the zeal and ability which I am possessed of. Gentlemen, the maintenance of order on the floor is essential, absolutely essential, to the intelligent and systematic transaction of public business, and I earnestly invite your assistance in enforcing the rules adopted governing our proceedings. The large addition to the membership of the house resulting from the late apportionment of representatives makes this duty even more difficult than before, and without your cordial co-operation and support I cannot reasonably hope to discharge the ordinary daily duties of this office. That you will cheerfully co-operate with me in every proper effort to preserve order and facilitate the business of legislation I have no doubt. But, gentlemen, I shall ask something more than mere co-operation. Assuring you of my earnest desire at all times to be just and impartial, still I cannot expect to avoid mistakes, and shall be compelled, therefore, to frequently, no doubt, rely on the friendly forbearance of the gentlemen of both sides of the house.

I am sure, gentlemen, all matters of legislation presented to this congress will receive from you such careful consideration as the magnitude and character of the interests involved require, and your action upon them be wise, patriotic and conservative. Sudden and radical changes of laws and regulations effecting the commercial and industrial interests of the people ought never to be made, unless imperatively demanded by some public emergency, and, in my opinion, under the existing circumstances, such changes would not be favorably received by any considerable number of those who have given serious attention to the subject. [Applause.] Many reforms are undoubtedly necessary, and it will be your duty, after a careful examination of the whole subject in all its bearings, to decide how far they should extend, and when and in what manner they should be made. [Applause.] If there be any who fear that your action on this or any other subject will actually be injurious to any interest, or even afford reasonable cause for alarm, I am quite sure they will be agreeably disappointed. What the country has a right to expect of you is strict economy of administration in every department of the government, just and equal taxation for public purposes, faithful observance of the limitations of the constitution, scrupulous regard for the rights and interests of the great body of the people in order that they be protected, for congress has power to protect them against encroachments from every direction. Whatever can be done under the circumstances surrounding us to meet this expectation ought to be done in more judgment. But, gentlemen, without detaining you further, I am ready to take the oath of office prescribed in the constitution and laws and proceed to complete the organization of the house. [Applause]

The ironclad oath was administered by Mr. Kelly, the oldest member in continuous service, and Speaker Carlisle called the house to order.

The roll of states was called and members came forward and took the oath and the house adjourned.

Tuesday, December 4.

SENATE.—There was a perfect avalanche of bills in the senate, numbering, exclusive of joint resolutions, 250. Many of them were reintroductions of old measures, among which were Senator Lapham's and Senator Edmunds' Utah bills, which failed last session; Senator Williams' bill to create a bureau of animal industry, Senator Buck's bill to remove political disabilities and open the army and navy to participants in the late rebellion. Senator Hoar's Lowell bankruptcy bill and others. Senator Ingalls introduced a bill to grant arrearages of pensions to all pensioners, without reference to the time when an application is made. Senator Edmunds introduced an elaborate measure providing for the establishment of four trunk lines of postal telegraph; also a civil rights bill, not only guaranteeing equal rights to all citizens, but declaring any acts of States or decision of any courts to the contrary to be invalid and void, which is the object of the bill. Senator Logan introduced two measures, one to equalize the bounty of the volunteer soldiers, and another to pension the prisoners of war. Mr. Sherman introduced a bill to allow the banks to issue circulation, equal to 90 per cent. of the market value of the bonds deposited for security. Mr. Morrill introduced a bill to stop the coinage of the silver dollar. Senator McMillan introduced a bill to ascertain the amounts due to citizens of the United States for supplies furnished to the Sioux and Dakota Indians of Minnesota subsequent to August, 1860, and prior to the massacre of August, 1862, and providing for the payment thereof.

HOUSE.—The democratic nominees for minor offices were elected and sworn in. A committee, consisting of Curtin, Blackburn, and Hiscock, was appointed to wait upon the president and inform him that the house was organized and ready to receive whatever communication he was pleased to transmit. The business of drawing seats was proceeded with.

The Minnesota delegation got seats together near the speaker's desk. Washburn, Wakefield and Strait are seated in a row. Knute Nelson got a seat in the row behind Mr. Washburn, and selected a seat for Mr. Nelson. The drawing over, the house got into another election case wrangle, which was finally postponed, and the president's message was begun.

Wednesday, December 5.

SENATE.—After yesterday's avalanche of bills in the senate it was thought that these pests were disposed of for some time; but as soon as the chaplain finished to-day there were cries of "Mr. President" from all parts of the chamber by senators anxious to serve their constituents. Consequently another torrent of bills, the majority relics of the last session, was poured upon the secretary's desk, exceeding that of yesterday. For nearly two hours this business was continued.

Mr. Morgan offered a resolution, which was agreed to, instructing the committee on Indian affairs to inquire into the expediency of creating a military academy west of the Mississippi river, for training and educating Indian youths and men up to a proper age, as soldiers, and to admit them when qualified into the regular army.

HOUSE.—Mr. Randall objected to the passage of a resolution for the immediate appropriation of $20,000 for printing the records of the United States supreme court, and it was referred to the committee of the whole. He said all deficiencies should have a thorough investigation, not only by the house, but by an appropriate committee. He had a horror of deficiencies. The Virginia contested election case, Garrison vs. Mayo, was referred to the committee on elections, when appointed, with instructions to report the legal questions involved therein. It was ordered that when the house adjourns tomorrow it be to meet Monday.

Mr. Jones submitted the customary resolutions announcing the death of Representative Thomas H. Herndon (Ala.), and out of respect to the memory of the deceased the house adjourned, with the understanding that no business will be transacted tomorrow.

Thursday, December 6.

SENATE.—Mr. Ingalls introduced a bill to repeal the pre-emption and timber culture laws, and amend the homestead laws. By Mr. Cameron (Wis.) to restore to the market certain lands of the United States in Minnesota and Wisconsin, and authorize their sale subject to right of flowage. These are lands withdrawn from sale in 1880 and 1881 with the idea that they would be required for use in the construction and maintenance of dams, reservoirs, etc. proposed to be erected for the improvement of the Mississippi river. They are by this bill made subject to private entry and sale at $1.25 per acre. By Mr. Morgan, proposing an amendment to the constitution by which the president will have power to disapprove any item in an appropriation for rivers and harbors while approving other items. A large number of minor bills were introduced.

HOUSE.—Mr. McCoid took the oath of office and the house adjourned until Monday 10th inst., to allow the speaker time to prepare the committees.

A CHAT WITH WHITTIER.

Some Opinions and Reminiscences—The Quaker Poet Talks About Hawthorne, Longfellow and Emerson.

A writer in the Boston Herald describes a pleasant interview with the poet Whittier, at the latter's home in Amesbury, where he found his host in good health, and more vigorous than he would expect from a man of seventy-six years. The writer describes the home and personal appearance of Mr. Whittier, who greeted the visitor cordially. His fondness for Longfellow was everywhere apparent, and when this was remarked upon, he said:

"Yes, we were warm friends. He was a delightful man and a great poet. The last time he was here in my house he came with Senator Summer and Mr. Charles Lanman, of Washington. All saw little of each other during the last few years of his life. My health did not permit me to go about much. Not long before he died, he wrote for me to come and see him. I was not able to go at once; but, as soon as I could, I went to him. I was too late, however, for when I reached his house he was then able to see any one, but soon after passed away.

"Hawthorne, Emerson, Longfellow and myself were always friends. There were no jealousy between us, and each took a pride in the work and success of the other. We would exchange notes upon our productions, and if one saw a kindly notice of the other it was always cut out and sent him.

"Hawthorne I regarded as the greatest master of the English language. He was the superior of Addison. I never knew nor read of a man who could build such beautiful stories in words that the humblest could understand.

"Emerson was not only a great writer, but a philosopher. Our relations were very close. He often visited me here, and I him. We saw more of one another than did Longfellow and I. Emerson has written some things that will live forever. They are the "The Problem, 'Each and All,' and perhaps twenty other pieces that I could name. He had a simple, easy way of writing that gave his work great power. My sister used to say that she liked him better than any man who came here, because he never talked over her head. That was really his strength."

The conversation then drifted into the methods of these great writers at work. Mr Whittier said:

"I was unlike any of the rest, I think, for I never had any methods. When I felt like it I wrote: and I neither had the health nor the patience to work over it afterward. It usually went as it was originally completed. Emerson wrote with great care, and would not only revise his manuscript carefully, but I have often heard him say that he would frequently rewrite the article upon the proof sheets. Longfellow, too, was a very careful writer. He wrote and rewrote, and would lay his work by and then revise it. He often would consult with his friends about his productions before they were given to the world. He therefore sent his work out as perfect as great care and a brilliant intellect could make it. I was not so fortunate. I have lived mostly a secluded life with little patience to draw upon, and only a few friends for associates. What writing I have done has been for the love of it. I have ever been timid of what I have penned. It is really a marvel to me that I have gathered any literary reputation from my production.

"Much that I have written I wish was as deep in the Red sea as Pharaoh's chariot wheels. Much of the bread cast on the waters I wish had never been returned. It is not fair to revive writings cast in the shadow of conditions that make even acceptable work impossible. In my early life I was not favored with good opportunities. Limited chances for education and a lack of books always stood in my way. When I began to write I had seen nothing, and virtually knew nothing of the world. Of course, things written then could not have been worth much.

"In my father's house there were not a dozen books, and they were of a severe type. The only one that approached poetry was a rhymed history of King David, written by a contemporary of George Fox, the Quaker. There was one poor novel in the family. It belonged to an aunt. This I secured one day, but when I had read it half through I was discovered, and it was taken away from me."

The poet laughed quite heartily as he recalled those early days and his first attempts to read something that was more suited to his youthful mind than the Bible or the history of King David.

"My first glimpse of poetry was when my old schoolmaster brought a copy of Burn's poems and read from it at our house. My first real work was done when George D. Prentice was editing The Hartford Review, although I had written considerable before. I wrote and sent him a few things and he encouraged me. When he recommended me to take his place publishers wrote me and I went down. I had then seen practically nothing of the world and for the two years I remained with The Review, my greatest effort was to keep people from knowing how little I really knew. It was a providential opening, however, for it gave me a start.

"I wrote continually; but there was no market for the work. My Anti-Slavery convictions made my name valueless to any of the magazines; but strange as it may appear, The Democrat Review was always anxious for my writings.

The conversation turning upon a comparison of the work of American writers with that of foreigners, Mr. Whittier said:

"At no time has Tennyson written anything that surpasses the production of the best American poets."

This preference to Tennyson naturally turned the conversation upon Longfellow's poems again; and it was apparent that Mr. Whittier was very fond, not only of the man, but of his works. "Evangeline' is a favorite with me," said he. "I think it is one of the most beautiful of poems. Longfellow had an easy life and superior advantages of association and education; and so did Emerson. It was widely different with me; and I am very thankful for the kind esteem that people have given my writings. Before 'Evangeline' was written I had hunted up the history of the banishment of the Arcadians and had intended to write upon it myself; but I put it off and Hawthorne got hold of the story and gave it to Longfellow. I am very glad he did, for he was just the one to write it. If I had attempted it, I should have spoiled the artistic effect of the poem by my indignation at the treatment of the exiles by the Colonial Government."

The nearest public industrial school to New York city is at Sing Sing, where the youth committed to the warden's care are taught how to cut out blotting paper for the use as soles of waterproof shoes. The blotting paper, they are told, absorbs the water.

An increase of the deposits in savings banks in this country to the amount of $205,000,000 within three years is shown by the report of Controller Knox.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Report of State Superintendent Kiehle of Scholars Entitled to Apportionment—Average Attendance.

State Superintendent of Instruction D. L. Kiehle has prepared the following table of statistics relating to the public schools of the State:

Counties.	No. of scholars entitled to apportionment.	Not entitled to apportionment.	Total average daily attendance.
Aitkin	304	....	56
Anoka	1,907	51	1,056
Becker	1,337	80	5,237
Benton	844	43	740
Big Stone	1,071	49	417
Blue Earth	6,166	164	....
Brown	3,144	93	1,415
Carlton	312	2	285
Carver	2,848	164	1,018
Chippewa	1,553	128	1,320
Chisago	2,069	45	1,000
Clay	1,509	61	....
Cottonwood	1,268	29	864
Crow Wing	775	....	....
Dakota	4,144	212	1,969
Dodge	2,484	106	1,304
Douglas	2,842	143	1,225
Faribault	4,193	120	1,928
Fillmore	7,445	281	4,031
Freeborn	4,504	212	2,183
Goodhue	7,220	276	3,437
Grant	993	46	451
Hennepin	15,222	522	8,738
Houston	3,958	124	1,633
Hubbard	111	5	77
Isanti	1,545	53	662
Jackson	1,529	57	451
Kanabec	197	4	73
Kandiyohi	3,220	319	....
Kittson	301	10	128
Lac qui Parle	1,222	92	718
Lake	20	1	21
Le Sueur	4,439	112	3,870
Lincoln	546	22	434
Lyon	1,805	105	906
McLeod	3,185	42	1,875
Marshall	384	16	158
Martin	1,623	105	685
Meeker	3,739	183	1,555
Mille Lacs	474	4	237
Morrison	1,535	64	676
Mower	4,147	206	2,090
Murray	1,047	53	358
Nicollet	2,850	82	1,279
Nobles	1,151	77	....
Norman	789	48	311
Olmsted	5,231	200	2,919
Otter Tail	6,471	178	2,487
Pine	302	22	2-8
Pipestone	641	66	237
Polk	2,444	13	922
Pope	1,984	101	842
Ramsey	8,520	80	4,378
Redwood	1,436	75	621
Renville	3,081	243	1,046
Rice	5,590	201	2,838
Rock	1,028	111	501
St. Louis	1,390	5	785
Scott	2,636	106	1,001
Sherburne	1,140	47	515
Sibley	2,660	94	860
Stearns	5,888	197	2,785
Steele	3,324	151	2,513
Stevens	927	34	377
Swift	1,849	155	755
Todd	2,056	113	774
Traverse	422	56	213
Wabasha	4,824	155	2,680
Wadena	856	54	308
Waseca	3,685	119	1,603
Washington	4,099	82	2,227
Watonwan	1,317	99	504
Wilkin	508	29	194
Winona	5,866	115	1,903
Wright	5,192	213	2,136
Yellow Medicine	1,747	128	671
Totals	200,810	7,801	92,048

From the above figures it appears that the total number of scholars in the State, enrolled and entitled to apportionment, is 200,810. Hennepin county shows the largest total—15,222—and Lake county the smallest—20. Ramsey county has 8,520. Of those not entitled to apportionment Hennepin has 550 and Ramsey 80. Lake again brings up the rear, with 4. Enrolled during the winter term in the State, 161,103; during the summer term, 139,484. The average daily attendance was 92,048. Of teachers employed there were during the winter months, 1,552 males and 2,975 females; during the summer term, 653 males and 3,537 females. Watonwan county paid the lowest average salary to male teachers—$29.52 per month—and Pine county the highest—$71.66. Hubbard county paid the lowest average salary to female teachers—$20 per month—and Aitken county the highest—$55. Hennepin county paid an average monthly salary of $50.50 to male and $34.25 to female teachers. Ramsey county paid $53.76 to males, and $36.08 to females.

Minnesota Agricultural Matters.

The statistical agent for Minnesota of the United States agricultural department in his report made for Dec. 1, gives the following as the average prices of products in this state at that date, viz: Corn, 38c per bushel for new, and 60c for old; rye 47c; oats, 28c; barley, 44c; buckwheat, 73c; potatoes, 27c; hay, $5.50 per ton for tame grass, and $3.35 for wild grass; sorghum molasses, 50c. He reports, also, a very considerable increase in the area sown in winter wheat, and a large increase in that sown in rye in the state this season; and remarks that many of our large farmers are experimenting with different varieties of winter wheat, hoping to find those which will be reliable, and thus relieve themselves partially, at least, from the hurry and loss in seeding and harvesting, incident to depending solely upon spring-sown grain. Some of these experiments are on an extensive scale, and will be watched with much interest. It has not been possible to arrive definitely at the number of acres sown in winter wheat, but judging from the information before him, the agent believes it will approximate an aggregate of nearly 100,000 acres, scattered over nearly all parts of the state.

A $10,000 hotel is to be elected in Morris.

J. J Crouse an old settler of Todd county, died recently.

Rev. H. D. Hovey, D. D., has been installed pastor of the Second Congregational Church, Minneapolis.

Duluth capitalists have organized a gold and silver company, with $200 capital stock to operate a property between Duluth and Rice's Point. The shaft is now down fifty-two feet. Mr. Brown, an experienced California miner, is Superintendent. Steam drills and other machinery have been purchased.

Minneapolis is to have a new 50,000-bushel elevator.

Mr. Stewart Rice of St. Paul and Miss Minnie Sargent of Duluth were married in the latter city on the 5th.

Adam Gotzian of St. Paul lately killed on his way to California, left an estate valued at $200,000. He gives his widow one-third besides the homestead, &c., and the other two-thirds he bequeaths as follows: One-third to his niece, Minnie Gotzain, formerly Minnie Duseroth of St. Paul. The final one-third of the two-thirds he directs shall be divided between his sister, Barbara Duseroth, and his two brothers, Jacob and Herman Gotzian of Berka an der Werra, Saxony, Germany. He appoints James Middleton executor and his wife Josephine Gotzian executrix.

The quarterly report of the second hospital for the insane, at Rochester to be presented to the trustees, will show the present number of patients to be 334, as against 306 on Aug. 1, last. Of this number 208 are men, and 126 women. Twenty-four patients will be presented to the board for discharge, of which thirteen have recovered completely, and eleven are much improved. The state appropriation is based on an average of 300 patients, but Dr. Bowers expects to have at least 350 within a few weeks. The gas fixtures will be in place about Jan. 2, if everything works favorably. The work has been greatly retarded by the scarcity of laborers.

The New Ulm creamery manufactured 35,000 pounds of butter the past season, and intend to make 100,000 pounds of butter next summer.

The Merchants' national bank of St. Paul commenced suit against John Artz for $3,576.26, the same being on a promissory note given to the Bank of Farmington, and transferred by them to the plaintiff.

The business men of Wilmer entertaining an idea that the millers' association paid too little for wheat nowadays, assembled at the village council room and organized a board of trade and elected Hon. A. E. Rice president; Andrew Larson, vice president; A. N. Lewis, secretary, and F. G. Handy, treasurer.

Harry Johnson was arrested in Farmington for stealing an overcoat, and was sent up for thirty days.

The Masonic temple at Brainerd will be dedicated on the 18th inst., with appropriate ceremonies.

Thomas Dwyer, living near Sauk Center, killed a 200-pound bear with a hatchet.

Ona Olson, who recently settled on a claim near Crow Wing, has been arrested at Brainerd, charged with horse stealing at Creel City.

Jacob Argue, a yard switchman, fell from one of the cars in the Brainerd yard, and had both legs crushed, dying soon after.

Miss Annie Ward, daughter of ex-Senator W. G. Ward of Waseca, was married on the evening of the 6th inst., to E. A. Hendrickson of St. Paul. The wedding was a large and elegant one, guests being present from St. Paul, Minneapolis and other places. The presents were numerous and handsome. Among them was $15,000, a gift from the bride's father. The happy couple left for the east over the Albert Lea route.

Articles of corporation of the Minnesota Land Dredge company have been filed with the secretary of state. The general nature of its business is the manufacture and sale of land dredges and other implements for excavating and moving earth and other materials agricultural implements, tools and machinery. The principal place of business is St. Paul, the corporation to continue for thirty years. Capital stock, $100,000, divided into 2,000 shares of $50 each; limit of liability, $50,000. The incorporators are Vine D. Simar, John Dale, Norman W. Kittson, Charles J. A Morris, Andrew R. McGill, Phillip Reiley, Charles H. Lienau, and William H. Wilcox of St. Paul, and E. Page Davis of New York city.

Facts and Fancies.

Among the postoffices in the country there are 31 Washingtons, 19 Shermans, 15 Sheridans, 13 Grants, and 30 Salems. Nearly 600 begin with "New," 700 with "North," 110 with "Big," 73 with "Grand," and 18 Pleasant Hills, and 13 Pine Groves.

Gov. Jarvis of North Carolina, in an address at the opening of a colored people's fair the other day at Raliegh, said he knew of no state in which the colored people are doing so much for themselves, and none in which so much is being done for them as in North Carolina.

Bush hunters who have been in the habit of making $10 to $30 per week by shooting partridges for the Boston market are dismayed at the recent confiscation of game in transit, says the Lewiston (Me.) Journal, and, the most of them have gone out of the business. They declare they "will see about the thing" at the next session of the Legislature.

An illustration of the ridiculous and annoying way in which a church choir will sometimes run together the words of a hymn, is afforded by the remark of a small boy in one of the front pews of a church in Boston. The hymn beginning, "The Consecrated Cross I'd Bear, had been sung, and in the momentary quiet which followed, the perplexed youth turned to his father and asked in an earnest whisper, "Sa, pa, where do they keep the consecrated cross-eyed bear?"

The British census report as compiled by Sir Brydges Henniker, the Registrar General who is an Irishman, is a curious document. He describes ten millions of the feminine population of England and Wales, which is more than three-equarters of the dear creatures, as an "indefinite and non-productive class." In regard to the sterner sex he describes fifty of them as "persons engaged in the defense of the country," with a footnote by way of explanation to the effect that they are "army and navy pensioners." He also says that the clerical profession includes 7,162 and the legal profession 100. In the "medical profession" he includes nurses.

A Swedish couple who live near Sioux Falls, Dakota, have four children, two of them perfect specimens of the albino, while the others are ordinary fair-haired children. One of the albinos is a boy, and the other a girl. The latter's hair is white as the driven snow, and kinky as that of a thorough-bred African. Notwithstanding her off-color, she is very beautiful.

Chicago has a novelty in the shape of a gospel ship, called Glad Tidings, in command of Capt. Burby, accompanied by his wife, son and two daughters. It makes trips to all out of the way places on the Northern lakes, where religious services are conducted by the family. The vessel has recently visited some Canadian ports.

A young Philadelphian, writing from Buffalo Park, Colorado, says: "At a select ball that I attended last week the men wore their cartridge belts with 38 calibre, and danced around with the girls quite unconcernedly," He adds: "Everybody goes armed, but if you mind your business nobody molests you."

Frequenters of the German restaurant in Boston have long been puzzled over an item, written on the bill of fare in that blue ink which by some mysterious law seems to be reserved for some country girls and the bills of fare of German restaurants. The item was "Small Bled Beans," and it baffled all investigation as to its meaning until last week, when a learned musical critic thus expounded it: "This is strictly phonetic. The German-English for 'plate' is 'blate.' In German the nearest approach to this is 'Bled.' 'Small Bled Beans,' therefore, means 'Small Plate of Beans.'" The dish was ordered and the critic was right.

The Bartholdi statue is made of copper strengthened by an inner skeleton of iron. For each piece a center mold was made of wood, on which the copper could be worked and fitted. The sheet-copper epidermis of the figure is made of 300 pieces, and weighs 178,000 pounds, while the iron frame weighs 264,000 pounds. When finally erected, the molded sheets of copper will be riveted together by copper bolts, and the iron skeleton will be secured to the masonry by twelve great foundation bolts. The variations due to temperature are provided for by elasticity in every part, and corroding will be checked by painting with red lead wherever iron and copper are in contact. It is reckoned the pressure of the wind upon the statue, which will be 150 feet high, may go as high as 190,000 pounds.

Gastronomy In Paris.

Corespondence San Francisco Chronicle.

Paris is the gay capital of the world. Its ladies are famous for wit and wickedness, good dressing and deviltry. It is famous for its many places of amusement, good and bad operas, theaters, cafe concerts and its balls. It is also famous for its many good restaurants, its innumerable hotels, where one may find table d'hote dinners that "beat the world," and its pure and impure wines.

It would not be easy for me to tell my readers exactly how much food is consumed here annually. But, thanks to the system of statistics that is imposed by law on our municipal rulers, I can get an approximate idea of the amount. Last year there were sold at the market no fewer than 290,000,000 eggs. Of these 50,000,000 were exported; the rest we ate here in Paris. This gives an average of about 125 eggs for each inhabitant. The daily individual consumption of meat is about 291 grammes—that is to say nearly four-fifths of a pound per day. That same year of 1882 there were sold almost 9,000,000 chickens, over 2,500,000 rabbits, about the same number of pigeons, and 1,250,000 larks, thrushes and blackbirds. The quantity of wines drunk during the same time was about 1,000,000 gallons.

A Tony Prisoner.

The most aristocratic and stylish boarder the Albany county jail has accommodated for some years is a present guest. Frank Sherwin, the ex-broker and western millionaire, His handsome wife has her apartments at the Kenmore, and visits the jail daily. Sherwin himself has his meals supplied from the jailer's table, and lives in sumptuous style, waited on constantly by his colored servant who has been faithfully attending him in his wanderings and undertakings during the last dozen years, even in his adventures in Egypt. Sherwin takes his incarceration coolly, notwithstanding the asserted determination of ex-District Attorney Moak to land him in the penitentiary. With plenty of money he is well supplied with all the leading journals, and has won the good will of the officials at the jail. The faithfulness of his colored companion is remarkable. Though uneducated he uses elegant language, and entertains those around the jail with comprehensive and entertaining descriptions of his travels; but not a sentence has been known to pass his lips that could in any way injure his master.

KILLED BY DRINK.

The Cleveland Man Who Won a Wager and Lost His Life.

The Cleveland Herald tells how John Waffen died from the effects of taking fifteen glasses of whisky in fifteen minutes:

A most singular death occurred in Herrick's block, back of the Bethel, night before last. John Waffen a German laborer on the docks, living in one of the rooms in that block, was at a saloon kept by one William Duge, on the corner of Seneca and Canal streets, talking and chaffing with a lot of sailors; when a wager was made up between him and the master of a vessel as to his ability to stand liquor. For a dollar Waffen was to drink fifteen glasses of whisky in fifteen consecutive minutes. Waffen accepted the bet, and every glass drank was checked off as he drank it. He succeeded in winning the bet, but refused to drink any more after that, although he was pressed to do so. He came back dizzied and sick from the over dose of alcohol, and had hardly gotten into the room before he went into violent convulsions. His features were contorted and his whole frame shuddered involuntarily and his limbs spasmodically contracted and extended, as though shocked by an electric battery. From six o'clock Monday evening until 10 o'clock Tuesday morning he remained insensible. Dr. Russell, the district physician, was called in, but his case was already too far gone, and on Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock the miserable man expired. During the afternoon he made his last confession and received the sacraments of the dying. He regained consciousness before he died and related the whole occurrence. Watson was about 44 years old and looked younger than most corpses of persons of his age. His face had not the sickly pallor of the dead, as it lay sharply defined against the ticking of the poor bed. He came from Wizzenberg, in Mecklenburg Strelitz, about a year and a half ago, with his wife and four children, none over 9 years of age. Since that time one little babe has been added to the lot. They lived in pitiable poverty, their solitary room in the dark and dingy block being carpetless and with none but the scantiest furniture. On the wall at the head of the bed hung a large crucifix, flanked on each side by old-country sacred pictures in gilt paper frames. The family are too poor even to bury him, and no one watched with the dead nor did candle shed its flickering light upon the poor bier. His wife has done washing to support the family, as all he earned he spent in drink, and was on a spree when he made the fatal bet. He had begun it on Saturday and was known to be drinking Sunday and during Monday. The police are looking the matter up, and the guilty parties will be prosecuted for their share in the man's death. The coroner's verdict was that the man came to his death by alcoholism, or alchoholic poisoning.

A Royal Nursery in 1779.

According to the court and city register for the year 1779, "the establishment of the royal nursery," stood thus: Governess, Lady Charlotte Finch, £600; sub-governess; £300; French teacher, £300; English teacher, £100; wet-nurse to the Prince of Wales, Mrs. Margaret Scott, £200; wet-nurse to Prince Frederick, £200; wet nurse to Prince William, £200; wet-nurse to Princess Royal, £200; wet-nurse to Prince Edward (father of Queen Victoria), Mrs. Anne Percy, £200; wet-nurse to Princess Augusta Sophia, £200; wet-nurse to Prince Ernest Augustus, £200; wet nurse to Prince Augustus Frederick (no salary stated); dresser to the Princesses; dry-nurse to the Princes; dry nurse to the Princesses; two rockers; nursery-maid; washerwoman to the Princesses. The most curious thing is to find only one German, a rocker, in the whole lot. It will be noticed that the wet-nurses of all the grown Princes were retained, and that in fact each had an annuity of £200 a year. What service the wet-nurse to the Prince of Wales rendered him does not appear, as the Prince had an establishment with his brother, Prince Frederick, Bishop of Osnaburg. On this establishment, though there was a perfumeress, Urania Dennis, the wet-nurse for the Prince and the Bishop are not borne.—Notes and Queries.

Dr. C. H. Boardman of St. Paul, Dr. W. H. Leonard of Minneapolis, and Dr. G West nwood of Fairbault have been reappointed commissioners to examine the Minnesota hospitals for the insane at St. Peter and Rochester.

ABOUT THE STOMACH.

We dare say three-fourths of the diseases that prevail in the human family are directly or indirectly induced by some derangement of the stomach. The most serious ailments have their origin there. With dyspepsia the food passes indigested through the lacteal vessels and many particles of deleterious matter are carried into the blood and gain lodgment often in the lungs and other great centers of vitality. Hence dyspepsia favors the occurrence of consumption in persons at all predisposed to it. It is also the primary source of scrofula and other diseases of the blood and skin.

The person who has a pig-pen appetite one day and can eat little or nothing the next has dyspepsia. The person who feels a heaviness at the stomach after eating, accompanied with a gulping-up of wind and sour particles of food, has dyspepsia. Besides these symptoms are bad taste in the mouth, pain in the chest, shortness of breath, palpitation, headache, giddiness, coldness of extremities, languor, sleeplessness and despondency.

In prescribing Burdock Blood Bitters as a cure for dyspepsia we desire the patient to eat regularly a reasonable quantity of good, plain food (not too hot or too cold) and to use very sparingly of tobacco (if addicted to that habit,) which is apt to exhaust the organs of salivation. Dyspepsia is a disease of the mucous membrane lining the stomach. If the patient will treat this mucous membrane of the stomach with any sort of decency, ceasing to aggravate its sensitive surface with indigestible matter, we guarantee the use of Burdock Blood Bitters will cure him. That's all we ask. Give the stomach a fair chance, Burdock Blood Bitters will do the rest. Thousands of testimonials. Burdock Blood Bitters by all druggists. Foster, Milburn & Co., M'f'rs. Buffalo, N. Y.

Baldheaded men are informed that there is but one avenue of escape from their affliction, and that is Carboline, the great hair renewer, which being recently improved, is more efficacious than ever and is faultless.

Brown's Bronchial Troches for Coughs and Colds: "The only article of the kind which has done me good service I want nothing better."—*Rev. R. H. Craig, Otisville, N. Y.* Sold only in boxes.

Dr. Roger's Vegetable Worm Syrup instantly destroys worms, and removes the secretions that cause them.

Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffener the only invention that makes old boots straight as new.

Bronchitis is cured by frequent small doses of Piso's cure for consumption.

THE MARVELLOUS SINGING DOLL.

This charming novelty is advertised in this issue, and certainly nothing will appeal more quickly to the children than a Doll that will sing a song. The price is very reasonable, the Doll is a beautiful affair, and the ingenious singing attachment will delight the young and amuse the old. The little girl who finds a Webber Doll "in her stocking" at Christmas time will be the envy of all.

Dear Sir: The beautiful Singing Doll came safely, and far exceeded my expectation of what a Singing Doll could be. Our little folk were charmed with its beauty, but when it sang, their delight was unbounded. It will be to them a thing of beauty and a constant joy. Sincerely yours, Rev. J. B. ABBOTT. Medford, Mass., Aug. 13, 1883.

Pure Cod-Liver Oil made from selected livers, on the sea-shore, by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market.

Chapped Hands, Face, Pimples, and rough Skin cured by using JUNIPER TAR SOAP, made by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., New York.

The reason why so many die with consumption, is because they neglect to use the proper remedy in season. When the system is first attacked with a cough, oppression of the chest, or seated pains in the breast. Allen's Lung Balsam will cause the phlegm to raise, heal the irritated parts, and restore the system to health.

The Dow Agricultural works, Peru, Ind., has failed for $35.

Remarkable Escape.

John Kuhn, of Lafayette, Ind., had a very narrow escape from death. This is his own story: "One year ago I was in the last stages of consumption. Our best physicians gave my case up. I finally got so low that our doctor said I could not live twenty-four hours. My friends then purchased a bottle of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, which benefited me. I continued until I took nine bottles. I am now in perfect health having used no other medicine.

Henry's Carbolic Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions, etc. Get Henry's Carbolic Salve, as all others are but imitations. Price 25 cents.

Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) has relieved me of an obstinate case of Dry Tetter, which had troubled me for twenty-five years and had baffled all sorts of treatment. Rev. I. R. BRANHAM, Macon, Ga.

I was troubled with chronic catarrh and gathering in my head, was very deaf at times and discharges from my ears, and was unable to breathe through my nose. Before the second bottle of Ely's Cream Balm was exhausted I was cured, and to day enjoy sound health.—C. J. CORBIN 923 Chestnut st., Field Manager, Philadelphia Pub. House, Pa. (See adv't)

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Sure cure for Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. Single box has cured worst chronic case of twenty years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying. William's Indian Pile ointment. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching (particularly after getting warm in bed). Prepared only for piles and itching for the private parts. Noyes Bros. & Cutler, St. Paul, Wholesale Agents.

Banish Melancholy.

Allen's "Iron Tonic Bitters" is the grand tonic, liver invigorator, blood purifier and appetizer of the age. It banishes melancholy like magic, and gives strength, tone and vigor to the whole system. See that you get the genuine made by J. P. Allen, St. Paul, Minn.

After long Mercury and Potash treatment, I found myself a cripple from Mercurial Rheumatism. Tried Hot Springs two years without relief, and was finally cured sound and well by the use of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) CHAS. BERG Hot Springs, Arkansas.

Cured Clergymen.

Rev. L. S. Caultan, of Circleville, Kansas, says: Dr. Warner, your White Wine of Tar Syrup has been in my family and found to be all and even more than you claim of it. It is a speedy cure for all Throat and Lung diseases.

My Wife and Children.

Rev. L. A. Dunlap, of Mt. Vernon, says: My children were afflicted with a cough resulting from Measeles, my wife with a cough that had prevented her from sleeping more or less for years, and your White Wine of Tar Syrup has cured them all.

Ex-Vice President David Davis presided at a banquet given by Camp Orme, Sons of Veterans, in Bloomington, recently, when an elegant silk flag was presented by Gen. McNulty, on behalf of Mrs. Orme, widow of the late Gen. W. W. Orme. Gen. McNulty's remarks were replied to by Senator David Davis.

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

STROWBRIDGE BROAD-CAST

SEED SOWER

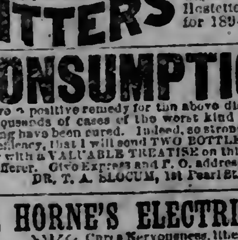
THE BEST, CHEAPEST and SIMPLEST.

Sows all grains, grass seeds, lime, salt, ashes, fertilizers—and everything requiring broadcasting—any quantity per acre, better and faster than by any other method. Saves seed by sowing it perfectly even. Sows single or double cast, all on either or both sides of wagon. Not affected by wind, as the seed is not thrown up into the air. Perfectly simple. Readily attached to any wagon. Lasts a life-time. Can be used wherever a wagon can be driven. Team walking one mile sows four acres of wheat. Crop one-fourth larger than when drilled. Send stamp for circulars giving terms and testimonials. Mention this paper.

C. W. DORR, Treasurer,

RACINE SEEDER CO., Des Moines, Iowa.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS



As an invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has received the most positive endorsement from eminent physicians, and has long occupied a foremost rank among standard proprietary remedies. Its properties as an alterative of disordered conditions of the stomach, liver and bowels, and a preventive of malarial diseases, are no less renowned.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers, to whom apply for Hostetter's Almanac for 1884.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

DR. HORNE'S ELECTRIC BELT

Cures Nervousness, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Kidney, Spine and Liver diseases, Gout, Asthma, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Erysipelas, Catarrh, Piles, Epilepsy, Impotency, Prolapsus Uteri, Diabetes, etc. RUPTURE CURED BY ELECTRICITY. Only Electric Truss in the world. Agents wanted in every town. Send for Circular. Dr. W. J. HORNE, Inventor, 191 Wabash Av. Chicago, Ill. Electric Belts guaranteed one year. Best in America.

CHICAGO SCALE CO.

2 TON WAGON SCALE, $40. 3 TON, $50. 4 Ton $60, Beam Box Included. 240 lb. FARMER'S SCALE, $5. The "Little Detective," ¼ oz. to 25 lb. $3. 300 OTHER SIZES. Reduced PRICE LIST FREE.

FORGES, TOOLS, &c.

BEST FORGE MADE FOR LIGHT WORK, $10. 40 lb. Anvil and Kit of Tools, $10. Farmers save time and money doing odd jobs. Blowers, Anvils, Vices & Other Articles AT LOWEST PRICES, WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Reliable information concerning its soil, climate resources, advantages, vacant lands, business locations, etc., furnished on receipt of your address and $1. Pratt & Markham, Box 16, Spokane Falls, W. T.

WANTED—Experienced Book and Bible Agents in every County. Liberal Salaries Paid. Address, stating experience, P. O. Box g. g., Chicago. Ill.

PATENTS NO PATENT, NO PAY. R. S. & A. P. LACEY, Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. Full instructions and hand-book on PATENTS SENT FREE.

WHITE BEAVERS COUGH CREAM heales diseased lungs. Dr. Frank Powell, La Crosse, Wis.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Me.

$5 TO $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

ALLEN'S Lung Balsam!

A GOOD FAMILY REMEDY!

—THAT WILL CURE—

Coughs, Colds, Croup,

CONSUMPTION

Dr. Meredith, Dentist, of Cincinnati, was thought to be in the last stages of Consumption, and was induced by his friends to try Allen's Lung Balsam after the formula was shown him. We have his letter that it at once cured his cough and that he was able to resume his practice.

Jeremiah Wright, of Marion County, W. Va., writes us that his wife had Pulmonary Consumption and was pronounced incurable by their physician, when the use of Allen's Lung Balsam entirely cured her. He writes that he and his neighbors think it the best medicine in the world.

Wm. C. Digges, Merchant, of Bowling Green, Va., writes April 4, 1881, that he wants us to know that the Lung Balsam has cured his mother of Consumption, after the physician had given her up as incurable. He says others knowing her case have taken the Balsam and been cured. He thinks all so afflicted should give it a trial.

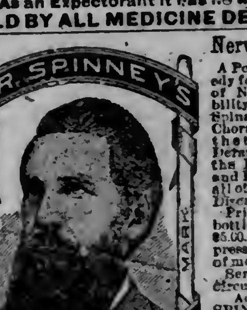
Wm. A. Graham & Co., Wholesale Druggists Zanesville, Ohio, write us of the cure of Matthias Freeman, a well-known citizen, who had been afflicted with Bronchitis in its worst form for twelve years. The Lung Balsam cured him as it has cured many others of Bronchitis.

Allen's Lung Balsam

Is harmless to the most delicate child! It contains no Opium in any form! Recommended by Physicians, Ministers and Nurses. In fact by everybody who has given it a good trial. It Never Fails to Bring Relief.

As an Expectorant it has no Equal.

SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS.



DR. SPINNEY'S NERVE TONIC

Nerve Tonic.

A Positive Remedy for all forms of Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, Spinal Affections Chorea, Sympathetic Nervous Derangement of the Heart, Liver and Kidneys, and all other Nervous Diseases.

Price: $1.00 per bottle or 6 for $5.00. Sent by express on receipt of money.

Send stamp for circular.

Address, DR. SPINNEY & CO., 104 South Third St., Minneapolis, Minn. Also for sale by Druggists.

CATARRH Ely's Cream Balm

when applied by the finger into the nostrils will be absorbed, effectually cleansing the head of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membrane of the nasal passages from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores taste and smell. A few applications relieve. A thorough treatment will positively cure. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Price, 50 cents, by mail, or at druggists.

HAY-FEVER

ELY BROTHERS, Owego, N. Y.

ABSOLUTELY THE BEST. WILSON'S LIGHTNING SEWER!

Two thousand stitches a minute. The only absolutely first-class Sewing Machine in the world. Sent on trial. Warranted 5 years. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Circulars. Agents Wanted. THE WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO., Chicago or New York.

AN OPTICAL WONDER For pleasure and business.

A NEW, original, cheap lantern, for projecting and enlarging photographs, chromo cards, opaque pictures and objects. Works like magic, and delights and mystifies everybody. Send for our full and free descriptive circular. MURRAY HILL PUB. Co., Box 788, N. Y. City, N. Y.

YOUNG MEN learn TELEGRAPHY here and we will give you a situation. Circulars free. VALENTINE BROS., Janesville, Wis.

The EDSON ELECTRIC ... velope the FOOT and ANKLE ... fect form, supports and st... the limbs, adds marvellous gr... elasticity to the step.

Edsons' Electric Garter.

It gives great ease and comfort in walking, riding or dancing, maintains and excites healthful circulation, dispels gout, rheumatism and neuralgic pains, subdues all cramps and stiffness of ankle, relieves bloated limbs and feet.

This matchless invention wholly supersedes every other form of Garter for Ladies, Gentlemen or Children's wear. They are worn with all the comfort of the best known garters, and are NOT MORE EXPENSIVE.

PRICE, In Finest Silk Webbing (usual colors), Stud and Buckle Clasp, 12, 13, 15 inch, $1.50; 17 inch, $2.00 per pair. Mailed to any address on receipt of money. Send for circular.

LONDON ELECTRIC FABRIC CO., 81 Beekman Street, New York.

SAMARITAN NEVER FAILS. NERVINE

"You claim too much for SAMARITAN NERVINE," says a skeptic. "How can one medicine be a specific for Epilepsy, Dyspepsia, Alcoholism, Opium Eating, Rheumatism, Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, and fifty other complaints?" We claim it a specific, simply, because the virus of all diseases arises from the blood. Its Nervine, Resolvent, Alterative and Laxative properties meet all the conditions herein referred to. It's known world wide as

THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR

It quiets and composes the patient—not by the introduction of opiates and drastic cathartics, but by the restoration of activity to the stomach and nervous system, whereby the brain is relieved of morbid fancies, which are created by the causes above referred to.

To Clergymen, Lawyers, Literary men, Merchants, Bankers, Ladies and all those whose sedentary employment causes nervous prostration, irregularities of the blood, stomach, bowels or kidneys or who require a nerve tonic, appetizer or stimulant, SAMARITAN NERVINE is invaluable. Thousands proclaim it the most wonderful invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system. $1.50. Sold by all Druggists. (14)

For testimonials and circulars send stamp.

THE DR. S. A. RICHMOND MED. CO., PROP'RS., ST. JOSEPH, MO.

Beware.

Of the continued use of mercury and potash for the treatment of Blood and Skin diseases—they never cure, and nearly always injure or totally ruin the general health.

A WELL-KNOWN DRUGGIST.

I have seen a great many cases cured with Swift's Specific — some who have tried all sorts of treatment. In fact, I have never known it to fail when taken properly. I sell a large quantity of it, and for all diseases that are dependent on blood poison or skin humor. It cures

PIMPLES AND BLOTCHES ON THE SKIN.

and makes the complexion fair and rosy. As for blood taint, there is no such word as fail. It cures cases that have long withstood other sorts of treatment, and without any of those recurring troubles that generally follow mercurial and other so-called cures. T. L. MASSENBURG, Macon, Ga.

Our treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to applicants.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and fastest selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. National Publishing Co., Chicago, Ill.

$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me.

It is a well-known fact that most of the Horse and Cattle Powder sold in this country is worthless; that Sheridan's Condition Powder is absolutely pure and very valuable. Nothing on Earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powder. Dose, one teaspoonful to each pint of food. It will also prevent and cure

MAKE HENS LAY

CHICKEN CHOLERA, Hog Cholera, &c. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Also furnished in large cans, for breeders' use, price $1.00; by mail, $1.20. Circulars sent FREE. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

THE MARVELLOUS WEBBER SINGING DOLL.

A Mechanical Wonder.

Last year we first introduced this CHARMING NOVELTY to the children of America and it is safe to assert that no Toy ever devised attained such immediate popularity; fully aware of its merit we had thousands of Dolls ready for the Holiday trade notwithstanding which the supply was exhausted early in December, and hundreds of children who came to our store were disappointed. We have been accumulating stock for the past nine months and shall endeavor this year to fill all orders the day of receipt. The Doll has been improved in every way since last year. Instead of the old German body as in all imported Dolls our Doll has an AMERICAN MADE BODY with limber joints so that it will sit easily and gracefully in any position. The arm is of Finest Kid with separate fingers. These are positively the finest bodies ever put in a doll, they are of graceful and natural shape, and much better and more expensive made than the best imported bodies which they will out-wear many times. The French and German Heads with long hair are of the best... we can make, made especially for this Doll and they are as beautiful as life, long hair, beautiful eyes and delicately tinted cheeks. We consider them the finest... ever imported into this country, and ... Wonderful Singing Attachment ... ALONE IS WELL WORTH THE ENTIRE PRICE. The SINGING ATTACHMENT is concealed within the body, it is one of the most ingenious inventions of the age. Its shape and location are shown in the right hand engraving. It is a Perfect Musical Instrument, finely made, not liable to get out of order and so arranged that a slight pressure causes the Doll to sing one of the following airs: "Home sweet home," "Greenville," "I want to be an angel," "There is a happy land," "Sweet bye and bye," "Bonnie Doon," "How can I leave thee?" "A B C Song," "America," "Thou, thou reignst" (German), "Probe Bottle" (German), "Tell Aunt Rhoda," "Buy a broom," "Yankee Doodle," "Coming thro' the Rye," "God bless the Prince of Wales," "Grandfather's Clock," "Child's Song," "Last Rose of Summer," "Joyful Message" (German), "Old Folks at Home," "Pop Goes the Weasel," "So many Stars" (German), "Sleep my Child" (German), "When I a little bird," "God save the Queen." Walking and talking dolls have long been made, but they are expensive, easily put out of order and do not afford the little ones half the pleasure and entertainment that our Wonderful Singing Doll does; it is the Greatest Novelty in CHILDREN'S TOYS EVER PRODUCED and is the most beautiful and appropriate present that can be made to a child. We can furnish three sizes No. 1, 22 inches high, price $2.75; No. 2, 24 inches high, large head, price $3.25; No. 3, 30 inches high, OUR BEST DOLL, price $4.00. These Prices Include Boxing. All three sizes are equally perfect and complete, but the larger the doll the larger the singing attachment and better head. Sent to any address on receipt of price; Also embroidered Chemise 25 cts. extra. THE TRADE SUPPLIED. Address all orders to THE MASSACHUSETTS ORGAN CO., No. 57 Washington Street, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

FINE COSTUMES for these dolls ...

"A PRIMA DONNA IN EVERY HOME."

$102,400.00! THE ENORMOUS AMOUNT OF $102,400.00! ACTUALLY GIVEN AWAY! TO THE CONSUMERS OF SPEAR-HEAD PLUG CHEWING TOBACCO!

THE ARRAY OF GIFTS WE PROPOSE GIVING OUR PATRONS.

1920 Acres of Land in Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas	$28,800 00
12 Weber Style 2 Grand Upright Pianos	9,600 00
12 Elegant Burdett Organs	2,400 00
120 Solid Gold Stem-Winding Watches, Elgin Movement	15,000 00
500 The Wilson No. 3 Oscillating Shuttle Sewing Machines	25,000 00
120 U. S. Government Bonds $50 each	6,000 00
80 Silver Stem-Winding Watches, Springfield Movement	2,800 00
1200 Meerschaum Pipes	4,800 00
2000 Five lb. boxes Spear-Head Tobacco	8,000 00

Total Amount, $102,400 00

To secure the most equal distribution of the gifts we have divided the country into districts. The following articles will be distributed in your district to consumers of "Spear-Head" Plug Chewing Tobacco, on June 1st, 1884:

160 Acres of Land	$2,400 00
1 Weber Style 2 Grand Upright Piano	800 00
1 Elegant Burdett Organ	200 00
10 Solid Gold Stem-Winding Watches, Elgin Movement	1,250 00
105 Wilson No. 3 Sewing Machines	5,250 00
10 U. S. Government Bonds $50 each	500 00
20 Silver Stem-Winding Watches, Springfield Movement	700 00
300 Meerschaum Pipes	1,200 00
500 Five lb. Boxes Spear-Head Tobacco	2,000 00

Total Value, - $14,300 00

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION.

To the consumer sending to our address the greatest number of "Spear-head" Tags, will be given a Deed for the 160 acres of Land. To the next, a Weber Style 2 Grand Upright Piano, and to the next, an Elegant Burdett Organ. Then to the ten next greatest number of Tags, a Gold Watch each, and so on, until the 945 Gifts are all distributed. Save the Spear-head Tags and return to us from May 15 to June 1, 1884, and get your present.

P. J. SORG & CO., Middletown, Ohio.

Chew SPEAR-HEAD and Get a Farm!

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

25 100

NEVER BEFORE SEEN IN THIS COUNTRY. ONLY A SMALL QUANTITY OFFERED.

London Colored Christmas and New Year's Cards.

Size, seven inches long, four inches wide 10c each, three for 25c. Sold in England for double the money. Mailed, postage free, on receipt of price. UTILE DULCE PUBLISHING CO. P. O. Box 2,354, New York.

The BUYERS' GUIDE is issued March and Sept., each year: 216 pages, 8½ x 11½ inches, with over 3,300 illustrations—a whole picture gallery. Gives wholesale prices direct to consumers on all goods for personal or family use. Tells how to order, and gives exact cost of everything you use, eat, drink, wear, or have fun with. These invaluable books contain information gleaned from the markets of the world. We will mail a copy Free to any address upon receipt of the postage—7 cents. Let us hear from you. Respectfully,

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO. 227 & 229 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

FUR London and Leipzic Agency—Raw Furs wanted. A. MOSER, Manager. 18 Jackson street, Saint Paul, Minn.

When writing to advertisers please say you saw their advertisement in this paper.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

[illegible] House!

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

Jno. Beierstettel.

This old and well known Hotel has been entirely refitted, and now offers the best of accommodation to the traveling public.

Good Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen.

The Best of LIQUORS, WINES & CIGARS kept at the Bar.

Fresh Beer always on tap.

Charges Reasonable.

STABLE ATTACHED.)

Marble Shop.

St. HUBERT CHANHASSEN.

The undersigned has opened a new marble shop, in St. Hubert, Chanhassen, and is ready to furnish Monuments, head stones and marble work of all kind, and will guarantee all of his work as to quality and workmanship, and prices [illegible].

WORK SOLICITED.

PETER PETERSEN, Propr.

S. BESEMANN. ANTON TIETZ.

BESEMANN & TIETZ.

Billiard Hall!

CHASKA, MINN.

We have just fitted up one of the neatest SALOONS AND BILLIARD HALLS In Chaska, and will keep constantly on hand the best of Liquors, Wines and Cigars.

Also Fresh Beer on tap every morning.

FREE LUNCH EVERY MORNING.

GIVE US A CALL.

"OLD RELIABLE"

CHASKA

Insurance Agency.

JOSEPH FRANKEN, Ag't.

Agent for all of the leading

FIRE, LIFE & HAIL

Insurance Companies.

Policies issued at home, and Losses promptly paid.

For full particulars inquire at the DRUG STORE, Chaska.

DR. P. F. SHILLOCK,

Deutscher Arzt,

Office in Herald Block Chaska, Minn. Office hours 9—11 a. m. & 2—4 p. m.

CHASKA ONE PRICE

Boot & Shoe STORE by G. H. Schroers,

CHASKA, MINN.

All goods warranted to be A No. 1. Cheap for Cash.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER. Repairing done cheap to customers.

NEW

FURNITURE STORE

Burkhart Bros.

Opposite Goodrich's 99 cent store.

CHASKA. - MINNESOTA.

Wool, Hair and Husk Mattresses, Wool Pillows, &c. &c.

Repairing promptly attended to. All work warranted, and charges reasonable.

BURKHART BROS.

New Store! New Goods!! New Prices!!!

NEW BOOTS & SHOES STORE. BY FRANK EISELE

Chaska - - - Minn.

I have just received and opened a large stock of boots, shoes, rubbers, rubber boots, slippers &c.

All goods warranted No. 1 in quality and will be sold very CHEAP FOR CASH!

Store opposite Chs. Eders' saloon.

John Stoerkens.

Cologne, - Minn.

Boot and Shoe Maker.

Repairing neatly and promptly done.

VALLEY HERALD.

R. R. Time Table

Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R.

SOUTH		NORTH	
Passenger	8:33 a. m.	Passenger	7:50 p. m.
do	4.12 p. m.	do	1?:23 a. m.
do	7:50 p. m.	do	6:00 a. m.
do	7:33 a. m.	do	10:13 a. m.
do	9:28 a. m.	do	5:39 p. m.
do	5:59 p. m.	do	9:30 p. m.

H. D. WEAVER, Agt.

C. M. & St. P. R'y, H. & D. Div.

TIME TABLE NO. 5.

EAST.		WEST.	
Mixed	5:55 a. m.	Passenger	9:35 a. m
Passenger	4:35 p. m.	Mixed	8:00 p. m

The above Trains connect at Cologne with main line Passenger Trains.

FRED GREINER, Jr. Agent

HOME AND COUNTY NEWS.

Snow.

Beautiful Snow.

Stormy last Friday.

Rabbit hunters are busy.

Hard wood wanted at Seegers.

Come to Chaska for your Holiday goods.

Sale of boots & shoes & arctics continues at cost at Seegers.

Last Saturday was a Catholic Holiday.

Chaska was crowded with people from the country last Saturday.

Large line of dress goods in all colors and grades at Seegers cheap.

Wood buying will soon commence with our brick yards.

Our sister city Shakopee, have a bran new fire company.

We had a slight fall of snow on Friday, followed by cold weather.

5 cents above market price for wheat in trade for goods at Seegers.

We will get a new roller by the first of the new year, which will improve the appearance of our paper.

Cotton, linen and silk hdkfs, suitable for Christmas presents almost given away at Fred W. Eder.

Our "night Watch" has to wear his "winter over coat" these nights.

Henry Ehrmanntraut, will call on town subscribers this and next week. Be ready to pay.

You can buy a nice Dolman, fur trimmed for $5,00 at Fred W. Eders Store.

If you wish to buy for cash call at F. W. Eders store and get close prices.

We must have a few dollars of money for the Holidays. So pay up your subscription.

Look over this weeks issue, and see who has Holiday goods for sale and call on them for your supply.

The next meeting of the County Commissioners will be on the first of January, New Year.

Deeds cannot be put upon record now without payment of taxes, as they become due December 1st.

Buy your mens Buckle Arctics now at $1.50 a pair at Fred W. Eder.

Carl Silz, of Waconia, an old friend of "ye editor" called in to see us last week, while in town on business.

I shall close out my entire stock of clothing & over coats at greatly reduced prices for cash only. Remember. Fred W. Eder.

John Dols is building a barn for Leonard Jaspers, who resides below Shakopee in Scott county. Our mechanics are in demand beyond our local limits.

Fred W. Eder, comes out with a "big add" in this issue. Fred means what he says, so if you wish "big bargains" call on him.

Just call at Fred W. Eders Store and see his immense assortment of Holiday goods and the low prices he sells them at.

John Arndt, returned from the hot springs last week, in very feeble health. In fact the "hot baths" were to much for him and he was obliged to return.

Station Agt. Weaver, of the Minneapolis Road, returned last Monday week, from a trip to Nebraska. It is said he traveled part of the distance on foot.

The Kuegler Bros., have opened a new feed store in the brick building east of the Merchants Hotel, where Rudolph Bros., kept their feed store.

Miss. Krayenbuhl, has resigned her position as teacher in our public school, to take effect January 1st and it has been accepted and Mrs E. L. Stoughton, elected to fill the place.

On account of the sickness of Miss Con. DuToit, there was no school in the intermediate department of our public school last Monday.

The Jordan Fire Department publish a card of thanks in their local paper, extending their hearty thanks to the Chaska Department for attending the parade and ball in their village on Thanksgiving afternoon and evening.

Barley! Barley!! Barley!!!

Highest market price paid for barley in cash or trade at B. Youngs store.

Fire Department Election.

The Fire Department at their regular monthly meeting in January. Saturday the 12th, will have to elect officers for the next year. The Department is now fully organized and in good working order and can be kept so with very little exertion.

Chief Engineer F. E. DuToit, positively declines a re-election and the department will have to fill his place; some others of the old officers decline a re-election. The matter should be thoroughly canvassed and a competent set of officers elected so as to keep the department "ready for any emergency."

Our Public Schools.

According to the statistics of State Supt. Kiehle, relating to the public schools of the state, we find that Carver County has 2,848 scholars entitled to apportionment money, and 164 not entitled to the same the daily average school attendance is placed at 1,018.

The report may be correct but we believe the number of scholars not entitled to apportionment much greater than given. However, it will do for reference.

Catholic Seminary Fund,

The different Catholic Congregations of this County collected the following seminary fund, during the year 1883, and reported the same to the Bishop. We take the report from the WANDERER, viz:

Chaska,	$61,20.
Waconia,	$40,00.
Watertown,	$38,85.
Benton,	$53,00.
Norwood,	$24,00.
Laketown, Victoria,	$24,30.
St Hubert. Chanhassen	$17,95.
Carver,	$17,46.
Assumption, Hancock,	$17,75.
Total	$294,21.

Saw Mill In Benton,

William Damschen, started up his saw mill at Henry Prohl's farm in Benton, on last Monday, and will keep it running as long as the people of that vicinity will furnish him timber to saw. He has a first class engine and saw and cuts lumber in first class style. The second setting will be at Lewis Heyers, in the same town.

An Appeal Taken.

William Rolf and Mike Muller, have taken an appeal from the action of the County Commissioners laying out a road over their lands, known as the "Bachmann Road." The commissioners only allowed them $1. per acre, while they allowed some of the others $50. per acre. From what we learn they are perfectly right in appealing.

New Stable & Livery,

Adam Moerbecker, of Cologne, has built an addition to his Stable and is now ready to accommodate the traveling public in a handsome manner. He has also a livery team in connection with his Hotel, and is ready to meet the wants of his customers. For good hotel accommodation call on Adam, and you will be satisfied.

Rates of Taxation.

The following are the rates of taxation in this county for the year 1883, town, school district and villages are to be added. This is for the County and State tax only viz:

State tax	1,80 Mills.
Common School	1,00 "
County Revenue	4,00 "

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to me will please settle at once as I am going out of business.

MRS. H. YOUNG.

Money To Loan.

The "Carver County Bank" Chaska, and "Farmer's Bank" Waconia, have each $50.000 at their disposal to place on farm lands in this County at low rates of interest and on long time.

Dwelling For Rent.

Also one good room suitable for business. Inquire of JOHN BEIERSTETTEL.

For Sale.

I offer 160 acres of land for sale in section 8—Hollywood town on easy terms. Geo. A. DuToit Chaska.

For Sale.

The undersigned has a large supply of medicated food, for sale, for the improvement of the condition of horses and cattle. One trial will convince you of its value. For sale by. Dr. Chas. May.

Notice to Debtors.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned, Peter Campbell, on store account or otherwise, will save themselves cost of collection by law, by calling and settling up at once.

Watertown, Nov. 22d 1883.

PETER CAMPBELL.

Death of Peter Swanson.

Peter Swanson, the "old and well known Assessor," of San Francisco, died last Tuesday week. He was upwards of 60 years of age, and had lived in this county since the year 1854. Peter was somewhat noted for his odd remarks, but was a kind hearted man, and will be greatly missed by a large circle of friends throughout the county.

Diphtheria & Measles.

That dread disease, diphtheria, has again made its appearance in our midst, attacking the young daughter, Laura, of Joseph Staken, who is attending the Sisters school in this village, and in consequence thereof, the school has been closed during the week, and every care possible taken to prevent its spread.

Measeles have also made their appearance in several families in town but is not attended with fatal consequences thus far. Parents should be careful of their children and see that they are warmly clothed, and properly taken care of when sick.

PERSONAL.—Mike Miller, of Hancock, was in town on business last Saturday.

William Roff, an old friend and prominent farmer of Hancock, was in town on business last Saturday, and made us a pleasant call.

Gust Shrimpf, the efficient mail agent on the H. & D., made us a pleasant call last Monday.

Our old pioneer friend Peter Buttendorf, of Carver, one of the truest friends in the County, made us a plesant call last Saturday.

Edward H. Reusse, of Murray Co., was in town last Friday and Saturday visiting friends. He will also visit friends and relatives in Young America during the next two weeks.

Jacob & Henry Meuwissen, and Lucas Dols, old and prominent citizens of Cologne, paid our village a pleasant visit last Saturday. Call oftener gents.

Farm For Sale.

The undersigned offers his farm consisting of 80 acres, for sale. The farm is situated in Sect. 11, one and a half mile from Cologne, and is under good cultivation with timber & meadow land, and farm residence, stable and granary thereon. Price ½ cash balance on long time. For full particulars call on premises of

HUBERT DOLS.

Bell Consecration.

Thanksgiving morning dawned cloudy, with prospects of rain or snow, but, despite the threatening weather, the Laketown Moravian Church, near John Holtmeiers, was well attended. The School children marched to the church from the school house in a solid body, reminding one of the custom in vogue, in many Moravian Congregations where the children go to church in a body occupy the front seats and are accompained by their teachers who keep them in order The sermon was preached by the Rev. Robert Conrad, of St Paul, a Lutheran Minister, and was a splendid effort. After the sermon the bell consecrated for church purposes, addresses being made by Rev Conrad and Mr. C. Gebhard, of Northfield. A beautiful and impressive consecration prayer was offered up by the former, at the close of which the bell was rung, the congregation standing meanwhile. The love feast, which followed, was one of the old fashioned kind, partaken of in the proper spirit and manifesting that spirit of unity without which no church can hope to accomplish much for its Master. May the new bell peal forth its anthems of joy, invitation and warning and may its sad tones be such as shall chasten and lead to submission.

NOTICE

To Whom It May Concern!

The saloon keepers of the county of Carver and the public generally are hereby notified not to sell or give to my son John Fick Jr., any intoxicating liquors of any kind including beer, as he is an habitual drunkard and I will prosecute all violations of this order.

Dated Laketown, Dec 4th 1883.

JOHN FICK.

Farm For Sale.

I offer the Fred Janke farm in this town for sale. This is a good chance for some one who wishes a good piece of land.

HUGO VOLKENANT.

Hides! Hides!!

The highest cash price paid for Hides at the butcher shop of HENRY GEHL, Chaska.

Fresh Oysters!

The undersigned will hereafter keep constantly on hand the best quality of Fresh Oysters by the bulk, and will retail by the pint, quart or gallon, at Minneapolis prices. These Oysters are always fresh and you are sure of getting a good article by calling on

CHARLES GEHL.

Club Dance.

The young folks of this town will hold a club dance on Friday, Dec. 21st, 1883.

That Concert.

The concert given by the Taggart family concert company, of Hutchinson, can hardly be termed a success either musically or financially. The audience was small and the singing medium. They left behind them besides pleasant mementos of their musical ability, several unpaid bills.

Damages Paid.

It will be remembered that the locomotives of the M. & St L. Rail road last fall set fire to the stubble in the field of Mr. Henry Jaspers of this town burning up quite a number of stacks of grain belonging to Mr. Jaspers. The company last week settled with him paying him $575., in full for all damages. A happy settlement.

Silver Wedding.

Peter Lano, the "old pioneer" and well known settler of Chanhassen celebrated his silver wedding last Sunday in the presence of a very large circle of relatives and invited friends. Mr Lano was married 25 years ago, in Chaska, to Miss Tessmann, by Justice of the peace John Groetsch, and two of the witnesses to the interesting event were present on this occasion, Theo. Lano and Jacob Herring.

Mr. and Mrs. Lano, received the congratulations of a large circle of friends present on this happy occasion, also a large number of presents.

The HERALD office also join the throng in wishing the happy couple many more years of wedded happiness.

A Great Rush.

There is a great rush towards the store of Fred W. Eder lately, as he is selling his immense stock of Holiday goods, Clothing and Dolmans at cost.

For full particulars read his "big advertisement" in this issue of the HERALD and call and have it verified.

Augusta.

The electric light is working well.

Hoop-poles are in good demand, and two firms are busily employed in manufacture of hoops.

Look out for the proceedings of the "Acme Debating Club," next week. Fogg Jones had a birth day party

Wild cats are quite plenty in this vicinity, several have been seen of late, by those who are so indiscrete as to ramble through the woods after dark.

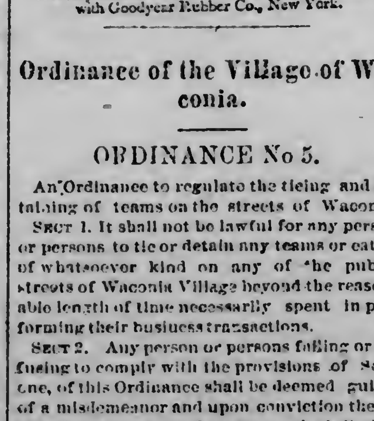
Several hundred farmers attended the meeting of the "Acme Club" last Wednesday.

An innumerable number of young pigs are shedding tears of sorrow, and wondering where their parent have gone, but they have only to inquire of John Pierson, as he is the knowing one.

"Crack-Proof" RUBBER BOOTS

—AND—

LUMBERMEN'S OVERS.



The lines show Pure Rubber Springs, made in the goods, making them crack-proof.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

To Test the Quality of Rubbers.

With your thumb nail pick the edge of the sole. If made of pure rubber, it will be elastic and will not crumble. If shoddy and made of old goods ground up, it will pick off and crumble, and will not wear one half the time that it would if made of pure rubber.

All Rubber Shoes or Boots stamped on the sole or heel with this stamp, are made of pure rubber.

For sale by Boot and Shoe Dealers.

GOODYEAR RUBBER CO.,

372 & 374 E. Water Street, - MILWAUKEE.

The only store in Wisconsin or Minnesota connected with Goodyear Rubber Co., New York.

Ordinance of the Village of Waconia.

ORDINANCE No 5.

An Ordinance to regulate the tieing and detaining of teams on the streets of Waconia.

SECT 1. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to tie or detain any teams or cattle of whatsoever kind on any of the public streets of Waconia Village beyond the reasonable length of time necessarily spent in performing their business transactions.

SECT 2. Any person or persons failing or refusing to comply with the provisions of Sect one, of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof before any court of competent jurisdiction shall pay a fine of one dollar and costs for each and every offence.

SECT 3. It is herewith made the duty of the Constable or constables of this incorporation to see that Sect ONE and TWO of this ordinance shall be strictly enforced: the said Constable or constables shall have all teams and cattle of whatsoever kind found tied or detained contrary to Sect. ONE of this Ordinance brought into some good secure place of shelter and forthwith make complaint to one of the Justices of the Peace, which said Justice shall thereupon fine the accused according to Sect TWO of this Ordinance.

SECT 4. this Ordinance shall be in force from and after its approval and publication

In testimony whereof I have her unto set my hand and caused the seal of the village to be affixed this 24th day of November A. D 1883.

[Seal] Albert Kohler, President.

Attest

A Ed Kaedor, Recordor.

AMERICAN FARMER

FREE

TO ALL OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

All of our subscribers who will pay their subscription accounts to this paper in full to date, and one year in advance, will be presented with one year's subscription to the

"AMERICAN FARMER"

a sixteen page agricultural magazine, published by E. A. K. Hackett, at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and which is rapidly taking rank as one of the leading agricultural publications of the country. It is devoted exclusively to the interests of the Farmer, Stock Breeder, Dairyman, Gardener, and their Household, and every species of industry connected with that great portion of the people of the world, the Farmer. The subscription price is $1 00 per year. Farmers can not well get along without it. It puts new ideas into their minds. It teaches them how to farm with profit to themselves. It makes the home happy, the young folks cheerful, the growler contented, the downcast happy, and the demagogue honest.

JOHN WUDKE

MERCHANT TAILOR,

CHASKA, MINN.

Good fits a specialty. Sample cloth of all kinds always kept on hand.

Shop over Gehl's Butcher Shop.

MEAT MARKET by Charles Gehl

CHASKA, — — MINN.

Always keep on hand Fresh Beef, Pork, Mutton, Corned Beef, Ham, Smoked Sausage, Dried Beef, Lard, &c.

Shop 2nd Street. Jly 19 1y 81.

Minneapolis & St. Louis RAILWAY.

ALBERT LEA ROUTE

NEW AND POPULAR LINE TO

CHICAGO Via ROCK ISLAND.

Through Cars, connecting in Union Depot with trains for all points East.

THE PIONEER & PEERLESS LINE TO

ST. LOUIS

Several miles the shortest; connecting in Grand Union Depot with trains for all points South, Southeast and Southwest.

Des Moines Short line.

The only direct and first-class route between the capital cities of the great States of Minnesota and Iowa.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS

between St. Paul and Minneapolis and Fort Dodge and the extensive coal fields of Iowa.

The only route offering TWO TRAINS DAILY to

Kansas City, Atchison & Leavenworth

Making close connection with trains of the Union Pacific and Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railways.

A full line of tickets to all points in the United States and Canadas on sale at principal ticket offices throughout the Northwest.

For information regarding Rates, Routes, Sleeping-car Berths etc., inquire of nearest Ticket Agent, or of

S. F. BOYD, Gen'l Tkt & Pass Agt. E. RYDER. Supt.

MINNEAPOLIS

SHORT LINE.

The use of the term "Short Line" in connection with the corporate name of a great road, conveys an idea of just what is required by the traveling public—a Short Line, Quick Time and the best of accommodations all of which are furnished by the greatest railway in America.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE, and St. Paul.

It owns and operates over 4,500 miles road in Northern Illinois, Wisconsin Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota, and as its main lines, branches and connections reach all the great business centres of the Northwest and Far West it naturally answers the description of Short Line, and Best Route between.

Chicago, Milwaukee St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Chicago, Milwaukee, La Crosse, and Winona.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Aberdeen and Ellendale.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Eau Claire and Stillwater.

Chicago, Milwaukee Wausau and Merrill.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Beaver Dam and Oshkosh.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Waukesha and Oconomowoc.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison and Prairie du Chien.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Owatonna and Faribault.

Chicago, Beloit, Janesville and Mineral Point.

Chicago, Elgin, Rockford and Dubuque.

Chicago, Clinton, Rock Island, and Ceder Rapids.

Chicago, Council Bluffs and Omaha.

Chicago, Sioux City, Sioux Falls and Yankton.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Mitchel and Chamberlain.

Rock Island, Dubuque, St. Paul and Minneapolis

Davenport' Calmer, St Paul and Minneapolis,

Pullman Sleepers and the Finest Dining Cars in the World are run on the main lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and every attention is paid to passengers by courteous employes of the Company.

S S MERILL, General Manager. A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass & Tkt Agt

J. T. CLARK, Genl Sup't. GEO. H HARTFORD Ass't Gen Pass Agt

CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING CLOTHING

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OERTER & EDER.

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CHASKA - MINN.

Call early and get your Bargains in CLOTHING, as we have made a General reduction on all winter goods.

COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER

BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS BUFFALO COATS

CITY DRUG STORE!

JOSEPH FRANKEN, Prop'r.

Prescriptions a Specialty.

I HAVE A COMPLETE STOCK OF

NON-SECRET AND PATENT MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Toilet Goods, Books, Stationery, Notions Liquors and Cigars. A full line of

Homeoepathic Tinctures and Pellets.

The largest and best selected stock of

Wall Paper.

A Full Assortment of Glassware.

All orders from the country or surrounding towns solicited and promptly filled.

Just Stop and Think!

Don't you know that one of the best and easiest ways to save your "hard earned wealth" is to buy where you can get the

BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY?

Of course you know it, and in order that you may know that we know you know it, we want to remind you that we are now offering at

VERY LOW PRICES!

One of the Largest and Best Selected Stocks of

Hardware of all Descriptions!

It has ever been your fortune to witness or our fortune to secure.

An examination of our goods and a knowledge of our prices will convince you that we are telling you only the PLAIN, UNVARNISHED TRUTH!

You are respectfully invited to call and test the truth of our remarks.

P. HENK, - Chaska

HERMAN KREUTZIANS,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Farm Machinery,

CHASKA, - MINN.

Also Agent for the Celebrated

Champion Twine Binders,

Champion Reapers & Mowers,

Constantly keep on hand a full line of repairs for all machinery I have for sale. I also keep on hand and sell at bottom prices all kinds of first class agricultural implements, from a grub hoe on to a steam threshing machine.

H. J. Kreutzian.

ATTENTION!

Selling at COST for CASH or Grain all winter Goods at

FRED SEEGER.

Take in New Artics	1.35—1 55
" " Women "	1.25—
" " children "	75-1.00
Boots & Shoes felt	1.00—1 50
" " leather	1.00—2.25
Men & Boys Clothing and Over Coats at cost.	

Big BARGAINS in Flannels, Sheeting and Dress Goods. Now is the time to buy cheap. Highest price paid for Wheat, Corn, Oats and Barley in Cash or GOODS. Come early and get the cream of a large Stock.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Weekly Valley Herald.

Vol. XXII.---No. 7. CHASKA, MINN., THURSDAY DECEMBER 20, 1883. WHOLE No. 1099.

F. E. DU TOIT,

PENSION AGENT,

Office in "Herald" Block, Chaska

MERCHANTS HOTEL

J. F. Dilley, Propr.

Chaska, - Minn.

The "Merchants" is now prepared for business. If you want a square meal, and a clean bed stop with me, second door East of "Herald Block."

ŒSTREICH BROS

BRICK and STONE

MASONS,

PLASTERERS, &c.

Chaska, - - Minn.

Will do all work in their line either by contract or by the day, at lowest living rates

TH SARG NT HOUS

—:0:—

This new hotel, will be open for accomodation of travelers

SEPTEMBER. 1. 1880.

It is situated nearly opposite the Court House.

CHASKA, - - MINN.

AUG WEBBER,

SALOON!

Opposite Court House,

CHASKA, - - MINN.

Choice Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Lager Beer.

FREE LUNCH EVERY DAY

CITY

FURNITURE

STORE.

CHEAP FOR CASH!

UNDERTAKING A SPECIALTY

The undersigned has constantly on hand a full line of furniture and undertakers materials, which will be sold cheap for cash. New work and repairing done to order.

JOHN DOLS.

NEW

Livery Stable,

JERRY EHEMAN, Propr.

FASHIONABLE EQUIPAGES FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE.

Will also attend to Auctions in all Parts of the County, at Reasonable Rates.

JERRY EHEMAN,

Chaska, Minn

Office at Washington Hotel

VALLEY

Flouring Mills

J. G. EITEL, Propr

CHASKA, - - MINN.

The undersigned is prepared to do custom work at least all and guarantee satisfaction. Every farmer who brings grist to the mill may be assured that he can have flour from his OWN WHEAT. Farmers wishing to exchange their wheat for flour or feed can be accommodated. A full line of the choicest brands of flour always on hand. Also bran and shorts.

J. G. EITEL

ACKEMANN BROS

Roller Mill,

Young America, - Minn.

Best grades of granulated roller flour as well as Straight Family XXXX Flour shorts, bran and feed always on hand, and for sale or exchanged for wheat. We also grind

Corn, Rye and Buckwheat

On Friday and Saturday of every week

EMPIRE

Billiard Hall

—BY—

Samels & White

CHASKA, MINN.

We would respectfully inform the public that we have lately opened a first-class saloon and billiard hall, and constantly keep on hand a large stock of choice wines, liquors and cigars. The best of beer always on tap. We also sell whiskey by the gallon at the very lowest possible figures

SAMELS & WHITE.

CHASKA

WAGON FACTORY

BY

JOSEPH ESS,

CHASKA, : : MINN.

PLATFORM BUGGIES

THE CHEAPEST & BEST MADE.

Also Agent for the Cortland, New York Buggies.

I have a supply of Lumber Wagons, and Single Wagons on hand of my own make which I will sell as cheap as the cheapest warranted to be first class in every respect.

I am also agent for the celebrated Cortland New York Platform Spring Buggy, just the thing for family use, which I will sell very cheap and warrant.

Shop above Barthel's Saloon.

The Valley Herald.

Published every Thursday by

A. L. and F. E. DU TOIT,

Editors and Publishers.

COUNTY OFFICERS:

Treasurer—Peter Weego.
Auditor—L. Streukens.
Register of Deeds—F. Greiner.
Sheriff—F. E. Du Toit.
Clerk of Court—G. Krayenbuhl.
Attorney—W. C. Odell.
Surveyor—H. Muehlberg.
Judge of Probate—Julius Schaler.
School Superintendent—P. A. N. Vreyens.
Coroner—E. H. Lewis
Court Commissioner—Geo. Mix.
County Commissioners—Robt. Patterson, Chairman. Geo. Kugler, E. B. Harrison, Chas. Arine and Jacob Truwe.

Merry Christmas to all of our readers.

IT is estimated that there are over 50,000 men in Chicago out of employment.

THE Hastings GAZETTE, is one of our best local exchanges, and friend Todd, should have a local list of subscribers way up towards 1500.

THE Hutchinson LEADER has suspended temporarily, in order to collect in delinquent subscribers. Stir them up with a sharp stick, Cal.

WE hope our delinquent subscribers will pay us up promptly. We must have our cash in order to run our business on sound principles. Roll in your cash.

THE Windom crowd will evidently have to take a back seat in Minnesota hereafter. Sabin is "boss" of the machine.

THERE is some talk of an extra session of the legislature; but we don't think Gov. Hubbard, will allow anything of the kind. It is a move in the interest of politicians and should not be countenanced.

THE election of Sabin, of this State as the head of the Republican National Committee, will have the effect of burying "Our William" out of sight and hearing. Such is the fate of great men.

VILLARD, the Railway King, has been forced to resign the presidency of the Oregon & Railway & Navigation company. It is also said that he has lost his grip on the Northern Pacific, and will be forced to throw that up also.

HON D. M. Sabin, the millionaire Senator of Minnesota, has been elected Chairman of the Republican National Committee, and great is the rejoicing thereat among certain class of republicans, who are always looking after the "crumbs" usually found around campaign headquarters.

O'DONNELL, the slayer of Carey, the informer, was hanged in London, Monday morning at 8 o'clock. The U. S. Government asked for a reprieve, but her Majestys government refused to entertain the same. Victor Hugo, also asked the queen to interfere in O'Donnell's behalf, but all without avail. The victim died firm, proclaiming his loyalty to Ireland.

HON W. T. Washburn, of the 4th Congressional District, has declined to stand another term, and several aspirants have come to the front among them Hon Loren Fletcher, speaker of the last House. Mr F., is a shrewd politician, popular, able, and has never yet been defeated, and we look for him to come out ahead in the coming fight.

If we must have a republican, let it be Fletcher.

HENRY Hinds Jr., died at the residence of his parents in Shakopee, last Sunday of typhoid Fever. Deceased was a young man with a promising future before him, and his untimely death has caused universal sorrow in his home, where he was a general favorite. He was editor of the ARGUS until last spring, and was a rising young attorney of the District, and the District Court, in session adjourned last Thursday out of respect to the memory of the deceased and resolutions of respect were passed by the Scott County Bar. He leaves a wife and one child besides his honored parents and a number of brothers and sisters who have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

WACONIA DEPARTMENT.

This weather feels like old times.

Come to the school house on Sunday evening.

Both our churches will celebrate with a christmas tree, and the little folks are happy.

The evening sun-sets for the past week have attracted much attention and have given the superstitious a chance to imagine dreadful things.

The school house in district No. 43 was burned during Friday night it was insured in the St Paul Fire and Marine for $450. The school will be continued in the Methodist church in that district.

We are glad to say that all our young school mams from this village are giving excellent satisfaction.

Our mill shipped another car load of flour to St Paul last week.

Mr A. Kolder has been confined to the house for some days, but at this writing is much improved.

Our hardware firm have had a bonanza on "skates" this winter. So far we have not trusted our 240 avoirdupois on the glittering surface for fear of hurting the ice.

Don't fail to see the public school entertainment on Sunday evening.

Albert Kolder and William Harbesk were in the county seat during the week.

Miss Bertie Smith who has been confined to her bed for the past ten days is slowly recovering.

Mrs M [illegible] has had charge of the public school during the teachers illness.

Mr Theodore Smith of Laketown was visiting his sick sister on Sunday.

Much credit is due to Mrs A. F. Schutz for her kind and motherly care over those who are sick within her house.

If you go to G. A. Heinckes candy store you will see a large variety of beautiful things for Christmas presents.

Everybody wishes for snow and a good sleigh ride.

Kugler Bros. and Kaeler are doing good for our town in buying wood. They have filled several contracts thus far and last week received another order for fifty car loads more. They have been paying $2,50 per cord.

We predict that our coming village election will be a hot one. The wires are being pulled already.

The one hundred dollar saloon license business took our people by surprise but "what can't be cured must be endured."

We must have two Justices of the Peace the coming year. Who wishes to be a candidate.

PERSONAL.—John Ritzer, of Benton, was in town last week on business and made us a pleasant call.

Albert Kolder, merchant of Waconia, was in town on Monday, and dropped in to see us.

Col L. L. Baxter, of Fergus Falls, was in town last Friday calling on his many friends. It seemed like old times to meet the Col.

M. E. Clapp, a prominent attorney of Fergus Falls, was in town last week with Col. Baxter.

SCHOOL REPORT.

The following is the average standing of the advanced scholars in Dis. No 5, Chanhassen, for the month ending Dec. 5th, 1883.

"A" Class.			
C. Maurer,	90	P. Wartmann,	92
D. Eitel.	89		
"B" Class.			
Samuel Maurer	95	Andrew Eitel	92
Adam Eitel	89	Paul Roering	81
Henry Eitel	84	Minnie Laering	78
Gustave Bentler	85	Frank Schnetzler	63
Louis Bentler	63	John Kessler	52
"C" Class.			
Henry Tesmern	81	Minnie Lano	71
Henry Voetman	71	Emma Butler	57

Total enrollment for the month 19
Average attendance for the month 25½
No. of visitors 5
No. cases of tardiness 4
No of minutes lost by tardiness 0
Tardy scholars:
Charles Schoolmaster 13
Harry Schoolmaster 17
John Ramakers 10
Lizzie Ramakers 11

ALBERT LANO.
Teacher.

Subscribe for the VALLEY HERALD.

NEW

FEED STORE

BY

KUGLER BROS.,

CHASKA MINN.,

NEXT DOOR TO MERCHANTS HOTEL

Constantly keep on hand all kinds of feed such as Oats, Corn, Bran & Shorts, Screenings, Oil Meal &c. Also choice brands of flour, bolted corn meal, Buckwheat flour &c. All sold at bottom prices for cash. Give us a call.

KUGLER BROS.

CURES

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.

WACONIA HOUSE.

HENRY LUHAN, Propr.

Keeps on hand good wines, liquors and cigars. Conducted at reasonable rates. Has good stabling for horses.

Meyer & May

DEALERS IN

GENERAL

Merchandise

WACONIA, MINN.

We would respectfully inform the public of Waconia and vicinity that we have now opened our new store well stocked with new goods, finely selected, such as

DryGoods,
Groceries,
Boots & Shoes,
Hats & Caps,
Clocks, Crockery
Glassware, Wooden
& Willow-Ware, etc.

And in fact every article kept in a first class general store.

OUR PRICES

Will be as low as the lowest, and we will guarantee you good goods and fair dealing. Give us a trial, and you will be convinced that you can do better by dealing with us than elsewhere.

MEYER & MAY

LAKE HOUSE,

A. F. SCHUETZ,

WACONIA, MINN.

The best accommodations for Travelers, Fishing Parties and Pleasure Seekers. The hotel is lovely situated on the beautiful Clearwater Lake. Stable and water on the premises

Confectionery Store and

BAKERY

by G. A. Heincke,

WACONIA, MINN.

I would respectfully inform the public that I have opened a bakery and confectionery store at my new place in Waconia, and constantly keep on hand a large stock of confectioneries, bread, cakes and crackers, tobacco and cigars, pipes &c. Lunch at all hours of the day.

G. A. HEINECKE.

Waconia Brewery!

MICH. ZAHLER, Propr.

Waconia, Carver County, Minn.

This brewery has been enlarged and new machinery added to the establishment making it one of the best inland breweries of the state. All orders for beer promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

Give us a trial.

DR. H. R. DIESSNER,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

HOMOEOPATH,

WACONIA, - - MINN

A. EISELEIN

DEALER IN

General Merchandise

WACONIA, MINN.

Goods at St. Paul and Minneapolis prices. Produce taken in exchange for goods at CASH market prices.

CARPENTER

BUILDER & MOVER.

BERNARD RAU, R.,

Waconia, - - Minn.

The undersigned will contract for building new buildings or moving buildings, repairing buildings and in fact all kinds of carpenter work. Charges reasonable.

Julius Eager,

CARPENTER

AND BUILDER,

CHASKA, - - MINN

I will take contracts for all kinds of buildings, and guarantee low prices and first class work. Am also prepared to furnish all kinds of building material.

Plans and specifications furnished on demand. I am also prepared to supply builders with doors, sash and blinds.

JULIUS EAGER

Special Announcement

To The Fubic!

GETREADY FOR THE

JUBILEE!

FRED W. EDER

CHASKA, - - - - MINN.

Will, on Friday December the 14th 1883 Inaugurate a most extraordinary sweeping

REDUCION SAEL!

Of his entire stock comprising upwards of FIFTEEN thousand Dollars of Good, Clean, seasonable and desirabe

MERCHANDISE.

After a brilliant and successful season my every effort will from this on be bent on reducing my stock to the Lowest minium, for immediately after the

HOLIDAYS

I take inventery.

Do not fail to call. We are bound to sell. No respects paid to values.

THE STUFF MUST GO.

SALOON!

Zum Bairischen Hof,

JOHN ETZELL, Prop.,

CHASKA, MINN.

The best of beer, wines, liquors and cigars, always on hand. A good lunch served during the forenoon of every day. My friends are invited to give me a call

JOHN ETZELL

NEW

Furniture Store!

COLOGNE

:0:

Dols & Joreson.

COLOGNE - - MINN.

:0:

Keeps constantly on hand all kinds of

Chairs
Bedsteads
Bureaus
Lounges
Picture Frames
Coffins &c

And will sell them at city prices.

ALSO

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

:0:

Estimates furnished and all work done promptly and satisfactorily.

PETER ILTIS

Wholesale & Retail Dealer in

Wines, Liquors Cigars,

CHASKA, MINN.

I am now prepared to sell to the trade the choicest wines, liquors and cigars at and below St. Paul and Minneapolis prices.

PETER ILTIS.

NATIONAL HOTEL

and

BILLIARDHALL

CHASKA - MINN.

Peter Iltis, Proprietor.

—:0:—

This well known Hotel has recently been entirely re-furnished throughout with new furniture and beds and is now No. 1. in every respect.

THE BAR

Is stocked with the finest imported

Liquors wines and cigars and the coolest and best beer in town constantly kept on draught.

Give me a call and become satisfied that I say is true.

Chaska House,

CHASKA, MINN.

FERD HAMMER PROPR

This house is thoroughly finished, and offers the best accommodations for board

BY THE DAY OR WEEK

And for the Traveling Pub.

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED.

Charges Moderate.

NEW

HARDWARE STORE.

M H MUYRES

DEALER IN

Hardware,

Tinware, Stoves, Farmers and Carpenters' Tools.

Also Agent for Reliable Insurance Companies,

CHASKA, MINN.

THOS. SCHUTZ.

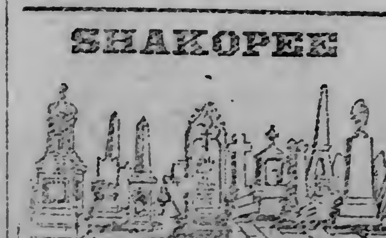
Billiard Hall

The best of Beer Liquors, wines and cigars, constantly kept on hand.

SALOON AT BARTHELS OLD STAND.

Chaska, Minn.

SHAKOPEE



MARBLE WORKS,

AUG. SCHERKENBACH BROS.,

PROPRIETORS.

First bet. Louis & Somerville Sts.

SHAKOPEE, MINN.

Your orders of Marble and Granite Work solicited.

BAZAAR.

The Largest and with the greatest care selected Stock in Solid Gold and Roll Plate Jewelry of any Description, Also the finest selection of Fancy Articles to be Found At

GOTTLIEB EDERS

FANCY TOY STORE

Everybody is Cordially invited to come and convince Themselves, as Showing Goods is no object to us, but we are always ready to please our patrons. Call On

GOTTLIEB EDER.

H. YOUNG's STORE,

IS THE PLACE FOR BARGAINS.

A large line of Notions and Holiday Goods one fourth cheaper than you ever saw them before.

Clothing At Panic Prices.

Do not fail to see our stock and the prices will tell for themselves, big bargains in flannels and dress goods at H. YOUNGS STORE.

NOW IS THE TIME.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Weekly Valley Herald.

Vol. XXII.---No. 7. CHASKA, MINN., THURSDAY DECEMBER 20, 1883. WHOLE No. 1099.

F. E. DU TOIT,

PENSION AGENT,

Office in "Herald" Block, Chaska

MERCHANTS HOTEL

J. F. Dilley, Propr.

Chaska, - Minn.

The "Merchants" is now prepared for business. If you want a square meal, and a clean bed stop with me, second door East of "Herald Block."

ŒSTREICH BROS

BRICK and STONE

MASONS,

PLASTERERS, &c.

Chaska, - Minn.

Will do all work in their line either by contract or by the day, at lowest living rates.

TH SARG NT HOUS

—:0:—

This new hotel, will be open for accomodation of travelers

SEPTEMBER. 1. 1880.

and is situated nearly opposite the Court House.

CHASKA, - - MINN.

AUG WEBBER,

SALOON!

Opposite Court House,

CHASKA, - - MINN.

Choice Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Lager Beer.

FREE LUNCH EVERY DAY

CITY

FURNITURE

STORE.

CHEAP FOR CASH!

UNDERTAKING A SPECIALTY

The undersigned has constantly on hand a full line of furniture and and undertakers materials, which will be sold cheap for cash. New work and repairing done to order.

JOHN DOLS.

NEW

Livery Stable,

JERRY EHEMAN, Propr.

FASHIONABLE EQUIPAGES FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE.

☞ Will also attend to Auctions in all Parts of the County, at Reasonable Rates.

JERRY EHEMAN.

Chaska, Minn

☞ Office at Washington Hotel

VALLEY

Flouring Mills

J. G. EITEL, Propr

CHASKA, - MINN.

The undersigned is prepared to do custom work at his mill and guarantee satisfaction. Every farmer who brings his grist to the mill may be assured that he can have flour from his OWN WHEAT. Farmers wishing to exchange their wheat for flour or feed can be accommodated. A full line of the choicest brands of flour always on hand. Also bran and shorts.

J. G. EITEL

ACKEMANN BROS

Roller Mill,

Young America, - Minn.

Best grades of granulated roller flour as well as Straight Family XXXX Flour shorts, bran and feed always on hand, and for sale or exchanged for wheat. We also grind

Corn, Rye and Buckwheat

On Friday and Saturday of every week

EMPIRE

Billiard Hall

—BY—

Samels & White

CHASKA, MINN.

We would respectfully inform the public that we have lately opened a first-class saloon and billiard hall, and constantly keep on hand a large stock of choice wines, liquors and cigars. The best of beer always on tap. We also sell whiskey by the gallon at the very lowest possible figures

SAMELS & WHITE.

CHASKA

WAGON FACTORY

BY

JOSEPH ESS,

CHASKA, : : MINN.

PLATFORM BUGGIES

THE CHEAPEST & BEST MADE.

Also Agent for the Cortland, New York Buggies.

☞ I have a supply of Lumber Wagons, and Single Wagons on hand of my own make which I will sell as cheap as the cheapest warranted to be first class in every respect

I am also agent for the celebrated Cortland, New York Platform Spring Buggy just the thing for family use, which I will sell very cheap and warrant.

☞ Shop above Barthel's Saloon.

The Valley Herald.

Published every Thursday by

A. L. and F. E. DU TOIT,

Editors and Publishers.

COUNTY OFFICERS:

Treasurer—Peter Weego.
Auditor—L. Streukens.
Register of Deeds—F. Greiner.
Sheriff—F. E. Du Toit.
Clerk of Court—G. Kravenbuhl.
Attorney—W. C. Odell
Surveyor—H. Muehlberg.
Judge of Probate—Julius Schaler.
School Superintendent—P. A. N. Vreyens.
Coroner—E. H. Lewis
Court Commissioner—Geo. Mix.
County Commissioners—Robt. Patterson, Chairman, Geo. Kugler, E E. Harrison, Chas. Arlne and Jacob Truwe.

Merry Christmas to all of our readers.

It is estimated that there are over 50,000 men in Chicago out of employment.

THE Hastings GAZETTE, is one of our best local exchanges, and friend Todd, should have a local list of subscribers way up towards 1500.

THE Hutchinson LEADER has suspended temporarily, in order to collect in delinquent subscribers. Stir them up with a sharp stick, Cal.

WE hope our delinquent subscribers will pay us up promptly. We must have our cash in order to run our business on sound principles. Roll in your cash.

THE Windom crowd will evidently have to take a back seat in Minnesota hereafter. Sabin is "boss" of the machine.

THERE is some talk of an extra session of the legislature; but we don't think Gov Hubbard, will allow anything of the kind. It is a move in the interest of politicians and should not be countenanced.

THE election of Sabin, of this State as the head of the Republican National Committee, will have the effect of burying "Our William" out of sight and hearing. Such is the fate of great men.

VILLARD, the Railway King, has been forced to resign the presidency of the Oregon & Railway & Navigation company. It is also said that he has lost his grip on the Northern Pacific, and will be forced to throw that up also.

HON D. M. SABIN, the millionaire Senator of Minnesota, has been elected Chairman of the Republican National Committee, and great is the rejoicing thereat among certain class of republicans, who are always looking after the "crumbs" usually found around campaign headquarters.

O'DONNELL, the slayer of Carey, the informer, was hanged in London, Monday morning at 8 o,clock. The U. S. Government asked for a reprieve, but her Majestys government refused to entertain the same. victor Hugo, also asked the queen to interfere in O'Donnell's behalf, but all without avail. The victim died firm, proclaiming his loyalty to Ireland.

HON W. T. Washburn, of the 4th Congressional District, has declined to stand another term, and several aspirants have come to the front among them Hon Loren Fletcher, speaker of the last House. Mr F., is a shrewd politician, popular, able, and has never yet been defeated, and we look for him to come out ahead in the coming fight.

If we must have a republican, let it be Fletcher.

HENRY Hinds Jr, died at the residence of his parents in Shakopee, last Sunday of typhoid Fever. Deceased was a young man with a promising future before him, and his untimely death has caused universal sorrow in his home, where he was a general favorite He was editor of the ARGUS until last spring, and was a rising young attorney of the District, and the District Court, in session adjourned last Thursday out of respect to the memory of the deceased and resolutions of respect were passed by the Scott County Bar. He leaves a wife and one child besides his honored parents and a number of brothers and sisters who have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

WACONIA DEPARTMENT.

This weather feels like old times.

Come to the school house on Sunday evening.

Both our churches will celebrate with a christmas tree, and the little folks are happy.

The evening sun-sets for the past week have attracted much attention and have given the superstitious a chance to imagine dreadful things,

The school house in district No. 43 was burned during Friday night it was insured in the St Paul Fire and Marine for $450 The school will be continued in the Methodist church in that district.

We are glad to say that all our young school mams from this village are giving excellent satisfaction.

Our mill shipped another car load of flour to St Paul last week.

Mr A. Kohler has been confined to the house for some days, but at this writing is much improved.

Our hardware firm have had a bonanza on "skates" this winter. So far we have not trusted our 240 avoirdupois on the glittering surface for fear of hurting the ice,

Don't fail to see the public school entertainment on Sunday evening.

Albert Kohler and William Harbesk were in the county seat during the week,

Miss Bertie Smith who has been confined to her bed for the past ten days is slowly recovering.

Mrs Mix has had charge of the public school during the teachers illness.

Mr Theodore Smith of Laketown was visiting his sick sister on Sunday.

Much credit is due to Mrs A. F. Schutz for her kind and motherly care over those who are sick within her house.

If you go to G. A. Heinckes candy store you will see a large variety of beautiful things for Christmas presents.

Everybody wishes for snow and a good sleigh ride.

Kugler Bros, and Kaeder are doing good for our town in buying wood. They have filled several contracts thus far and last week received another order for fifty car loads more. They have been paying $3,50 per cord.

We predict that our coming village election will be a hot one, The wires are being pulled already.

The one hundred dollar saloon license business took our people by surprise but "what can't be cured must be endured."

We must have two Justices of the Peace the coming year. Who wishes to be a candidate.

PERSONAL—John Batz'r, of Benton, was in town last week on business and made us a pleasant call.

Albert Kohler, merchant of Waconia, was in town on Monday, and dropped in to see us.

Col L. L. Baxter, of Fergus Falls, was in town last Friday calling on his many friends. It seemed like old times to meet the Col.

M. E. Clapp, a prominent attorney of Fergus Falls, was in town last week with Col. Baxter.

SCHOOL REPORT.

The following is the average standing of the advanced scholars in Dis. No 35, Chanhassen, for the month ending Dec. 7th, 1883.

"A" Class.

C. Meurer,	90	P. Wartmann,	92
D. Eitel,	89		

"B" Class.

Samuel Meurer	85	Andrew Eitel	92
Adam Eitel	89	Paul Haering	81
Henry Eitel	81	Minnie Haering	78
Gustave Benker	85	Frank Schneider	66
Louis Benker	81	John Kessler	52

"C" Class.

Henry Tesourn	81	Minnie Lano	71
Henry Wartmann	74	Emma Butler	55

Total enrollment for the month 29
Average attendance for the month 25⅞
No. of visitors 5
No. cases of tardiness 4
No of minutes lost by tardiness 40
Tardy scholars:
Charles Schoolmaster 10
Harry Schoolmaster 15
John Ramakers 10
Lizzie Ramakers 10

ALBERT LANO.
Teacher.

Subscribe for the VALLEY HERALD.

NEW

FEED STORE

BY

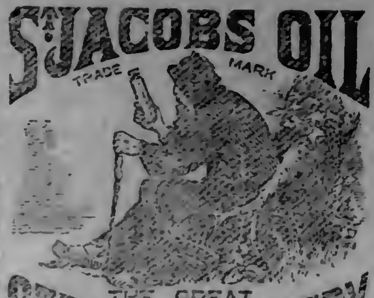
KUGLER BROS.,

CHASKA MINN.,

NEXT DOOR TO MERCHANTS HOTEL

Constantly keep on hand all kinds of feed such as Oats, Corn, Bran & Shorts, Screenings, etc. &c. Also choice brands of flour, bolted corn meal, Buckwheat flour &c all sold at bottom prices for cash. Give us a call.

KUGLER BROS.



CURES

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages. THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO. Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

WACONIA HOUSE.

HENRY LUKAN, Propr.

Keeps on hand good wines, liquors and cigars, Good board at reasonable rates. Has good stabling for horses.

Meyer & May

DEALERS IN

GENERAL

Merchandise

WACONIA, MINN.

We would respectfully inform the public of Waconia and vicinity that we have now opened our new store well stocked with new goods, finely selected, such as

DryGoods,
Groceries,
Boots & Shoes,
Hats & Caps,
Clocks, Crockery
Glassware, Wooden
& Willow-Ware, etc.

And in fact every article kept in a first class general store.

OUR PRICES.

Will be as low as the lowest, and we will guarantee you good goods and fair dealing. Give us a trial, and you will be convinced that you can do better by dealing with us than elsewhere.

MEYER & MAY

LAKE HOUSE,

A. F. SCHUETZ,

WACONIA, MINN.

—:0:—

The best accommodations for Travelers, Fishing Parties and Pleasure Seekers. The hotel is lovely situated on the beautiful Clearwater Lake. Stable and water on the premises

Confectionery Store and

BAKERY

by G. A. Heincke,

WACONIA, MINN.

I would respectfully inform the public that I have opened a bakery and confectionery store at my new place in Waconia, and constantly keep on hand a large stock of confectioneries, bread, cakes and crackers, tobacco and cigars, pipes &c Lunch at all hours of the day.

G. A. HEINCKE.

Waconia Brewery!

MICH. ZAHLER, Propr.

Waconia, Carver County, Minn.

This brewery has been enlarged and new machinery added to the establishment making it one of the best inland breweries of the state. All orders for beer promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

☞ Give us a trial.

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PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

HOMŒOPATH,

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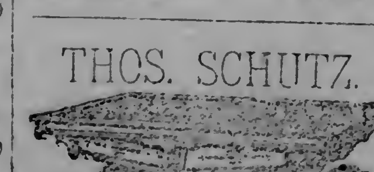

THE MONARCH

Billiard Hall

☞ The best of beer Liquors, wines and cigars, constantly kept on hand.

SALOON AT BARTHELS OLD STAND.

Chaska, Minn.

SHAKOPEE

MARBLE WORKS,

AUG. SCHERKENBACH BROS.,

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INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Valley Herald.
A. L. & F. E. DUTOIT. Publishers.
CHASKA, - - MINNESOTA.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Washington News Notes.

The object of the resolution introduced by Hon. John C. New before the national Republican committee is to put the national convention, and all arrangements and matters pertaining thereto, in the hands of the national committee. There will not be a citizens' committee, as at the last convention, but a committee of five appointed on motion of Mr. New, together with the chairmen and secretaries of the national committee, shall have entire control of the building, the issuing of tickets, and all matters connected with holding the convention.

Secretary Frelinghuysen received on the 13th from Minister Morton, Paris, a copy of the decree repealing that of Feb' 18, 1881, by which the importation of American pork was prohibited in France, together with a copy of a circular of the minister of commerce, addressed to prefects, informing them of the decision taken and simply advising them to see that pork offered to the public is fully cured.

The select attorneys for the star route prosecution are said not to be receiving $100 a day now, but only $5,000 a quarter. Senator Van Wyck is after the official information, however. Desperate efforts are alleged to be in progress to find Walsh, but he appears to be as securely concealed as was Spencer during the months he was receiving mail at Leadville.

Upon the recommendation of the surgeon general of the marine hospital service, the secretary of the treasury has requested the state department to instruct the United States consul general in Egypt to direct subordinates to inspect all rags gathered in Egypt for this country.

R. W. Austin of Tennessee has resigned the position of assistant doorkeeper of the house to accept a special agency in the treasury department.

C. M. Loring of Minneapolis is in Washington. He is on his way to Europe and will embark about the 29th prox.

News of the Railroads.

It is semi-officially stated that President Hill, of the Manitoba, had offered to sell his stock in the St. Paul & Duluth, amounting to between $700,000 and $850,000. Just why Mr. Hill was anxious to sell out could not be ascertained, but it was strongly hinted that the outcome of his withdrawal from the road mentioned would be the building of an independent road from St. Paul to Duluth. The reasons for this belief are that Mr. Hill wants the Manitoba to secure a fair proportion of the Lake Superior business.

The announcement is made of a contemplated through railroad line between New York and Buffalo, by the Lehigh Valley Railroad company. It is regarded by railroad men as a very practicable scheme.

General News Items.

Frank Edwards, a contractor at Agate Bay, came to Duluth on the 5th and remained until the 7th when he left ostensibly for the purpose of visiting the Duluth and Iron Range farm, a short distance from Duluth. Since leaving there nothing seems to have been heard of him and his friends at Agate Bay fear that he must have met with some kind of foul play. When he left the St. Louis hotel it is thought that he had somewhere between $500 and $600.

Minneapolis building statistics for 1883 are published. It is claimed that there have been built within the year 1883, 590 stores and 2,539 houses, besides 91 public and manufacturing buildings involving an aggregate expenditure within the year of $9,-500,150. The work already in hand, but yet unfinished, brings the aggregate up to the total of $12,377,459. Of this amount $2,957,000 remains to be accomplished during the coming season.

The Republican state convention met at Missouri the 14th and called a state convention to be held at Sedalia, April 9, 1884, to select delegates to the National Republican convention at Chicago, nominate an electoral ticket, and elect state committee.

Thomas M. Nichol, the financial expert, got into trouble in Missouri by mixing his private bank account with that of the coal and land company he managed, but has settled all right.

At St. Louis, the H. S. Totten manufacturing company has assigned to Joseph B Greenfield. Liabilities, $75,000, of which $25,000 is secured; assets not stated.

The will of George M. Tibbitts, Troy, leaving $3,000,000, is to be contested by the heirs. It was so worded no one could understand it.

At Ishpeming, Mich., Lesser & Wisolzky, clothiers, have made an assignment. Liabilities $40,000.

New Lisbon, Ohio, has a hairy wild man. Two hunters recently were put to flight by him.

Minnesota has erected 373 new school houses during the year, at a cost of $516,449.

Rock Island Cable picked up $1,000,000 in Wall street on tripartite business.

Buffalo's water shipments of coal this season were $1,237,200.

Wickham & Co., Tioga, Pa., bankers, have failed for $80,000.

Doings of Criminals.

H. R. Stewart, wife and child registered at the Brunswick hotel in Denver, on the 14th inst., and on the 16th Stewart was arrested on a telegram from Pinkerton's agency. Stewart, it appears, is Alfred Digby Howard wanted in Winnipeg for a heavy embezzlement or theft of some kind. When arrested Howard's things were searched, and in the bustle of his wife's dress $15,000 was found. His wife was not supposed to be a party to the theft, and claimed to have no further knowledge of the matter than that her husband gave her the packages of money in Chicago, with instructions to conceal them in the manner stated. Howard has retained counsel to prevent his extradition.

Three years ago a married man living in Oakland, Cal., was arrested, charged with felonious assault on Edith Martin, eight years old, convicted and sentenced to San Quentin prison for fourteen years. Mrs. Martin, mother of the girl, now lying at death's door, confesses that the conviction was the result of a conspiracy between her and a man named Cobb, and that he is absolutely innocent of the crime.

An intoxicated individual in a gallery at the Academy of Music, Chicago, the 11th inst., set up the cry of fire and the large audience surged toward the exit doors. In consequence the manager had the exit on the main floor closed, and by his effort and the help of those on the stage succeeded in reassuring the audience. The galleries emptied without any serious mishaps occurring. The man who raised the disturbance is under arrest.

Reports from Fields' still house on the Cumberland river, Ky., say that last week four men became drunk there and engaged in a fight. W. H. Fields separated them and ordered the party to leave, which they refused to do. Fields then drew a pistol and shot all of them. Matt Knight was killed instantly, Jessie Knight died next day, and Maj. Day and John Jenkins cannot live. Fields escaped.

Charles L. Jefferds, a wealthy manufacturer at Jamestown, N. Y., has been arrested on a charge of arson, Del Clore, also arrested, made affidavit that Jefferds hired hired himself and the other two men to fire the building, which was insured for $19,000, giving them $50 and permission to remove lounges and mattresses before setting fire to the building.

Louis F. List, convicted of murder in the first degree for killing George B. Taylor, and his father, Lewis List, convicted of murder in the second degree as accessory, were sentenced at Wilmington, Del., recently; young List to be hang d March 15 next, and the elder List to pay a fine of $1,000 and be imprisoned the rest of his life.

Alfred B. Howard, who recently absconded from Winnepeg, Man., with $50,000 belonging to Wood & Wells of Milbank, Canada, was arrested at Denver, on the 21st. The entire amount of money was recovered. He was stopping, with his wife and child, at one of the principal hotels, under the name of Stuart.

In the United States Court at Detroit, Mich., recently, Dr. Robert E. Douglass of Stony Creek, Washtenaw county, on the plea of guilty of forging pension papers, was sentenced to the Detroit house of correction for four years.

Eli Frank, the clothing merchant of Rushville, Ill., who was shot by Elsie Block, a rival merchant, on the night of the 29th, is dead. The Blocks, father and son, are both in jail on the charge of murder.

George W. Spoth of Indianapolis swindled his father-in-law out of $55,000, became a frequenter of Chicago negro dives, and has been arrested as a vagrant.

The Casualty Record.

The Standard Theater in New York, caught fire at 7 o'clock on the evening of the 14th inst. When the fire broke out there was no one in the theater but a few stage hands and two young actresses, rehearsing their parts with the prompter. They had no difficulty in escaping. The theater building was valued at $50,000 and scenery and stage properties, $25,000, which are a total loss.

A fire at Halifax, N. S., destroyed the Queen building occupied by the Queen, Guardian and Union insurance offices, K. Gibson, clothier. Graham, Luppen & Bordon, barristers, Spanish consulate and several other offices. Loss, $80,000; insurance, $50,000 Edward O'Connor, clerk aged 56, who slept in the building, was suffocated.

The Red river (Tex.) coast line steamer Alexandria was sunk recently with a cargo of 1,000 bales of cotton and 150 barrels of oil. The boat and cargo will probably be saved. The boat was valued at $12,000 and insured for $8,000.

Platt Bailey of North Salem, N. Y., was knocked down and hurt by one of Gen. Grant's Arabian stallions in possession of U. S. Grant, jr. The latter is sued for damages.

Edward Farrelly of Dovray, Minn., was accidentally killed by his father by throwing a pitchfork onto a load of hay, the tines penetrating the unfortunate boy's back.

Michael Gallsher, a flag man on the Milwaukee road at Minneapolis, was run over and killed.

From the Old World.

The court of appeals, London, in the case of Belt vs. Lawes, decided to order a new trial unless Belt consented that the damages awarded by the court be reduced to £500. It is understood that Belt will accept a reduction. This was the case brought in December, 1882, by Belt a sculptor, against Lawes for libel, in charging that a work the plaintiff claimed as his own was the production of another person.

The British secretary of state for foreign affairs, at a liberal meeting, referred to attacks formerly directed against the government on account of the Alabama claims settlement, and said he believed that convention one of the highest triumphs of diplomacy.

Manteuffel, governor of Alsace—Lorraine has annulled the resolution of the district diet of Upper Alsace, allowing the use of the French language in debates. The ground of the governor's action was that the diet had exceeded its legal powers.

Nearly 100 Gloucester fishermen were lost in the late gales.

The deficit in the Egyptian budget for 1883 is £3,000,000.

Personal Gossip.

Miss Nellie Cooley, aged twenty-two, disappeared from the residence of her relative. Nathan Rutter, one of the most prominent business men of Wilkesbarre, Pa., under circumstances which leave no doubt that she has committed suicide. She is the daughter of De Witt Cooley of St. Paul, Minn., but has lived with the family of Mr. Rutter for many years and has always been regarded almost as one of his own children. Some ten or twelve years ago her mother committed suicide by cutting her throat; and since that tragic occurrence, which made a deep impression upon Miss Cooley, the latter has been subject to fits of despondency

David Buth Dillon, formerly a pawnbroker of Savannah, Ga., died in New York, Oct. 10, leaving an estate of over $1,000,-000. Years ago he became the lover of a handsome mulatto woman and took her to live with him as his wife. In 1854 the legislature of Ga., passed a special act to make his marriage with the woman legal. The millionaire left his property to Virginia Elerich, a New York milliner, who was his mistress, and Rachel Dillon, her children and grandchildren, now contest the will.

Henry Belland of St. Paul, formerly well known as a guide and interpreter, has been arrested by Deputy Sheriff Ege of Minneapolis at the instance of Frank J. Mackey for obtaining $100 under false pretenses—claiming to own a span of horses, which he did not, and offering them for security. He gave bail for his appearance when wanted

John U. Andrews, who led the great riots in New York in July, 1863, died a few days ago and was buried in Cypress Hill cemetery. He was described in the newspapers at the time as having "done more, perhaps, than any other man to fire the passions of the mob."

Emma J. Fearing of Baltimore has applied for divorce, on the ground that after her marriage she discovered her husband was of African descent, and the laws of Maine in which they were married, prohibits miscegenation.

Mrs. Tilton is not in want, as gossip said lately. Her husband gives her $1,200 a year, and her family increases this amount while she earns something by teaching music.

Marshal Field of Chicago purchased a $5,000 bronze and a $3,000 screen in the Japanese department of the Boston exhibition.

Dr. Gibbons, of Lancaster, Pa., an old Quaker abolitionist, is dead. He never saw the inside of a theater or read a novel.

Richard Doyle, the English artist, is dead. He was born in London in 1826, and first attracted attention by designs in Punch.

The body of Gen. Moore, consul at Callao, has been ordered sent home to Decatur, Ill., he died of yellow fever.

Lieut. Danenhower is soon to marry a daughter of ex-Speaker Sloan, of the New York legislature.

Capt. Merry of the United States steamer Tallapoosa was attacked by pneumonia on the 17th after the vessel left Boston.

The father and mother of Mrs. Christiancy say she was hounded to death by blackmailers.

Judge Hare, of the Philadelphia common pleas, declines to have women lawyers in his court.

Lake Superior Terrors in December.

St. Ignace, Mich., Special: Capt. McArthur of the steamer Siberia, arrived here today and tells his experience on Lake Superior in the gale of Dec. 1. The steamer left Duluth on the 29th ultimo with a cargo of 70,000 bushels of wheat consigned to Buffalo. While about forty miles this side of Keweenaw Point on the 1st instant, she was struck by a blinding snow storm. She was headed to the storm for a while until her rudder was carried away, when she broached to and was carried before the storm. The seas were running mountains high. The weather was intensely cold. The Siberia lay in the trough of the sea for twelve hours running Northeast, steering as best they could with an improvised appparatus, during which her cabin and life boats were carried away and her hatches battered in. The next morning the storm moderated and they discovered they were near the Michipocotton islands, in the northern part of the lake. The boat was run in between the islands, where she weathered the storm. The fires were put out several times. The captain and crew got in the fire hold, to keep from freezing to death; and, as it was, several of them had their hands and feet frozen, and the second mate, Robinson, had his arm broken. It is estimated that of her cargo 50 000 bushels are badly damaged. The tug Beck went to the assistance of the Siberia, and towed her to the Sault Ste. Marie, where she will lay up. She is all iced up, and is leaking badly. The captain estimates the loss on the vessel at between $3,000 and $5,000.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Minnesota Butter and Cheese Association—Addresses and Discussions.

The third annual meeting of the Minnesota Butter and Cheese association was held at Austin, Mower county. The attendance was large, and the proceedings during three day's session were of considerable interest to farmers, and especially to dairymen. President C. E. Marvin of Rochester presided.

An address of welcome was made by Rev. E. R. Lathrop of Austin, and a response by C. A. Houston of Iowa, who attended the first Minnesota Dairymen's association at Rochester two years ago. He said: "That part of Iowa which had given attention to stock raising and dairying has exceeded every other part in prosperity, as is seen in the comforts, improvements and conveniences of farm life there. We believe that Southern Minnesota, which lies in the great dairy belt of this grand country, is to be lifted up into great prosperity by more attention to this great interest. In five years more the change from wheat to dairying will be wonderfully apparent."

President Marvin delivered an annual address. He said the growth of this industry during the past few years is marvelous. Single counties in our State that a few years since only made from 50,000 to 100,000 pounds of butter and cheese, annually have increased under its creamery and factory system to 500,000, and in some cases to more than 1,000,000 pounds a year. This has porportionately increased the amount of beef, pork, poultry and eggs produced as these products always increase in the same ratio with butter and cheese. From a reputation of manufacturing only the most common grades of butter and cheese, the product of the Northern dairy has so improved that it is highly complimented and sought after in all the leading markets because of its superior body, texture and flavor.

The solution of the oleomargarine or adulterated product question it seems to me is to produce goods of the highest possible quality and standard; co-operate to make them on the most economical practicable plan; place them on the markets at prices that will guarantee their use by the masses; insist that impure goods shall be sold for what they are, and soon their demand will so diminish that factories must close for want of patronage. To successfully accomplish this the patrons must sustain the manufacturer and be willing that he should realize a fair profit, which will enable him to successfully prosecute his business.

Secretary Rice of Olmsted county made an address in which he spoke of the advantages of paying increased attention to the cow. These are seen in increased thrift, industry, peace, and culture. Olmsted county in four years has doubled her number of cows, also of sheep, and quadrupled her number of hogs; and never, with two exceptions, raised as much wheat as this year. Rochester stores keep hardly any book accounts; $8,000 a month is paid for Olmsted county cream, and three farm mortgages are now paid off where one is put on. Fourteen Olmsted county men have gone to Europe this year to buy stock.

A large volume of statistics were introduced to which brief reference may be made.

The value of this year's butter product in Minnesota, at an average valuation of 30 cents per pound, will exceed $5,300,000, and that of last year was close to $5 000. In 1880 there wasn't a single creamery in the state worthy the name and the one erected at Spring Valley in 1881 was much commented upon. To-day there are seventy sizable creameries or butter factories, and their number is being augmented almost every month. The success of farmers in Northern Iowa, in raising milch cows and selling the product, stimulated interest in the matter in Southern Minnesota and from the Manchester creamery in Iowa, established no longer than 1878, scores have sprung up in both states. The middle and central northern portions of Minnesota are also beginning to follow the example of the more southerly parts, and good judges predict that within the next decade the value of the annual fairy product in Minnesota will exceed ten millions of dollars. The methods employed have been described frequently. A creamery is built in a town or small city in the center of a good grazing country. Farmers with milch cows are supplied with cans of such diameter that an inch of cream therein will make a pound of butter, and are paid by the inch, the price ranging from nineteen to twenty-five cents, though the latter is unusual and regarded very high. The farmers generally acknowledge that they receive more for the cream when sold in this way than they could make if they manufactured it into butter and then sold it. The creameries have wagons and regular routes from which the cream is gathered as often as needed. Few of the farmers have any large herds, the object being to make the dairy interest an adjunct to the regular agricultural pursuits. The steers were raised for beef and enough of the heifers are kept to insure a large enough herd to make the business pay. As the creameries leave the milk on the farms the calves don't have to be killed as formerly and a usual adjunct of the cattle herd is a drove of hogs, to whom the surplus milk is given. Both hogs and cattle require corn for fattening purposes, and it is estimated that in Fillmore the largest dairying county in the state, 65,000 acres were planted in corn last year, as against 57,000 acres in 1882, the latter acreage being largely in excess of that of former years. The creameries do not furnish butter for home consumption, but send their product to the east, or to large home cities like St. Paul and Minneapolis. The making of cheese does not meet with much favor, and the amount manufactured in the state in 1882 was but 247,186 pounds. Cheese factories take all the milk, leaving nothing for fattening calves and hogs.

From advance sheets of Commissioner Mclures' statistics for 1883 it appears that there were 247 000, cows in the state of Minnesota in 1883 butter made in 1882, amounted to 17,736,788.

The number of pounds of butter for 1883 is not given or estimated, but at 71 8 10 pounds to the cow, the yield of 1882, the product for the present year will reach 17,-747,954, or more than 600,000 in excess of the product of 1882. Coupled with the above table is a column in which it is stated that there are thirty-three cheese factories in the state,

With the growth of the dairy interest came the interesting query "What is the most profitable breed of cattle for Minnesota's uses?" The question has not been fully settled, since the years of trial have as yet been so few. Many farmers have spent large sums for pure bred bulls, and the improvement in quality is one of the most notable outgrowths of the last few years. Shorthorns, Holsteins, Polled Angus and Jerseys have been brought in, and at the Mankato convention last year Messrs. McGlincy of Minnesota and Curtis of New York were unqualified in their advocacy of the Jerseys as cream givers. They might have quoted the remark of a Pennsylvania owner of a small-framed breed, who averred "You can pick up your Jersey cow and carry her when you want her, but set her down and milk her and it will tire you to carry away the cream." The Polled Angus, with large frames and sturdy constitutions, are regarded highly as beef cattle, and Shorthorns, Holsteins and other breeds have their warm advocates, the predilections of the owners probably governing their judgment to some extent.

The first paper read was on Creameries and Their Object, by F. A. Richardson of Austin. He said:

These are varied and many.

First—It is to make better butter larger in quantity and more uniform in quality. In proof of this we simply refer to the daily market quotations. Our whole attention is paid to this one branch of industry. New plans and methods are tried constantly. We watch our cream and churn it at the right time. We gain a uniformity and a quantity that 200 or 300 patrons guessing at the condition of the cream cannot reach.

Second—In the wake of better butter comes a better breed of cattle. A farmer is no longer satisfied to milk a cow that does not yield a good flow of reasonably rich milk. The farmers are culling over their herds so as to get larger results from the same number of cows.

Third—The creamery system allows the farmer to keep more stock as the home labor is lightened; can take better care of them, bestow better treatment on them. A patron of a creamery finds out that kindness to his cows pays at the cream gauge.

Fourth—It educates the patrons how and where to set their milk to get the best results.

Fifth—It furnishes the patrons with a market at their own door and pays him his cash, and all the hard labor of making butter is removed.

Sixth—A creamery assists dairyman who are not its patrons by moving out of their market large quantities of butter which would otherwise be in direct compelition with their business.

Seventh—It enables the farmers to raise his calves, swine and poultry in good condition.

Eighth—It brings character, reputation and wealth to the community where they are established. We quote Olmsted county in illustration. Minnesota is the best diary state in the Union, and we need fear no market competition for our creamery products.

An interesting discussion was brought out by this paper, regarding the practical work of gathering cream.

In regard to the handling of milk Mr. B. F. Holmes on this subject said:

First—Select good cow, kind, yellow-skinned, quiet.

Second—Give good, warm stable.

Third—Give her all she can eat and digest. Put in stable summer and winter alike.

Fourth—Milk quickly and strain at once; and set apart from anything that can impart bad odors. Set in deep cans; skim in about twenty-four hours, and stir the whole every time you put cream into the cream tank. He went on to show very vividly the striking contrast between the careless, ignorant dairy farmer without plan or judgment, and the improved dairy farmer who takes due care of every point of his herd, and of his milk and cream. He said 64 to 66 deg. in winter. and 56 to 58 deg. in summer is the proper temperature for churning.

A paper was read by O. C. Gregg of Marshall, How to Make Farming in Minnesota Successful. He said:

The style of farming in this section of Minnesota for the past ten years has not proved it a paying business. Mortgages are stacked up in every county and great prosperity is not apparent. Successful farming is not connected exclusively with grain raising. It must include stock raising. Wheat raising, if successful, must in the future mean to take cheap wheat to the world's market. Our experience in wheat raising is not promising for this section. But Minnesota is the very first as an oat state, second as a rye state, third as a corn state, and in the highest place we must put the production of grasses. Blue grass, timothy and clover are perfectly adapted here. Acre for acre we cannot be beaten in these. We have been striving to raise the most difficult crop, and disregarding those more natural and most profitable.

On the management of creameries C. D. Vernon of Mankato, said:

Successful management, in order to obtain the best results, involves the best means and skill in the manufacture of butter; good financiering, and retaining the highest degree of confidence and good will among patrons.

H. A. Holmes of Chatfield followed on the same subject:

First, must be co-operation of the creamery men with each other. Farmers are coming to recognize the creameries as their best helpers. The difference in weather and station makes a difference in the quantity of butter obtained. Forty-eight to 55 deg. is the proper temperature for raising cream. Ice should not be used in raising cream.

The last point was disputed by Secretary Rice, Mr. Huston and Col. Littler.

Mr. A. P. McKinstry read a paper on the best methods of testing cream. He said, two methods are known to me, which have the past year met with success: First, the test-tube plan; second, the Schoch & Balender system. The tube system gives only a solid inch of cream, without reference to its value as a butter maker.

The Schoch & Balender plan consists in taking a half inch (56½ cubic inches) of each patron's cream, churning and weighing the butter, by itself, thus determining the exact amount of butter he should be paid for. The butter in the cream is in fact what is purchased. The test is, of course, made at the creamery. Any one can make it at home by taking a two-quart fruit jar and putting in a quart of cream and shaking it by hand until the butter comes.

Rev. E. Miller, D. D., pastor of the First Methodist church of St. Paul, gave an address on Mental Culture and Agriculture. An address was made by Col. R. M. Little, so many times re-elected secretary of the National Butter, Cheese and Egg association. His subject was the Importance of Our Dairy Interests. One speaker says: "The cow is the best mortgage lifter in the world." Another said; "There is such a thing as a dairy belt, just as much as there is a No. 1 hard wheat belt, and we are right in the midst of it."

Thursday morning after an inspection of the dairy fair, the association listened to the lecture of Dr. Grange on health of animals. He took up first the cause of abortion, naming among these:

Very cold water in later season before parturition. Frosted food, especially roots. impure water. Excessive muscular exertion and excitement. Animals threatened with abortion should be kept quiet. Sedatives should be administered, such as tincture of laudanum or chloral hydrate, and kept in a carefully ventilated room. If the mother is properly cared for, milking should be stopped six months before the birth of the calf; should be carefully fed, but not made too fat; allowed plenty of outdoor exercise; no surgical operations. After calving, mother kept in a comfortable place for a few days. The calf as soon as born should be attended to. Membranes removed from nose, etc.

Col. Littler has used for eighteen years one pint of wheat flour scalded to a paste for the successful bringing away of the afterbirth. Garget is inflammation of the udder, often accompanying parturition of deep milkers, all quarters or one being affected—result of over-supply of milk. Sometimes result of bad milking. Gland hard, hot and red. Two forms of treatment, constitutional and local. First consists in removing constipation with epsom salts, etc., then give diuretics like saltpetre. Local treatment consists of application of hot water to cause fermentation, or poultice of spent hops, which retain heat and moisture a long time.

There was a discussion on the Schoch & Bolender system of testing cream. A. P. McKinsley and C. A. Houston advocated it, and believed that this would in time prevail. This method is fair to both buyer and producer. A certain quantity of cream does not represent a certain quantity of butter. C. A. Houston then discussed the importance of brand reputation:

Brands in connection with any other good article are very valuable and important. A certain brand of flour sells for twenty-five cents more in Cedar Rapids than any other. The same fact is true of the dairy. Elgin creamery butter established our market price. If any creamery will produce a uniform grade of first-class product, its brand will add to the value, and establish and maintain a reputation.

Col. Littler spoke of the criminality of using another's brand without permission. A law should be on every statute book making the false use of brands a penal offense. E. D. Potter, a Minneapolis dealer, spoke of the producer keeping the products up to the brand. Never use your brand on interior articles. A vigorous discussion next following on butter or cheese, in which Lawrence Dignam, Lansing, said that—

Farmers did not receive a dollar a hundred for their milk by selling to creameries. The cheese factory pays this. He gets his calves well started before cheese manufacturing commences. There is too wide a difference between the price paid for cream and the market price of creamery butter.

President Marvin, who manufactures about one half of the cheese produced in Minnesota, said:

The average paid for cream in Olmstead county was 18 cents last summer. One hundred pounds of milk makes four inches of cream. Add the values of skim milk for calves and pigs and saving of time. Butter is a necessity. Not one in six eats cheese. Butter making is not liable to be overdone as is cheesemaking. In thinly settled counties butter is the most profitable. The overproduction of cheese is easy and reduces the market. The price should be fixed for both cheese and butter when either pays best.

C. A. Houston believed in cheese factories and in creameries, too. His factories are fixed up to make both butter and cheese. In June and July they make butter, and let the calves have the skim milk. The rest of the season they turn to cheese. A spirited discussion followed. The general sentiment was that both were profitable in their place.

The committee on change of name recommended a change to Minnesota butter Butter Cheese and Dairy association. Adopted.

The committee on premiums awarded: On Creamery Butter—First premium, F. D. Holmes, Owatonna; second, Marvin & Cammack. The Austin creamery made no entries. Dairy Butter—First premium, S. N. Frisbee; second, A. P. McBride; third, N. J. Leavitt. Roll Butter—First premium, D. B. Vaugh; second, E. P. Spooner. Granulated Butter—First premium. Marvin & Cammack; second, F. D. Holmes. Sweepstakes on Butter—First, F. D. Holmes; second Marvin & Cammack. On Cheese—First, C. P. Williams; second Marvin & Cammack. On Dairy Utensils—First, S. D. Cherry, cream gatherers; second, Oval Churn company.

In the test made with the Goshen oval churn before the committee, six inches of cream used, temperature 62 deg., churning accomplished in eighteen minutes, producing six pounds of very fine butter.

The committee on nominations for next year reported:

C. E. Marvin, President; O. C. Gregg, vice president; W. C. Rice, secretary and treasurer.

Mr. Marvin positively declined. The committee substituted the name of Col. C. G. Edwards of Spring Valley for president. Adopted as thus amended.

The committee on location reported Austin for the place of meeting next year of this association.

The following is a complete list of the entries in the dairy fair in connection with the association. Entries closed on the night of the 19th inst:

Class A—Creamery Butter—Marvin & Commack, Rochester; F. D. Holmes, Owatonna.

Class B—Dairy Butter—J. S. Decker, Austin; A. P. McBride, Lansing; H. Peck, Austin; D. Bero Lansing; William Richards, Austin; S. D. Brockway, Rochester; S. E. Spooner, Windom; F. Conont, Udolpho; M. Teeter, Lansing; D. Gates, Austin; S. N. Frisbie, Oakland; F. P. McBride, T. F. Goslee, London; R. H. Dinsmoor, Austin; N. J. Leavitt, Waseca.

Class C—Sweepstakes—Includes all entries.

Class D—Roll Butter—H. Lyon, Lansing; H. Peck, Austin; S. N. Frisbie, Oakland; H. P. Chapin, Austin; F. Conant, Udolphe; S. E. Spooner, Windom; D. B. Vaugn. Lansing; Jonas Harvey, Lansing; D. Gates, Austin; R. H. Dinsmoor, Austin; M. McAdams, Austin; N. S. Lardy, Moscow; F. D. Holmes, Owatonna.

Class D—Granulated Butter—A. P. McBride, Lansing; Marvin & Commack, Rochester; F. Conant, Udolphe; F. D. Holmes, Owatonna.

Class E—Cheese—E. B. Williams, Lansing; Marvin & Commack, Rochester.

Class F—Dairy apparatus—C. N. Beisecker, Austin, forty and sixty pound butter tubs; Marvin & McCommack, Rochester, sixty pound butter tubs; Henry Warren, Goshen, Ind., oval churn; Schock & Bolander, Orangeville, Ills., test churn; J. C. Cherry, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, carrying cans, and setting cans; J. H. Patterson, Austin, dairy apparatus; Ames Bros., Austin, Diamond feed mill; Ames Bros., Austin, rotary power and wind mill grinder; A. H. Reed. Glencoe, Minn., Little Monitor corn sheller.

Wednesday evening the audience repaired to the new Masonic hall, where an elegant banquet was served, tables beautiful with flowers, individual bouquets at each guest's plate, mottoes cut from cheese on the walls. Two hundred and ninety plates were laid, and all were occupied.

Minnesota butter and cheese association is a pronounced success. Its third annual meeting has fully met the highest expectations of its officers. Far more pretentious societies have attracted less attention and called together a less noted body of practical agriculturists and dairymen.

Among those present were: Col. R. M. Littler, secretary National Butter and Cheese association, Davenport, Iowa; Rev. E. Miller, D. D., St. Paul; Dr. E. A., Grange, University of Michigan; C. A. Huston, president, Iowa Butter and Cheese association, and president Cedar Rapids dairy board of trade; O. C. Gregg, Marshall, Minn.; S. S. Sheehan, Osage, Iowa; Col. C. G. Edward, Spring Valley; H. A. Holmes, Chatfield; B. H. Holmes, Spring Valley; William Leavitt, Holstein breeder, Waseca; J. G. Cherry, Cedar Rapids; Col. Reed, president McLeod County Agricultural society; C. D. Vernon, Mankato; F. D. Holmes, Owatonna; A. P. McKinstry, Winnebago City; J. A. St. Clair, Fairmont; C. H. Blossom, Algona; F. J. Curtis, Chicago; A. D Hilman, Minneapolis; W. C. Rice, Rochester; C. E. Marvin, Rochester; besides a large number of the practical farmers of this whole section.

DEATH OF O'DONNELL.

The Slayer of Carey was Hanged in Newgate Prison at 8 O'clock Monday Morning, 17th Inst.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—O'Donnell, the slayer of Carey, was hanged in Newgate prison at two minutes past 8 o'clock. Despite the boisterous and squally weather considerable crowds were at the prison at 7 o'clock this morning. Hundreds of workmen passing by the jail watched to gaze at the black flag. Among them were O'Donnell's brother who paced opposite the flag-staff in the most restless and defected manner, exciting the sympathy of all present. The hangman's arrangements were perfected, and the execution occurred without a hitch. O'Donnell was calm and collected, and made no statement on the scaffold.

O'Donnell was notified at 7:30 to make ready. He was perfectly resigned, and expressed great sorrow for the outburst of temper in the dock at the conclusion of his trial. He said he had felt the greatest animosity for the witnesses who appeared against him but it had now disappeared. After communion had been administered to the condemned man, Binns, the hangman, entered the cell. O'Donnell submitted to the operation of pinioning with a smile, and without a murmur. The procession then moved toward the scaffold. O'Donnell walked with great firmness, without the assistance of the wardens, who stood close around him, and was perfectly calm and self-possessed. While standing on the drop he looked around unconcernedly. Binns performed the remainder of his duty quickly. He allowed a drop of eight feet, six inches, the noose placed exactly as Marwood used to place it. Binns pulled the lever of the trap precisely as the neighboring church clocks were striking eight.

THE CROWD IN FRONT OF NEWGATE increased rapidly, and shortly before 8 o'clock numbered 2,000 persons. The streets were closely packed, but the throng observed a quiet and orderly demeanor. The Irish element was not conspicuous. As the moment for the execution approached the crowd swayed up against the prison wall and the roadway, which was before kept clear, was blocked. The police, however, moved rapidly through the multitude and easily cleared the way. When the black flag was hoisted, announcing that the hanging was at an end, there was no demonstration, although suppressed excitement marked many faces. O'Donnell's brother remained to the last, bitterly weeping, the center of a sympathizing group. The clouds began to break as the hour of 8 approached, and when the black flag was run up it was distinctly displayed against the rising sun. The people immediately dispersed after the hoisting of the flag.

Big Fire in St. Paul.

Tuesday, at midnight, an alarm called the entire department to quench a fire in the five-story pressed brick block of E. F. Drake, Numbers 178 and 180 East Third street, St. Paul. The fire caught in the lower basement, and either in the engine room or in the wine room of George W. Magee's place which occupies nearly the whole of the ground floor. At 1:30 Magee's restaurant, which, with the bar at the lower corner, occupies nearly all of the first floor, was seen to be in flames. It was the handsomest restaurant west of New York, its fittings costing $30,000.

Mrs. Magee, who was on watch at midnight, had just finished counting the cash and put i in the safe when she smelled the smoke and immediately sent a waiter to give the alarm. She then warned the ten girls and as many men servants, who sleep in the basement, and they readily escaped, some of them taking a few of their effects, though in the hurry but little salvage was secured. There were some fifty tenants in the building, which was completely gutted.

Magee's fittings cost him fully $30,000, and his insurance amounted to but $13,000.

E. F. Drake says his insurance is between $50,000 and $60,000, but how much he cannot tell, neither can he tell his loss.

At 2:50 o'clock the burning roof of the Drake building fell in, forcing the flames through into the Hardenbergh building adjoining. The fire made rapid headway, in spite of the efforts of the firemen, and inside of fifteen minutes the flames reached the upper floors and burst through the windows, breaking the glass as if struck by a heavy instrument.

P. R. L. Hardenbergh & Co., leather and findings. lose $115 000. fully covered by insurance in various companies.

Arthur, Warren & Abbott, notions and furnishing goods occupying the second floor of the Hardenbergh building, lost their entire stock, estimated in value at $50,000. They are also fully covered by insurance and will lose nothing. Loss on Hardenbergh building $40,000. The total losses will amount to $350,000.

Crazed by Prolonged Litigation.

San Francisco Special:—Charles Mc Laughlin was shot and killed on the 13th inst., by Jerome B. Cox. The tragedy was the result of seventeen years' litigation. McLaughlin, a pioneer, president of the Central Gas Light company, a large capitalist and land owner, ranked among the millionaires. He was promoter of the old overland mail route, and which made considerable money. In 1862 he contracted to build the Western Pacific railroad from San Jose to Sacramento for $5,400,000. He sublet the grading and masonry work to Jerome B. Cox and others for $960,000. After twenty miles of the road had been built McLaughlin failed to make payment. Cox, who had put $50,000 of his money in, had to stop work. Mc Laughlin completed the road and sold it to the Central Pacific, realizing a large sum. Cox brought suit against the company and McLaughlin for a hundred and fifty odd thousand, and obtained a judgment, which on technicalities, the supreme court reversed. Cox amended his complaint, again recovered, and it was again reversed. The third, fourth and fifth trials resulted similarly. The adverse decisions so weighed on the man's mind that last spring he attempted to shoot Justice McKinsly, of the supreme court, who he believed was chiefly instrumental in deciding adversely. He went on the 13th to McLaughlin's office and demanded $40,000 in settlement of accounts. Being refused, he shot McLaughlin three times. The man lived thirty minutes. The prominence of the parties created intense excitement. Cox was formerly captain of the Tenth Indiana battery, and served during the war under Rosecrans.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Senator Sabin Elected Chairman of the Republican National Committee, Which Decides Upon Chicago, June 3, as the Place and Date of the National Convention.

The Republican National Committee met at Washington on Wednesday. All the states and territories were represented.

First in the order of proceedings was the election of chairman to succeed the late Gov. Jewell, and this subject was disposed of shortly after the committee was called together. It was shown that he was the only man whom it seemed possible to hit upon as absolutely free from old factional agreements, and the only committee who could be elected to the place without a contest, which it was desired to avoid. This having been settled, the programme was carried out by placing Chaffee in the chair temporarily, and then electing Sabin permanent chairman, he being named by Mr. Elkins. This was done unanimously, and Sabin presided over the deliberations of the day, and will continue to manage the business of the committee and convention. On taking the chair, Mr. Sabin said:

While deeply sensible to the distinguished courtesy you have conferred, I am doubtless, as much surprised as the country at large will be at the announcement of your choice, but being pressed by all parties in the interest and claim of peace and harmony I accept what is rather a distasteful position this time. I trust, however, the work of this committee will be characterized by the same unanimity with which I have been elected and at the next election a republican president by a like unanimous vote of the whole country. [Applause.]

Gen. John C. New offered a resolution, which was adopted, providing that a committee of five should be appointed by the chairman to have complete charge of the convention, of which committee the president and secretary should be members.

It was also decided to have the district conventions within ninety days of the convention the date of which was fixed as June 3.

The place for holding the convention excited a good deal of interest. Gentlemen were heard in favor of Philadelphia, Indianapolis, New York, Chatauqua, etc, but Chicago won on the first ballot as follows:

Chicago	26	Saratoga	1
Cincinnati	18	Philadelphia	1

Chicago was declared the place of the next Republican convention.

THE CALL.

The following was adopted:

A Republican national convention will meet in Chicago, Ill., Tuesday, June 3, 1884, at 10 o'clock noon, for the nomination of candidates to be supported for president and vice president at the next election. Republican electors of the several states, and all other voters without regard to past political differences, who are in favor of elevating and dignifying American labor; extending and promoting home industry, giving free popular education to the masses of people, securing free suffrage and honest counting of ballots, effectually protecting all human rights in every section of the common country, and who desire to promote friendly feeling and permanent harmony throughout the land by securing a national government pledge to these objects and principles, are cordially invited to send for each state four delegates at large, for each congressional district two delegates, and for each representative at large two delegates.

The call is signed by all the members of the convention. Mr. Chandler offered the following, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that this committee views with regret and indignation the recent attempts to suppress human rights, destroy free suffrage and honest counting of ballots in various States, by methods foreign to humanity and civilization. Against the prevalence of such methods the Republican party stands irrevocably pledged, and we extend our sympathy to all sufferers from such inhumanities, and pledge our earnest unconditional support and right hand of fellowship to all men, all organizations: whatever may be in past political action, who now unreservedly commit themselves to an organized effort to secure free education, free suffrage and protection of life and property of all citizens, without regard to race, color, political opinion or vote.

The committee at 11 o'clock adjourned to meet at the Grand Pacific hotel, Chicago, the 31st of May, 1884.

Mr. Frye of Maine then submitted his proposition for the new basis of representation in the next convention which was discussed at great length by various members. Logan argued that the resolution proposed was not such as the committee had power to act upon. He was willing to defer it to the next national committee, for that was a body that had the right to consider it. Clayton opposed the plan, and Magee moved that the whole matter be referred to the next national convention. Magee's motion was finally agreed to—yeas 25, nays 18.

The plan was finally referred to the convention by a decisive vote, so that the ratio of delegates and the size of the next convention remains as it was. Senator Logan proposed a resolution, making it mandatory upon the districts to hold their conventions separately and within the several districts. By the action of the committee at the last meeting, it was left optional with the districts either to hold their conventions for the selection of delegates separately, or to separate at the State conventions and do their business at the same place. The Southern members of the committee objected to Senator Logan's resolutions to strike out the optional feature, saying that in many districts they had no organizations and could not hold separate meetings. It being evident that the proposition could not pass, Senator Logan withdrew it.

Washington Special:—The election of Senator Sabin as chairman gives universal satisfaction, owing to the confidence felt by all in his personal fairness and his business-like politics. He said that the honor was unexpected and unsought. He had declined, thinking it wiser to take some older member; but his colleagues believe otherwise and he had yielded when it was known that he was the unanimous choice. He had been in favor of Blaine in 1880, but had no candidate, as yet, for 1884. He was not insensible to the compliment to himself and to Minnesota, and should do all in his power to accomplish the most good for his party, with perfect fairness to all aspirants for the presidential honor. Mr. Sabin is one of the youngest men in the senate, being but forty years of age, and is, in addition one of the new members of that body, but is already considered one of its most promising men. He has been a delegate to every national convention since he went to Minnesota, namely those of 1872, 1876 and 1880, having gone to the state in 1871. In 1872 he was in favor of Grant's nomination, and in 1876 and in 1880 favored Blaine, although obliged to cast the Minnesota vote at Chicago for Windom.

Showing That Vanderbilt Has a Heart.

From the Vicksburg Herald.

Mr. Joseph Genella, father-in-law of Mr. D. C. Atwood, and who lives at Atwood's Factory, Kosciusko, was before the war one of the rich men of the South, but like many other such he lost his wealth when the fate of the confederacy was decided. A few weeks ago he received a letter from William H. Vanderbilt containing a check for five hundred dollars. Long years ago, before the war, in San Francisco, Cornelius Vanderbilt, the father of William H., became involved in a lawsuit in which it was necessary for him to give a $200,000 bond. Being a comparative stranger here at the time he could not easily find a bondsman acceptable to the Court and was about to despair when Mr. Genella volunteered to go on his bond. He was accepted and ever after Mr. Vanderbilt was his firm friend. The son hearing of the circumstances of his father's friend sent him the above stated amount.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Monday, December 10.

SENATE—Mr. Cameron of Wisconsin introduced a bill regulating elections for members of congress.

A resolution of Mr. Voorhees was agreed to authorizing the committee on military affairs to inquire into the expediency of purchasing encampment grounds occupied by the revolutionary army at Valley Forge for a national park. He also offered the following which he asked to have printed:

Resolved, That in the judgment of the senate, the public debt is not a public blessing, and any measure of financial policy looking to the perpetuation of the present interest bearing national debt for purposes of national banking or any other account meets the disapproval of this body, and should be viewed with alarm by taxpayers of the United States.

HOUSE.—An immense number of bills was introduced, the following being the principal ones: Repealing the pre-emption and timber culture laws: amending the homestead law: preventing undue discrimination in railway transportation; declaring forfeited land grants to the Northern Pacific, Houghton & Ontonagon, North Wisconsin, St. Vincent extension and Brainerd branch, Hastings, & Dakota and other railroad companies; appropriating $6 000,000 for Mississippi river improvement; establishing maximum rates of fare on the Union Pacific and Central Pacific railways; abolishing the postage of second class matter and reducing drop letter postage to one cent; putting salt and agricultural implements on the free list; regarding the presidential succession; for a civil rights amendment to the constitution; appropriating $25,000,000 annually for common schools, for a postal telegraph; prohibiting special legislation; a prohibition amendment to the constitution; relieving the merchant marine; repealing internal revenue laws; limiting the disposal of public agricultural lands to actual settlers; granting women suffrage; repealing the silver dollar coinage act; removing taxes on national bank circulation and fixing the amount of such circulation. The call of states was not finished. A resolution was adopted calling the attention of the president to the case of Patrick O'Donnel.

Something of a breeze was raised just before adjournment, when Mr. Hewitt of New York asked unanimous consent to offer a resolution asking the president to request the English government to delay the execution of O'Donnell's sentence until the facts in relation to his trial could be inquired into, and it could be ascertained whether or not O'Donnell was an American citizen, and whether he had been tried in accordance with English and international law. The resolution was passed without discussion and without dissent.

Tuesday, December 11.

SENATE.—Senator Anthony was present and took the oath. Bills were introduced promoting commercial relations between the United States and Mexico and Central and South America, and determining presidential disability.

Senator McMillan introduced a bill for public buildings at Winona and Duluth.

Senator Cameron of Wisconsin introduced a bill to provide for places of deposit and distribution of public documents.

The president sent a large number of nominations to the senate mostly recess appointments. Among them were: Walter Evans, commissioner of internal revenue; Benjamin Butterworth, commissioner of patents; Albert U. Wyman, treasurer of the United States; Martin S. Chandler, surveyor general, Minnesota. Collectors of internal revenue; James H. Stone, first district of Michigan; John W. Burdette, fourth district of Iowa; William W. Carter, seventh district of Indiana. Jacob Wheeler, eighth district of Illinois; Edwin Farley, second district of Kentucky.

The senate confirmed Walter Q. Gresham postmaster general.

The president has nominated William Livingston, Jr., to be collector of customs at Detroit, Mich.

HOUSE.—Bills and resolutions were introduced for a postal savings deposit branch of the postoffice department; enlarging the powers and duties of the agricultural department; establishing a bureau of animal industry and preventing the spread of cattle diseases; making sugar free of duty; calling on members of the cabinet for information concerning our relations with Great Britain; abrogating the Clayton-Bulwer treaty; authorizing the secretary of the treasury to purchase and cancel 4 and 4½ per cent. bonds instead of calling in 3s; establishing a board of inter-State commerce as a bureau of the interior department; putting lumber for house, fence and ship building on the free list; reorganizing the legislative power of Utah; for general amnesty; for the relief of Fitz John Porter; fixing the postage on first class matter at two cents per ounce; establishing the Territory of North Dakota; of the admission of Utah and Arizona into the Union; regarding the duty on wool; retiring trade dollars; limiting the coinage of silver dollars; repealing internal revenue laws; civil rights amendments to the constitution; surpressing polygamy; increasing pensions of one-armed and one-legged soldiers; punishing violation of the election laws; regulating inter-State commerce, transferring the Indian bureau to the war department, for the election of Territorial governors.

Delegate Raymond introduced a bill to establish the territory of North Dakota by dividing the recent territory on the forty-sixth parallel. He also introduced a bill to provide two additional judges of the federal court of Dakota, one for the north and another for the south part of the territory; also, a bill to vacate the Fort Randall and Fort Rice military reservations.

Wednesday, December 12.

SENATE.—A long discussion took place on the sinking fund, participated in by Messrs. Beck, Sherman and Plumb. Mr. Wilson's proposed civil rights amendment was debated by the author and Mr. Garland.

The following nominations were made by the president:

Royal A. Johnson, New York, surveyor general of Arizona; Lawrence Welden, Illinois, judge of the court of claims; John R. Tauner, United States marshal for the Southern district of Illinois.

Confirmations—Seth Ledyard Phelps, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Peru; William W. Thomas, Jr., minister resident to Sweden and Norway; Henry White, second secretary of legation, London; Edwin Farley, collector of internal revenue second district of Kentucky.

HOUSE—Not in session.

Thursday, December 10.

SENATE—Bills were introduced for the admission of Washington Territory and a portion of Idaho as the state of Washington and for a commission on the liquor traffic. The report of the committees on rules was discussed.

The president sent a large number of army nominations to the senate to-day, mostly recess appointments. Among them was Col. Holabird for quartermaster general. Senator McMillan introduced a bill authorizing the erection of bridges by the Widona, Alma & Northwestern Railroad company across the Wisconsin river at Prairie du Chien, within five miles of the confluence of the Mississippi river, across the Black river at or near La Crosse, across the Chippewa river within five miles of the confluence with the Mississippi river, across St. Croix river or lake within five miles of its mouth, and between the mouth of the St. Croix river and Hudson, Wisconsin. His bills also authorize the Chicago & Northwestern to construct a bridge across Fever river, near its mouth, south of the town of Galena, Ill. All these bridges to be built under the supervision of the secretary of war.

Adjourned until Monday, 17th.

HOUSE.—Not in session.

Friday, December 14.

SENATE—Not in session.

HOUSE—Mr. Washburn of Minnesota introduced his consolidation bill providing for the consolidation of the Chippewa Indians in Minnesota and the Turtle mountain band of Chippewas in Dakota, and their removal to the White Earth reservation. The bill authorizes the secretary of the interior to negotiate with the Red Lake Indians for the cession of all of this land in Minnesota to the United States for a specified sum, or if they decline, to cede the same in trust to the United States, and to negotiate with the other tribes in Minnesota for the cession to the United States of their reservations in trust, and with the Turtle Mountain Indians for the extinguishment of their title for a certain sum to the unceded lands claimed by them.

About forty bills, resolutions, joint resolutions of legislatures and executive documents were presented. Some sensation was created when Mr. Horr of Michigan presented a resolution relative to the Danville riot. It provided that the house call the attention of the president to the matter.

"In the hope that the president may ascertain whether the persons so murdered or injured or murdered were citizens of the United States, and if so, whether the killing or injuring of the said citizens, if they were such, was in contravention of the municipal law of the State of Virginia, or of any law of the United States."

Consideration of the resolution required unanimous consent. Instantly objections were made and it went over.

The speaker announced the committee on rules, and after a session of three-quarters of an hour, the session adjourned.

NEWS OF THE STATE.

Attorney General's Decisions.

In reply to a question from E. J. Royem, county auditor of Marshall county, Attorney General Hahn yesterday rendered an opinion, which is very important, inasmuch as it settles the question of salary, which has agitated the minds of a large number of county officers. The attorney general holds that re-elected officers cannot draw double pay for the two months January and February, as many had expected to do. He argues that as the official term expires on the first Monday in January, 1884, the salary of the newly-elected officer will commence from that time. The salary must end with the close of the official term, and the effect of the amendment is to shorten the term two months, and to lessen the salary to that amount. This is the gist of the attorney general's decision, but there is evidently a defect in the law, for in the case of county treasurers the State in reality is obliged to pay a double salary for the two months, because the salary of the treasurer is a certain percentage of the county receipts with a maximum limit. Whenever the receipts are sufficient he is entitled to draw his salary to the limit even if such should be the case in the first three months. In the present year a number of treasurers drew their entire salaries before the end of the first six months and thus have already received pay for the months of January and February, for which months the new treasurer will also be entitled to draw salary, as their term begins the first Monday in January. The law is defective, but the defect is not caused by the new amendment, for similar cases have occurred previously where a county treasurer has drawn his full salary and then resigned or died, and it has always been held that the State must reimburse his successor.

Attorney General Hahn rendered an opinion yesterday concerning the terms of office of county county treasurers, commissioners and superintendent of schools. It is to the effect that the terms of newly elected county treasurers commence on the first Monday of January, 1884, instead of on the first day of March. The same period of commencement is also applicable to county commissioners, whether elected this year or not. As to county superintendents of schools their official term begins Dec. 1, 1883. The attorney general adds that it is entirely unnecessary at this time to decide when the terms of these officers expire.

There is trouble in Lac qui Parle county, growing out of the recent election. A woman received the highest number of votes for county superintendent and presumably the certificate of election. The present incumbent claims that she has no right to the office, under an old opinion of ex-Attorney General Wilson's, and claiming that he holds over. Both parties have issued circulars and filed with the auditor notice of their assumption of the duties of the office. In reply to the latter, asking to which he shall give a warrant for salary, Attorney General Hahn yesterday held that the party holding the certificate of election is prima facie entitled to the salary until the courts decide that another has a better right to the office. It is not the province of the auditor to adjudicate upon conflicting claims to an office.

Senator Sabin heads the Republican national committee.

The wife of John Kerr of Warren, Marshall county, gave birth to three boys, two weighing nine pounds each and the third five pounds.

It is reported that Rev. T. C. Hudson of Sauk Rapids, will become rector of St. John's Church, Mankato.

The house of Edwin Rogers of Mankato was struck by lightning a few days ago and somewhat damaged.

Thomas Dwyer, living near Sauk Centre had a "hand to hand" fight with a 200 pound bear the other day. Mr. Dwyer was armed with a hatchet and brought down the game.

A driving park association has been formed in Kasson with a capital stock of $2,000.

Referring to a Washington telegram wherein it is stated that Treasurer Kittleson was in New York disposing of certain securities, in order to meet the maturing interest on Minnesota bonds, due Jan. 1. State Auditor Braden said such was not the fact. The interest falling due would be promptly met. The adjustment act provides that a sum sufficient for this payment should be set apart from the tax paid to the State by railroad companies and known as the institutions fund; that the money is ready at a moment's notice. Certain securities had been ordered sold by the board of investment for reinvestment in other, and as the board believed, more desirable securities.

In the contested election between L. B. Josselyn and W. H. White, for the office of county commissioner for the Fifth district, Olmsted county, the case was settled before Judge Start in chambers. The cause of the contest was that the tickets from one of the towns, in number sufficient to change the result, were printed to read C. A. instead of L. B. Josselyn, and, were, of course, thrown out by the canvassing board. The error was evidently made through carelessness that the court decided in favor of Mr. Josselyn.

Two new papers have been established in Pipestone, one by Mr. Jameson, a Liberal, and the other by James Baynes, a Republican.

Sheriff McQuade has closed the store of Simons, in Duluth, on attachment by Chicago creditors.

There were two deaths from diphtheria in Woodstock, Pipestone county, last week.

At St. Paul George Snod endeavored to hang himself by a clothes line, driven thereto by the importunate dunnings of his boarding house keeper.

Miss Moorhead, who was on the train which was blown from the track near Owatonna last summer, died at her home in Morgantown, Ky., a few days ago.

It is stated that in some of the interior counties of the state the county treasurers are inclined to protest against being legislated out of office before the expiration of the term for which they were elected, and will endeavor to collect salaries for the months of January and February, 1884, though present law provides that they shall retire on the 1st of January. The attorney general's opinions on the subject have been given in full in the Pioneer Press.

The house of Moses Chevrete, Moorhead, used as a hotel, was burned at an early hour the other morning. The flames spread so that occupants sleeping up stairs barely had time to escape through the second story window with such clothes as they had on. None of them escaping without slight injury, and several being hurt severely.

What Our Government Did for O'Donnel.

On Thursday 13th Secretary Frelinghuysen telegraphed Minister Lowell, stating that the house of representatives had brought the case of O'Donnell to the president's notice, in the hope that the latter might secure reasonable delay of the execution of the sentence, and ascertain whether the prisoner was an American citizen, and whether there was an error in the trial. In the telegram Mr. Lowell was instructed as follows:

As before instructed, you will consider O'Donnell's citizenship established, there being in Great Britain no judicial examination on appeal proceedings in a criminal trial. Possible errors can only be corrected through a new trial or executive action upon the sentence. Therefore, this government is anxious that such careful examination be given to the proceedings of this case as to discover the error, should one be committed. You are therefore directed by the president to request a delay of the execution of the sentence, and that a careful examination be made by her majesty's government, and the president be permitted to present any alleged points in error.

Secretary Frelinghuysen is now in receipt of a telegram from Mr. Lowell, which states that on the 12th he received the above telegram and immediately communicated its substance to Earl Granville who acknowledged its receipt and stated that it had been referred to the proper authorities. On the 15th inst., Mr. Lowell received Lord Granville's reply, in which the latter, after referring to Mr. Lowell's communication, stated that counsel for O'Donnell having submitted what representations he thought advisable on the prisoner's behalf, those representations, under the circumstances, had been carefully examined and considered in the manner usual in a case of capital conviction, and her majesty's government found no grounds upon which it would be justified in advising the crown to interfere with the sentence of law or its execution.

A French tannery has been contracted in Florida for 500,000 allegator hides.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CHRISTMAS IN OLD TIMES.

BY SIR WALTER SCOTT.

The fire with well dried logs supplied,
Went roaring up the chimney wide.
The huge hall table's oaken face,
Scrubbed till it shone the day to grace,
Bore then upon its massive board
No mark to part the 'squire and lord;
Then was brought, in the lusty brawn,
By old blue-coated serving-man;
Then the grim boar's head frowned on high,
Crested with bays and rosemary.
Well can the green-garbed ranger tell
How, when and where the monster fell;
What dogs before his death he tore,
And all the baiting of the boar.
The wassail round, in good ale crown bowls,
Garnished with ribbons, blithely trowls,
There the huge sirloin reeked; hard by
Plum-porridge stood, and Christmas pie,
Nor failed old Scotland to produce,
At such high tide, her savory goose.
Then came the merry maskers in;
And carols roared with blithesome din;
If unmelodious was the song,
It was a hearty note and strong.
Who lists may in their mumming see
Traces of ancient mystery:
White shirts supplied the masquerade,
And smutted cheeks the visions made;
But, oh! what maskers richly dight,
Can boast of bosoms half so light?
England was merry England, when
Old Christmas brought his sports again.
'Twas Christmas broached the mightiest ale!
'Twas Christmas told the merriest tale;
A Christmas gambol oft would cheer
The poor man's heart through half the year.

ROSE BELL'S CHRISTMAS.

Daintylace hangings, rivaling the frost-work that would be on the window by morning, framed in the fair face of a girl, who stood tapping drearily on the window pane and looking at the storm. The people hurrying by outside. Her face was clouded, and her gray eyes had grown a shade darker with trouble.

There was snow everywhere—under foot, overhead and all around, hurrying and scurrying into people's faces and lodging in the folds of every garment. The traditional old woman must have been plucking an extra quantity of geese—for the feathery flakes were flying hither and thither, hiding all the ugliness of the street under their dainty coverings; making beds of down of the freshly raked piles of dirt still on the street; spreading a snowy sheet over sidewalk and giving ermine-like edges to door-frames and window ledges; pattering softly against the glass in the prettiest and most provoking way to the girl looking through them. It was a sudden storm, stealing swiftly at the heels of Indian-summer-like weather that had made every one quote the old saw: "A green Christmas makes a full graveyard," and no one was ready for it. With thoughts miles away, the girl stood looking sadly and dreamingly on, noting everything, from the old woman bending under a load of wood on her back, which she had literally fished out of the lake, and which caused the girl, enshrined amid comfort and plenty, to shiver and whisper, "God pity the poor this wretched night!" The poor old creature with the burden on her weary back, and a burden in her weary heart that would never in this life grow brighter, passed out of sight. Apportly, warmly clad business man briskly followed, wrapped in fur coat and gloves, his heart, perchance colder than the shivering form of the tiny blue veined child that jostled his footsteps as it was hurrying through the blinding snow, vainly drawing the threadbare shawl closer. Weary eyed working women, tired business men, sleek-looking young America, and haughty dames, hurried along in the gathering dusk; milk-men whipped their horses, glad that the day's work was over, and snow-covered police left the city to take care of itself and sought the warmth of a barroom fire. Night closed in, the lamplighter was running about with his ladder, and presently the lights began to gleam like stars in the darkness. It was growing colder, but still Rose Bell stood looking out on the night. Presently a couple under an umbrella sauntered slowly along, and as they passed in the light of the lamp she saw the tall form of a man with beard so full of snow that he looked a veritable Santa Claus bent toward the girl leaning on his arm, and though the girl's face was merry, and her answer a merry one, Rose knew that they were lovers, scarce conscious of the snow or cold, or of anything but that they were together, hidden as it were by the storm, and all the nearer for it. The sight made Rose draw the curtains and sigh as she turned away, shivering, to the fire throwing herself down on the rug and burying her face in her arms.

* * * * * * *

Out on the lake the storm was fiercer than on the land, and a cold, cutting wind was blowing. The cold water of the lake heaved dark and merciless, as a disabled schooner drifted helplessly about, every now and then the floating ice grating against her hull and making the fainting hearts of her crew quake with fear. Every hour the cold became more intense, and the ice was getting closer and thicker near the shore. The crew freezing almost in sight of home. What dreams of warm firesides, of loving, faithful hearts waiting their coming, must have filled the hours of the dreary night-watch. What a night it was to cling to rigging as the schooner became wedged and half sank between the ice the chilled voices will never tell.

The next morning the snow had ceased to fall, and the helpless schooner, with its crew still clinging to the rigging, could be seen from land. As soon as possible a sturdy tug was cut under way and went puffing fiercely, but slowly cutting its way through the ice. Intense as was the cold, a crowd soon gathered on the shore, watching with eager interest. No answering shouts was heard to the cheerful halloo of the men on tug. Everything about the schooner was still and motionless. What an age it seemed until the tug steamed slowly back. Then the crowd rushed toward it, and as suddenly fell back, while the awful whisper passed from one to another, "It's the Merry Bell, and every one on board stark dead, frozen to the rigging." The schooner was only a charnel house, and the people had been expending their sympathy upon creatures who had been for hours beyond it. Among the crowd waiting on the shore Rose Bell had stood closely veiled. There had been tears and screams from waiting wives and mothers, but she turned quietly away, as one in a dream, and, walking blindly, made her way home. She rang the bell, said nothing, to the servant who opened the door, but passed quickly to her own room, uttering no cry, shedding no tears, and threw herself into a chair before the fire. Mrs. Bell so found her when she came in a few minutes later, and her own shriek for help failed to rouse her daughter. Unconsciousness is a blessing oftentimes, and so it proved now.

With the return of consciousness came memory. "Oh, mamma, the schooner was the Merry Bell, and all on board dead frozen! He was to come home on it. Oh, what shall I do?" The blessed tears came now, and caused the shrewd doctor to nod his head wisely and whisper to Mrs. Bell: "She'll be all right now," and quietly make his exit. When in his buggy he confided to it or his horse: "Humph! A lover at the bottom of this; young Culbertson, too, I suppose; he is part owner of the schooner. Good fellow; sorry if he is gone; miserable way of dying, too; and that pretty girl! Well, well! Get up, there, Dolly; what are you about?" Then the good doctor jogged on to another patient and forgot all about it.

That morning, soon after breakfast, little Jack Bell, a ubiquitous youngster that would some day make his fortune as a reporter for a Chicago daily, ran in briskly, skates in hand, nose and cheeks red with cold, and absolutely bulging with news:

"Say, sis, schooner out there stuck in the ice; men sticking to the masts. Folks say it's the Merry Bell, and, by George, Sis, I shouldn't wonder if Mr. Culbertson was one of 'em. Hope he ain't though, for he promised me a new sled if I would say nothing about the day I caught him kissing you."

"Jack!" sternly interposed his mother's voice.

"Where is it, Jack; quick, tell me?" said Rose, in a voice of trembling anxiety.

"Out there; from behind Dick Maitland's house you can see her."

Then she had slipped away to see the schooner and hear from others what ground there was for her fears.

All day she moaned and grieved and would not be comforted, for handsome Fred Culbertson was her promised husband, and she had given all her heart in his keeping. When he bade her goodby a few weeks before he had called back at the last, "I'll be home for Christmas!" He was part owner of "The Merry Bell," and had intended coming back on this last trip for the season.

The cold continued to increase. The sky wore a dull, leaden look—nature itself seemed dead. Rose lay looking out, and thought of other hearts saddened as hers was; other homes where the light had gone out and made them dreary and dark.

Mrs. Bell remained during the night with her daughter, petting, soothing and comforting, and as the sleepless hours wore away mother and daughter grew nearer together than they had ever been before. Mrs. Bell talked of the early days of her married life; then of the day when her husband had left her bright and well in the morning, and at evening had been brought to her still and dead. Rose realized, as she had never done before, what her mother had suffered. "Poor mamma, how sad and lonely you have been," she murmured as she dropped into a tired sleep.

The next day was Thursday, the day before Christmas. Rose opened her eyes to find the maid setting her breakfast on a table at her bedside.

"Look, look, Miss Rose; see on the window! Sure it's the carsintirely! Sure it's the witches, it is, and Miss Rose, dear, sure it's good luck it'll bring. Mr. Culbertson'll come yet, or we'll know it!"

Brightening at the girl's words, and forgetting to be offended at the freely expressed opinion, Rose jumped up to see the wonder of frost-work. "Sure enough it's a veritable train, locomotive and all. How strange!"

"I don't know what kind that is, Miss Rose, but it's cars, it is."

"Get my wrapper, Ann, and bring my breakfast to the fire. I'll get up," said Rose, cheered, she scarcely knew why.

"Will your ma have the tree, Miss Rose? It's the childers is on their heads about it."

"I forgot it," answered Rose, her face clouding. "Ask mamma to come up as soon as she is through her breakfast."

"It has been over this hour. I'll go tell her; and shall I bring up some more coffee?"

"No; just tell mamma."

"And here she is herself," answered Ann, as she opened the door and Mrs. Bell came in.

"Up, Rose?"

"Yes; and oh, mamma look at the window. Ann says it is good luck."

"I hope it is, I am sure; it is certainly a strange freak of Jack Frost."

"I have a telegram from Mr. Culbertson, Rose. He got off at Milwaukee and is well and safe."

Then a hearty cry came to wash away the last remnants of pent-up sorrow, and Rose was soon bright and happy and happy and busy, taking of the evening wore away mother and daughter grew nearer together than they had ever been before. Mrs. Bell talked of the early days of her married life; then of the day when her husband had left her bright and well in the morning, and at evening had been brought to her still and dead. Rose realized, as she had never done before, what her mother had suffered. "Poor mamma, how sad and lonely you have been," she murmured as she dropped into a tired sleep.

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A STRANGE STORY

Singular Cause for a Divorce Suit—A Bride Pursued by Her Husband's "Double."

Philadelphia Mirror.

A remarkably curious divorce suit will be tried in this city before an examiner in the early part of December. The parties to the suit have been married four months, and strangely enough are more devoted to each other now than on the wedding day. Margaret Leeds, a pretty brunette, and a native of the city of Pittsburg, became Mrs. Anson F. Clements on the 8th of last July. Her husband is a carriage upholsterer, aged twenty-six, and has always been an industrious, sober man. The marriage took place in Pittsburg, where the groom was employed at his trade. He was offered a better position in Philadelphia, and came hereafter a three day's honeymoon, leaving his bride with her mother. On the 15th of October, feeling assured that his position would be permanent, the young man telegraphed for his wife, and twenty hours later she was installed in a cozy little four-roomed house in the northwestern section of the city. She had not been in her new home a week before she had written twice to her mother that she was too utterly miserable to live; that her husband, while one of the kindest and most considerate men living, was possessed of a strange affliction that made her life a burden, and certainly precluded the possibility of her living with him. The story she related to a Sunday Mirror representative was a terrible one, and as amply corroborated by her tears and her painful expressions of regret about the compulsory parting.

"I never knew how much I loved Anson," said she, "until after we were married, and I love him to day better than ever. When you hear me through, I think you will say that I've had the most awful experience ever known to a wife. We were married at 7 o'clock in the evening at my mother's house. The guests remained until midnight, and then my husband and I went to our room. We sat talking for half an hour or more over our future prospects and how happy we would be, and then retired. About 4 o'clock in the morning I was awakened by a noise in the room. I raised myself up in bed and screamed. And what I saw was enough to make a brave man quake with fear. Standing in front of the bureau, I saw the form of a man. He seemed to be shaving himself, for, every now and then, I could see the gleam of a razor as he wiped it on a piece of paper. I was fully awake in an instant, and my voice did not seem to disturb the intruder in the least. 'Anson!' I shrieked, nestling up closer to my husband. 'Anson! wake up for heaven's sake; there is some one in the room.' As I spoke I placed my hand on my husband's face. It was as cold as the face of the dead. I seized him by the shoulder and shook him, but he never moved. In my fright I began beating him on the chest, and screaming at the top of my voice. Then the idea took possession of me that he was dead. His arms were rigid, and I could not hear him breathe. All this time the mysterious figure continued to shave himself in front of the looking glass. My screams awoke the household. I heard footsteps on the stairs, and can just remember seeing my mother and youngest brother rush into the room, and then I fainted. When I came to my senses Anson was bathing my face with cold water, and my mother was standing beside the bed. I looked toward the bureau, but the man of my fear was gone. I told them what I had seen, and they all laughed at me and said I had been dreaming. I could sleep no more that night, but sat up until daybreak, half convinced that what I had seen was a fancy of the brain. My husband seemed annoyed about something, but as the day wore on he became good-natured again, and before night came he had me in his arms, telling me how much he loved me.

"The next night and the next, I slept soundly without being disturbed. On the fourth day after our marriage Anson started for Philadelphia to secure a position which would pay him a great deal better than his job in Pittsburg. He wrote to me every day, and on the 15th of last month I arrived in this city. You can see how comfortably we are fixed here. Anson was overjoyed to see me and I needn't say that I had the same feeling. I was tired and went to bed early. I don't think I shall ever forget that night as long as I live. Shortly after midnight something caused me to awake, and looking up I saw the room door open, and then I saw a man enter. He went directly to the bureau, and then, as true as heaven, heard me, began shaving himself. I was too frightened to move, much less speak. There the man stood with a razor in his hand, drawing it over his face again and again, as calmly as though he was in his own home. He made no other motion, and his movements were perfectly noiseless. I must have lain perfectly quiet for a minute, and then by a mighty effort I retained the use of my voice and limbs. I seized my husband by the shoulder and tried to awaken him. My fear must have gone to double strength, for I pushed him partly out of bed. Instead of arousing himself at my call he lay like a dead man.

"I passed my hand over his face and was surprised to find that it was as cold and clammy as ice, was on our bridal night in Pittsburg. The extremity of fear must have given me courage, for I took Anson's head in my arms and began shrieking in his ear. All this, you recollect, occurred inside of three minutes, but to me it seemed like ages. The man was still standing in front of the bureau, and did not appear to notice the disturbance in the least. At last my nerves gave way, and I fell back half fainting. The next thing I remember was similar to my terrible experience at home. Anson was bathing my face and chafing my hands. I told him what had happened and he said I had been dreaming, but he did not seem as positive as before. Of course I was in a state of nervous prostration all day, and when we went to bed I made Anson promise me that he would make an effort to keep awake after midnight. He did so, and I was not disturbed by the horrible nightmare—as I thought it—of the other nights. On the third night of our stay in Philadelphia the mystery was solved, or at least there was an unsatisfactory explanation of it. My husband and I had spent the evening at a theater, and after coming home sat up and talked until nearly 1 o'clock. Then we retired, and I, with some misgivings, buried my head under the bedclothes. I don't know how long I slept, but, as before, I was aroused by some mysterious influence, and knew the moment I opened my eyes that I was to go through another terrible ordeal. Whether the previous experience had rendered me brave or not, I don't know, but, at any rate, when I looked up, I was expecting to see the same strange intruder. And I did. He was standing in front of the glass shaving with the utmost unconcern. I never knew how I screwed up sufficient courage, but, without saying a word, I jumped out of bed, and enveloping myself in the counterpane that I snatched up, I approached the man at the bureau. He never budged an inch: I turned up the gas and took a step nearer. The rays of the gas fell about the face of the figure and showed the reflection of his face in the mirror. I looked quickly, and great heavens! the blood nearly froze in my veins when I saw the face of Anson Clements, my husband, staring at me. I turned around. My husband still lay in bed. The gas fell over his face, and showed it to be of a pallid, deathly hue. I sprang forward and touched his forehead. It was as cold as ice. Turning again, I walked toward the figure in front of the glass. As I drew near it seemed to fade away, and when I looked again it was gone. At the same moment Anson seemed to come to himself. He groaned once or twice, turned over, and then sat up in bed. 'Maggie,' he said, 'you know everything now. I have been enduring the tortures of a thousand hells here for the last ten minutes, and unable to move hand or foot. My God! why am I not like other men? What you saw in Pittsburg and what you have seen here is no nightmare, no dream, but a terrible reality. You saw my double. It has been the curse of my existence for years, and seems to be a visitation upon me for some sin of my parents. I know perfectly well when my other conscious ness is making itself visible to mortal eye, and have not the slightest control over it. Nevertheless, my thinking powers are not stupefied, but rather quickened, and the bright you experience I feel ten-fold in agony of mind. I thought that marriage might change my condition, but seems only to have made it worse.'

"Now, sir," said the young woman, "you can readily see that no matter how much Anson and I love each other, we cannot live as man and wife, when his shadow, or whatever you call it, goes roaming around the house at midnight, and so we've concluded to separate."

ANCIENT MARRIAGES.

Ceremonies Formerly Prevalent at Hymen's Altar.

Providence Press.

We occasionally read of an old marriage custom in England, in which the bride appeared at church in a single, long white garment. This practice had its origin in the popular and erroneous notion that the husband was not answerable for the debts of his wife who came to him thus insufficiently clad, even as patient Griselda was clothed when she was turned out of the palace of her Marquis.

The reasoning which caused the error is obvious. It being a legal doctrine, laid down in Bacon's "Abridgement," that a husband was answerable for his wife's debts because he acquired an absolute interest in her personal estate, it was inferred by the populace that if he acquired no property with her, he could not be compelled to satisfy the claims of her creditors. Hence it comes to pass that now and then grooms of the rudest and stupidest kind, bent on securing themselves against one of the legal consequences of marriage, insisted that their brides should, by their insufficient dress at the church porch, give a practical demonstration of their utter want of worldly wealth.

Nor were those exhibitions of women, shivering in white sheets in the open air, like creatures doing penance in the public ways, peculiar to the qualified barbarism of our feudal period. Both in London and the provinces such marriages now and then scandalized decent spectators as late as the earlier years of the eighteenth century. One of them is recorded in the Parish register of Chiltern, All Saints, Wiltshire, under date of October 17, 1714; and another took place November 8, 1725, at Ulcomb, Kent. Mr. John Southerden Burn mentions another that occurred in the purlieus of the London Fleet about 15 years ago, but the offensive practice altogether disappeared in the earlier days of the period of the four Georges.

The question now and then arises, Have there been similar cases in this country? In the first book of marriage records in the town of Warwick, in this state, may be found the following entry:

"These are to signifi unto all magistrates of Justice that henry Stright, Jnr., of East Greenwich, in ye Colony of Rhode Island and Providence plantations, Took Mary Webb, of ye Town of Warwick, in the Colony aforesaid, Widow, in only a shift and no other garment, in ye presence of Avis Gorton, Mary Collins and Tresilah Crandall, and was lawfully Married in s'd Warwick ye first of August, 1725, by me.

JOHN WARNER, Justice.

"Recorded ye 5th of Novembr., 1725, for John Wickes, T. C."

Through the courtesy of Town Clerk J. B. Pierce, of Wickford, and Mr. Jas. N. Arnold, of Hamilton, R. I., I am enabled to give three similar records as follows:

NORTH KINGSTON, March 20th day, 7130.—Then Rebecca Downing, being in ye highway, and she had no other clothing on but her shift, took Thomas Eldrat to be her husband; and he took her to be his wife, and led her across the highway, and were married before me. WM. SPRINGER, Justice.

Thomas Culverwell was joyned in Marriage to Abigail, his wife, the 23d of February, 1719-20. He took her in marriage after she had gone four times across the highway in only her shift and hair lace, and no other clothing. Joyned together in marriage by me.

GEORGE HUZZARD, Justice.

To all people to whom it may concern: This may certify that Nathaniel Bundy, of Westerly, took ye widow Mary Pollmeter, of s'd Town, in ye highway, with no other clothing but shifting or smock on ye evening of ye 20th day of April, 1724, and was joined together in that honorable estate of Marimony in ye presence of John Corey, Peter Cundall, George Stillman, Mercy Hill; and was joined together as above on ye day and year above mentioned; by me,

JOHN SAUNDERS, Justice.

Registered ye 27th day of April, 1724, per John Babcock, town clerk.

Three points are noticeable in the above records, viz.; 1. The "undress uniform" of the bride; 2. The taking her after crossing the highway; and 2, in the last, the fact that the ceremony was performed in the evening. Some friend has suggested an indistinct recollection of a ceremony performed in the house, the bride attired after the manner of "old Mother Eve" before the fall, standing in a closet and reaching out her hand to be joined in marriage. Another suggestion has been made that, of the three records last given, each ceremony was performed in the evening and by the roadside.

Mr. Hamilton suggests that the ceremony is symbolical, and gives the idea that the woman is taken without home or clothing, coming as she does from the highway, and therefore brings nothing with her which a sheriff might consider attachable under color of the law. The husband gives her clothing, credit and a home, that she be not again brought to such dire necessity.

Can any one give other records of a similar nature, and can and will any one give more light on this obsolete custom of colonial times?

A SNAKE STORY.

A Chicago Man's Adventure With a Dangerous Monster.

A Mr. Johnson had an adventure that he will long remember, and which was well nigh fatal in its results. Mr. Johnson lives some distance out, and in walking from his suburban home to the train at the early hour of 7 o'clock in the morning, he had reached the corner of Lake Avenue and Forty-third street when his attentions was attracted to a reptile which was of an enormous size and vicious tendencies. Mr. Johnson at once concluded that it had probably escaped from some of the menageries which are wintering in and about the city.

It stood threateningly in his path in a threatening attitude, with its forked tongue darting out viciously, and giving vent to terrifying hisses. It was hideously spotted along the back, while its belly was of a sage-green color. Mr. Johnson is no coward, but he is not ashamed to confess that he would gladly have been 100 miles from the spot. In the meantime the threatening actions of the monster admonished Mr. Johnson that he must soon decide upon a plan of action to save his life. Casting about for a weapon he fortunately saw a piece of cordwood about four feet long and four to six inches in diameter, of tough hickory, which had been carelessly dropped by a passing wagon. This he grasped with the strength and energy of despair, and advanced to the combat. The hideous reptile was active and enraged, and sprang repeatedly at Mr. Johnson, hoping to catch him in its enormous and horrible coils. Which would instantly crack all his bones as easily as if he were an ox; but, fighting for his life as he was, Mr. Johnson was able to foil these attempts and to inflict such injuries upon the monster as to partially disable it. Following up his advantage he, with the full force of his remaining strength, hurled the bludgeon, fortunately striking the hideous monster in the back, which gave Mr. Johnson the victory. Convinced that the reptile could not escape to endanger other lives Mr. Johnson hurried to a neighbor's house and borrowed an ax, and, quickly returning, with a few well-directed blows he severed the ugly head from the body. It was one of the most deadly species of garter snakes, and measured at least ten feet in length. Mr. Johnson will have the skin stuffed, and although he has had several offers for it from museums, he proposes to keep it as a memento of a time of peril such as comes but seldom in a man's life. It was a most fortunate escape, and Mr. Johnson deserves great credit for destroying so dangerous a monster.—Inter Ocean.

A TERRIBLE PROPHECY.

The Red Sunsets, Cyclones and Earthquakes Foretelling Coming Disaster—How to Meet It.

The recent mysterious appearances following sunset and preceding sunrise have attracted wide attention from students of the skies and the people generally. During the days of recent weeks the sun seems to have been obscured by a thin veil of a dull leaden hue which, as the sun receded toward the horizon, became more luminous, then yellow, then orange, then red; and, as night settled down upon the earth, a dull purple. At first it was thought these appearances were ordinary sunset reflections of light but it is now pretty certain that they are either the misty substance of the tail of some unseen comet, in which the earth is enveloped, or a surrounding stratum of world dust or very small meteors. Professor Brooks, of the Red House Observatory, Phelps, N. Y., has turned his telescope upon these objects and discovered what he thinks are myriads of telescopic meteors. If it is unorganized world dust, or decomposed vapors, as the Democrat and Chronicle of Rochester, N. Y., remarks: "How is this matter to be disposed of? Will it settle and form a deposit upon the earth, or remain a partial opaque shell about the earth to cut of a portion of the sun's light upon it?"

Whatever the mystery is, there is no denying that some very strange forces are at work in the upper airs. The terrible tornadoes and cyclones which have swept our own country, and the fearful volcanoes and earthquakes which have destroyed so many cities and thousands of people—the tidal waves which mysteriously rise and fall on coasts hitherto unvexed by them—the tremendous activity which is evident in the sun by the constant revelation of enormous spots upon its surface—all indicate unusual energy in the heavenly bodies.

These circumstances recall Professor Grimner's prophecies that from 1881 to 1897, the passage of the five great planets—Mars, Neptune, Jupiter, Uranus, and Saturn—around the sun would produce strange and wonderful phenomena. He says "the waters of the earth will become more or less poisonous. The air will be foul with noisome odors. Ancient races will disappear from the earth." He attempts to prove his prophecy by the fact that in 1720, when Mars and Saturn made their passage around the sun coincidentally, great destruction and mortality visited all parts of the globe. He also found the same results in previous perihelion passages of the planets, and argues that these circumstances always produce epidemics and destructive diseases which will baffle the skill of the most eminent physicians; that the poor will die by thousands, the weak and intemperate falling first, those whose blood has been impoverished by excess of work or dissipation next and only those who are in comparative vigor shall escape to enjoy the era of renewed activity and prosperity which will follow the period of destruction.

Inasmuch as the entire world seems subject to the sway of the heavenly bodies no part of the earth, he thinks, can escape scourging. He even predicts that America will lose over ten millions of people; that farmers will be seized with fear and cease to till the soil; that famine will make human misery more wretched. That hundreds will flee to overcrowded cities for aid in vain. That sudden changes in ocean currents, temperature and surroundings will entirely transform the face of nature and climate of countries; that the air will be so charged with germs and other obnoxious gases that those who survive will be troubled with disorders of the digestive organs. That many who escape other ills will bloat with dropsy and suddenly pass away, while others will grow thin and drag out a miserable existence in indescribable agony for weeks. Neuralgic pains in different parts of the body will torment them. They will finally tire and become despondent. A faint, hot feeling will be succeeded by chilly sensations while hallucinations and dread of impending ill will paralyze all effort. "The birds in the air, the beasts of the field, and even the fish of the sea will become diseased, poisoning the air and poisoning the waters of the globe." We are told on the other hand that those who shall pass through this period of trial will have larger enjoyment of life and health. The earth will yield more abundantly than ever before. The animal kingdom will be more prolific and life prolonged very materially. This prolongation of life will be owing to the healthy electric and magnetic influences that will pervade the atmosphere. It would perhaps seem that the present redness of the sun, and the presence of a belt or veil of cosmic matter, justified, in a measure, the prediction of Professor Grimner, but disturbing as his prediction may be we are told for our comfort that the strong and pure blooded need have little to fear in these calamities, that those who are delicate or indisposed should adopt means to keep the system well supported and the blood pure and that the most philosophical and effective method of accomplishing this is to keep the kidneys and liver in good condition. From the testimonials of such men as Dr. Dio Lewis and Professor R. A. Gunn, M. D. Dean of the United States Medical college, New York, and thousands of influential non-professional people, it seems almost certain that for this purpose there is no preparation known to science equal to Warner's Safe Cure, better known as Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. This medicine has acquired the finest reputation of any preparation that was ever put upon the market. It is a radical blood purifier, which soothes and heals all inflamed organs, strengthens the nervous system, washes out all evidences of decay, regulates digestion, prevents malassimilation of food in a philosophical and rational manner, fortifies the system against climatic changes and malarial influences and the destructive agencies which seem to be so abundant in these "evil days."

It is not our purpose to dispute the correctness of Professor Grimner's prophecies. As we have said the marked disturbances of the past few years would seem to give a semblance of verification of his theory. It is certain, as above stated, that we are passing through what may be regarded as a crucial period and it is the part of wise men not to ignore but to learn to fortify themselves against the possibility of being overcome by these evils. It is a duty which each man owes to himself and his fellows, to mitigate as much as possible the suffering of humanity and in no way better can he accomplish this purpose than to see to it, that he, himself, is fortified by the best known preparation in the strongest possible manner and that he exerts the influence of his own example upon his fellows to the end that they too, may share with him immunity from the destructive influences which seek his ruin.

The Romance of a Youthful Marriage.

From Littell's Living Age.

A correspondent, writing to Notes and Queries on the subject of early marriages, says: Lady Sarah Cadogan, daughter of William, first Earl of Cadogan, was married at the age of thirteen to Charles, second Duke of Richmond, aged eighteen. It is said that this marriage was a bargain to cancel a gambling debt between their parents. Lady Sarah being a co-heiress. The young Lord March was brought from college and the little lady from her nursery for the ceremony, which took place at The Hague. The bride was amazed and silent, but the husband exclaimed, "Surely you are not going to marry me to that dowdy?" Married, however, he was, and the tutor then took him off to the Continent, and the bride went back to her mother. Three years after Lord March returned from his travels, but, having such a disagreeable recollection of his wife, he was in no hurry to join her, and went the first evening to the theater. There he saw a lady so beautiful that he asked who she was. "The reigning toast, Lady March," was the answer he got. He hastened to claim her, and their lifelong affection for each other is much commented upon by contemporaneous writers—indeed, it was said that the Duchess, who only survived a year, died of grief.

Did Not Know Him.

Anthony Trollope had a right to expect that a person who had so general a reputation for intelligence as Brigham Young would know him by name, even if he had not read his books. But when the distinguished novelist called on the polygamist at Salt Lake City, the reception which he received was not flattering.

He received me, says Mr. Trollope, in his doorway, not asking me to enter, and inquired whether I was not a miner. When I told him that I was not a miner, he asked me whether I earned my bread. I told him I did.

"Guess you're a miner," said he.

I again assured him that I was not.

"Then how do you earn your bread?"

"I told him that I did so by writing books.

"I'm sure you're a miner," said he.

Then he turned upon his heel, went back into the house, and closed the door. I was properly punished, as I was vain enough to conceive that he would have heard my name.

The reason why so many die with consumption, is because they neglect to use the proper remedy in season. When the system is first attacked with a cough, oppression of the chest, or seated pains in the breast, Allen's Lung Balsam will cause the phlegm to raise, heal the irritated parts, and restore the system to health.

The Masons are to build a hospital for indigent invalids at Hot Springs, Ark.

Carbo Lines.

This magic balm, would is in truth,
Petroleum sweet and clear;
It gives to age the charm of youth,
The matchless Carboline.

One dozen small bottles of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) cured me sound and well of a bad scrofulous affection which had baffled all treatment, including Hot Springs. J. H. RAINE, Denver, Col.

The Spanish Alcalde.

An old Spanish Alcalde made it a point to execute all who were arrested and brought before him—the old for what they had done and the young for what they might do hereafter. Allen's Cod Liver Tonic Bitters, creeping in its effects upon the sick and the well, toning the stomach, aiding digestion and strengthening the whole system. A genuine bear the signature of J. P. Allen, St. Paul, Minn.

Many persons in Pittston are using Ely's Cream Balm, a Catarrh remedy, with most satisfactory results. A lady is recovering the sense of smell which she had not enjoyed for fifteen years. She had given up her case as incurable. Mr. Barber has used it in his family and commends it very highly. A Tunkhannock lawyer, known to many of our readers, testifies that he was cured of partial deafness.—Pittston (Pa.) Gazette (Nov 1st). Price 50 cts. including a nasal syringe.

Why Suffer?

With sore throat or old chronic sores, boils or skin diseases when Dr. Halliday's Blood Purifier and other remedies will cure them. Sold by all druggists. Call on or address the proprietor S Blackford, 274 East Seventh street, St Paul, Minn.

Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) has cured me of a long-standing case of Eczema, which has resisted all sorts of treatment. Rev. W. J. ROBINSON, N. Ga Conference.

25c bn s a pair of Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners, makes a boot or shoe last twice as long.

Nothing better for asthma than Piso's cure for consumption. 25 cents per bottle.

"Meno sana in corpore sano:" "A sound mind in a sound body" is the trade mark of Allen's Brain Food, and we assure our readers that, if dissatisfied with mental weakness of little boys or men, this remedy will permanently strengthen both. $1—At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 1st Ave., N. Y.

Mensman's Peptonized Beef Tonic, the only preparation of beef containing its *entire nutritious properties*. It contains blood-making, co-generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sleeplessness, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, it is the best nourishment for nervous prostration, overwork, or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. CARNRICK, HAZARD & CO., Proprietors, New York. Sold by Druggists.

The Conductor.

Conductor Warren, of Winona, Minn., says, I used one bottle of Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, when I was so hoarse I could not speak above a whisper, and in twenty-four hours it cured me. It is the best remedy I ever saw.

Free to all Ministers.

I will send two bottles of Warner's White Wine of Tar free of all costs to any minister who will send me his address. Sold by druggists. Address H. H. WARNER & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

Fever to Use It.

There are two ways of using a medicine—the wrong way and the right way. A medicine, if misapplied, or if only partially tried, or if used too frequently or too seldom, cannot accomplish what it would when dealt with properly. Everybody knows this. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is a very valuable preparation, and will do all that is claimed for it if directions are followed.

For Catarrh.

Pour a little of the Oil into a spoon and snuff gently through the nose two or three minutes at a time, and several times a day. The mucous membrane of the nasal organs may be a little sensitive by reason of the disease, and the practice we here recommend may be a little disagreeable at first; yet, if pursued patiently, it will cure catarrh, leaving no ill effects whatever.

For a Cold or Cough.

Swallow a half teaspoonful of Oil, also gargle in the throat, and if the cold is severe, or settled in the lungs, apply externally, in frequent and liberal doses about the throat and chest. The absorbing qualities of this medicine are wonderful, and the patient will be astonished to find how quickly his cold leaves him—its disappearance first evincing itself in the absence of the close, choking sensation about the bronchial tubes and the speedy loosening and expulsion of phlegm and other deleterious matter. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will cure a cold nine times out of ten. For diphtheria, asthma, and bronchitis it is equally good. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is guaranteed—every bottle. Remember this. By Druggists everywhere. Foster, Milburn & Co. Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

The tallest tree in the world is in Australia, and is 480 feet high, unless the man who tells about it lies.

Some one offers as a reason why Englishmen are unpopular in Italy the fact that they are unable to see an animal ill-treated without protesting. It is pleasant to know that the milords manifest so much consideration, even at the expense of their popularity.

ALLEN'S Lung Balsam!

A GOOD FAMILY REMEDY!

—THAT WILL CURE—

Coughs, Colds, Croup, CONSUMPTION.

Dr. Meredith, Dentist, of Chicago, thought to be in the last stages of Consumption, and was indeed by his friends to try Allen's Lung Balsam after the formula was shown him. We have his letter that it so cured his cough and that he was able to resume his practice.

Jeremiah Wright, of Marion County, W. Va., writes us that his wife had Pulmonary Consumption and was pronounced incurable by their physician, when the use of Allen's Lung Balsam entirely cured her. He writes that he and his neighbors think it the best medicine in the world.

Wm. C. Diggs, Merchant, of Bowling Green, Va., writes April 4, 1881, that he wants us to know that the Lung Balsam has cured his mother of Consumption, after the physician had given her up as incurable. He says others knowing her case have taken the Balsam and been cured. He thinks all so afflicted should give it a trial.

Wm. A. Graham & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Zanesville, Ohio, write us of the cure of Mathias Freeman, a well known citizen, who had been afflicted with Bronchitis in its worst form for twelve years. The Lung Balsam cured him, so it has cured many others of Bronchitis.

Allen's Lung Balsam

Is harmless to the most delicate child! It contains no Opium in any form!

Recommended by Physicians, Ministers and Nurses. In fact by everybody who has given it a good trial. It Never Fails to Bring Relief.

As an Expectorant it has no Equal.

SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS.

DR. SPINNEY'S NERVE TONIC

Nerve Tonic, A Positive Remedy for all forms of Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, Spinal Affections Chronic, Recent or Delicate Nervous Disorders of the Heart, Liver and Kidneys, and all other Nervous Diseases. Price: $1.00 per bottle or 6 for $5.00. Sent by express on receipt of money. Send stamp for pamphlet, address, DR. SPINNEY & CO., 165 South Third St., Minneapolis, Minn. Also for sale by Druggists.

SICK FOLKS Folks should send a three cent stamp for a free book of nearly 100 large octavo pages, full of valuable notes by Dr. E. B. Foote, the author of

Medical Common Sense and Plain Talk

FREE on Scrofula, Diseases of Men and Women and all chronic ailments, with the evidences of their curability. Address Murray Hill Pub. Co. Box 783, New York City.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its

Washington House!

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

Jno. Beierstettel.

This old and well-known Hotel has been entirely refitted, and now offers the best of accommodation to the traveling public.

Good Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen.

The Best of LIQUORS, WINES & CIGARS kept at the Bar.

Fresh Beer always on tap.

Charges Reasonable.

STABLE ATTACHED.

Marble Shop.

St. HUBERT CHANHASSEN.

The undersigned has opened a new marble shop, in St. Hubert, Chanhassen, and is ready to furnish Monuments, head stones and marble work of every kind, and will guarantee all of his work as to quality and workmanship, and at prices that will … one.

WORK SOLICITED.

PETER FENNEKISON, Propr.

C. BESEMANN. ANTON TIETZ.

BESEMANN & TIETZ.

Billiard Hall!

CHASKA, MINN.

We have just fitted up … the neatest SALOONS AND BILLIARD HALLS in Chaska, and will keep constantly on hand the best of Liquors, Wines and Cigars.

Also Fresh Beer on tap every morning.

FREE LUNCH EVERY MORNING

GIVE US A CALL.

"OLD RELIABLE"

CHASKA

Insurance Agency.

JOSEPH FRANKEN, Ag't

Agent for all of the leading

FIRE, LIFE & HAIL Insurance Companies.

Policies issued at home, and Losses promptly paid.

For full particulars inquire at the Drug Store, Chaska.

DR. P. F. SHILLOCK,

Deutscher Arzt,

Office in Herald Block Chaska, Minn. Office hours 9—11 a. m. & 2—4 p. m.

CHASKA ONE PRICE

Boot & Shoe STORE by G. H. Schrcers,

CHASKA, MINN.

All goods warranted to be A No. 1. Cheap for Cash.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER. Repairing done cheap to customers.

NEW

FURNITURE STORE

Burkhart Bros.

Opposite Goodrich's 99 cent store.

CHASKA, - MINNESOTA

Wool, Hair and Husk Mattresses, Wool Pillows, &c. &c.

Repairing promptly attended to. All work warranted, and charges reasonable.

BURKHART BROS.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!! NEW PRICES!!!

NEW BOOTS & SHOES STORE. BY FRANK ESSELT

Chaska - - - Minn.

I have just received and opened a large stock of boots, shoes, rubbers, rubber boots, slippers &c.

All goods warranted No. 1 in quality and will be sold very

CHEAP FOR CASH!

Store opposite Chis. Eders' saloon.

John Stoeckmas.

Cologne, - Minn.

Boot and Shoe Maker.

Repairing neatly and promptly done.

VALLEY HERALD.

R. R. Time Table

Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R.

SOUTH.		NORTH.	
Passenger	8:23 a. m.	Passenger	7:30 p. m.
do	4.12 p. m.	do	10:25 a. m.
do	7:50 p. m.	do	6:00 a. m.
do	7:03 a. m.	do	10:13 a. m.
do	9:23 a. m.	do	5:20 p. m.
do	5:19 p. m.	do	9:30 p. m

H. D. WEAVER, Agt.

C. M. & St. P. R'y, H. & D. Div.

TIME TABLE NO. 5.

EAST.		WEST.	
Mixed	5:55 a. m.	Passenger	9:35 a. m
Passenger	4:45 p. m.	Mixed	8:00p. m

The above Trains connect at Cologne with main line Passenger Trains.

FRED GREINER, Jr. Agent

HOME AND COUNTY NEWS.

Wheat 87.

Merry Christmas!

Pay your subscription.

Look out for horse thieves.

The Holidays will soon be over.

All goods at extremely Low Prices at. Fred W. Eder

Make up your mind to turn over a new leaf after Jan. 1st.

We are a little late this week on account of a pressure of job work.

Fred W. Eder, is doing a rushing business the last few weeks, low prices will sell goods.

Mixed candies sold at 15 cents per pound and upward at G. Eders Confectionary.

Last Saturday was a busy day in town. Lots of farmers teams in town. Good for our merchants.

Remember only one week more, Goods at Cut Prices, at. F. W. Eder's

The finest and newest styles of Christmas and New Years cards cheap at Gottlieb Eders.

Dont fail to buy the Wampach bob-sled, of Finnegan Bros., as it is the best in the market.

Albums, Scrap books papeteries boxes, also music folioes at rock bottom prices, at Gottlieb Eders.

We would like to commence the New Year, with a clean subscription list. Pay us up and we will give you a better paper.

The finest lot of dressed dolls ever before in Chaska, remarkably cheap at Gottlieb Eders Bazaar.

Business in town is good this week, our stores are crowded with people from the country purchasing for the Holidays.

Buy your Holiday goods at Gottlieb Eders Bazaar and save money, he is selling at reduced bottom prices as he is bound to sell out his entire holiday stock.

Anderson & Skoog, of Carver, have purchased the stock of goods of John Funk & Co., and leased the store building. We wish them success.

If you want a Christmas Tree come at once and select, at Gottlieb Eders, who has the largest stock ever brought to Chaska, height 3 to 12 feet.

The village Council of Carver have finally decided to purchase, erect and maintain 12 street lamps in that village hereafter. A good move.

Gottlieb Eder is again in the field with his large stock of Toys and Holiday goods, which he is selling at remarkably low prices. Call and see.

F. P. Seeger, Mike Hammer and Fred Henning, are already mentioned as the next Chief of the Fire Department. They are all old and experienced firemen.

Buy one dollars worth of goods, and take the chance of winning the baby carriage, the baby swing, the bamboo high chair and the willow baby chair at Gottlieb Eders Toy Store.

The Bond of the County Treasurer is fixed at $40,000 instead of $60,000 as stated in these columns a couple of weeks ago.

Ferd Ohnsorg is happy over a new arrival this Monday morning; it is a boy and tipped the scales at 11lbs Cigars etc, are the go on the lucky event.

Kugeler Bros., are out in this issue with an advertisement of Flour & Feed Store. They keep on hand bran, shorts, flour and grain. Store in brick building east of Merchants Hotel. Give them a call.

We were visited by a nice little snow storm last Monday morning. Sleighing however, lasted only a short time, the rough condition of the roads requiring considerable snow for good sleighing.

Mr. Gehl, is going to establish the "cash system" after the 1st of January next. All those indebted to him are also requested to pay up see notice elsewhere.

Our Watertown, Waconia, Cologne subscribers are requested to call on our respective agents and pay up for the HERALD for the year 1883. We must have our money. See list of agents elsewhere.

Holiday Jewelry.

The very finest assortment of Jewelry, suitable for Holiday presents, call at Diacon Jewelry Store.

No More Credit.

Notice is hereby given that after the first day of January 1884, I will change to the cash system, and sell my meat for cash only. All those indebted to me are requested to settle their accounts at once.

HENRY GEHL, Butcher.

Be Sure And Get A Ticket.

Mr. Lucien Diacon, has a very large stock of Jewelry which he must dispose of before the end of the Holidays, and will therefore give each purchaser of $2. worth of jewelry, a ticket in a drawing for a gold watch and chain worth $50. The tickets in the drawing are limited to 200. Call at his store and examine his stock before going elsewhere.

Norwood.

Our regular Norwood items, an interesting batch, reached us just as we were going to press this Wednesday noon, having been miscarried. They will appear next week.

Grand Benefit Ball.

We are pleased to learn that our Cornet Band, have decided to give a grand benifit ball on New Year Eve. Dec, 31st. The Band is a new institution, and the members thereof have already paid out a little over $700, for their Instruments and Uniform, and in view of this fact we hope their Ball on New Year Eve, will be largely attended and prove a good "benifit" to the boys.

Death of Peter Bleichner.

Peter Bleichner, son of George Bleichner, of Benton, died at the residence of his Father, on Sunday morning, Dec. 16th, of typhoid fever, aged 24 years.

It is hard to realise that Peter is dead, as it is only a little over a month ago, that we met him at his home in perfect health, and as genial and pleasant as a person could be, but that terrible disease, typhoid, which is supposed to have caused the death of his sister, Mrs Wirtz, commenced its deathly work on him, and in three weeks we find him a corpse.

The funeral last Monday from the Catholic Church, Rev Father Braun, officiating was one of the largest ever witnessed in that town.

The parents and relatives of the deceased have the heartfelt sympathy of a large circle of friends in their affliction, being the second one within four months.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of January 1884, the Board of Auditors of the Treasury, of the County Carver, will receive proposals for the deposit of the County funds such proposals must state what security will be given to the County, for the funds deposited, and what interest will be paid for the amounts so deposited.

Chaska Dec. 13th 1883.

Robert Patterson, Chmn, Board of Co. Com's
L. Streukens, Co Auditor.
G. Krayenbuhl, Clerk Dist Court,

A New Singing Society.

A new German singing society has been started in this village with a membership of some fourteen. The society has been named the Concordia, and is under the leadership of Mr. Meyer.

They meet twice a week at the parlors of the Washington Hotel, for practise on Monday and Friday evenings. We understand that they are making commendable progress, and will shortly favor our citizens with a public concert.

Barley! Barley!! Barley!!!

Highest market price paid for barley in cash or trade at

D. Youngs store.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to me will please settle at once as I am going out of business.

Mrs. H. YOUNG.

Money To Loan.

The "Carver County Bank" Chaska, and "Farmer's Bank" Waconia, have each $50,000 at their disposal to place on farm lands in this County at low rates of interest and on long time.

Dwelling For Rent.

Also one good room suitable for business. Inquire of

JOHN BEIERSTETTEL.

For Sale.

I offer 160 acres of land for sale in section 8—Hollywood town on easy terms. Geo. A. DuToit Chaska.

For Sale.

The undersigned has a large supply of medicated food, for sale, for the improvement of the condition of horses and cattle. One trial will convince you of its value. For sale by. Dr. Chas. May.

Notice to Debtors.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned, Peter Campbell, on store account or otherwise, will save themselves cost of collection by law, by calling and settling up at once.

Watertown, Nov. 22d 1883.

PETER CAMPBELL.

OUR AGENTS.

The following are our agents at the following named places viz!

Cologne, Jacob Meuwissen.
Waconia, George Mix.
Watertown, C. O. Teas.

Delinquent subscribers at either of these offices, will call on our agents for receipts. We must have our pay at once,

DIED.

Tillman Kammans, an old settler of Benton, lost a 12 year old son last Friday, the 14th, of diphtheria, and buried him on Monday, from the Bongard Church, We believe this makes three deaths in this family within a year, all of the same disease Mr. & Mrs. K., have the sympathy of a large circle of friends in their affliction.

A Good Friend To The Chinese.

SAN FRANCISCO.—Consul A. F, Bee, of the Chinese Consulate office expresses himself clearly in saying that he, as well as his family have suffered severely from rheumatism and neuralgia, and that medicines were used in vain. At last St. Jacobs Oil was tried, which effected immediate cures in every case. The Consul regards the Oil as the greatest pain curing remedy in existence.

Married.

Herman Ludloff, of Dahlgren son of our old friend Chas. Ludloff, the veteran horticulturist, was married recently to Miss. Maggie Lenzen, daughter of Henry Lenzen also of Dahlgren. The young couple are popular members of society and have an extended circle of friends who wish them much joy.

Club Dance.

The young folks of this town will hold a club dance on Friday, Dec. 21st, 1883.

A New Attorney.

Mr. Joy, an attorney at law, who has sojourned in this State for a year or more, has located at Norwood, for the practice of law. Mr. J is from Maine, and has been in active practice for a number of years, and comes to this county highly recommended. We bespeak for him the hearty support of the citizens of Norwood and vicinity.

Santa Claus.

The head quarters of "Santa Claus" himself, is at Frankens Drug Store, this season. He has the largest and best assorted stock of Holiday Goods and Toys ever brought to this city. You can find anything you want, from the cheapest to the best. Call and see.

Home.

Dr. MacDonald, informs us that Stakens little girl, suffering from diphtheria at the Catholic School, is somewhat better. No school this week however.

Christmas Trees.

The Moravian Sabbath School of this village, are making preparations for a nice Christmas Tree at the Church, on Christmas Eve.

We also understand that the Catholic School is also preparing a tree for the same occasion.

Farm For Sale.

The undersigned offers his farm consisting of 80 acres, for sale. The farm is situated in Sect. 11, one and a half mile from Cologne, and is under good cultivation with timber & meadow land, and farm residence, stable and granary thereon. Price ½ cash balance on long time. For full particulars call on premises of

HUBERT DOLS.

NOTICE
To Whom It May Concern!

The saloon keepers of the county of Carver and the public generally are hereby notified not to sell or give to my son John Fick Jr., any intoxicating liquors of any kind including beer, as he is an habitual drunkard and I will prosecute all violations of this order.

Dated Laketown, Dec 4th 1883.

JOHN FICK,

Farm For Sale.

I offer the Fred Janke farm in this town for sale. This is a good chance for some one who wishes a good piece of land.

HUGO VOLKENANT.

Hides! Hides!!

The highest cash price paid for Hides at the butcher shop of

HENRY GEHL, Chaska.

Fresh Oysters!

The undersigned will hereafter keep constantly on hand the best quality of Fresh Oysters by the bulk, and will retail by the pint, quart or gallon, at Minneapolis prices. These Oysters are always fresh and you are sure of getting a good article by calling on

CHARLES GEHL.

A Business Trip.

P. H. Finnigan, of Finnigan Bros., recently returned from a trip to Chicago, and during his stay there he visited the mammoth Factory of William Deering, Manufacturer of the Deering Twine Binder and Mower. He says it is a wonderful establishment. Since the close of last season the establishment has turned out 75 Binders daily, and in a few weeks he will increase the number to 100 per day. Mr. F., informs us that Mr. Deering has added some very important improvements to this seasons Binder. He says he is also putting in better material and taking more pains than ever before. The Deering was the first successful Twine Binder put into the field and has always kept to the front of all competitors, and the Binders he is manufacturing for the coming season, is without doubt the best Binder in the world.

After spending a few days at Chicago, Mr. F., went from there to Milwaukee, Elgin, Rock Island, Davenport, Muscatine, Dubuque and other points and visited the different Factories at each place, and we are informed by Finnigan Bros that they will offer to the farmers the coming season, the finest and cheapest selection of farming implements ever sold in the county.

Our Wheat Market.

Our wheat market has been a poor one this winter. The Minnetonka Mills have invariably paid eight cents per bushel more than Chaska, and the farmers of Chanhassen and Laketown, who generally market their crops in Chaska, have been forced, on account of the great differance in price, to go to the Mills with their grain this winter. If the difference was simply 3 cents per bushel it would all be marketed here, as it is, our market will remain a poor one.

Watertown.

Holy Moses! what does that Watertown Delano Eagle Rooster mean by calling our Kommeck troup a "comic Q Co."

The regular annual Masonic ball will be given this winter at Kohler-hall on Monday evening Dec. 31st. Music will be furnished by Holcomb & Teas combination band, and don't you forget it.

Mr Chas Eppel, of Delano, was in town last Wednesday calling on his numerous friends.

What will we have for Christmas? no dance nor nothing.

As soon as possible we will write up the building statistics of Watertown for publication.

Burglars entered the saloon of E. Koth one night last week, but did not get much. This burglary business has got to be a common occurance in our village.

A new sig adorns(?) the front of Uggla Bros. saloon, but Charlie Teas wants it distinctly understood that he didn't make it.

The Watertown "Kommeck" troupe will give their first exhibition on Wednesday evening Dec. 26th in the school house. From reports we judge that it will be a very interesting entertainment.

Dr. Trent has his office and residence in Peter Campbells old store building.

Dr. Frank has opened his office in the Union Hotel.

Our annual village election will be held on the 1st day of January. There are one president, three councilmen, one treasurer, one recorder and one Justice of the peace to elect. Let every man go to the polls and put in a good and competent set of officers.

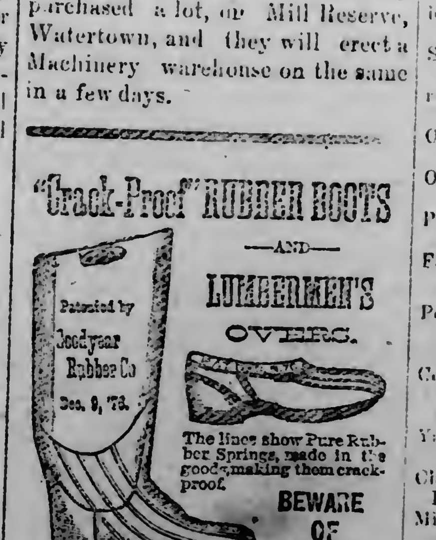
F. X. Kohler and wife came down from Murdock last week to visit friends and relatives in Watertown.

Mr Eli Lewis one of Watertown founders, is visiting his old friends of this place.

Mr Wallace Goodsell, and Mr C, W. Rickerson, of Howard Lake were in town last Sunday,

Finnegan Bros., have recently purchased a lot, on Mill Reserve, Watertown, and they will erect a Machinery warehouse on the same in a few days.

"Crack-Proof" RUBBER BOOTS —AND— LUMBERMEN'S OVERS.



The lines show Pure Rubber Springs, made in the goods, making them crack-proof.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

To Test the Quality of Rubbers.

With your thumb nail pick the edge of the sole. If made of pure rubber, it will be elastic and will not crumble. If shoddy and made of old goods ground up, it will pick off and crumble, and will not wear one half the time that it would if made of pure rubber.

All Rubber Shoes or Boots stamped on the sole or heel with this stamp, are made of pure rubber.

CRACK PROOF GOODYEAR RUBBER NEW YORK

For sale by Boot and Shoe Dealers.

GOODYEAR RUBBER CO., 373 & 374 E. Water Street, - MILWAUKEE.

The only store in Wisconsin or Minnesota connected with Goodyear Rubber Co., New York.

AMERICAN FARMER
FREE
TO ALL OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

All of our subscribers who will pay their subscription accounts to this paper in full to date, and one year in advance, will be presented with one year's subscription to the

"AMERICAN FARMER"

a sixteen page agricultural magazine, published by E. A. K. Hackett, at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and which is rapidly taking rank as one of the leading agricultural publications of the country. It is devoted exclusively to the interests of the Farmer, Stock Breeder, Dairyman, Gardener, and their Household, and every species of industry connected with that great portion of the people of the world, the Farmer. The subscription price is $1 00 per year. Farmers can not well get along without it. It puts new ideas into their minds. It teaches them how to farm with profit to themselves. It makes the home happy, the young folks cheerful, the growler contented, the downcast happy, and the demagogue honest.

JOHN WUBKE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

CHASKA, MINN.

Good fits a specialty. Sample cloth of all kinds always kept on hand.

Shop over Gehl's Butcher Shop.

MEAT MARKET
by
Charles Gehl

CHASKA, — — MINN.

Always keep on hand Fresh Beef, Pork, Mutton, Corned Beef, Ham, Smoked Sausage, Dried Beef, Lard, &c.

Shop 2nd Street. Jly 19 ly 81.

Minneapolis & St. Louis
RAILWAY.

ALBERT LEA ROUTE

NEW AND POPULAR LINE TO

CHICAGO Via ROCK ISL ND.

Through Cars, connecting in Union Depot with trains for all points East.

THE PIONEER & PEERLESS LINE TO

ST. LOUIS

several miles the shortest; connecting in Grand Union Depot with trains for all points South, southeast and Southwest.

Des Moines Short line.

The only direct and first-class route between the capital cities of the great States of Minnesota and Iowa.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS

between St. Paul and Minneapolis and Fort Dodge and the extensive coal fields of Iowa. The only route offering TWO TRAINS DAILY to

Kansas City, Atchison & Leavenworth

Making close connection with trains of the Union Pacific and Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railways.

A full line of tickets to all points in the United States and Canadas on sale at principal ticket offices throughout the Northwest. For information regarding Rates, Routes, Sleeping-car Berths &c., inquire of nearest Ticket Agent, or of

S. F. BOYD, Gen'l Tkt & Pass Agt. E. RYDER, Supt.

MINNEAPOLIS

SHORT LINE.

The use of the term "Short Line" in connection with the corporate name of a great road, conveys an idea of just what is required by the traveling public—a Short Line, Quick Time and the best of accommodations all of which are furnished by the greatest railway in America.

CHICAGO, MILWUKEE, and St. Paul,

It owns and operates over 4,500 miles road in Northern Illinois, Wisconsin Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota, and as its main lines, branches and connections reach all the great business centres of the Northwest and Far West it naturally answers the description of Short Line, and Best Route between.

Chicago, Milwaukee St. Paul and Minneapolis.
Chicago, Milwaukee, La Crosse, and Winona.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Aberdeen and Ellendale.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Eau Claire and Stillwater.
Chicago, Milwaukee Wausau and Merrill.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Beaver Dam and Oshkosh.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Waukesha and Oconomowoc.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison and Prairie du Chien.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Owatonna and Faribault.
Chicago, Beloit, Janesville and Mineral Point.
Chicago, Elgin, Rockford and Dubuque.
Chicago, Clinton, Rock Island, and Cedar Rapids.
Chicago, Council Bluffs and Omaha.
Chicago, Sioux City, Sioux Falls and Yankton.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Mitchel and Chamberlain.
Rock Island, Dubuque, St. Paul and Minneapolis
Davenport, Calmer, St Paul and Minneapolis,

Pullman Sleepers and the Finest Dining Cars in the World are run on the main lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and every attention is paid to passengers by courteous employes of the Company.

S. S. MERRILL, General Manager, A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen Pass & Tkt Agt
J. T. CLARK, Genl Sup't. GEO. H. HEAFFORD, Ass't Gen Pass Agt

CLOTHING	CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS	BUFFALO COATS

OERTER & EDER.

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CHASKA - MINN.

Call early and get your Bargains in CLOTHING, as we have made a General reduction on all winter goods.

CLOTHING (repeated down the left side); BUFFALO COATS (repeated down the right side); OVER COATS (repeated along the bottom)

CITY DRUG STORE!

JOSEPH FRANKEN. Prop'r.

Prescriptions a Specialty.

I HAVE A COMPLETE STOCK OF

HONEST AND PATENT MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Toilet Goods, Books, Stationery, Notions Liquors and Cigars. A full line of

Homoeopathic Tinctures and Pellets.

The largest and best selected stock of

Wall Paper.

A Full Assortment of Glassware.

All orders from the country or surrounding towns solicited and promptly filled.

Just Stop and Think!

Don't you know that one of the best and easiest ways to save your "hard earned wealth" is to buy where you can get the

BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY?

Of course you know it, and in order that you may know that we know you know it, we want to remind you that we are now offering at

VERY LOW PRICES!

One of the Largest and Best Selected Stocks of

Hardware of all Descriptions!

It has ever been your fortune to witness or our fortune to secure. An examination of our goods and a knowledge of our prices will convince you that we are telling you only the PLAIN, UNVARNISHED TRUTH!

You are respectfully invited to call and test the truth of our remarks.

P. HENK, - Chaska

HERMAN KREUTZIANS,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Farm Machinery,

CHASKA, - - MINN.

Also Agent for the Celebrated

Champion Twine Binders,

Champion Reapers & Mowers,

Constantly keep on hand a full line of repairs for all machinery I have for sale. I also keep on hand and sell at bottom prices all kinds of first class agricultural implements, from a grub hoe on to a steam threshing machine.

H. J. Kreutzian.

ATTENTION!

Selling at COST for CASH or Grain all winter Goods at

FRED SEEGER.

Take in New Artics	1.35—1 55
" " Women "	1.25—
" " children "	75 - 1.00
Boots & Shoes felt	1.60—1 50
" " leather	1.00—2.25

Men & Boys Clothing and Over Coats at cost.

Big BARGAINS in Flannels, Sheeting and Dress Goods. Now is the time to buy cheap. Highest price paid for Wheat, Corn, Oats and Barley in Cash or GOODS. Come early and get the cream of a large Stock.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Washington House!

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

Jno. Beierstettel.

This old and well known Hotel has been entirely refitted, and now offers the best of accommodations to the traveling public.

Good Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen.

The Best of LIQUORS, WINES & CIGARS kept at the Bar.

Fresh Beer always on tap.

Charges Reasonable.

STABLES ATTACHED.)

Marble Shop.

St. HUBERT CHANHASSEN.

The undersigned has opened a new marble shop, in St. Hubert, Chanhassen, and is ready to furnish Monuments, head stones and more work of all kind, and will guarantee all of his work as to quality and workmanship, and prices that will [illegible] one.

WORK SOLICITED

PETER FRANKEN, Propr.

C. BESEMANN. ANTON TIETZ.

BESEMANN & TIETZ

Billiard Hall!

CHASKA, MINN.

We have just fitted up with the neatest SALOONS AND BILLIARD HALLS in Chaska, and will keep constantly on hand the best of Liquors, Wines and Cigars.

Also Fresh Beer on tap every morning.

FREE LUNCH EVERY MORNING

GIVE US A CALL.

"OLD RELIABLE"

CHASKA

Insurance Agency.

JOSEPH FRANKEN, Ag't

Agent for all of the leading

FIRE, LIFE & HAIL

Insurance Companies.

Policies issued at home, and Losses promptly paid.

For full particulars inquire at the Drug Store, Chaska.

DR. P. F. SHILLOCK,

Deutscher Arzt,

Office in Herald Block Chaska, Minn. Office hours 9—11 a. m. & 2—4 p. m.

CHASKA ONE PRICE

Boot & Shoe STORE by G. H. Schroers,

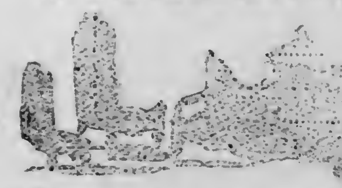
CHASKA, MINN.

All goods warranted to be A No. 1. Cheap for Cash.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER. Repairing done cheap to customers.

NEW

FURNITURE STORE



Burkhart Bros.

Opposite Goodrich's 99 cent store.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA

Wool, Hair and Husk Mattresses, Wool Pillows, &c. &c.

Repairing promptly attended to. All work warranted, and charges reasonable.

BURKHART BROS.

New Store! New Goods!! New Prices!!!

NEW BOOTS & SHOES STORE. BY FRANK EISELT

Chaska - - - Minn.

I have just received and opened a large stock of boots, shoes, rubbers, rubber boots, slippers &c.

All goods warranted No. 1 in quality and will be sold very

CHEAP FOR CASH!

Store opposite Chas. Eders' Saloon.

John Stoeckmann,

Cologne, - Minn.

Boot and Shoe Maker.

Repairing neatly and promptly done.

VALLEY HERALD.

R. R. Time Table

Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R.

SOUTH.		NORTH.	
Passenger	8:33 a. m.	Passenger	7:28 p. m.
do	4:12 p. m.	do	10:28 a. m.
do	7:30 p. m.	do	6:00 a. m.
do	7:33 a. m.	do	10:18 a. m.
do	9:23 a. m.	do	5:39 p. m.
do	6:19 p. m.	do	9:30 p. m.

H. D. WEAVER, Agt.

C. M. & St. P. R'y, H. & D. Div.

TIME TABLE NO. 5.

EAST.		WEST.	
Mixed	5:53 a. m.	Passenger	9:35 a. m
Passenger	4:45 p. m.	Mixed	8:10 p. m

The above Trains connect at Cologne with main line Passenger Trains.

FRED GREINER, Jr. Agent

HOME AND COUNTY NEWS.

Wheat 87.

Merry Christmas!

Pay your subscription.

Look out for horse thieves.

The Holidays will soon be over.

All goods at extremely Low Prices at. Fred W. Eder

Make up your mind to turn over a new leaf after Jan. 1st.

We are a little late this week on account of a pressure of job work.

Fred W. Eder, is doing a rushing business the last few weeks, low prices will sell goods.

Mixed candies sold at 15 cents per pound and upward at G. Eders Confectionary.

Last Saturday was a busy day in town. Lots of farmers teams in town. Good for our merchants.

Remember only one week more, Goods at Cut Prices, at. F. W. Eder's

The finest and newest styles of Christmas and New Years cards cheap at Gottlieb Eders.

Dont fail to buy the Wampach bob-sled, of Finnegan Bros., as it is the best in the market.

Albums, Scrap books papeteries boxes, also music folioes at rock bottom prices, at Gottlieb Eders.

We would like to commence the New Year, with a clean subscription list. Pay us up and we will give you a better paper,

The finest lot of dressed dolls ever before in Chaska, remarkably cheap at Gottlieb Eders Bazaar.

Business in town is good this week, our stores are crowded with people from the country purchasing for the Holidays.

Buy your Holiday goods at Gottlieb Eders Bazaar and save money, he is selling at reduced bottom prices as he is bound to sell out his entire holiday stock.

Anderson & Skoog, of Carver, have purchased the stock of goods of John Funk & Co., and leased the store building. We wish them success.

If you want a Christmas Tree come at once and select, at Gottlieb Eders, who has the largest stock ever brought to Chaska, height 5 to 12 feet.

The village Council of Carver have finally decided to purchase, erect and maintain 12 street lamps in that village hereafter. A good move.

Gottlieb Eder is again in the field with his large stock of Toys and Holiday goods, which he is selling at remarkably low prices. Call and see.

F. P. Seeger, Mike Hammer and Fred Henning, are already mentioned as the next Chief of the Fire Department. They are all old and experienced firemen.

Buy one dollars worth of goods, and take the chance of winning the baby carriage, the baby swing, the bamboo high chair and the willow baby chair at Gottlieb Eders Toy Store.

The Bond of the County Treasurer is fixed at $40,000 instead of $60,000 as stated in these columns a couple of weeks ago.

Ferd Ohnsorg is happy over a new arrival this Monday morning; it is a boy and tipped the scales at 11lbs Cigars etc, are the go on the lucky event.

Kugeler Bros., are out in this issue with an advertisement of Flour & Feed Store. They keep on hand bran, shorts, flour and grain. Store in brick building east of Merchants Hotel. Give them a call.

We were visited by a nice little snow storm last Monday morning. Sleighing however, lasted only a short time, the rough condition of the roads requiring considerable snow for good sleighing.

Mr. Gehl, is going to establish the "cash system" after the 1st of January next. All those indebted to him are also requested to pay up see notice elsewhere.

Our Watertown, Waconia, Cologne subscribers are requested to call on our respective agents and pay up for the HERALD for the year 1883. We must have our money. See list of agents elsewhere.

Holiday Jewelry.

The very finest assortment of Jewelry, suitable for Holiday presents, call at Diacon Jewelry Store.

No More Credit.

Notice is hereby given that after the first day of January 1884, I will change to the cash system, and sell my meat for cash only. All those indebted to me are requested to settle their accounts at once.

HENRY GEHL, Butcher.

Be Sure And Get A Ticket.

Mr. Lucion Diacon, has a very large stock of Jewelry which he must dispose of before the end of the Holidays, and will therefore give each purchaser of $2. worth of jewelry, a ticket in a drawing for a gold watch and chain worth $50. The tickets in the drawing are limited to 200. Call at his store and examine his stock before going elsewhere.

Norwood.

Our regular Norwood items, an interesting batch, reached us just as we were going to press this Wednesday noon, having been miscarried. They will appear next week.

Grand Benefit Ball.

We are pleased to learn that our Cornet Band, have decided to give a grand benifit ball on New Year Eve. Dec. 31st. The Band is a new institution, and the members thereof have already paid out a little over $700. for their Instruments and Uniform, and in view of this fact we hope their Ball on New Year Eve. will be largely attended and prove a good "benifit" to the boys.

Death of Peter Bleichner.

Peter Bleichner, son of George Bleichner, of Benton, died at the residence of his Father, on Sunday morning, Dec. 16th, of typhoid fever, aged 24 years.

It is hard to realise that Peter is dead, as it is only a little over a month ago, that we met him at his home in perfect health, and as genial and pleasant as a person could be, but that terrible disease, typhoid, which is supposed to have caused the death of his sister, Mrs Wirtz, commenced its deathly work on him, and in three weeks we find him a corpse.

The funeral last Monday from the Catholic Church, Rev Father Braun, officiating was one of the largest ever witnessed in that town.

The parents and relatives of the deceased have the heartfelt sympathy of a large circle of friends in their affliction, being the second one within four months.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of January 1884, the Board of Auditors of the Treasury, of the County Carver, will receive proposals for the deposit of the County funds such proposals must state what security will be given to the County, for the funds deposited, and what interest will be paid for the amounts so deposited.

Chaska Dec. 15th 1883,

Robert Patterson, Chain, Board of Co. Com's
L. Streukens, Co. Auditor.
G. Krayenbuhl, Clerk Dist Court,

A New Singing Society.

A new German singing society has been started in this village with a membership of some fourteen. The society has been named the Concordia, and is under the leadership of Mr. Meyer.

They meet twice a week at the parlors of the Washington Hotel, for practise on Monday and Friday evenings. We understand that they are making commendable progress, and will shortly favor our citizens with a public concert.

Barley! Barley!! Barley!!!

Highest market price paid for barley in cash or trade at

D. Youngs store.

Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to me will please settle at once as I am going out of business.

MRS. H. YOUNG.

Money To Loan.

The "Carver County Bank" Chaska, and "Farmer's Bank" Waconia, have each $50,000 at their disposal to place on farm lands in this County at low rates of interest and on long time.

Dwelling For Rent.

Also one good room suitable for business. Inquire of

JOHN BEIERSTETTEL.

For Sale.

I offer 160 acres of land for sale in section 8—Hollywood town on easy terms. Geo. A. DuToit

Chaska.

For Sale.

The undersigned has a large supply of medicated food, for sale, for the improvement of the condition of horses and cattle. One trial will convince you of its value. For sale by. Dr. Chas. May.

Notice to Debtors.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned, Peter Campbell, on store account or otherwise, will save themselves cost of collection by law, by calling and settling up at once.

Watertown, Nov. 22d 1883.

PETER CAMPBELL.

OUR AGENTS.

The following are our agents at the following named places viz!

Cologne, Jacob Meuwissen.
Waconia, George Mix.
Watertown, C. O. Teas.

Delinquent subscribers at either of these offices, will call on our agents for receipts. We must have our pay at once,

DIED.

Tillman Kammans, an old settler of Benton, lost a 12 year old son last Friday, the 14th, of diphtheria, and buried him on Monday, from the Bongard Church, We believe this makes three deaths in this family within a year, all of the same disease Mr. & Mrs. K., have the sympathy of a large circle of friends in their affliction.

A Good Friend To The Chinese.

SAN FRANCISCO,—Consul A. F, Bee, of the Chinese Consulate office expresses himself clearly in saying that he, as well as his family have suffered severely from rheumatism and neuralgia, and that medicines were used in vain. At last St. Jacobs Oil was tried, which effected immediate cures in every case The Consul regards the Oil as the greatest pain curing remedy in existence.

Married.

Herman Ludloff, of Dahlgren, son of our old friend Chas. Ludloff, the veteran horticulturist, was married recently to Miss. Maggie Lenzen, daughter of Henry Lenzen also of Dahlgren. The young couple are popular members of society and have an extended circle of friends who wish them much joy.

Club Dance.

The young folks of this town will hold a club dance on Friday, Dec. 21st, 1883.

A New Attorney.

Mr. Joy, an attorney at law, who has sojourned in this State for a year or more, has located at Norwood, for the practice of law. Mr. J. is from Maine, and has been in active practice for a number of years, and comes to this county highly recommended. We bespeak for him the hearty support of the citizens of Norwood and vicinity.

Santa Claus.

The head quarters of "Santa Claus" himself, is at Frankens Drug Store, this season. He has the largest and best assorted stock of Holiday Goods and Toys ever brought to this city. You can find anything you want, from the cheapest to the best. Call and see.

Home.

Dr. MacDonald, informs us that Stakens little girl, suffering from diphtheria at the Catholic School, is somewhat better. No school this week however.

Christmas Trees.

The Moravian Sabbath School of this village, are making preparations for a nice Christmas Tree at the Church, on Christmas Eve.

We also understand that the Catholic School is also preparing a tree for the same occasion.

Farm For Sale.

The undersigned offers his farm consisting of 80 acres, for sale. The farm is situated in Sect. 11, one and a half mile from Cologne, and is under good cultivation with timber & meadow land, and farm residence, stable and granary thereon. Price ½ cash balance on long time. For full particulars call on premises of

HUBERT DOLS.

NOTICE
To Whom It May Concern!

The saloon keepers of the county of Carver and the public generally are hereby notified not to sell or give to my son John Fick Jr., any intoxicating liquors of any kind including beer, as he is an habitual drunkard and I will prosecute all violations of this order.

Dated Laketown, Dec 4th 1883.

JOHN FICK,

Farm For Sale.

I offer the Fred Janke farm in this town for sale. This is a good chance for some one who wishes a good piece of land.

HUGO VOLKENANT.

Hides! Hides!!

The highest cash price paid for Hides at the butcher shop of

HENRY GEHL, Chaska.

Fresh Oysters!

The undersigned will hereafter keep constantly on hand the best quality of Fresh Oysters by the bulk, and will retail by the pint, quart or gallon, at Minneapolis prices. These Oysters are always fresh and you are sure of getting a good article by calling on

CHARLES GEHL.

A Business Trip.

P. H. Finnigan, of Finnigan Bros., recently returned from a trip to Chicago, and during his stay there he visited the mammoth Factory of William Deering, Manufacturer of the Deering Twine Binder and Mower. He says it is a wonderful establishment. Since the close of last season the establishment has turned out 75 Binders daily, and in a few weeks he will increase the number to 100 per day. Mr. F., informs us that Mr. Deering has added some very important improvements to this seasons Binder. He says he is also putting in better material and taking more pains than ever before. The Deering was the first successful Twine Binder put into the field and has always kept to the front of all competitors, and the Binders he is manufacturing for the coming season, is without doubt the best Binder in the world.

After spending a few days at Chicago, Mr. F., went from there to Milwaukee, Elgin, Rock Island, Davenport, Muscatine, Dubuque and other points and visited the different Factories at each place, and we are informed by Finnigan Bros that they will offer to the farmers the coming season, the finest and cheapest selection of farming implements ever sold in the county.

Our Wheat Market.

Our wheat market has been a poor one this winter. The Minnetonka Mills have invariably paid eight cents per bushel more than Chaska, and the farmers of Chanhassen and Laketown, who generally market their crops in Chaska, have been forced, on account of the great differance in price, to go to the Mills with their grain this winter. If the difference was simply 3 cents per bushel it would all be marketed here, as it is, our market will remain a poor one.

Watertown.

Holy Moses! what does that Watertown Delano Eagle Rooster mean by calling our Kommeck troup a "comic Q Co."

The regular annual Masonic ball will be given this winter at Kohlers hall on Monday evening Dec. 31st. Music will be furnished by Holcomb & Teas combination band, and don't you forget it.

Mr Chas Eppel, of Delano, was in town last Wednesday calling on his numerous friends.

What will we have for Christmas? no dance nor nothing.

As soon as possible we will write up the building statistics of Watertown for publication.

Burglars entered the saloon of E. Koth one night last week, but did not get much. This burglary business has got to be a common occurance in our village.

A new sig adorns(?) the front of Uggla Bros. saloon, but Charlie Teas wants it distinctly understood that he didn't make it.

The Watertown "Kommeck" troupe will give their first exhibition on Wednesday evening Dec, 26th in the school house. From reports we judge that it will be a very interesting entertainment.

Dr. Trent has his office and residence in Peter Campbells old store building.

Dr. Frank has opened his office in the Union Hotel.

Our annual village election will be held on the 1st day of January. There are one president, three councilmen, one treasurer, one recorder and one Justice of the peace to elect. Let every man go to the polls and put in a good and competent set of officers.

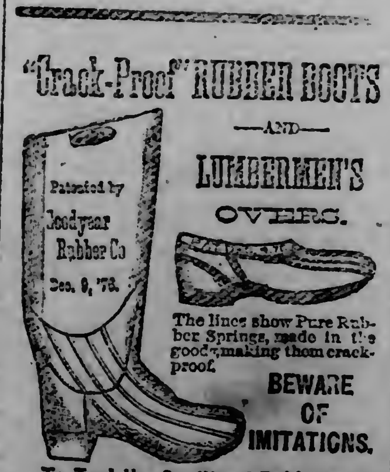
F. X. Kohler and wife came down from Murdock last week to visit friends and relatives in Watertown.

Mr Eli Lewis one of Watertown founders, is visiting his old friends of this place.

Mr Wallace Goodsell, and Mr C, W. Rickerson, of Howard Lake were in town last Sunday,

Finnegan Bros., have recently purchased a lot, on Mill Reserve, Watertown, and they will erect a Machinery warehouse on the same in a few days.

"Crack-Proof" RUBBER BOOTS —AND— LUMBERMEN'S OVERS.



To Test the Quality of Rubbers.

With your thumb nail pick the edge of the sole. If made of pure rubber, it will be elastic and will not crumble. If shoddy and made of old goods ground up, it will pick off and crumble, and will not wear one half the time that it would if made of pure rubber.

All Rubber Shoes or Boots stamped on the sole or heel with this stamp, are made of pure rubber.

For sale by Boot and Shoe Dealers.

GOODYEAR RUBBER CO., 373 & 374 E. Water Street, - MILWAUKEE.

The only store in Wisconsin or Minnesota connected with Goodyear Rubber Co., New York.

AMERICAN FARMER FREE TO ALL OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

All of our subscribers who will pay their subscription accounts to this paper in full to date, and one year in advance, will be presented with one year's subscription to the

"AMERICAN FARMER"

a sixteen page agricultural magazine, published by E. A. K. Hackett, at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and which is rapidly taking rank as one of the leading agricultural publications of the country. It is devoted exclusively to the interests of the Farmer, Stock Breeder, Dairyman, Gardener, and their Household, and every species of industry connected with that great portion of the people of the world, the Farmer. The subscription price is $1.00 per year. Farmers can not well get along without it. It puts new ideas into their minds. It teaches them how to farm with profit to themselves. It makes the home happy, the young folks cheerful, the growler contented, the downcast happy, and the demagogue honest.

JOHN WUDKE, MERCHANT TAILOR, CHASKA, MINN.

Good fits a specialty. Sample cloth of all kinds always kept on hand.

Shop over Gehl's Butcher Shop.

MEAT MARKET by Charles Gehl

CHASKA, — — MINN.

Always keep on hand Fresh Beef, Pork, Mutton, Corned Beef, Ham, Smoked Sausage, Dried Beef, Lard, &c.

Shop 2nd Street. Jly 19 ly 83.

Minneapolis & St. Louis RAILWAY.

ALBERT LEA ROUTE

NEW AND POPULAR LINE TO CHICAGO Via ROCK ISLAND.

Through Cars, connecting in Union Depot with trains for all points East.

THE PIONEER & PEERLESS LINE TO ST. LOUIS

Several miles the shortest; connecting in Grand Union Depot with trains for all points South, southeast and Southwest.

Des Moines Short line,

The only direct and first-class route between the capital cities of the great States of Minnesota and Iowa.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS

between St. Paul and Minneapolis and Fort Dodge and the extensive coal fields of Iowa. The only route offering TWO TRAINS DAILY to

Kansas City, Atchison & Leavenworth

Making close connection with trains of the Union Pacific and Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railways.

A full line of tickets to all points in the United States and Canadas on sale at principal ticket offices throughout the Northwest.

For information regarding Rates, Routes, Sleeping-car Berths &c., inquire of nearest Ticket Agent, or of

S. F. BOYD, Gen'l Tkt & Pass Agt. E. RYDER. Supt.

MINNEAPOLIS

SHORT LINE. The use of the term "Short Line" in connection with the corporate name of a great road, conveys an idea of just what is required by the traveling public—a Short Line, Quick Time and the best of accommodations all of which are furnished by the greatest railway in America.

CHICAGO, MILWUKEE, and St. Paul,

It owns and operates over 4,500 miles road in Northern Illinois, Wisconsin Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota, and as its main lines, branches and connections reach all the great business centres of the Northwest and Far West it naturally answers the description of Short Line, and Best Route between.

Chicago, Milwaukee St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Chicago, Milwaukee, La Crosse, and Winona.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Aberdeen and Ellendale.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Eau Claire and Stillwater.

Chicago, Milwaukee Wausau and Merrill.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Beaver Dam and Oshkosh.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Waukesha and Oconomowoc.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison and Prairie du Chien.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Owatonna and Faribault.

Chicago, Beloit, Janesville and Mineral Point.

Chicago, Elgin, Rockford and Dubuque.

Chicago, Clinton, Rock Island, and Ceder Rapids.

Chicago, Council Bluffs and Omaha.

Chicago, Sioux City, Sioux Falls and Yankton.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Mitchel and Chamberlain.

Rock Island, Dubuque, St. Paul and Minneapolis

Davenport' Calmer, St Paul and Minneapolis,

Pullman Sleepers and the Finest Dining Cars in the World are run on the main lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and every attention is paid to passengers by courteous employes of the Company.

S. S. MERILL, General Manager, A. V. H CARPENTER, Gen Pass & Tkt Agt
J. T. CLARK, Genl Sup't. GEO. H HARTFORD Ass't Gen Pass Agt

CLOTHING	CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS	BUFFALO COATS

CLOTHING — CLOTHING — CLOTHING — CLOTHING — CLOTHING — CLOTHING — CLOTHING — CLOTHING — CLOTHING — CLOTHING — CLOTHING — CLOTHING

OERTER & EDER.

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CHASKA - MINN.

Call early and get your Bargains in CLOTHING, as we have made a General reduction on all winter goods.

BUFFALO COATS — BUFFALO COATS — BUFFALO COATS — BUFFALO COATS — BUFFALO COATS — BUFFALO COATS — BUFFALO COATS

COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER

CITY DRUG STORE!

JOSEPH FRANKEN, Prop'r.

Prescriptions a Specialty.

I HAVE A COMPLETE STOCK OF NON-SECRET AND PATENT MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Toilet Goods, Books, Stationery, Notions Liquors and Cigars. A full line of

Homoeopathic Tinctures and Pellets.

The largest and best selected stock of

Wall Paper.

A Full Assortment of Glassware.

All orders from the country or surrounding towns solicited and promptly filled.

Just Stop and Think!

Don't you know that one of the best and easiest ways to save your "hard earned wealth" is to buy where you can get the

BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY?

Of course you know it, and in order that you may know that we know you know it, we want to remind you that we are now offering at

VERY LOW PRICES!

One of the Largest and Best Selected Stocks of

Hardware of all Descriptions!

It has ever been your fortune to witness or our fortune to secure.

An examination of our goods and a knowledge of our prices will convince you that we are telling you only the PLAIN, UNVARNISHED TRUTH!

You are respectfully invited to call and test the truth of our remarks.

P. HENK, - Chaska

HERMAN KREUTZIANS,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Farm Machinery,

CHASKA, - - MINN.

Also Agent for the Celebrated

Champion Twine Binders,

Champion Reapers & Mowers,

Constantly keep on hand a full line of repairs for all machinery I have for sale. I also keep on hand and sell at bottom prices all kinds of first class agricultural implements, from a grub hoe on to a steam threshing machine.

H. J. Kreutzian.

ATTENTION!

Selling at COST for CASH or Grain all winter Goods at

FRED SEEGER.

Take in New Artics	1.35—1 55
" " Women "	1.25—
" " children "	75 - 1.00
Boots & Shoes felt	1.00—1 50
" " leather	1.00—2.25

Men & Boys Clothing and Over Coats at cost.

Big BARGAINS in Flannels, Sheeting and Dress Goods. Now is the time to buy cheap. Highest price paid for Wheat, Corn, Oats and Barley in Cash or GOODS. Come early and get the cream of a large Stock.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

The Weekly Valley Herald.

Vol. XXII.---No. 8. CHASKA, MINN., THURSDAY DECEMBER 27, 1883. WHOLE No. 1100.

F. E. DU TOIT,

PENSION AGENT,

Office in "Herald" Block, Chaska

MERCHANTS HOTEL
J. F. Dilley, Propr.
Chaska, - Minn.

The "Merchants" is now prepared for business. If you want a square meal, and a clean bed stop with me, second door East of "Herald Block."

ŒSTREICH BROS
BRICK and STONE
MASONS,
PLASTERERS, &c.
Chaska, - - Minn.
Will do all work in their line either by contract or by the day, at lowest living rates.

T H SARGENT HOUSE
—OF—
This new hotel, will be open for accommodation of travelers
SEPTEMBER 1, 1880.
It is situated nearly opposite the Court house.
CHASKA, - - MINN.

AUG. WEBER,
SALOON!
Opposite Court House,
CHASKA, - - MINN.
Choice Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Lager Beer.
FREE LUNCH EVERY DAY

CITY
FURNITURE
STORE.
CHEAP FOR CASH!
UNDERTAKING A SPECIALTY
The undersigned has constantly on hand a full line of furniture and undertakers materials, which will be sold cheap for cash. New work and repairing done to order.
JOHN DOLL.

NEW
Livery Stable,
JERRY BREMAN, Propr.
FASHIONABLE EQUIPAGES FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE.
☞ Will also attend to Auctions in all Parts of the County, at Reasonable rates.
JERRY BREMAN.
Chaska, Minn.
☞ Office at Washington Hotel

VALLEY
Flouring Mills
J. G. EITEL, Propr
CHASKA, - - MINN.
The undersigned is prepared to do custom work at his mills and guarantee satisfaction. Every farmer who is dissatisfied with the flour made from his own wheat, or who does not find the accommodation he desires, can have his grain ground to order. A full line of the choicest brands of flour always on hand. Also bran and shorts.
J. G. EITEL.

ACKERMANN BROS
Roller Mill,
Young America, - Minn.
Best grades of granulated roller flour as well as Straight Family XXXX Flour shorts, bran and feed always on hand, and for sale or exchanged for wheat. We also grind
Corn, Rye and Buckwheat
On Friday and Saturday of every week.

EMPIRE
Billiard Hall
—BY—
Samels & White
CHASKA, MINN.
We would respectfully inform the public that we have lately opened a first class saloon and billiard hall, and constantly keep on hand a large stock of choice wines, liquors and cigars. The best of beer always on tap. We also sell whiskey by the gallon at the very lowest possible figures
SAMELS & WHITE.

CHASKA
WAGON FACTORY
BY
JOSEPH ECS,
CHASKA, : : MINN.
PLATFORM BUGGIES
THE CHEAPEST & BEST MADE.
Also Agent for the Cortland, New York Buggies.
☞ I have a supply of Lumber Wagons, and Sleigh Wagons on hand of my own make which I will sell cheap and warrant to be first-class.
I am also agent for the celebrated Cortland, New York Platform Spring Buggy just the thing for family use, which I will sell very cheap and warrant.
☞ Shop above Barthel's Saloon.

The Valley Herald.

Published every Thursday by
A. L. and F. E. DU TOIT,
Editors and Publishers

COUNTY OFFICERS:

Treasurer—Peter Weego.
Auditor—L. Strunkens.
Register of Deeds—F. Greiner.
Sheriff—F. E. Du Toit.
Clerk of Court—G. Krayenbuhl.
Attorney—W. C. Odell.
Surveyor—H. Machlberg.
Judge of Probate—Julius Schader.
School Superintendent—P. A. N. Vreyens.
Coroner—E. H. Gewis
Court Commissioner—Geo. Mix.
County Commissioners—Robt. Patterson, Chairman, Geo. Kugler, E S. Harrison, Chas. Arine and Jacob Frawe.

For late foreign news see second page inside columns.

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CHARLES GERL.

DISEASE CURED WITHOUT MEDICINE
THIS MAGNETIC BELT IS WARRANTED TO CURE
LADIES MAGNETIC ABDOMINAL SUPPORTER
TO THE LADIES:—If you are afflicted with Leucorrhœa, Prolapsus, Displacement, Dropsical or with Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Bowels or Cold Feet, Nervous or Weak Action, or Sudden Fits, an Abdominal Belt and a pair of Magnetic Foot Bottoms have proved to be a cure for all of these complaints. Only one by a powerful magnetic force to the seat of the Complaint.
For Lame Back, Weakness of the Spine, Fits, Gravel, Bowels, Lost Manhood, Chronic Diarrhœa and Obstruction of the Womb, accidental Hemorrhage, Prolapsus, Displacement and Inflammation, Impotence and Change of Life, this is the only Appliance and Curative Agent Known.
For all forms of Female Difficulties it is a sure cure and a positive relief, and is an effective cure for Lame Back and Kidney Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Bowels, Side and Limbs, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Impotence and Wakefulness in Men. Both belts can be used in conjunction with Electric or Galvanic Batteries.
The Electric Current can be regulated to all ages and sexes, from the most sensitive child to the robust man, by simply turning a button. Each belt is guaranteed for one year. Price of Belt, Suspensory and Battery complete, $20 and upwards according to size and quality of material.
Pamphlets with full description, sent free to Medical Profession and others, on application, with testimonials of cures.
THE MARSHALL APPLIANCE CO.,
[illegible] State St., Chicago, Ill.

Lake Resort.
BY
JOHN RADDE,
WACONIA, - MINN
I respectfully notify my friends that I have opened up a first class saloon in my new building on first street new building new bar, new fixtures will be pleased to see all my old friends, and make new ones, at any time. The best of liquors wines beer cigars &c, only will be handled over the bar. Lunch can be served at any hour. Liquors by the quantity will be sold to farmers as cheap as it can be obtained anywhere. Farmers come and if you need whiskey for harvesting, threshing, or private use come and try the "Wild Dutchman" Free lunch from 10 to 12.
JOHN RADDE

NEW
FEED STORE
BY
KUGLER BROS.,
CHASKA MINN.
Constantly keep on hand all kinds of feed such as Oats, Corn, Bran & Shorts, Screenings Oil meal &c. Also choice brands of flour, bolted corn meal, Buckwheat flour &c. We sell at bottom prices for cash. Give us a call.
KUGLER BROS.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
Relieves and cures
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
BACKACHE,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY, SWELLINGS,
SPRAINS,
Soreness, Cuts, Bruises,
FROSTBITES,
BURNS, SCALDS,
And all other bodily aches and pains.
FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co.
(Successors to A. Vogeler & Co.)
Baltimore, Md., U.S.A.

WACONIA HOUSE.
HENRY LUKAN, Propr.
Keeps on hand good wines, liquors and cigars. Boarding at reasonable rates. Hostlering for horses.

Meyer & May
DEALERS IN
GENERAL
Merchandise
WACONIA, MINN.
We would respectfully inform the public of Waconia and vicinity that we have now opened our new store, well stocked with new goods, finely selected, such as
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Boots & Shoes,
Hats & Caps,
Clocks, Crockery
Glassware, Wooden & Willow-Ware, etc.
And in fact every article kept in a first class general store.
OUR PRICES
Will be as low as the lowest, and we will guarantee you good goods and fair dealing. Give us a trial, and you will be convinced that you can do better by dealing with us than elsewhere.
MEYER & MAY

LAKE HOUSE,
A. F. SCHUETZ,
WACONIA, MINN.
—O—
The best accommodations for Travelers, Fishing Parties and Pleasure Seekers. The hotel is closely situated on the beautiful Clearwater Lake. Stable and water on the premises.

Confectionery Store and
BAKERY
by G. A. Heinecke,
WACONIA, MINN.
I would respectfully inform the public that I have opened a bakery and confectionery store at my new place in Waconia, and constantly keep on hand a large stock of confectioneries, bread, cakes and crackers, tobaccos and cigars, pipes &c Lunch at all hours of the day.
G. A. HEINECKE.

Waconia Brewery!
MICH. ZAHLER, Propr.
Waconia, Carver County, Minn.
This brewery has been enlarged and new machinery added to the establishment making it one of the best inland breweries of the state. All orders for beer promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
☞ Give us a trial ☜

DR. H. R. DIESSNER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
HOMEOPATH,
WACONIA, - - MINN.

A. EISELEIN
DEALER IN
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WACONIA, MINN.
—O—
☞ Goods at St. Paul and Minneapolis prices.
Produce taken in exchange for goods at CASH market prices.

CARPENTER
BUILDER & MOVER.
BERNARD RAUH,
Waconia, - - Minn.
The undersigned will contract for building new buildings or moving buildings, repairing buildings and do first all kinds of carpenter work. Charges reasonable.

Julius Enger,
CARPENTER
AND BUILDER,
CHASKA, - - MINN.
I will take contracts for all kinds of [illegible]
Plans and specifications furnished on demand. ☞ I am also prepared to supply builder with doors, sash and blinds.
JULIUS ENGER.

Special Announcement
To The Public!
GET READY FOR THE JUBILEE!
FRED W. EDER
CHASKA, - - - - MINN
Will, on Friday December the 14th 1883 Inaugurate a most extraordinary sweeping
REDUCTION SALE!
Of his entire stock comprising upwards of FIFTEEN thousand Dollars of Good, Clean, seasonable and desirable
MERCHANDISE.
After a brilliant and successful season my every effort will from this on be bent on reducing my stock to the Lowest minium, for immediately after the
HOLIDAYS
I take inventory.
Do not fail to call. We are bound to sell. No respects paid to values.
THE STUFF MUST GO.

SALOON!
Sam Unterkircher Hof,
JOHN ETZELL, Prop.,
CHASKA, MINN.
The best of beer, wines, liquors and cigars, always on hand. A good lunch served during the forenoon of every day. My friends are invited to give me a call
JOHN ETZELL

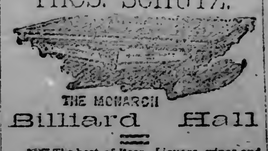
NEW
Furniture Store!
COLOGNE
Dols & Jorgson,
COLOGNE - - MINN.
Keeps constantly on hand all kinds of
Chairs
Bedsteads
Bureaus
Lounges
Picture Frames
Coffins &c
And will sell them at city prices.
ALSO
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.
☞ Estimates furnished and all work done promptly and satisfactorily.

PETER ILTIS
Wholesale & Retail Dealer in
WINES, LIQUORS CIGARS,
CHASKA, MINN.
I am now prepared to sell to the trade the choicest wines, liquors and cigars at and below St. Paul and Minneapolis prices.
PETER ILTIS.

NATIONAL HOTEL.
and
BILLIARD HALL
CHASKA - MINN.
Peter Iltis, Proprietor.
—O—
This well known Hotel has recently been or thoroughly refurnished throughout with new furniture and beds and is now No. 1. in every respect.
THE BAR
Is stocked with the finest imported
Liquors, wines and cigars
and the coolest and
CORDIALS
on draught.
☞ *Give me a call and I become satisfied that I say is true.*

Chaska House,
CHASKA, MINN.
FERD HAMMER, PROPR
This house is thoroughly finished, and offers the best accommodations for board
BY THE DAY OR WEEK
And for the Traveling Public
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED.
Charges Moderate.

NEW
HARDWARE STORE.
M H MUYRES
DEALER IN
Hardware,
Tinware, Stoves, Farmers and Carpenters' Tools.
Also Agent for Reliable Insurance Companies,
CHASKA, MINN.

THOS. SCHUTZ.

THE MONARCH
Billiard Hall
☞ The best of Beer Liquors, wines and cigars, constantly kept on hand.
SALOON AT BARTHELS OLD STAND.
Chaska, Minn.

SHAKOPEE

MARBLE WORKS,
AUG. SCHERKENBACH BROS.,
PROPRIETORS
Factory, Lake St. Shakopee, Minn.
SHAKOPEE, MINN.
Your orders of Marble and Granite Work solicited.

BAZAAR.
The Largest and with the greatest care selected Stock in Solid Gold and Roll Plate Jewelry of any Description, Also the finest selection of Fancy Articles to be Found At
GOTTLIEB EDERS
FANCY TOY STORE
Everybody is Cordially invited to come and convince Themselves, as Showing Goods is no object to us, but we are always ready to please our patrons. Call On
GOTTLIEB EDER.

H. YOUNG'S STORE,
IS THE PLACE FOR BARGAINS.
A large line of Notions and Holiday Goods one fourth cheaper than you ever saw them before.
Clothing At Panic Prices.
Do not fail to see our stock and the prices will tell for themselves, big bargains in flannels and dress goods at H. YOUNG'S STORE.
NOW IS THE TIME.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Weekly Valley Herald.

Vol. XXII.---No. 8. CHASKA, MINN., THURSDAY DECEMBER 27, 1883. WHOLE No. 1160.

F. E. DU TOIT,

PENSION AGENT,

Office in "Herald" Block, Chaska

MERCHANTS HOTEL

J. F. Dilley, Propr.

Chaska, Minn.

The "Merchants" is now prepared for business. If you want a square meal, and a clean bed stop with me, second door East of "Herald Block."

ŒSTREICH BROS

BRICK and STONE

MASONS,

PLASTERERS, &c.

Chaska, Minn.

Will do all work in their line either by contract or by the day, at lowest living rates.

THE SARGENT HOUSE

—:0:—

This new hotel, will be open for accommodation of travelers

SEPTEMBER 1, 1880.

and is situated nearly opposite the Court House.

CHASKA, MINN.

AUG WEBBER,

SALOON!

Opposite Court House,

CHASKA, MINN.

Choice Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Lager Beer.

FREE LUNCH EVERY DAY

CITY

FURNITURE STORE.

CHEAP FOR CASH!

UNDERTAKING A SPECIALTY

The undersigned has constantly on hand a full line of furniture and and undertakers materials, which will be sold cheap for cash. New work and repairing done to order.

JOHN DOLS.

NEW

Livery Stable,

JERRY EHRMAN, Propr.

FASHIONABLE EQUIPAGES FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE.

Will also attend to Auctions in all Parts of the County, at Reasonable Rates.

JERRY EHRMAN, Chaska, Minn.

Office at Washington Hotel

VALLEY

Flouring Mills

J. G. EITEL, Propr.

CHASKA, MINN.

The undersigned is prepared to do custom work at his mill and guarantee satisfaction. Every farmer [illegible] OWN WHEAT. [illegible] A full line of the choicest brands of [illegible] flour always on hand. Also bran and shorts.

J. G. EITEL.

ACKERMANN BROS

Roller Mill,

Young America, Minn.

Best grades of granulated roller flour as well as Straight Family XXXX Flour shorts, bran and feed always on hand, and for sale or exchanged for wheat. We also grind

Corn, Rye and Buckwheat

On Friday and Saturday of every week.

EMPIRE

Billiard Hall

—BY—

Samels & White

CHASKA, MINN.

We would respectfully inform the public that we have lately opened a first class saloon and billiard hall, and constantly keep on hand a large stock of choice wines, liquors and cigars. The best of beer always on tap. We also sell whiskey by the gallon at the very lowest possible figures.

SAMELS & WHITE.

CHASKA

WAGON FACTORY

BY

JOSEPH ESS,

CHASKA, MINN.

PLATFORM BUGGIES

THE CHEAPEST & BEST MADE.

Also Agent for the Cortland, New York Buggies.

I have a supply of Lumber Wagons, and Single Wagons of my own make which I will [illegible] warranted to be first [illegible]

I am also agent for the celebrated [illegible] hand, New York Platform Spring Buggy just the thing for family use, which I will sell very cheap and warrant.

Shop above Barthel's Saloon.

The Valley Herald.

Published every Thursday by

A. L. and F. E. DU TOIT,

Editors and Publishers

COUNTY OFFICERS:

Treasurer—Peter Weego.
Auditor—L. Streukens.
Register of Deeds—F. Greiner.
Sheriff—F. E. Du Toit.
Clerk of Court—G. Krayenbuhl.
Attorney—W. C. Odell.
Surveyor—H. Muehlberg.
Judge of Probate—Julius Schaler.
School Superintendent—P. A. N. Vreyens.
Coroner—E. H. Lewis
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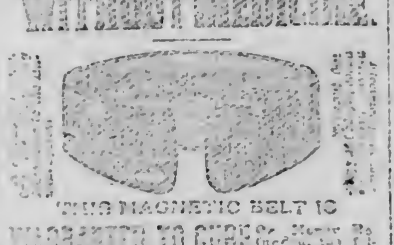
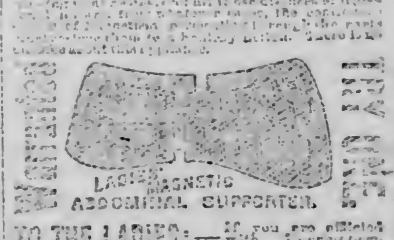


THIS MAGNETIC BELT IS WARRANTED TO CURE [illegible]

[illegible]



LADIES' MAGNETIC ABDOMINAL SUPPORTER.

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[illegible]

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CHASKA, MINN.

[illegible] contracts for all kind of [illegible]

Plans and specifications furnished on demand. I am also prepared to supply builder with doors, sash and blinds, JULIUS ENGER.

Special Announcement

To The Public!

GET READY FOR THE JUBILEE!

FRED W. EDER

CHASKA, MINN

Will, on Friday December the 14th 1883 Inaugurate a most extraordinary sweeping

REDUCTION SALE!

Of his entire stock comprising upwards of FIFTEEN thousand Dollars of Good, Clean, seasonable and desirable

MERCHANDISE.

After a brilliant and successful season my every effort will from this on be bent on reducing my stock to the Lowest minium, for immediately after the

HOLIDAYS

I take inventory.

Do not fail to call. We are bound to sell. No respects paid to values.

THE STUFF MUST GO.

SALOON!

Zum Baierischen Hof,

JOHN ETZELL, Prop.,

CHASKA, MINN.

The best of beer, wines, liquors and cigars, always on hand. A good lunch served during the forenoon of every day. My friends are invited to give me a call

JOHN ETZELL.

NEW

Furniture Store!

COLOGNE

:0:

Dols & Jereson.

COLOGNE - MINN.

:0:

Keeps constantly on hand all kinds of

Chairs
Bedsteads
Bureaus
Lounges
Picture Frames
Coffins &c

And will sell them at city prices.

ALSO

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

:0:

Estimates furnished and all work done promptly and satisfactorily.

PETER ILTIS

Wholesale & Retail Dealer in

WINES, LIQUORS CIGARS,

CHASKA, MINN.

I am now prepared to sell to the trade the choicest wines, liquors and cigars at and below St. Paul and Minneapolis prices.

PETER ILTIS.

NATIONAL HOTEL.

and

BILLIARD HALL

CHASKA - MINN.

Peter Iltis, Proprietor.

—:0:—

This well known Hotel has recently been entirely re-furnished throughout with new furniture and beds and is now No. 1. in every respect.

THE BAR

Is stocked with the finest imported Liquors, wines and cigars and the coolest and [illegible]

on draught.

Give me a call and become satisfied that I say is true.

Chaska House,

CHASKA, MINN.

FERD HAMMER PROPR

This house is thoroughly finished, and offers the best accommodations for board

BY THE DAY OR WEEK

And for the Traveling Public

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED.

Charges Moderate.

NEW

HARDWARE STORE.

M H MUYRES

DEALER IN

Hardware,

Tinware, Stoves, Farmers and Carpenters' Tools.

Also Agent for Reliable Insurance Companies,

CHASKA, MINN.

THOS. SCHUTZ.

THE MONARCH

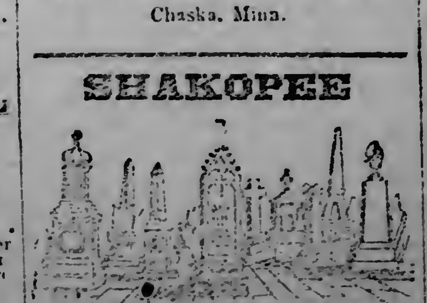
Billiard Hall

The best of Beer Liquors, wines and cigars, constantly kept on hand.

SALOON AT BARTHELS OLD STAND.

Chaska, Minn.

SHAKOPEE



MARBLE WORKS,

AUG. SCHERKENBACH BROS.,

[illegible]

SHAKOPEE, MINN.

Your orders of Marble and Granite Work solicited.

BAZAAR.

The Largest and with the greatest care selected Stock in Solid Gold and Roll Plate Jewelry of any Description, Also the finest selection of Fancy Articles to be Found At

GOTTLIEB EDERS

FANCY TOY STORE

Everybody is Cordially invited to come and convince Themselves, as Showing Goods is no object to us, but we are always ready to please our patrons. Call On

GOTTLIEB EDER.

H. YOUNG's STORE,

IS THE PLACE FOR BARGAINS.

A large line of Notions and Holiday Goods one fourth cheaper than you ever saw them before.

Clothing At Panic Prices.

Do not fail to see our stock and the prices will tell for themselves, big bargains in flannels and dress goods at H. YOUNGS STORE.

NOW IS THE TIME.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Valley Herald.

A. L. & F. E. DUTOIT, Publishers.

CHASKA, - - MINNESOTA.

CALENDAR.

1884.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	1884.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
Jan.	..	..	1	2	3	4	5	July.	..	..	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31	..			27	28	29	30	31	..	..
Feb.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	Aug.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	..		24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Mar.	..	..	..	..	..	..	1		31	..	..	..	..	..	..
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Sep.	..	1	2	3	4	5	6
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	30	31							28	29	30		..	..	
Apr.	..	..	1	2	3	4	5	Oct.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	27	28	29	30	.				26	27	28	29	30	31	..
May.	..	..	..	..	1	2	3	Nov.	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
									30						
June	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Dec.	..	1	2	3	4	5	6
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	29	30	.		..	..	..		28	29	30	31	.	..	..

Nothing will be done in congress until after the opening of the New Year.

Diptheria is prevailing to some extent in the larger towns of the northwest. It is not confined to the unclean, poorly fed and poorly clothed, but is quite as fatal in the families of the rich and well kept. It is no respector of persons.

The United States treasury now hold $365,000,000 of gold and silver coin as a reserve. There are constant accumulations which are in turn offset by occasional redemptions of bonds. But the present total practically represents the amount that is carried in the treasury.

There is a perfect avalanche of pension bills in congress, general and special; the aggregate amount called for by these bills is hundreds if not thousands of millions of dollars, and there is really danger that some of them may pass, owing to the near approach of the Presidential election when each party wants the votes of ex-soldiers and is willing to buy them with the money of the people. Unless vigorous protests are heard from all sections of the country there is no knowing what may be done in the way of depleting the treasury.

Henry G. Venner the Canadian weather prophet writes that "the red or ruddy tint in the sky—concerning which so much explanation has been attempted—seems, to my way of reasoning, to indicate terms of unusual warmth during latter portion of present month and much of January. Yes, even summer warmth in mid-winter. But March and April will probably give us the cold and snow lacking through the first half of the winter." The above was written on the 12th. We shall see latter portions of the month; at present it looks as if Venner had made another failure.

The extravagance of holiday gifts in the cities and larger towns will undoubtedly be checked sometime, but it is feared not until we have the severest financial stringency. No one who has not had opportunities for observation, can imagine the lengths to which some people go in this direction. Instead of mementoes of love and esteem to nearest relatives and friends, expressive but not expensive, people almost beggar themselves for a whole year to meet the fancied requirements of the holiday season, one of which is, gifts to a whole circle of acquaintances. Cases are known of men living in rented houses, on salaries of $1,500 a year, who have been compelled by this absurd custom to expend $500 in presents. There is always an end to such things.

The Iowa railroad commissioners in their annual report say that the earnings of the past year per mile are smaller than in former years, and express the opinion that in the thickly settled portions of the state the maximum of tonnage has been reached since freight is taking the condensed form of cattle and hogs. The small crops of the past two years have also contributed to the shrinkage. The carrying capacity of the roads is much in excess of the demand. The commissioners are strongly in favor of a national board to supply congress with information. They think that pooling has caused a reduction of rates, but condemn high tariffs between noncompetitive points on the ground that industries are driven by them to the cheaper localities.

A bill has been introduced in the house for the admission of Washington territory as a state. This bill may not pass this session, but there will be a state of Washington in the near future. The population of that territory is growing with great rapidity; and the completion of the Northern Pacific railway will greatly increase the influx of population next year. It is a territory rich in prospective agricultural, mineral, and forest wealth, and possessing fisheries of almost unprecedented value. Puget sound furnishes the best harbors on the Pacific coast. The future metropolis of that coast will probably be located on Puget sound, whose shores will long be the seat of the greatest ship building and lumber manufacturing industry of that side of the continent. As a center of vast prospective manufacturing interests it possesses advantages greatly superior to those which have made San Francisco a great city.

In 1873 the legislature of Massachusetts enacted a law that if a person accused of murder or manslaughter is acquitted by a jury because of insanity, such person shall be sentenced to confinement for life in one of the lunatic hospitals of the state. Since the passage of that law but four cases have been tried in which the plea of insanity was set up as a defense and accepted by the jury. In each of these four cases the prisoner was sentenced in accordance with the law, and all four are now confined in asylums. The law is believed to have worked well. So far the question has not been raised as to whether or how the pardoning power can be exercised in such cases. This is a question of considerable intricacy. A person confined in an asylum under such a sentence it would seem could not be pardoned of a crime; since the jury acquitted him of the crime, and he is not sentenced as a convicted criminal, but as a person pronounced insane with a homicidal mania by the verdict of the jury. He could not be discharged as cured by the asylum authorities, because he is by law ordered confined for life. If there is any legal way to release such a person it has not yet been tested. Hence the law seems to offer complete security to society.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Washington News Notes.

In response to a call, a very large audience assembled at Ford's Opera house on the evening of the 19th inst., to give expression to public sentiment in regard to the trial and execution of Patrick O'Donnell. The feeling of the meeting was very violent against England, and one might imagine that the entire audience was ready to shoulder muskets and march en masse to the field of battle. They seemed to be thirsting for blood. There was no politics in the meeting, the honors being easy so far as the speakers were concerned. They were all members of the house—Calkins and Belford republicans, and Robinson and Finerty democrats.

The remains of Hon. Dudley C. Haskell, in charge of Sergeant-at-arms Leedom, and accompanied by his family and the congressional committee left in a special car on the 17th inst., on the Pennsylvania road for Lawrence, Kas. The funeral cortege will arrive at Lawrence on the 19th. Short services, conducted by Rev. Mr. Rankin, of the Congregational church, were held at the residence of the late representative. There were present a number of congressmen, including Speaker Carlisle. The pall bearers are ex-Speaker Keifer, Representatives Merrill and Perkins of Kansas, Tucker of Virginia, Reed of Maine, and J. D. Taylor of Ohio.

The department of justice at Washington is investigating the case of Frank Young, sentenced to be hanged at Bozeman on the 27th. His friends appealed the case.

News of the Railroads.

The party of engineers who have been surveying for a new railroad between Wabasha and Plainview are very reticent in regard to whose interest they are working in. It is surmised that the Northwestern railroad company is intending to extend its line from Plainview to Eau Claire, crossing the Mississippi river at Wabasha, which, if done, will tap the Chippewa pineries and furnish a more direct route for the extensive lumber trade in the Southwest than the company has at present time via the Omaha road.

The earnings of the Duluth road for the second week in December, 1883, were $26,038.24, against $21,432.18 for the same period last year, an increase of $4,605.06.

The Northern Pacific is building shops at Albina, on the Williamette.

General News Items.

The St Paul postoffice yesterday received a copy of the new order of the department in regard to exchanging stamps. Stamps and stamped envelopes of the 3 and 6-cent denomination will be received, and in exchange stamps, envelopes and postal cards will be given. Stamps will be received at their face value, and stamped envelopes, whether bearing a printed card or not, at full current rates. No limitation as to numbers is prescribed, but stamps will not be exchanged that are mutilated, canceled, defaced, or from which the gum has been removed. Stamped envelopes must also be in a perfect condition. Postmasters will continue to redeem stamped envelopes spoiled in directing, at face or postage value only. Postmasters are instructed to exercise special care not to redeem postage stamps issued prior to 1861, as such stamps were long since declared obsolete and valueless for postage. No 6-cent stamps were issued prior to 1861. The 3-cent stamp issued before that time bears the head of Washington, and is printed in red. In a straight line at the top are the words, "U. S. Postage," and at the bottom, the words, "Three Cents." Stamps of this description will not be exchanged.

Bismarck, Special Telegram, Dec. 20.—The following circular has been issued by the territorial auditor, addressed to insurance companies contemplating business in the Territory of Dakota:

Upon a further and final consideration of the act approved March 9, 1883, governing foreign insurance companies doing business in this Territory, and with a recognition of the apparent difference in the requirements of Secs. 23 and 46 of the said act, regarding a deposit, and also in accordance with a circular of my predecessor, dated March 26, 1883, it has been decided by this office to allow the deposit of $25,000 required from foreign insurance companies to be made in accordance with the provisions of the said sec. 46 of the act referred to; the said deposit to be in addition to the deposits required by the laws of other States and Territories.

Monday morning Henry and Jacob Sattler, who do a general retail clothing business under the firm name of Sattler Brothers St. Paul, closed the doors of their two Third street stores—one between Minnesota and Robert, the other between Robert and Jackson—and announced that they had made an assignment to Solomon Bergman. Liabilities are about $80,000.

The manufacturing interests report an increased dullness in several sections of Connecticut. The Pratt & Whitney company, machinery manufacturers, at Hartford, have reduced their force from 700 to 500. A reduction in time will probably be necessary. The time reduction is already made at the large factories.

The Enterprise Machine company of Geneva, Ohio, has assigned to P. W. Tuttle. Liabilities about $70,000; assets unstated. Seventy-five men are out of work. It is thought all liabilities may be met if time is given.

Frank Hellin, who figured in the double-lover sensation at Baltimore, marrying Fanny Zimmerman away from young Hammond, was a cousin of Dukes, who killed Capt. Nutt, at Uniontown, Pa.

The governor of Massachusetts has pardoned George H. Richardson, sentenced in 1882 for the murder of his father. The killing was found to have been accidental.

The W. B. Ogden estate gave $25,000 to St. Luke's hospital, Chicago, and Dr. Tolman Wheeler gave a like amount. Other gifts make the total of $108,900.

Seidenbach, Schwab & Co., clothing merchants, New York, state their liabilities at $312,193; actual assets, $283,155; contingent liabilities, $265 377.

The rolling mills of McLanahan, Smith & Co., and the Hollidaysburg Iron and Nail company have shut down on account of lack of orders.

Whitelaw Ried says the Tribune, will make $125,000 this year, and would have made $300,000 but for the reduction in price.

Lockport & Streight, dry goods, New Albany, Ind., have failed. Liabilities, $10,000 to $12,000, assets, $7,500.

The New Englanders of St. Paul and Minneapolis celebrated Forefather's Day, Dec. 21st in the usual way.

The valuation of the real and personal property in Massachusetts is $1,731,297,051

Rock Island Cable picked up $1,000,000 in Wall street on tripartite business.

Connecticut savings banks have a total of $69,000 unclaimed in their vaults.

P. R. Jones' private bank at Depere, Wis, has failed for $50,000.

Marks Smith, clothier of Erie, Pa., has failed for $9,000.

Doings of Criminals.

George Hart, who was to have been executed for murder at Grand Island, Neb., has been reprieved for thirty days. It is claimed that new evidence in his case has been discovered and it will be looked into. John R. Polin, who was to have been hanged at Plattsmouth, Neb, has been given a stay of execution by the supreme court, until Jan. 25. His case was reviewed by the supreme court and the judgment of the court below was affirmed.

Deputy Sheriff Harvey, with posse, of Clifton, Ariz., captured Sample, alias Red, and Willis, alias Texas, two of the principal train robbers and Bisbee murderers. They have been taken to Clifton and jailed. Yankee Kelly and John Heath are under arrest at Tombstone, Delany and Dowd have gone to Sonora. These with "Texas" and "Red" complete the principals of both the Gage station train robbers and the Bisbee (Arizona) raiders and murderers.

At Atlanta, Ga., Judge McCoy refused a new trial in the Banks county kuklux case. Five of the prisoners, Jasper Yarbrough, James Yarbrough, Bold Emory, State Lemons and Lorick Street, stated in open court that they were guilty, but that E. H. Green and Dilmus Yarbrough were innocent. The men pleading guilty were sentenced to two years' imprisonment and to pay $500 fine each. Neal Yarborough is sick in jail and was not sentenced.

Three years ago Herman Smith stole a gold watch and chain and other property from a fellow boarder in Philadelphia and ran away. He returned and gave himself up, stating that his conscience troubled him so that he could not sleep. He desired to be punished, so that he could no longer feel that he was a fugitive from justice. The judge sent him to the county jail for three months.

Thomas Buford, who in 1879 killed Judge Elliott of the court of appeals, and was sent to a lunatic asylum, from which he escaped to Indiana, has returned to Henry county, Ky., and is said to have threatened other members of the court. He is in a desperate condition, and asserts that the judges who decided the case against him have some of his money. The judges are uneasy.

Matthew Zimmerman, who murdered Sheriff Woods and two deputy sheriffs in the fall of 1883 at Minden, Neb., has been sentenced to be hanged on Feb. 11. John R. Polin, who murdered F. J. Meteer on Oct. 7, 1882, at Plattsmouth, and Hart, the Grand Island murderer are to suffer the same fate on Dec. 21.

Georgia Sinclair, keeping a house of prostitution in Omaha, has been arrested for inducing two girls, aged fourteen and fifteen, to have criminal intercourse with men. The girls are said to be of respectable parentage. The woman's bail was fixed at $2,000 which she was unable to furnish.

Dr. William E. Reynolds, medical examiner of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, and a practicing physican for thirty year, committed suicide Chicago. Despondency was the cause.

J. Clark, a drummer for a New York jewelry house, was robbed at Waterbury, Conn., of a tray containing jewelry of the value of $1,000 to $5,000, while exhibiting goods in a store.

W. J. Pearson, postmaster of Batesville, Ark., was found dead at the hotel Barnum, St. Louis. He was a defaulter.

At Lawrence, Kan., Slugger Slade fell into the hands of the police while trying to paint the town red.

Fraudulent entries are discovered for 50,000 acres of land in Urano county, Tex.

The Casualty Record.

A widow at Joliet, Ill., named Sullivan, with her boys kept their savings, $1,189, in a stocking, hid away in an old dry goods box in an upper room. A neighbor also entrusted the widow with $560, which was put away in the same place. On the 18th inst., the neighbor asked for his money, when it was found that the whole amount had been stolen.

At 12 o'clock on the night of the 18th, a Northern Pacific east-bound freight, with engine and ten cars, was, by a broken rail, thrown from the track at Tenny, a station four miles east of Moorehead. The loss to the company was considerable. The passenger west was delayed five hours.

The loss occasioned by the burning of Wright's sash and door factory, at Steven's Point, Wis., Thursday night, the 20th, is over $8,000, with an insurance of $3,000. This is the seventh time that Wright has burned out—three times within the past four years.

Commodore E. Symonds, of Clay county, Ill., has been arrested in Arkansas by a deputy United States marshall, charged with stealing $2,000 pension due his ward, whom he had placed in an almshouse. He will plead guilty.

C. F. G. Collins, past grand master of all Masonic bodies of Wisconsin died at Beloit having ruptured a blood vessel at the fire at the Merrill & Houston iron works on the 18th inst., of which he was superintendent.

William Brown, an Englishman living near Fort Ridgley, mysteriously disappeared last August, and up to this time no trace can be had of his whereabouts.

The dry goods store of Spencer P. Brundage, near Muncie, Ind., was burned. Loss, $17,000; insurance, $11,000.

A dangerous $5 gold counterfeit is circulating in Chicago. It contains $3.30 in gold, is full weight and rings.

The house of William Proctor at Glendale, Ohio, was burned. Loss $30,000; fully insured.

From the Old World.

Marie Colombier the actress, has written a letter to the Paris Figaro, saying she regrets writing the memoirs of Sarah Barnum, because the book caused such discussion. She declares Bernhardt is wrong in supposing herself to be the imaginary heroine of the book. Colombier continues: "Neither her dagger or horsewhip, nor the cutlass of Richepin touched me. Concealed behind a window curtain, I witnessed all that passed. Richepin wounded one of my friends who was endeavoring to prevent him entering my apartment. Bernhardt never complained about my book until injudicious friends prompted her to do so."

The North German Gazette states that Bismarck entirely concurs with Putkammer minister of the interior, in opposing secret voting for members of the lower house of the Prussian diet. Bismarck, the paper says, even expressed himself favorable to universal suffrage, provided public voting was adhered to. The existing system of secret voting at elections for the reichstag is detrimental to imperial institutions, and must eventually be modified.

The French have captured the principal outposts of Sontay, embracing five strongly fortified villages. The enemy made a stubborn resistance. The French loss was over 200 men and fifteen officers killed and wounded. Admiral Courbet, commanding, had 7,000 men, 4,000 engaged in action and the remainder in reserve. The Chinese still hold the fortress of Sontay.

The marriage of Lord Cairns' eldest son and Miss Fortescue, of the Surrey theater, London, is "off" in consequence of a large check given by the young man's father.

Gloucester's loss in the gales thus far number twelve boats and 149 men, who leave thirty-four widows and thirty-eight children.

Personal Gossip.

New York, Special Telegram, Dec. 20.—Rev. William D. Walker, by consecration services today in the Calvary Protestant Episcopal church at Fourth avenue and Twenty-first street, was made missionary bishop of North Dakota. An immense and fashionable audience witnessed the consecration ceremonies. At 11 o'clock a long procession filed out of the chapel adjoining the church and slowly moved up the center aisle toward the chancel. First came the students of the seminary who took seats on either side of the chancel. After them the following order was maintained: The head and vestry of Calvary church; lay members of the board of missionary society; the clergy generally; the clerical members of the board of managers; and lastly the bishops. While the procession made its way through the church, the choir sang the hymn beginning: "The churches one foundation in Jesus Christ, her Lord." When the bishops had taken their places the regular services began with the holy communion. Bishop A. Cleveland Coxe of Western New York preached the sermon. Among the bishops present was Clarkson of Nebraska. In his sermon, Bishop Coxe said that Calvary diocese was giving one of its most honored sons to a worthy cause. It was not the result of choice, the leaving of all one's friends to take up a new abode among strangers in a new land, but duty called, and was unselfishly obeyed.

Troy, N. Y., Dec. 20.—Frank H. Walworth, formerly of Saratoga, and Annie B. Bramlette of Louisville, were married this afternoon at Mechanicsville. The groom is the grandson of Chancellor Walworth and the bride a daughter of ex-Gov. Bramlette of Kentucky.

This is the young man who, in the summer of 1873, at the age of nineteen, shot and killed his father, Mansfield Tracy Walworth, novelist. The tragedy occurred in a New York hotel, and the elder Walworth's alleged inhuman treatment of his wife and Frank's mother was the cause. Young Walworth was tried, convicted, and sentenced to a term in the penitentiary, which he served.

The following Minnesota postmasters were confirmed by the senate on the 20th inst: David Day, St. Paul; Viggs C. Rossig, Lanesboro; Joseph H. Wagner, Rochester; James H. Morris, Litchfield; Virgil M. Hall, Glencoe; Wilder W. Hartley Brainerd; Charles W. Dix, Detroit; Charles H. Howes, Luverne; Lewis P. Hunt, Mankato; Peter Ramsdell, Ada.

Hon. William Henry, aged fifty-four, a leading Democratic politician of Erie, Pa., iron manufacturer, and formerly member of the Pennsylvania legislature, died the 20th, after a lingering illness.

John Russell, Jr., nephew of the tramp printer who died in New York last March, leaving $40,000 unclaimed, has begun suit as the only living heir.

White Star, the Philadelphia man who will fight Sullivan, walks daily around Franklin square, with a dumb-bell fastened to each leg.

Edward Backus who failed in Chicago eight years ago, returned recently all the way from Brazil to pay his debts.

Judge Foraker succeeds Judge Hoadly as president of Cincinnati's University club.

Ex-Gov. Lowe of Iowa is not expected to live.

O'Donovan of the Graphic, who was with Hicks Pasha, is thought to have lost his way while escaping.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Monday, December 17.

Senate.—A message was received from the house announcing the death of Congressman Haskel. A recess was taken and after appropriate remarks, on a motion, the president of the senate appointed Messrs. Plumb and Cockrell a committee to attend the obsequies of the deceased representative. The senate, in respect to his memory, then adjourned.

House—The chaplain, in a few touching words, referred to the death of Hon. D. C. Haskell of Kansas, and invoked the divine blessing upon the bereaved family.

Mr. Anderson of Kansas feelingly announced the death of his colleague Mr. Haskill.

Mr. Anderson offered the customary resolution, which was unanimously adopted, and the house, in tribute to the memory of the deceased, adjourned till Wednesday, the 19th.

Tuesday, December 18.

Senate.—Mr. Sherman moved that Anson G. McCook be chosen secretary of the senate.

Mr. Pendleton moved to amend by substituting the name of L. Q. Washington. Lost—Yeas 29, nays 32. The main resolution was agreed to and McCook sworn in. The remaining republican nominations were elected as follows: Chief clerk, Charles W. Johnson, Minnesota; executive clerk, James R. Young, Pennsylvania; chaplain, Rev. Elias Dewitt Huntley, District of Columbia; sergeant at arms W. P. Canaday, North Carolina.

The president sent a long list of nominations to the senate, mostly recess nominations—postmasters, United States marshals, United States attorneys, district judges, naval officers, etc. Confirmations: Lawrence Weldon, Illinois, judge of the court of claims; J. R. Tanner, Illinois, United States marshal, Southern district of Illinois; Nathaniel P. Banks, Massachusetts, United States marshall of Massachusetts; Alonzo Gesner, Oregon, Indian agent at the Warm Springs agency and Pawnee Otoe agency; Col. Samuel B. Holabird, quartermaster general; John S. Toker, Michigan, secretary of Montana; Robinson Locke, Ohio, United States consul at Newcastle.

The consideration of the report of the committee on rules was resumed.

House.—Not in session.

Wednesday, December 19.

Senate.—Bills were introduced for a commission to investigate railway transportation, consolidating the bureau of military justice and the corps of judges advocate of the army. The new rules were considered, and the clause in the first limiting to three days the period for which the vice president may designate a senator to preside over the senate in his absence was rejected. Various other clauses and rules were voted upon, some being rejected and others adopted. The senate agreed to the house resolution for a holiday recess, after so amending it as to fix Jan. 7 as the date of reassembling.

Another long list of recess appointments went to the senate Dec 19th inst., the majority of them postmasters. The following nominations were confirmed:

Walter Evans, commissioner of internal revenue; Albert W. Wyman, treasurer of the United States; Edward O. Graves, assistant treasurer of the United States; Richard Gibbs, New York, minister resident and consul general, Bolivia; Charles B. Frail, secretary of legation, Brazil; William T. Strong, secretary of legation, Vienna; Jacob F. Walther, collector of internal revenue, Nineteenth district of Pennsylvania; Mathew R. Barr, Erie, Pa., and Henry Ward, Leadville, Colo., Indian inspectors; Indian agents, Denny D. Waters, Connecticut, Colville agency, Wash.; James F. Gardner, Colorado, Ouray agency, Utah; Elisha W. Davis, Colorado, Uintah agency, Utah; Oliver Ward, Ohio, Neal Bay agency, Wash.; Benjamin W. Thompson, West Virginia, Sisseton agency, Dak.; Sanderson R. Martin, Pennsylvania, Shoshone agency, Wyo.

House.—After a long debate, in which Mr. Belford (Rep.) spoke in favor of Skinner (Dem.) whose election as representative from the first district of North Carolina was contested by Pool (Rep.), Skinner was given the seat and sworn in. A concurrent resolution providing for a recess from Monday, 24th inst. until Tuesday, January 3, was adopted. The committee, on rules reported a resolution for the creation of several new committees after an amendment for a committee on the alcoholic liquor traffic had been adopted, by 143 to 88. A resolution increasing the membership of twenty-three standing committees, from eleven to thirteen members each, was adopted. A resolution was reported from the committee on rivers and harbors. The senate amendment to the holiday recess resolution was concurred in.

Thursday, December 20.

Senate.—Bills were introduced establishing a board of railroad commission and regulating inter-state commerce and authorizing distillation of fruit without federal taxation to the states. After a long debate, a resolution calling on the secretary of the interior for information concerning lands granted to railroads was adopted.

The consideration of the rules consumed the rest of the day, and after an executive session of half an hour the senate adjourned to Monday. During the executive sessions the senate confirmed a long list of appointments made since the adjournment of the last congress, nearly all of which have been announced.

House.—A discussion took place over a resolution, to grant a month's extra pay to discharged employes, which was finally referred to the committee on accounts. A resolution increasing the membership of several committees was adopted, as was a resolution for a committee on rivers and harbors.

A resolution for a woman suffrage committee was rejected—88 to 124. A joint resolution was adopted asking the president by proclamation to recommend the observance by the people of the 24th inst. the 100th anniversary of Washington's surrender of his commission.

Both houses adjourned till Monday.

Another Lake Superior Disaster.

Duluth Special Telegram.—The propeller Agnes arrived here last night, confirming the news of the loss of the schooner, Mary Ann Hurlbut and another great lake calamity. The schooner left Port Arthur last Wednesday for Michipicoton river, in tow of the barge Kincardine, and having on board a heavy load of railway supplies for Contractor Marvin Burke of the Canadian Pacific railroad, a crew of about five men and fifteen railroad laborers. When off Nipigon about six miles from shore, she sprung a leak in a heavy storm and went down with all on board. The first notice of her condition taken by the crew of the barge which was towing her, was that she was sinking fast. The barge hung to her as long as possible until she began to pull her over, when she was forced to cut the towline to save herself. The schooner soon keeled over and went down, head first. Nothing was done or could be done by the persons on the Kincardine to save the men. It is supposed that they sunk, chilled by the waves, as soon as they got into the water. No names of the crew or laborers are known here. The Mary Ann Hurlbut was old and unfit for any trade, and especially unsafe for passengers, and had no right to carry them.

Mortality in Forty-Eight Congress.

The list of changes that have already taken place in the membership of the Forty-eight house of representatives is extraordinary in extent, is not unprecedented. First, in November, 1882, came the death of Mr. A. S. Herron of Louisiana; who has been succeeded by Mr. E. T. Louis; next, that of Mr. J. T. Updergraff of Ohio, whom Mr. J. D. Taylor succeeded; then Mr. J. E. Kenna of West Virginia resigned, and Mr. C. P. Snyder was chosen in his stead; soon after came the death of Mr. T. H. Herndon of Alabama, whose successor is Mr. J. T. Jones; then followed, within four days of each other, the deaths of Mr. W. R. Pool of North Carolina, whose successor, Mr. T. G. Skinner presented his certificate of election, Dec. 17, and Mr. M. E. Cutts of Iowa, in whose place Mr. J. C. Cook has already been sworn in; while last September came the resignation of Mr. John Paul of Virginia, and now the list is further increased by the death of Mr. D. C. Haskell of Kansas.

Opening of the Cantilever Bridge.

Lockport, N. Y., Special Telegram, Dec. 20.—At an early hour this morning special trains from New York and Chicago, bearing the officers and guests of the New York Central and Michigan Central railroad from Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse and other cities came rolling into the depot here, where they unloaded their throngs of passengers who came to witness the formal opening of the great cantilever bridge over the Niagara river. At 11 o'clock the bridge was tested by placing a number of Mogul engines, whose aggregate weight was 2,000 tons, upon the center of the bridge, and a large number of engineers, members of the American society, made a careful examination of every part of the structure. Every part was declared firm. The deflection was trifling and the bridge was pronounced a success. Following this test two trains of palace cars, in which were the 2,000 invited guests were run upon the bridge and there photographed. The first crossing of the bridge was made Dec. 6th last, when Division Superintendent Burrows, of the New York Central, accompanied by a number of civil engineers and experts, members of the press and one or two ladies crossed on his pony engine No. 513.

The bridge is located about 300 feet above the old railroad suspension bridge, spanning a chasm 870 feet wide between the bluffs and over 200 feet deep. As the foaming rapids at this point rendered it impossible to build piers in the river or erect temporary supports, it was necessary to design a structure which could be erected without such false work: to attain this end a bridge of the cantilever type was adopted which would be self-supporting during erection. The principle of the cantilever is that of a beam supported at or near its center, with arms extending both ways, one arm being held down by an anchorage or counterweight so that the load on the overhanging arm produces an uplifting force in the opposite end which is resisted by the counterweight. The structure consists of two immense steel towers, 132 feet 6½ inches high, resting on stone piers thirty-nine feet high. Each of these towers supports a cantilever 395 feet 2 5-16 inches long. One end of each tower rests upon an abutment at the edge of the bluff, while the other end extends out over the river. The shore ends of the cantilevers are anchored to the abutment masonry or anchorage piers, and both river arms are connected by an intermediate span of 120 feet, which is suspended from the extreme ends of the river arms. The total length of the bridge proper is 910 feet 4⅜ inches between the centers of the anchorage piers; the clear span between towers being 470 feet. The height from surface of water to base of rail is 239 feet. The towers are braced steel structures, containing four columns each, which are made up of plates and angles riveted together, braced with horizontal struts and tie rods. The batter of the columns at right angles to the center line of the bridge is 1 in 8, and parallel to the center line 1 in 24. The trusses are two in number, 28 feet apart between centers; the various members being connected with steel pins 7½ inches, 6¾ inches, and 5⅜ inches in diameter, turned accurately so as to fit the bored pin holes within 1-64 of an inch. The depth of the cantilever trusses over the towers is 56 feet, and at the shore ends 21 feet, and at the river ends 26 feet. The lower chords and centerposts are made of plates and angles rivited together and latticed, the intermediate posts being of 12 by 15-inch channels, latticed. The upper chords of the cantilevers are 8-inch bars, the shore arms having a compression member 18 inches deep composed of plates and angles packed between the chord bars. The shore ends of the cantilevers are attached to short links, oscillating on pins anchored to the abutment masonry, which serve as anchorages and also as rockers to allow for expansion and contraction of the shore arms produced by changes of temperature. Expansion joints are also provided for at the connection of the intermediate span with the river ends of the two cantilevers. The structure is proportioned to carry, in addition to its own weight, a freight train on each track at the same time, weighing one ton per lineal foot, with each train headed by two 76-ton consolidation engines, with a factor of safety of 5. The wind bracing has been proportioned for a pressure of 30 pounds per square foot, on a surface twice the area of one face of the truss, plus area of floor system, plus the area of side of train taken as 10 feet vertical height.

An Almost Forgotten Anniversary.

The following proclamation with regard to the celebration of the 100th anniversary of Washington's surrender of his commission was made by the president on Friday 21st.

Whereas, Both houses of congress did on the 20th inst. request commemoration of the 23d inst. of the 100th anniversary of the surrender by George Washington at Annapolis, of his commission as commander in chief of the patriot forces of America; and, whereas, it is fitting that this memorable act which not only signalized the termination of the heroic struggle of seven years for independence, but also manifested Washington's devotion to the great principle that ours is a civic government of and by the people should be generally observed now, therefore, I, Chester A. Arthur, president of the United States, do hereby recommend that either by appropriate exercise or connection with religious services on the 24th inst., this signal event in the history of American liberty be commemorated; and, further, I hereby direct that 12 noon Monday next a national salute be fired from all the forts throughout the country. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done this 21st day of December, 1883, and independence of the United States 108th.

[Signed] CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

By the President:

FREDERICK T. FRELINGHUYSEN, Secretary of State.

Sentence of Glasgow Dynamiters.

Five of the Glasgow dynamiters on trial at Edinburg were found guilty on all the charges and sentenced to life imprisonment. The other five were found guilty on the first charge only, and sentenced to seven years penal servitude. The following are the prisoners sentenced for life: Terrance McLaren, Thomas Devaney, Peter Callaghan, Henry McEwan and Patrick McCullough. For seven years: James O'Donnell, James Kelley, Patrick McCable, Patrick Drum and Dennis Casey. The judge in his charge, said it had never fallen to his lot, in all his legal experience, to investigate more abominable and despicable outrages.

The attempt upon public buildings in Glasgow was made about the time of the explosion in the local government buildings, London, in the early spring of the present year, and failed utterly. Bernard Gallagher, a worthless drunkard, brother of Dr. Gallagher, of Brooklyn, who with others was convicted and sentenced for life in London in June last for a dynamite conspiracy, was arrested in Glasgow, charged with complicity in the attempt. He was found, however, to be more knowing than active, and was taken to London to testify against the prisoners there, which he did, and was soon afterward permitted to return to the United States, whence he came.

Winnebagoshish Dam Business.

Washington, Special Telegram: The commissioner of Indian affairs has written a letter to the secretary of the interior, approving the award of the Blakeley commission for damages to the Winnebagoshish and Leech Lake Indians in consequence of the construction of the government dams at the head waters of the Mississippi. As shown in the report of the commission, published exclusively in these dispatches, the Indians were awarded in round numbers, $10,000 for the destruction of property, and $26,000 annual damages in the loss of rice crops and fisheries. The department has enough funds to pay the $10,000 at once, but an appropriation will be necessary before the $26,000 for this year can be paid. The commissioner recommends that an immediate deficiency appropriation be made for this purpose.

Sarah Bernhardt's Card.

Paris Cable: Sarah Bernhardt has published the following card:

To My Friends, the Public: I chastised Marie Colombier because she insulted me. When she was in want I brought her to America, and she shared my profits. Preste. She has deceived me. I gave her gold. She gave me calumny. She called me Sarah Barnum. I am not a Jumbo! Then I gave her the lash. She weighs 300 pounds; I weigh seventy-five pounds. But she ran before me. This vile, ungrateful woman; this woman whom I have befriended; this Columbier, who was nothing until she met Sarah. I have done with her. I did not chastise her for advertising purposes. SARAH BERNHARDT.

The Slugger Rebukes the Preachers.

John Sullivan in St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

There was something of a meeting in progress among the Baptist preachers, and a good many of them stopped at the same hotel where myself and my party were registered. Some of them were regular fanatics. One day at dinner Gillepsie sat at the table with some of them and, of course they did not know he was one of the combination. Myself and wife were at the adjoining table. One of them said: "I don't see how such a pretty woman could marry such a fellow." Another said: "Look at the countenance he has. Just look at his hand, it's covered with hair, and he is a regular bully." That night I met several of them in the hall, and a couple of them stopped and wanted to know if I did not see the error of my way and know what end I would eventually come to. I listened to them, and when through I said that I thought my way of robbing the people about as clever as theirs, and on the whole it didn't make much difference. They didn't bother me the balance of the time.

A COWBOY RAID.

A Remarkable Occurence Even in a Cowboy Region—Five Persons Killed.

A Tombstone, Ariz., special gives the following details of the recent raiding of Bisbee by desperadoes: The robbers, five in number, rode into town, coming from the south, about 7:30 in the evening. They dismounted at a lumber yard just below Casteñado's store, hitched their horses and proceeded leisurely to the latter place. Three of the miscreants entered the store in which, at the time, were six or seven persons. Drawing revolvers as they entered, they ordered the inmates to throw up their hands, which order was complied with alacrity. One of them then commanded the bookkeeper to open the safe. He replied that he could not as he did not have the combination. Another of the robbers then pointed to Joe Goldwater, who was in the store at the time, and said: "There's the —— —— that can open it." Three revolvers were immediately leveled at his head and orders given: "Open that safe!" Joe lost no time in complying, and when it was opened one of the robbers produced a sack and ordered their unwilling helpers to assist in emptying the contents of the drawers and boxes into it. A cigar box nearly full of Mexican money was tipped over in the operation, when one of the bandits exclaimed: "Why don't you shoot the old———?" After the safe had been despoiled of its valuables one of the bandits went up to the back room where Castenado, the proprietor of store was lying in a bed suffering from an attack of rheumatism. He was ignorant of what had taken place in the front room, but an order to "Get up out of that and throw up your hands," soon gave him an inkling that something was wrong. Castenado replied: "I can't get up, I am sick with rheumatism in my shoulders."

"Have you got anything about you?" bluntly demanded the robber, bearing his six-shooter in close proximity to Castenado's head. "Not a cent," replied the latter.

The robber then thrust his hand beneath the pillows and brought to light a buckskin sack containing over $700 in gold coin. Turning to leave, the robber said, "There,——you! be quiet and you won't be hurt," and then rejoined his companions in the front room. Meanwhile a terrible scene of bloodshed had been enacted in the street. J. C. Tappenier, an assayer, and the inventor of a portable assay furnace, and who was well known in Tombstone, was coming down the street toward the store. One of the robbers left to guard the outside ordered him to throw up his hands, Tappenier started to run, but was shot dead before he had taken half a dozen steps. D. T. Smith, who with his wife had arrived in town but a few hours previous, was across the street in a restaurant. Hearing the firing, he came out to ascertain the cause, and was ordered to go back, but continued to advance, saying; "I am a deputy sheriff."

"You are the kind we are looking for," replied one of the robbers, and both immediately commenced firing at him. He was killed instantly one shot striking him in the center of the forehead, another passing through his body, and the third taking effect in his right arm. Seeing a man called Indian Joe standing across the street, the robbers commenced firing at him, he ran away, and escaped with only a slight flesh wound in one leg. J. A. Nollie, otherwise known as "Tex," was standing with a team in front of the store during the firing, and was shot through the body, but Deputy Sheriff Hatch thinks he was struck by one of the bullets intended for Indian Joe. Mrs. Roberts, a boarding house keeper, hearing the disturbance, came to the door, which is of glass, and was looking out, when she was struck by a stray shot, and mortally wounded, dying yesterday morning. The murderous bandits did everything in the most leisurely manner, the events described occupying ten or fifteen minutes' time. They wore heavy overcoats, and all save one wore masks of handkerchiefs drawn over their faces. The object of their infamous mission accomplished they departed with their plunder, which Mr. Castendada says amounted to from $2,300 to $2,500. They mounted their horses and departed, in apparently no great hurry, in the direction from whence they came. At 9 o'clock they were seen to pass Milk ranch, five miles distant, laughing and chatting among themselves, having been an hour going five miles. A vigorous pursuit has been organized, and several parties are now on the trail of the robbers, which leads toward the Chiracahua mountains. Nollie died this morning, making four killed in this murderous raid.

Wedding Journeys.

The mystery attending wedding journeys nowadays is a new invention in social etiquette. In old times it was the custom for the bridal excursion to be undertaken with much preparation and fuss. The happy pair drove to the steamer or the train that was to bear them away from their old homes amid showers of rice, old slippers, and other heathenish tokens of good luck and good wishes. And the destination of the wedding journeyers was duly printed in the newspapers with the pomp of an advertisement. Now society would be shocked with so much publicity. The reception and ceremony over, the newly married couple dart into a coach, and, after the bridegroom has ostentatiously ordered the driver to drive to the New-York Central station, for example, the gay fugatives flee to some city hotel, and, next day, eluding the social police sent on their track, flit off into the mysterious unknown where they have secretly decided to spend their honeymoon. So long as the wedding journeyers fancy themselves secure from intrusion, and disguised as "old married folks" they are happy, and nobody need know where they are. When Blair Scribner, a noble young fellow, who died in the flush and beauty of his useful life, went on his wedding journey, I remember that he dated the only letter that his family had from him during his absence, "somewhere in paradise." Happy he whose paradise long outlasts the wedding excursion and its seclusion.

Twenty-Four O'Clock Watch.

F. C. Mason, of Cleveland, Ohio, has in his possession a watch on whose dial twenty-four hours are marked, instead of the usual twelve. And The Leader of that city gives the following interesting account of its origin: "Mr. Mason's uncle, Colonel G. W. Mason, was in command of a regiment of soldiers stationed at Harper's Ferry in 1863. The commanding general ordered him to move at 4 o'clock on a certain day and attack the enemy. The order simply said 4 o'clock, and Colonel Mason, thinking it meant 4 o'clock in the afternoon, marched forward at that hour and began killing off the rebels. The Union soldiers, however, were defeated, and the commanding officer was court-martialled for not ordering Mason and his men to the front at an earlier hour. Mason said the order read 4 o'clock and he moved accordingly. The commanding officer said he meant 4 a. m. instead of p. m., and there being a clear misunderstanding, the charge was withdrawn. Colonel Mason afterward sent to an Eastern factory and had made a twenty-four o'clock watch, which he said would do away with all mistakes, and which he carried during the remainder of the war."

NEWS OF THE STATE.

SCHOOL STATISTICS.

An Array of Figures Demonstrating Facts of Interest to the Educational World and the General Public.

By the official reports of the county superintendents, it is shown that the State of Minnesota now contains 4,575 school districts, of which 4,482 are common. The number of school houses and the valuation has been printed in a previous issue. The value of seats and desks is $147,975, and the value of school apparatus $77,591. The value of school libraries is $19,790, an increase of $10,000 over last year. Hennepin county has the largest sum invested in seats and desks, $20,600, and Kandiyohi in apparatus, $6,025. Polk has the most expensive school library, it being valued at $7,250. Ramsey follows at $1,745. The tables given below will show the number of school districts, value of seats and desks, apparatus and libraries in detail, by counties. They are copies of the official tables which will appear in the annual report of the superintendent of public instruction, now in course of preparation.

Counties.	School Dists. Common.	Ind.	Special.	Total.	Value of seats and desks.	Value of school apparatus.	Value of school libraries.
Aitkin	1	..	..	1	$500	$100	$25
Anoka	51	..	1	52	731	576	500
Becker	37	2	..	39	1,342	717	60
Benton	27	..	..	27	1,035	411	......
Big Stone	44	1	..	45	2,587	210	75
Brown	66	2	..	68	5,567	1,483	386
Carlton	8	..	..	8	750	20	......
Carver	70	1	1	72	4,738	1,126	176
Chippewa	41	1	..	42	2,200	1,160	55
Chisago	40	..	2	42	2,430	543	140
Clay	40	1	..	41	2,738	864	353
Cottonwood	56	..	..	56	305	300	......
Crow Wing	8	1	..	9	......	30	20
Dakota	99	1	.	100	7,671	3,718	505
Dodge	73	3	..	76	2,523	3,243	151
Douglas	67	1	..	68	3,591	1,350	25
Faribault	108	2	..	110	7,592	1,681	219
Fillmore	169	4	1	174	......	......	......
Freeborn	110	..	1	111	......	1,610	882
Goodhue	144	2	2	148	5,819	2,151	546
Grant	30	1	..	31	1,468	417	107
Hennepin	106	..	1	107	20,600	4,000	......
Houston	94	2	1	97	4,691	1,467	106
Hubbard	10	..	..	10	25	5	......
Isanti	39	..	..	39	1,042	74	18
Jackson	58	..	2	60	1,195	411	32
Kanabec	9	..	..	9	......	......	......
Kandiyohi	77	1	..	78	......	6,025	257
Kittson	12	..	..	12	......	501	......
Lac qui Parle	61	..	..	61	1,083	336	10
Lake	1	..	..	1	96	15	20
Le Sueur	94	3	..	97	5,473	506	......
Lincoln	34	..	..	34	823	100	......
Lyon	59	1	..	60	2,765	350	......
McLeod	64	2	..	66	4,505	591	221
Marshall	20	..	..	20	573	170	......
Martin	77	..	..	77	3,571	1,015	102
Meeker	69	2	..	71	4,982	1,609	157
Mille Lacs	8	..	..	8	421	75	37
Morrison	40	1	..	41	2,103	805	10
Mower	114	2	..	116	7,723	2,524	838
Murray	56	..	..	56	300	......	......
Nicollet	52	1	..	53	1,585	808	230
Nobles	67	1	..	68	1,918	430	53
Norman	45	..	..	45	1,72	270	72
Olmsted	129	1	3	152	8,335	1,845	457
Otter Tail	180	1	..	181	8,554	2,796	350
Pine	11	..	..	11	......	451	320
Pipe Stone	41	1	..	42	1,754	......	......
Polk	90	2	..	92	3,876	777	7,250
Pope	61	..	..	61	1,144	1,528	......
Ramsey	22	1	..	23	......	3,935	1,745
Redwood	58	1	..	59	1,824	566	97
Renville	95	1	..	96	4,888	756	16
Rice	106	1	2	109	8,910	1,221	342
Rock	50	1	..	51	1,657	355	60
St. Louis	8	1	1	10	3,246	313	75
Scott	63	..	1	64	2,439	565	......
Sherburne	35	1	..	36	742	835	10
Sibley	64	1	..	65	......	......	......
Stearns	125	1	2	128	8,349	5,412	210
Steele	81	.	1	82	3,478	920	183
Stevens	39	1	..	40	1,777	631	25
Swift	59	1	.	60	3,261	720	189
Todd	70	..	..	70	1,780	1,570	43
Traverse	37	1	..	38	......	78	......
Wabasha	94	..	4	98	15,000	2,500	1,000
Wadena	19	..	..	19	813	260	15
Waseca	89	2	..	91	4,854	2,293	163
Washington	59	1	1	61	11,275	1,220	632
Watonwan	40	1	..	41	......	......	......
Wilkin	21	..	..	21	486	340	......
Winona	112	..	2	114	4,463	618	19
Wright	110	3	..	113	4,985	926	86
Yellow Med.	49	1	..	50	2,092	375	144
Totals	4,482	64	29	4,575	$147,975	$77,591	$19,790

Minnesota Patrons of Husbandry.

The grange was called to order in secret session at Minneapolis on the 19th, by Col. Samuel D. Adams, master, and Prof. Porter of the State university delivered a brief address of welcome to the visitors. Among the state grange officers present, in addition to the worthy master, were the following:

Steward—N. Small.
Assistant Steward—N. H. Post.
Chaplain—James Sutherland.
Treasurer—Sarah G. Baird.
Secretary—Thomas Tunis Smith.
Gate-keeper—J. R. Hill.
Ceres—Agustua J. Adams.
Lady Assistant Steward—H. C. Stanchfield.
Executive Committee—W. S. Chowen and J. D. Scofield.

Col. Adams, worthy master of the grange, delivered his annual address, reviewing the work of the order during the year, and making suggestions calculated to increase its usefulness in the future. He touched upon the encroachments made by the corporations of the country upon the farming interests, the cultivation of amber cane, the advantages to be derived from the agricultural college, and the amendment to the constitution, etc. Mr. Whitney, of Iowa, also reviewed the transportation question at some length.

The committee on the good of the order submitted a report, in which the following suggestions were embodied:

A more thorough dissemination of grange literature is of vital importance to the order, and a lack of it accounts for the absence of great numerical strength in Minnesota. To stimulate growth in the granges it was recommended that purely agricultural publications be placed in every farm house and lecturers induced to visit neighborhoods until the objects of the order are clearly understood by every farmer. There should be more attention paid to the advertising meetings in daily papers and by posters, and to still further the cause we recommend that the executive committee publish a quarterly bulletin, which shall be a medium of communication between the officers of state grange and the subordinate grange, also between subordinate granges themselves. The necessity is apparent of urging this body to use every endeavor to place in the lecture field those whose whole soul is in the interests of the order. Our duty does not end here. Having secured lecturers, every effort should be used by each and all to secure a large audience that will carry home a new spirit—a greater zeal in this noble cause.

We would also recommend that the master and secretary of this grange ascertain if among the dormant granges there are any desirous of having their grange restored to activity, and if so, that this body assist all they can by sending missionaries into these fields.

The good of the order requires that every encouragement be given to the enlistment of the young into our fold, and that work be assigned them. We advise that a course of study be inaugurated in every sub-grange on scientific agriculture, and every measure be taken for the advancement of the young.

At the suggestion of Prof. Porter, Messrs. Scofield, Blaisdell, Adams, Smith, and Chowen were appointed as a standing committee on the Agricultural college, and the grange adjourned to meet at this institution on Dec. 9, 1884.

How They Look Down There.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Record photographs the Minnesota senators as they appear at the capitol: Samuel J. R. McMillan, of Minnesota, is a trim little Scotch Presbyterian, with short dark hair, short dark beard, and a round white spot on the back of his head. He wears black-rimmed eyeglasses. He is a good lawyer and a hard-working business man. He keeps the business of the commerce committee, of which he is chairman, well in hand, and he usually manages to make his point in the senate. He is a canny Scot, but he is not an eloquent nor an impressive man. He is an elder in Dr. Byron Sunderland's church, on Four-and-a-half street, and is a man of authority in the councils of the Presbyterian church. Personally he is modest and pleasant.

Dwight M. Sabin, senator from Minnesota, who was elected chairman of the Republican National committee the other night, is, like his predecessor, Marshall Jewell, a Connecticut man. Ten or twelve years ago he went from Connecticut to Minnesota a comparatively poor young man. His mother had a moderate living, but he had next to nothing. But he was bright, well educated and preserving. He was soon manufacturing agricultural implements in a small way. He made some improvements in those he manufactured. He is now manufacturing them on a large scale, and at the same time is interested in other manufacturing establishments and in railways. He is only about forty, yet he is rich, and is to be richer. He has all the qualities of a successful politician. He has always been a power in Minnesota politics since his first year's residence there, when he was elected to the legislature. He was in the legislature from that time on until Windom found that he could not secure a re-election. Then Sabin, who had peremptorily declined to serve two weeks before, came forward and accepted an election. For several years before that time he had controlled the legislature in so far as one man can control a body of that sort. Sabin is young and vigorous. He hopes for greater things.

The wife of John Kerr of Warren, Marshall county, gave birth to three boys, two weighing nine pounds each and the third five pounds.

No Extra Session.

Gov. Hubbard was interviewed at the capitol yesterday to set at rest the rumor prevalent in the country press that an extra session of the legislature is to be called. Said he: "I presume the rumor arose from the fact that a number of petitions are being circulated throughout the State requesting me to call an extra session. I have never considered that any reasons existed for my taking such a step, nor do I think that there are any questions so imperative as to demand the trouble and expense to the State that an extra session would entail. No petitions have been presented me as yet, and I have only learned that such were in circulation through private correspondents. Here is a copy of a petition that I have just received from a friend in my own county. I am informed that copies of these are being circulated in every postoffice in the State. It is rather a peculiar petition, but, of course, when it is presented to me I shall receive it respectfully and accord it due consideration." The petition is as follows:

HOW IT READS.

To his Excellency, Lucius F. Hubbard, Governor of Minnesota: We, the undersigned citizens of Minnesota, realizing that the people are suffering grievous wrongs through the current system of grading and marketing wheat, call for the enactment of a law embracing the following essential features, to-wit: Providing for the election in each county of a grain inspector, whose duty it shall be, either by himself or his deputies, to inspect all wheat marketed in his county for shipment; such inspector to take an oath of office and to give proper bonds, and shall receive from the county proper compensation for services rendered, inspector to be governed by the following rules: In determining weight, shall test in quantities of not less than standard one-half bushel, and all wheat weighing not less than 56 pounds to the bushel shall be graded No. 1 hard or No 1 straight, according to variety; and weighing 52 to 56 pounds, No. 2; and less than 52 pounds to the bushel as No. 3 or rejected, according to condition and quality; and in all cases the inspector shall take into consideration the condition and quality of grain inspected. All grain too damp for binning shall be condemned as damp, and when properly dry may be inspected and properly graded. The inspector in all cases to give to both seller and purchaser a certificate of grade. In all cases of shipment of wheat, the shipper shall forward to consignee a certified copy of certificate of the local inspector, under penalties, for false certification. Any changing of grade from that given by local inspector, or mixing of different grades, except in grinding, to be prohibited under severe penalties. We believe also that justice demands the enactment of laws establishing maximum rates of railroads, and for taxing all lands belonging to railroad corporations, the same as other lands. Believing that both justice and public sentiment call for laws embracing the foregoing features or their equivalent, we respectfully petition your excellency to call an extra session of the legislature to that end, and that when convened you present this petition to the legislature, together with your favorable recommendation. Hoping for your favorable consideration, we remain your humble petitioners.

Minnesota Stockgrower's Association.

An adjourned meeting of the Minnesota Stockgrowers' association was held at Minneapolis, for the purpose of perfecting the organization and disposing of other unfinished business. Permanent officers were elected as follows:

President—W. W. McNair of Minneapolis.
Vice president—C. A. D. Graff of St. Paul.
Second vice president—S. M. Emery, Lake City.
Secretary—A. G. Wilcox, of Minneapolis.
Treasurer—O. A. Pray of Minneapolis.

Mr. J. E. Stevens, Jr., from the committee on resolutions, submitted a preamble and resolutions, the latter being those adopted at a meeting of stockholders held in Chicago, and referring to the prevention of the importation of cattle and other stock suffering from infectious diseases—pleuro pneumonia among cattle especially.

The preamble offered by Mr. Stevens concluded as follows:

Resolved, That we heartily endorse the foregoing resolutions, and that we ask the senators and representatives in Washington to use all honorable means, when the matter is brought up for consideration, to secure such legislation for the protection of our cattle and meat products as the secretary of the treasury and the national committee deem expedient.

Resolved, That the president and secretary of this association be instructed to forward a copy of these resolutions to each of our senators and representatives in congress.

On motion of O. A. Pray the chair was authorized to appoint a committee of five to draft a constitution and by-laws of the Minnesota association, the committee being constituted as follows: Messrs. H. F. Brown, O. A. Pray, A. G. Wilcox, J. E. Stevens, Jr., and V. G. Hush.

On motion of Mr Pray the next meeting will be held on the 1st day of February at 3 p. m., at Minneapolis.

Salaries of Treasurers.

In reply to a question of P. Fitzpatrick, county attorney of Winona county, Attorney General Hahn has rendered the following opinion: "Under chapter 309, special laws 1879, the salary of the treasurer of Winona county is fixed at $2,500, and the retiring treasurer claims that he is entitled to the full amount for his ten months' work. The attorney general holds that his claim is not valid. When his term stops his salary ceases. Had his term been cut short by death at the end of ten months, his personal representatives could not claim that they were entitled to receive from the county the full year's salary." The attorney general holds a constitutional amendment full as effective so far as this question is concerned, as death itself. The attorney general and Public Examiner Knox are constantly receiving inquiries from county officers in different portions of the state in regard to the salary question, and it is extremely probable that the attorney general's opinion will be tested in the state courts.

Attorney General Hahn has given an opinion to Examiner Knox in regard to the commencement of the salary year under the new amendment, in which he says that "in every case where a county treasurer has been elected at the late general election, your supposition that the salary year must conform to the new official term, and commence on the first Monday of January, and from such beginning the computation of the salary is to be made. But where the old treasurer holds over another year, if he has already received all the law allows up to the 1st of March, 1884, I do not think he is to be paid a second time, or that the amendment as to him works any change in the salary or the time from which it is to be computed. The auditor draws a salary based—it is true, on the valuation, but nevertheless a salary; and I can see no objection to figuring his salary from the first Monday of January. Of course, as to all newly elected auditors, this would be the case; and, as the auditors who hold over have not drawn any salary for January and February, 1884 I can see no objection, even as to them, of applying the same rule."

Referring to a Washington telegram wherein it is stated that Treasurer Kittleson was in New York disposing of certain securities, in order to meet the maturing interest on Minnesota bonds, due Jan. 1. State Auditor Braden said such was not the fact. The interest falling due would be promptly met. The adjustment act provides that a sum sufficient for this payment should be set apart from the tax paid to the State by railroad companies and known as the institutions fund; that the money is ready at a moment's notice. Certain securities had been ordered sold by the board of investment for reinvestment in other, and as the board believed, more desirable securities.

At Faribault the case of the State vs. Michael O'Reily, G. W. Cavanaugh, Godfrey Ward, and James McCall, indicted for murder, for the killing of John Nelson, has been postponed until the May term.

The jail at Litchfield was burned recently, and John A. Anderson was with difficulty rescued before he was burned to death.

In answer to a question of H. R. Geary, county commissioner of Wabasha county, attorney General Hahn has delivered the opinion that in the case of a town which has voted license, the commissioners are not obliged to grant a license to every applicant. It is optional with them. Unless the vote is against license, it has no effect on the power or duties of the commissioners. They act in the same manner, exercise the same discretion, grant or refuse the application the same as if no vote had been taken. The statute does not require the board to issue licenses, it merely provides that they may grant them. Discretion and discrimination are to be exercised in every case.

Mrs. Edmund Chapman of Rochester, who was probably the most seriously injured of the survivors of the cyclone, after being confined to the bed for nearly four months, has at last, so far regained strength as to be able to sit up a short time each day. Her right arm was terribly mangled and lacerated, and about two inches of the bone crushed to splinters, which have since worked their way out. Saving a limb in this condition is pronounced by all physicians a very skillful piece of surgery.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

KITTIE'S WANTS.

We want Christmas tree,
Yes we do;
Want an orange on it,
Lots of candy, too.

Want some new dishes,
Want a red pail,
Want a rocking horse,
With a very long tail.

Want a little watch,
That says "Tick, tick!"
Want a newer dolly,
Cause Victoria's sick.

Want so many things,
Don't know what to do;
Want a little sister,
Little brother, too.

Won't you buy 'em mamma?
Tell me way you won't.
Want to go to bed?
No me don't.

—Eva M. Tappan.

Mrs. Daffydown's Dinner.

"Six bits for a turkey! Dear, dear, but that's too much," declared the Widow Daffydown, as she pinched her rather meagre pocket book and cast a longing look at a plump, fat turkey in the village store.

"To-morrow's Christmas day, to be sure, but I reckon I'll hev to get along with a chicken this time, fur I must git sugar an currants fur the mince pie, an cranberries fur sauce. Thank goodness, I've got potatoes and turnips, anyhow, and that'll do fur me and Gilly."

Gill was a neighbor's little girl, who stayed with the widow to help do the chores, etc.

"I would ask Samantha Jane to dinner," pursued Mrs. Daffydown, as she trudged home with her purchases, "only she'd snuff at hevin' chicken fur dinner; but goodness knows, I'm thankful to get that."

The chicken was duly inspected by Gilly, who soon got over her disapointment at not having a real turkey, and the widow was busily seasoning her mince-meat, preparatory to making her pies, when Farmer Mugford hitched his sorrel team at the front gate and came in.

"I've brung ye a letter, Mrs. Daffydown," he explained, fumbling in the pockets of his butternut overcoat. "Thar! Mebbe it's from some o' yer folks in the city," and he strode off.

Mrs. Daffydown broke the seal in surprise.

"Sure enough!" she exclaimed. "It's from my Aunt Mariar in St. Louis. 'I want you to come an' spend Caristmas with me,' she says. 'Sence the bank busted up with my money in it, I hain't seen hide nor taffer of my kin folks, an' I feel kind of lonesome like. I wunt promise you turkey fur dinner; but ef you kin take pot luck, come along. I've asked Samantha Jane, too."

"Will you go?" asked Gilly.

"Course I will! An' I'll take the roast chickin and mince pies along an' a bone o' litlit bread too. Goodness knows I don't want to be no expense to Aunt Mariar. I'll borrow Mrs. Mugford's split basket to carry 'em in. Poor Aunt Mariar! I reckon she does want to see some of her own kin, an' I'll go, if she did git mad as hops at me fur marryin' Tom instead of Cousin Bartholomew Dildock. I'll show her I'm willin' to let bygones be bygones, and make up friends a'gin."

And while Gilly ran over to borrow the covered basket the widow's thoughts flew over the by-gone days.

"I might have married Cousin Bartholomew, and been happier than I was with him, too, if I hadn't made him jealous just for fun, an' then got too spunky to own up. Well, well! what's done can't be helped now," and the widow sighed as she turned to baste the browning chicken, and shoved a blackberry tested pie into the oven.

She was a good looking woman still, with plump, rosy cheeks, and eyes as black as sloes.

"I wonder, now, if Samantha Jane 'll go?" she soliloquized. "Reckon I'll jest run over an' take jher that sage she wanted fur seasoning an' find out if she's a-goin'."

Samantha Jane was the widow's cousin.

"No!" she snapped, biting a raisin in two as if she was conferring a favor on it. "I ain't a goin a step. Aunt Mariar never keered to see her kin-folks when she was well off, and now 't she's poor they don't keer to see her. An' fur my part," added Samantha Jane, "I shan't never forgive her, anyhow, fur makin' trouble a-tween me an' Cousin Bartholomew. If it hedn't a been fur her we might a-married long ago."

The widow's cheeks grew redder than usual at this assertion, for she knew Cousin Bartholomew had been her lover, but when Samantha Jane took a notion in her head, "all the king's men" couldn't get that idea out again.

Samantha was undeniably an old maid, but the widow had serious doubts as to whether Aunt Maria had any hand in shaping her sad verse destiny.

Christmas morning dawned bright and clear, but "cold as blue blazes," as Farmer Mugford said, as he hitched his sorrels at the cottage gate once more, and went in to warm his hands and wait for the widow, who was to ride to the station with him.

"Want this here split basket inck along?" he asked, good naturedly, while Mrs. Daffydown settled her "bean catchers" and added a little starch to her face to hide the faint traces of crows' feet that lurked at the corners of her eyes.

"La, yes!" returned the widow and tripped out to the wagon, while her escort followed with the basket.

An old lady in a neat and faded dress sat looking eagerly from the window of a tenement house in St. Louis.

"I do wonder if they'll come?" she muttered uneasily to herself. "I think Samantha will. She allus seemed fond of me; but Felicia had a temper of her own, and as fur nephew Bartholomew, of course he'll never forgive what I said to him when he was so contrary."

"Oh, yes, he will, Aunt Maria!" cried a hearty voice, as Bartholomew himself burst in, good-natured and manly, and quite youthful looking for his forty-odd years. "And I've saved up a little money, too, aunt; so you shan't ever know want again, if you have lost your fortune. And here's my wife, that is to be," he added, leading in a plump-cheeked, rosy women, in a Mother Hubbard cloak and a poke-bonnet, with lilac ribbons.

"Why, it's—it's Felicia!" grasped Aunt Maria, astonished, while the widow's black eyes danced with delight.

"Of course its Felicia," explained Cousin Bartholomew. "I met her on the train, and she's got the Christmas dinner along, already cooked. We are all going to eat it right here, and then have the wedding and go a house hunting afterward. For this house is rather small, for two families," he added, with a glance at the barely furnished room.

"But there is an need of house-hunting," smiled Aunt Maria. "My carriage will be here before long, and my house is biz enough for us all."

It was the visitors' turn to be astonished now.

"Your carriage!" they stammered, "I ain't as poor as Job's turkey yet, if I did lose a few thousand dollars when the bank broke. And I mean to leave it all to you two when I die. I shan't leave Samantha Jane a red cent, for not coming to me when she thought I was poor," she added emphatically.

And instead of roast chicken for her Christmas dinner, the Widow Daffydown partook of a bountiful repast of roast turkey stuffed with oysters, and the usual accompaniments of a Christmas feast.

* * * * * * *

"Why couldn't Aunt Mariar hev said she was a-goin' to invite Cousin Bartholomew?" grumbled Samantha Jane, when she heard the story. "If she hed, I would hev gone, too, and tuck some vittles and other truck along, an' mebbe I'd hev got him. But it's jist like Aunt Mariar, an' I believe Felicia knew it all the time, too. I see her cheeks a-getting red when I was talking about Cousin Bart. Felicia allus was as artful as a fox, anyhow!"

But the newly-made Mrs. Dildock was too happy to care what Samantha Jane said, or anybody else.

Passing Events.

The heirs of an old lady in Louisville who was in her 91st year, being in need of money, sold their chances to a man who supposed she could not live long. Three years later the old lady was still alive, and so well and hearty that she got married. At this time there is not the slightest indication that she is to pass over the river sooner than anybody else, and the man who bought the heirs is quite as likely to make the voyage as she.

The clerzymen of Indianapolis met yesterday and adopted recommendations that funerals should be private; that there should be no public exhibitions of deceased people, and that ministers should not be required to attend at the grave.

Oratory is becoming an irrevocably "lost art" in the English Commons. Of Lord Hartington's address, an English critic impatiently says: "It was not so much a speech as a soliloquy; but a soliloquy in which the speaker rehearsed the arguments which he intends to use hereafter."

People who abroad during the next twelve months will be compelled to forfeit the pleasure of seeing the Venus of Milo. Owing to the dampness of the room which the statue has occupied, alterations are necessary, and meanwhile the statue in three fragments reposes upon a bed of straw. The Louvre will seem desolate without the Venus.

Buckingham Palace is known as the Queen's London home. Yet, according to Mr. Labouchere, she has only slept beneath its roof one hundred and twenty nights during the last twenty years.

You may have heard this before, but it will do no harm to remind you—dear reader—at this season of the year, that when you return home fatigued or benumbed with cold, a glass of hot milk or a bowl of hot soup will do as well to revive your strength and diffuse warmth through your body as a glass of hot toddy which, though an old stand-by, is somewhat coming into disrepute in "our best families."—Foote's Monthly.

A short time ago a London pawnbroker was aroused about 1 a. m. by a vigorous pounding at his street door. Hastily throwing on a dressing gown, he rushed to the window and demanded, "Who's there?" "I want to know the time," came the response from the pavement in the familiar tones of a frequent customer. "What do you mean by calling me up at this time of night to ask such a question as that?" replied the irate pawnbroker. "Well, and to whom else should I come?" was the rejoinder, in husky accents; "you've got my watch!"

Two sledge dogs from Siberia, which arrived at San Francisco a short time since on a whaling vessel, found the climate too warm, and were sent to the Sierras to keep cool. It was necessary on the trip to 'Frisco, when they reached warm weather, to feed them on cracked ice.

A Washington correspondent writes: The wife of a far Western member applied for lodgings for herself and her husband at an uptown boarding-house this week: she said her husband was in Congress. She was asked which branch—the upper or lower. This newly-fledged officer's wife said she believed her husband was a Senator, at le st the people wh elected him meant for him to have the best place he could get. The landlady, who was a keen, shrewd woman, said with a touch of mild sarcasm in her voice, that if her husband should get up very early next Monday morning and go up to the Capitol before the crowd arrived he might secure a seat in the upper house, and the member's wife actually thanked her for this kind information.

The Washington Monument.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

The monument last Monday reached a height of 410 feet. With all its enormous weight it is but the one-sixty-fourth of an inch—the thickness of a sheet of stout writing paper out of plumb. Our party went up in eight minutes from the base to the top in an Otis elevator, taking up two of Hugh Sisson's marble blocks for the last course of stone laid this season. It was a tremulous ascent up the dark marble alley, with those heavy stones, the elevator quivering as it went along, and as it reached sunlight at the top, audible breathing indicated that relief from the suspense was a boon to most of the party. The ascent could have been made by stairs which are constructed along the inner walls to the top.

Around the monument at the present height are swung excellently contrived hempen hammocks from all four sides, so in ease of a fall no danger would ensue to the workmen. These tumbles are not dreaded, and are said to be frequent. A week since a Baltimore beauty so dazed a workman that in lifting his cap and stepping back to let her pass he fell over, and in the hammock 400 feet above terra firma continued his admiring gaze with his cap stiff in hand. The superintendent says that in five years the most serious accident has not been more than a mashed finger among his masons and laborers. The height now is 145 feet. The base of the upper platform will commence when 500 feet is reached. This will be as high as the visitor can go. The interior of the monument, twenty-five feet square, which continues to a height of 150 feet. Its dimensions are then increased to 21 5-12 feet by the width of the walls being reduced; from that point to the top the inner walls are perpendicular. The outer face of the has a batter or slope of one-fourt inch to the foot until they will reach 500 feet.

As before said, the ascent is made by an elevator, one of the Otis patent. It has a carrying strength of seventy-five tons, and the wire cables would break only at a test of 150 tons. Even with a break the safeguards are such as would prevent a fall of over ten inches. Yet the superintendent says he has frequently had to stop, return and put men off, whose fears were such as to compel relief. He added he never knew a lady to be unnerved in that direction.

An Honest Restaurant.

Many of the restaurants of Paris are simply robbing-dens through politeness and false pretenses. A correspondence describes the programme at one of an honest class: "It is the establissements de bouillon. The founder was a butcher named Duval, and now Paris is full of them. The exteriors are all painted chocolate color, with gold. When you enter you are handed a menu, which is stamped with a number, and the prices of everything are opposite the name of the dish—a thing very rare in Paris. A charity girl, dressed in cap and apron, takes your order, and serves you very neatly. The portions are only large enough for one person, and the prices remarkably cheap. They charge five centimes (a cent) for your napkin, and a small amount—two or three cents—for service. When you have finished, the waitress takes your menu card, and makes addition on it. You take this card to the cashier. She receipts it, stamps it again; and, on leaving the restaurant, you hand it to the girl sitting at the door, who gave it to you first. It is remarkable what a cheap meal you can make at one of these restaurants, and the excellence of the food."

Smith W. Gray of Brainerd was before United States Commissioner Cardozo at St. Paul on a charge of cutting timber on government land. He was held in $1,000 bail to appear at the next term of the court. He was arrested on a complaint preferred by Milton Peden, government inspector at St. Cloud.

THE WIDOW'S CHRISTMAS.

"Are you warm enough, my little one?"

"Yes, mamma; just as warm as toast. Kiss me, mamma: I want to go to sleep quick, so Santa Claus won't have to stand and wait in the cold."

The good-night kiss was given, and the little brown head disappeared under the cover. Presently it emerged again.

"Mamma."

"What is it, my baby?"

"Do you think he'll come?"

"Yes, darling; I think so."

"You only think so. Then you're not sure. If you felt sure, you'd say yes, he will."

"You know, Bessie, we never can be quite sure of anything in this world; but I feel pretty certain that he will come."

"That's so," said the child reflectively, after a pause. "Such a little house, and so many trees around. He might miss it. All the houses about are so big. And he might forget. After he'd got through filling the other little children's stockings he might say to himself, 'Are there any more stockings that want filling? Let me see.' And after he'd studied awhile he might say, 'No I can't think of any, and it's too late and cold to go around hunting. I'll just take home what's left.' And then he might get in his reindeer cart and gallop on. Oh, me, what a pity! Oh, I hope he won't."

The little creature broke off with a sudden wail, wrought into an ecstacy of anxiety and forestalled disappointment by the vividness of the reality her own imagination had created.

A faint smile came to the widow's patient mouth; a faint smile, and a sad one that had a fellowship with the tears in her eyes.

"You know Santa Claus always did come, Bessie," she answered presently.

"Yes; he came last year. To be sure there wasn't much in the stocking," with another reflective pause.

"You see this is the littlest place, so he puts it off till the last, and I s'pose his pockets had got most empty. But he did come, anyhow. He didn't forget. Mamma?"

"Well, my darling?"

"I think I'll say a little prayer, and just ask God to put him in mind. Do you think he would care if I said it here in bed?"

"No," said the widow; "I don't think he would."

Forthwith she knelt, in a crouching posture, in her place on the bed, and burying her face in the pillow. A sound of whispering floated through the room. The angels stopped to listen, and this is what they heard:

"Oh dear God, I'd get out and kneel down if the floor wasn't so very cold. I hope you won't be angry 'cause I ask it, but if you'll only be so kind as to tell Santa Claus not to forget me to-night, I'll be very glad. Tell him it's the little house among the trees, where there's only one little girl. And I'll try real hard to be a good girl; I will, sure enough, dear God, and if I don't say this right, please don't take any notice. Ask—please bless mamma and me—for Jesus' sake, and—lead us not into temptation—and—thine is the glory forever and ever. Amen."

Then the angels looked up smiling, and the light from the great altar flame fell upon their jubilant faces, as they chanted the Gloriain Excelsis. Perhaps she heard it in her dreams, for sleep then and there fell upon her, and her frame, relaxing from its uneasy posture sank gently into one of repose; the face half showing with its veiled eyes, and peaceful, child's mouth, the tiny hands still clasped close upon the breast.

The widow had drawn up to the wood fire her little table, upon which the oil lamp burned dimly. She sat beside it sewing, and, now and then raising her head, paused and listened anxiously. By and by, in the distance, a whip cracked, and the sound was followed by the heavy rumbling of a wagon. The anxious look cleared away from the widow's face, and she whispered softly:

"Thank God! She won't be disappointed."

The wagon came closer, and a gruff voice was heard outside:

"Gee, Dobbin; whoa-haw, Buck; whoa, Dobbin; whoa dar, I say."

And, with a mingling of many ejurations and much growling abuse, the team was brought to a standstill before the door.

The widow had already opened it as silently as might be, and no sound holding it against the keen north wind. "Why can't they make less noise?" she muttered impatiently with an uneasy glance toward the bed. But there was no movement; the slumber of healthy childhood is hard to break.

Something shapeless but presumably human was visible in the darkness. "Is that you, Ben?" called the widow. "I was afraid you wouldn't get back this old dark night."

"It's what dar is leff o' me," said the gruff voice. "As fer gettin' back, I'se bound to do dat. All de plantations Christmas out yer in dat wagin."

The shapeless bean drew near with a stonelike motion, until the light streaming through the door revealed amid mysterious endless wrappings an ancient visage once ebony black, but worn by wind and weather into a grayish hue.

"Did you get all the things?" asked the widow.

"Dat fo' you to fine out," was the sententious rejoinder. "I dun fotch all what dat sto'keeper gimme. How's I gwine to know wot you dun writ on dat air piece o'paper. Dar dey is, anyhow. I'll set 'em inside fo' ye."

The speaker disburdened himself of a hempen sack, evidently containing a miscellany of articles, after which from the unknown depths of his apparel he produced, as rapidly as his numbed fingers would allow, several small packages which he laid upon the little table.

"That's All, I think," said the widow, as she inspected them. But the old darkey still tumbled among his unclassic draperies.

"Not yit," he said, in his gruff way, adding, as he produced a tiny, brown paper parcel, "Dar, dat's all. Musn't mind me giben it to little Miss. Te'l her ole Uncle Ben wish her 'Merry Christmas?'"

"Thank you for your kindly thought, Ben," said the widow, as she took from the hearth a steaming tin cup, which had been waiting there, and handed it to the old man, who received it with a bow and scrape "Here is some hot coffee that will warm you. "It's very good of you, I know to bother yourself about my little commissions, when the weather is so cold. It's not what your obliged to do."

Old Ben drank the coffee in great gulps, and set the cup carefully back on the hearth. "Thank ye, ole Miss," he said. "Dat' pear like hit dun gone right straight to de spot where hit's needed de wust. Now I'll git home quick. De white folks spectin' me, an' de black folks too. Ole Miss she wuz fo' sendin' one o' dem youngsters; 'lowed as how twas cool fo' me. Ole Marse, he say, 'Better sen' Ben; fus' ting you know fin' de waugin bogged on de long hill, an' dem boys inside ob it, sleepin' de Chris'mas off.' Hi! ole Uncle Ben Santa Claus dis time, sho.' Ole Marse he ain't no fool."

A moment later, the chorus of whip cracking, "whoa-haws," and "gee-ups" recommenced without gradually lessening until it died away in the distance, leaving a stillness, broken occasionally, for awhile, by the far off cracking of the whip.

The widow was stowing away the contents of the bag within the tiny cupboard, in the tiny kitchen. There were a few groceries—coffee, sugar, a ham, a few potatoes.

"Nice ones, they are, too," said she to herself, smiling a pleasant smile. "And she is so fond of them," with a glance of unutterable tenderness toward the room where slept the child.

When all had been neatly disposed of, she came back to the table and began to unwrap the various packages, but paused, and glanced over her shoulder with apprehension. Then she drew her stiff, high-backed rocking-chair so that it interposed between the table and the bed; and taking off her shawl, threw it over the back to form a screen. "For she might wake," she whispered.

She did not heed the involuntary shiver that crept over her thinly clad form, but returned eagerly to her work The first opened was a small package of tea, one luxury she had allowed herself. Her countenance fell as she examined it.

"How very dear," she said. "I've done wrong. I ought to have gone without it; but I did so long for a cup of tea."

There was a great pathos in the apology with which she sought to quiet her conscience concerning this unwonted lapse from self-denial, but the widow was unaware of it.

Next came forth a pair of small, new, shining shoes and a pair of warm stockings. These she placed on a chair in the corner, where on were already arrayed a child's undergarments, spotless white, a print dress, evidently newly made and a fresh, bright-colored woolen sacque. The shoes and stockings completed the little toilet and the widow stood, with clasped hands and moist eyes, regarding them.

"How pretty she will look," was her thought. No more fortunate mother, imagining her darling arrayed in costly draperies, ever experienced a more exquisite thrill of pleasure. She held up her thin, toil-worn fingers and viewed them.

"At least you have gained her that much," she said, with a sort of triumph.

But the pleasure was gone, and a pain as keen, followed it. How keen, let those mothers say who have suffered, not for themselves, but for their children.

But it was not yet time for sad reverie. Rousing herself, she continued her task of love.

The next investigation brought forth a fine orange, two large apples, and three sticks of candy. It happened that fruit was unusually dear, that winter, and to buy these had taxed her slender resources to their utmost. Uncle Ben's package was found to contain a fearfully and wonderfully colored assortment of confectionery, at which the widow shook her head doubtfully, proving the correctness of her doubt, by tasting a cherry whose sugared coat having dissolved left behind it a chalky core which reminded the taster of something she vaguely remembered to have seen somewhere in poetry, about certain Dead Sea fruits.

The association was classic, but incongruous. The widow laughed a little, and then she sighed.

"Poor old Ben," she said, "you have thrown away your money. No you haven't either; you have put it out at interest."

She laid the gift carefully upon the mantle, where it would attract the child's notice, and committed the apples and three slender sticks of candy to the hollow of the little stocking that hung beside the fire. The seed cakes, taken from a hidden store, to make which secretly, she had robbed herself of sleep, helped to round it out; and the orange, which was too large to go inside, balanced its golden sphere perilously at the top.

After that, she took, from a secret corner of her drawers, a book; a child's story-book, hoarded carefully these many years. Somebody had given it to Bessie when she was a baby. She had never seen it, but she could read quite well now, and she should have it. Neatly wrapping it in paper—ingenious expedient of love to prolong delighted anticipation—she placed it beside the stocking.

A second research in the drawer discovered a bundle of gay-colored scraps, and with these in hand the widow proceeded to draw forward a large wooden box upon the floor, whose open side had been pushed to the wall, thereby disclosing within a venerably ancient plaster-of-Paris doll, surrounded by a motley company of rag dolls of all shapes and sizes, all put to bed and neatly covered up beneath lilliputian patchwork counterpane. The box occupied the corner, under which hung the little stocking, and upon its top lay a calico-covered cushion, on which a kitten was dozing. The widow placed the bundle within and pushed the box back to its place carefully, without disturbing the kitten, lingering then a moment to view the whole.

"There are all her treasures," she said at last; "all but the dog, and he is in his bed of straw that she gathered and made for him herself. Well, she'll have plenty to do, dressing her dolls to-morrow."

She sighed again and turning away, sat down, wrapped her shawl about her shoulders, and took up the work she had laid by. All was done that she could do, and now the spectres which had retreated for a while into the shadowed corners of the little room, crept forth and stood at her elbow, and whispered in her ear; mocked her with the past, taunted her with the grim and barren present, and froze her blood with terrors for the future.

It was not so much that her larder was lean, or that her clothing was scant, or that her back ached, and her fingers trembled with weariness in her efforts to compass even that slender portion of the world's goods which was hers. Many were poor beside her, she reflected; it was really as hard for them as for her. But she longed for a little human sympathy and fellowship. Had some one of the wealthy neighbors, in a charitable mood, entered her humble home, laden with all of food or clothing that she could have found in her heart to desire, she would have thanked them; it is true, for the sake of the child, but the proud spirit would have winced under its burden of gratitude.

But were there only one among them to come into the silent room, and sit down in the empty chair at her side; to look at her with warm, kindly human eyes, to take her by the hand and bid her bear and hope—ah, then—and as the salt tear trickled drop by drop upon her work she glanced up unconsciously to where Uncle Ben's gift lay upon the mantel. The kind-hearted old negro had unwittingly touched to the quick the sorest spot of her sore heart. Yet they were good people, these neighbors of hers; very good people, indeed; much better, all of them, than herself. She felt thoroughly convinced of that fact.

That they were not unkindly disposed toward her, when they thought of her at all, she had had frequent proof. But the truth simply was that they did not think of her. She was a nonentity to them; they were busied about their own affairs and their own emotions; so busy that, if they thought of her casually, it never occurred to them that she could have either affairs or emotions.

Well, she had her child.

And to the child her thoughts turned, and to it her prayers ascended as—the fire grew dull and the hour late—she folded aside her work and sought her couch, there to clasp the tiny form to her heart and find forgetfulness in sleep.

Blessed sleep, in which the tired heart and the tired body alike find rest and renewal of strength. And while the mother and child slept on, the last faint glow of the embers fell upon the little stocking, swelling with its riches. And without the white frost crisped and crackled, showing even through the dim night, and the multitude of Christmas stars, shining in the sky. And there was one angel who said to his fellow, "What shall we do that we may please Him best?" And the other answered, "Those two that are alone; let us go and keep watch over them, for they are of them concerning whom He said, "whatsoever ye do unto them, ye do unto Me."

The three most valuable pearl necklaces in America are owned in Gotham, and are valued at $100,000, $300,00, and $23,000 respetctively.

One of the largest cattle sales on record was consummated at Denver, D. H. and J. W. Snyder & Co., of Denver, bought of Snyder Bros., of Georgetown, Tex., over 29,000 head of cattle and 400 horses; consideration, $700,000 cash.

FIELD AND FARM.

Farming Notes.

Mr. Charles Dudley Warner having tasted carp in Germany realized then "why that government is kindly sending the young fish out of the country." He adds that "though in some respects the carp and stories about carp differ, nevertheless, is one particular they are both alike—it is very difficult to swallow either."

Professor E. M. Shelton, of the Kansas Agricultural College Farm, having tired of the necessarily wasteful way of feeding loose salt to stock; now finds that a six-inch lump of rock-salt in a box to which the animals have free access at all times is an economical and healthful plan which proves "entirely satisfactory."

The 700 delegates of the National convention of dairymen at Cincinnati were furnished interesting, if unpalatable, truths regarding cheese by a professor from Rochester. He said that cheese was not usually made as it should be. "The fact is, we don't know how to make cheese." One fault of the cheese of commerce is that it goes on the market before it is fit for food. In its early stages it is inedigestible.

Whatever good points a horse may acquire through training and developement in the hands of his owner, the Pittsburg Stockman thinks it is certain that he must get his start for all this through inheritance. Disposition, constitution, form, style, etc, must depend largely on ancestry; and if this be objectionable there can be little hope of accomplishing much with the progeny. Get a good start by breeding the best to the best. Training and care will then have everything to work upon.

From experience with buckwheat bran as a feed for milking cows during several years the writer considers it worth about half as much as corn, oats, and rye ground together in the proportion of five bushels of corn, two of rye, and one of oats. For butter buckwheat bran is the very poorest feed, making but very little cream and very white butter. For milk alone it is excellent, but must be fed in at least double the quantity of the mixture mentioned. For an excellent quality of butter fine bolted yellow corn-meal, at about $1.50 per 100 pounds, with half as much coarse middlings or fine wheat bran is the best feed, about six pounds a day being given. But where fine quality is not so much an object as quantity the mixed grain fine ground is cheaper.

Household Recipes.

PANCAKES.—Oatmeal pancakes are good for breakfast, and may occasionally take the place of the oatmeal and milk so universally served at that meal. Make them with sour milk, with soda to sweeten it. The batter should be stiff. The oatmeal unless it is ground very fine, should be soaked in water all night.

CHICKEN PIE.—Boil a chicken tender. take out all the bones you can; lay it in a dish; sprinkle with pepper and salt and add a little butter. Make a batter of a pint of flour, a pint of milk and four eggs; pour over the chicken. Bake until the batter is done; make a gravy of the water the chicken was boiled in; stir flour and butter together for thickening; serve gravy separately.

STEAMED TURKEY.—Rub pepper and salt inside the turkey after it has been well dressed and washed. Then fill the body with oysters. Sew it up carefully, lay the turkey in a large dish, and set into a steamer placed over boiling water. Cover closely and steam from two to three hours. Then take it up, strain the gravy which will be found in the dish; have an oyster sauce ready, prepared like stewed oysters; pour this gravy, thickened with a little flour and water, into the oyster sauce. Let it just boil up and whiten with a little boiled cream. Pour the sauce over the steamed turkey, and send to the table hot.

DELICATE PUDDING.—Half a cup of rice boiled in one-half pint milk and cook till rice is soft. Add the yolks of four eggs beaten whites of two eggs. Pour in a dish. Beat the whites of the two eggs with one-half cup of sugar; spread over the top and brown in the oven. To be eaten cold.

Opportunities for Young Men.

There are plenty of young men who would become experts in the rearing of improved domestic animals if they could have the right kind of reading matter placed within their reach, and would make a beginning, which they could do with half the care and self-denial incurred in the city undertaking. Young men do not sufficiently consider that the rearing of the better classes of farm stock, while properly managed, is one of the most remunerative branches of farming, is in its infancy, and very far from being even moderately well developed. One conspicuous evidence of this is seen in the very small proportion of farmers in any country, no matter what state you look over, who have stock suitable for exhibition at agricultural shows, or for sale for breeding purposes, the purpose being to rear other than the lower grades. The idea so commonly entertained, that high bred farm stock belongs properly only in the hands of a few who have made it a special study and have unlimited capital, is an error. There is no valid reason why the smith at the cross-roads should not make as good a horseshoe as is turned out at the factory, where they make a thousand or more an hour, and where large capital is involved; neither is there any reason why the farmer's son, on a plain, unadorned farm, with a cow stable costing a hundred or two, should not be able to breed and rear animals of any race or breed, equal to those to be found in the largest breeding establishments anywhere.—Country Gentleman.

Diseases of Swine.

Coburn's "Swine Husbandry" has a chapter on diseases of swine, describing the symptoms and prescribing remedies. Mange is neither a constitutional or a blood disorder, but is caused by parasitic insects which burrow in the skin or by a fungoid plant which grows in the substance of the skin and destroys it. Either form of the disease is extremely contagious. It appears first by falling off of the hair; the skin then becomes dry and scurfy; then cracks and exudes a yellowish matter, which forms scabs on it and itches intolerably, so that the animal is continually rubbing itself. The disease effects rats, cats, dogs, and horses, but the smaller animals, mostly, and these frequently carry it abroad and infect other animals. The treatment is as follows: The animal should be washed with warm water and soap and the skin completely cleaned and softened. A corncob is an excellent thing to use to rub and cleanse and soften the skin. As soon as the skin is wiped dry is should be well rubbed with the following mixture: One pint of sweet-oil, a quarter of a pint of gerosene oil, and two ounces of flour of sulphur; the sulphur being first rubbed with some of the oil to form a cream. The mixture is well shaken, poured on the skin and well rubbed in with a folded cloth saturated with it. A teaspoonful of sulphur may also be given daily in the food. The effect of this is to saturate the blood and to throw off fumes of the sulphur through the skin and thus reach the parasites which may escape the outward application. The pen should be thoroughly cleansed with boiling water and soft soap and then whitewashed, as it also becomes infected wherever the animals rub themselves.

Fur and Feather Trimmings

Ermine, which, for some inscrutable reason, has been under a cloud for some time past, is gradually and steadily coming back into vogue as lining for evening wraps, and charming sorties for ball or opera are made of cashmere, white, blue or cardinal, with ermine linings.

White cashmere, ermine lined and edged with a wide border of white fox, is rich and exceedingly becoming.

Swan's down is much liked as a trimming for cashmere in light shades for evening dress, and comes, not only in the well known white, but artistically dyed in all the fashionable shades—cardinal, blue, cream, rose color, etc., to match the dress material.

Another of these feather-trimmed dresses is very handsome and expensive. The material is black Lyons velvet, the skirt plain but full. The overdrapery, also of velvet forms scant panniers over the hips, which are bordered with bands of changeable merle feathers and looped with ornaments of the same feathers. The back of the overskirt is full, with untrimmed shawl points as finish. The long basque is bordered with a band of these pretty feathers and a collar and cuffs also formed of the feathers complete the corsage and sleeves. The hat to be worn with this costume is of black velvet, plain, low crown and slightly upturned, medium width brim, trimmed on one side with two very handsome long ostrich plumes and in front and on part of the other side with breast, wings, head and tail feathers of an illuminated bird, in the colors of the feather bands trimming the dress. A coil or roll of black velvet fills the space left on side and in back by the feathers and plumes, and is secured to the hat by two pins of blue steel.

Winter costumes of fine cloth are now also trimmed with bands of furs or feathers. An imported suit is novel and attractive. The entire skirt is composed of narrow bands of smoke-blue cloth, arranged horizontally, the edges cut in scales, closely overlapping each other. At the bottom of the skirt is a wide ordering of Havana brown marabout. The cloth polonaise, which opens in front, is cut in the princess form; feather trimming surrounds the neck, and is continued down the front and at each edge of the pointed sides of the polonaise; the back breadths are untrimmed and gracefully draped. The plain sleeves have cuffs of gathered satin ribbon, the long ends, which are fastened at the seams of the waist, are tied in a loose knot at one side of the skirt.

A Felony Compounded.

Denver, Col., Special: Alfred Bigby Howard, the Brandon, Manitoba, embezzler, arrested here a few days ago, was released from custody. Wood & Kello, the bankers at Mitbank, Ont, from whom the money was stolen, refuse to prosecute. J. W. Curry, solicitor of the bankers, arrived here the 18th, accompanied by S. G. Kirchoffer, Howard's former partner. The $15,000 stolen money was paid to Dr. Curry, who at once paid the arresting officer a reward of $1,000. Mr. Curry, also presented the wife of Howard $1,000. She has been prostrated with grief ever since her husband's arrest. At one time her life was despaired of. The officers maintain that she was no way connected with her husband's crime, and that she carried the money in her bustle not knowing it was stolen.

SPEAK RIGHT UP.

You ask a thoroughbred, full-blooded bulldog what he thinks of DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL and he will invariably tell you that it is the worst thing he ever saw.

You ask an honest man (who has used it) or his estimate of DR THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL and he will reply that there may be a better internal and external medicine, but he doesn't know of it.

In fact there is nothing like THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL. For a cold or hoarseness it works like charm. MRS. M. J. FELLOWS, Burr Oak, St. Joseph County, Mich. On rheumatism nothing gave me relief quicker than THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL. R. C. FOSNER, of Allen P. O., Hillsdale County, Mich.

Worth five times its price. S. B. Darfey, second mate steamer Arizona, on the great lakes, cured of bad jam on foot.

As remedy for catarrh it stands at the top. Edward S. Bowley, 222 W. Twelfth street, Davenport, Iowa.

Is the best article in the world for asthmatic bronchitis. E. L. Meader, Delaware, Iowa.

As a general family medicine never saw anything so good. George Dodge, Emporium, Pa.

In cases of croup it never failed to cure or relieve. C. R. Hall, Grayville, Ill.

I tell you it is a grand thing. Rev. E. F. Crane, Dunkirk, N. Y.

DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL is sold by every druggist. Foster, Milburn & Co., Prop's, Buffalo, N. Y.

The reason why so many die with consumption, is because they neglect to use the proper remedy in season. When the system is first attacked with a cough, oppression of the chest, or seated pains in the breast, Allen's Lung Balsam will come the plague to raise, heal the irritated parts, and restore the system to health.

A new Congregational church at New Ulm was dedicated on the 11th.

Another Life Saved.

Mrs. Harriet Cummings, of Cincinnati, Ohio, writes: Early last winter my daughter was attacked with a severe cold which settled on her lungs. We tried several medicines, none of which seemed to do her any good, but she continued to get worse, and finally raised large amounts of blood from her lungs. We called in a family physician, but he failed to do her any good. We then called in a physician—a most skillful professor in one of our colleges—he said that she could not get well. At this time a friend who had been cured by Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam For The Lungs, advised me to give it a trial. We then got a bottle, and before she had used it all up she began to improve, and by the use of three bottles was entirely cured.

For several years I was troubled with Catarrh; have tried many remedies. Ely's Cream Balm has proved the article desired. I believe it is the only cure—L. B. Conner, Hardware Merchant, Towanda, Pa. (See advt.)

Coughs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, etc quickly relieved by BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. A simple and effectual remedy, superior to all other articles for the same purpose. *Sold only in boxes.*

I have taken Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) for Rheumatism, and found perfect relief. It is the best tonic and Blood Remedy known to science. D. P. Hill, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Ga.

A Rough Joke.

"It's kind of rough to be troubled with affection of the scalp, isn't it?" said a sympathetic Pittsburger, to "Yes," was the laconic reply. "dandruff," but Carboline will smooth it out.

I had suffered from Catarrh for ten years; the pain would be so severe that I was obliged to send for a doctor. I had entirely lost sense of smell. Ely's Cream Balm has worked a miracle—C. S. HALLEYS Binghampton, N. Y.

Counterfeits.

Allen's "Iron Tonic Bitters" have proved a grand success for the cure of Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia and Blood Disorders, and hence the country is flooded with base imitations. Beware! All genuine bear the signature of J. P. Allen, St. Paul, Minn.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Sure cure for Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. Single box has cured worst chronic case of twenty years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying. William's Indian Pile ointment. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching (particularly after getting warm in bed). Prepared only for piles and itching for the private parts. Noyes Bros. & Cutler, St. Paul. Wholesale Agents.

The Conductor.

Conductor Warren, of Winona, Minn., says, I used one bottle of Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, when I was so hoarse I could not speak above a whisper, and in twenty-four hours it cured me. It is the best remedy I ever saw.

Free to all Ministers.

I will send two bottles of Warner's White Wine of Tar free of all costs to any minister who will send us an order from his storekeeper for two dozen bottles of the same.

$10,000 would not purchase from me what Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) has effected in my case. It has cured me of Malarial Rheumatism. Archie Thomas, Springfield, Tenn.

"We always keep Piso's cure for consumption in the house."

Straighten your boots & shoes with Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners, and wear them again.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other Intermittent Fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients convalescing from Fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

ALLEN'S Lung Balsam!

A GOOD FAMILY REMEDY!

—THAT WILL CURE—

Coughs, Colds, Croup, CONSUMPTION

Dr. Meredith, Dentist, of Cincinnati, was thought to be in the last stages of Consumption, and was induced by his

Washington House!

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

Jno. Bolrstettel.

This old and well known Hotel has been entirely refitted, and now offers the best of accommodation to the traveling public.

Good Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen.

The Best of LIQUORS, WINES & CIGARS kept at the Bar.

Fresh Beer always on tap.

Charges Reasonable.

STABLE ATTACHED.

Marble Shop.

St. HUBERT CHANHASSEN.

The undersigned has opened a new marble shop in St. Hubert, Chanhassen, and is ready to furnish Monuments, head stones and marble work of all kind, and will guarantee all of his work as to quality and workmanship, and prices that will defy all competition.

WORK SOLICITED.

PETER FEYERESEN, Propr.

C. BESEMANN. ANTON THIES.

BESEMANN & THIES

Billiard Hall!

CHASKA, MINN.

We have just fitted up one of the neatest SALOONS AND BILLIARD HALLS In Chaska, and will keep constantly on hand the best of Ligors, Wines and Cigars.

Also Fresh Beer on tap every morning.

FREE LUNCH EVERY MORNING.

GIVE US A CALL.

"OLD RELIABLE"

CHASKA

Insurance Agency.

JOSEPH FRANKEN, Ag't.

Agent for all of the leading

FIRE, LIFE & HAIL

Insurance Companies.

Policies issued at home, and Losses promptly paid.

For full particulars inquire at the DRUG STORE, Chaska.

DR. P. F. SHILLOCK,

Deutscher Arzt,

Office in Herald Block Chaska, Minn Office hours 9—11 a. m. & 2—4 p. m.

CHASKA ONE PRICE

Boot & Shoe

STORE by

G. H. Schroers,

CHASKA, MINN.

All goods warranted to be A No. 1.

Cheap for Cash.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER.

[illegible]

NEW

FURNITURE STORE

Burkhart Bros.

Opposite Goodrich's 99 cent store.

CHASKA. - MINNESOTA.

Wool, Hair and Husk Mattresses, Wool Pillows, &c. &c.

Repairing promptly attended to. All work guaranteed, and charges reasonable.

BURKHART BROS.

NEW STORE!
NEW GOODS!!
NEW PRICES!!!

NEW

BOOTS & SHOES STORE.

BY

FRANK EISELE

Chaska - - - Minn.

I have just received and opened a large stock of boots, shoes, rubbers, rubber boots, slippers &c.

All goods warranted No. 1 [illegible]

[illegible]

VALLEY HERALD.

R. R. Time Table

Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R.

SOUTH.		NORTH.	
Passenger	8.33 a. m.	Passenger	7:56 p. m.
do	4.12 p. m.	do	10:25 a. m.
do	7:50 p. m.	do	6:30 a. m.
do	7:36 a. m.	do	10:13 a. m.
do	9:28 a. m.	do	5:39 p. m.
do	5:30 p. m.	do	9:30 p. m.

H. D. WEAVER, Agt.

C. M. & St. P. R'y, H. & D. Div.

TIME TABLE NO. 5.

EAST.		WEST.	
Mixed	6:55 a. m.	Passenger	9:35 a. m.
Passenger	4:15 p. m.	Mixed	8:00 p. m.

The above Trains connect at Cologne with main line Passenger Trains.

FRED GREINER, Jr. Agent

HOME AND COUNTY NEWS.

Happy New Year!

Now for business.

The Holidays will soon be over.

Dont forget to make your good resolves for the New Year.

We will have a new roller by next week.

Sleighing is poor, still Sleighs are being used in preference to wheels.

This being Holiday week our readers will excuse all deficiencies in the HERALD this week.

The Chaska band will furnish music for the grand New Years ball, at Nicolin's Hall.

For a first class Cutter, Bob sled or anything else in his line call on Jos. Ess.

We were visited by a good snow storm Saturday night, and sleighing is splendid this Monday forenoon.

Fred Faber, George Schutz and Anton Riederle, are home from St. Joseph University, spending the Holidays.

The Miss Lewis, Miss. Lizzie Lincufelser and Rosa Kerker, are home from St. Joseph Academy. St Paul, spending the Holiday vacation with their parents.

Christmas was generally observed in this village. The stores were closed, and religious services held at our different churches. The HERALD Office was closed all day.

Business has been lively in town since sleighing Wheat brings better prices, and cord wood is in good demand and is being rushed in, in large quantities. The Holidays have also stimulated trade.

Our farmer subscribers in Laketown and Chanhassen are way behind in paying up their subscriptions. If not paid before January 2d, we will send an agent after them. So make up your mind to pay us at once and save us that trouble.

The HERALD office is under obligation to Iltis & Sheave, proprietors of the Union Brewery of this place for an eight of their unrivalled beer. They are now making just as good an article of beer as is being manufactured in the State, and they should be liberally supported by our citizens.

Bob Sleds and Cutters.

If you wish a first class home made bob sled call on Joseph Ess. Every Bob made by Joseph is warranted first class in every respect. He has a number of very nice Cutters, different styles, which he is selling at bottom prices for cash. Call and examine his stock before going elsewhere.

School Vacation.

Our public schools are enjoying a two weeks vacation, from 1 st Friday until after the Holidays. Prof. Taylor and his associate teachers as well as their pupils expect to have a good time in the meantime.

The Sisters school is also enjoying a vacation until after the Holidays.

A Nice Saloon.

Casper Teipel, formerly opened his new saloon last Saturday evening, with the usual ceremonies. The band furnished music and at 10 o'clock p. m., Casper furnished his customers with a fine lunch. Casper has a fine saloon, and there is no doubt but that he will succeed in his undertaking as he is very popular with the public.

Grand Ball!

Remember the Grand Ball, given as a benefit to the Chaska, Cornet Band, which will take place at Concordia Hall, on New Year Eve., Dec. 31st.

A grand time is guaranteed. Come and dance out the old year and the new one in.

WANTED! WANTED!! Muskrat Skins.

For which the highest cash price will be paid by

G. H. SCHROERS, Chaska.

Land Sale.

[illegible] Shele, of Laketown, has [illegible] acres of land, to Martin [illegible]n, his neighbor, for $700. He will move into town [illegible] family, and work upon our [illegible]ds.

No More Credit.

Notice is hereby given that after the first day of January 1884, I will change to the cash system, and sell my meat for cash only. All those indebted to me are requested to settle their accounts at once.

HENRY GEHL, Butcher.

Grand Benefit Ball.

We are pleased to learn that our Cornet Band, have decided to give a grand benefit ball on New Year Eve. Dec, 31st. The Band is a new institution, and the members thereof have already paid out a little over $700, for their Instruments and Uniform, and in view of this fact we hope their Ball on New Year Eve. will be largely attended and prove a good "benefit" to the boys.

Naturalization issued from January 1st 1883 to December 24th 1884.

January	1.
February	3.
March	10.
April	2.
May	35.
June	1.
July	2.
August	—
September	5
October	9.
November	72.
December	2.
	142

Jewelry Store.

We call the attention of our readers to the new add of Lucien Diacon Sr., watchmaker and Jeweler, which appears in this issue of the HERALD. Mr. Diacon is a practical workman, and will promptly repair all work intrusted to his care. He also keeps a good assortment of watches, clocks rings &c., on hand which he will sell at close figures for cash.

County Board.

The board of County Commissioners meet in annual session on the 1st Tuesday in January, which happens to be on New Years day this year. It is not probable that they will transact any business on that day, but adjourn over until the following day.

Our Correspondents.

Owing to the Holidays our Waconia and Watertown correspondents failed to send in their items. They promise to be on time next week, and we consequently excuse them this time.

Christmas Trees.

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Chaska Dec. 17th 1883.

Robert Patterson, Chm. Board of Co. Com's
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Highest market price paid for barley in cash or trade at

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Watertown, Nov. 22d 1883.

PETER CAMPBELL.

Saw Mill.

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A Rare Chance.

Two Gold Watches,
One " Chain,
Three " Rings,
Six Silver Spoons,
One Gold Bracelet,
Two pair gold ear drops,
Two pair gold charms.
Two very fine watch chains,
Two pair Sleeve Buttons,
Two " Cuff Pins,
One " Gold Breast Pin.

Everybody buying two dollars worth of Jewelry any time on or before New Year, will be entitled to a ticket worth one dollar, in the above lottery. All tickets left over after New Year will be sold at $1. each. Call at the Jewelry Store of L. Diacon Sr., at once for a chance in the above drawing.

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The American Farmer.

Those wishing to take advantage of our clubbing offer with the American Farmer, for next year, should call and pay for the HERALD for year 1884 at once, as we intend to send down our list on January 2d 1884. The HERALD for 1884 and the Farmer for only $1,50 payable in advance. Don't delay as it will be too late in a short time.

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Our old friend Jos. Wesshecher, of Waconia, was in town last Saturday greeting his many old friends.

Farm For Sale.

The undersigned offers his farm consisting of 80 acres, for sale. The farm is situated in Sect. 11, one and a half mile from Cologne, and is under good caltivation with timber & meadow land, and farm residence, stable and granary thereon. Price ½ cash balance on long time. For full particulars call on premises of

HUBERT DOLS.

NOTICE To Whom It May Concern!

The saloon keepers of the county of Carver and the public generally are hereby notified not to sell or give to my son John Fick Jr., any intoxicating liquors of any kind including beer, as he is an habitual drunkard and I will prosecute all violations of this order.

Dated Laketown, Dec 4th 1883.

JOHN FICK,

Farm For Sale.

I offer the Fred Janke farm in this town for sale. This is a good chance for some one who wishes a good piece of land.

HUGO VOLKENANT.

Hides! Hides!!

The highest cash price paid for Hides at the butcher shop of

HENRY GEHL, Chaska.

Norwood.

Mr. John McCurry an old time resident of Norwood has returned for the winter at least to his old love. He has been employed in the Engineer corps of the Manitoba Road on the extension of their line to Devils Lake during the past season. John is well known here and his visit will be enjoyed by his many friends.

L E. Booth was noticed at his place of business yesterday. We are pleased to note this evidence of returning health and heartily hope he may soon be seen among us daily.

The first Club Dance of the season was held at the Grange Hall in this Village on last Saturday evening and was an enjoyable affair. Many were present from distant parts of the County. These dances will occur every two weeks and all are cordially invited to attend.

Mr. Wm P. Joy, Attorney, lately of No. 110 Hennepin Avenue Minneapolis has located in this village for the practice of law. He is a man of ability and we wish him the best of success in his practice.

Mr. Elmer Elliott has returned from his home in Sanborn D. T. where he is in the hardware business, on a visit to his parents. We hope he may be prevailed upon to keep us company for the winter.

Dr. Greave of Glencoe has left for his old home in Manchester Iowa where he will continue the practice of his profession, Dr. G. has been very successful in his field and it is to be hoped he will be so still.

Mr James Cash of Duluth has lately been making his brother Dr. W. P. Cash, of this village, a visit. We live in hopes he may come again soon and stay longer.

The Norwood literary society is again alive and flourishing, and with a few more such lively programe as the one of last Friday evening our reputation will be that of a decidedly formiable institution. The programme for the next meeting contains among other things a debate on the following question.

Resolved that trial by jury ought to be abolished.

Aff	Neg
J. W. Creven,	Wm J. McLeod
H. J. Ruememan	F. L. Bradly
Thos. McFadden	Riley Helms
A. W. Tiffany	Dr. W. P. Cash,

Augusta.

An alarm of fire startled our citizens last week, caused by the burning of Fred Lembecker's smoke house. The fire department responded with its usual promptness Hook & Ladder arrived just in time to see the building fall, Steamer No. 1½ no doubt would have arrived in a short space of thirty minutes, if they had not got stuck in the mudhole just beyond the P. O. Mr L's loss is one dry goods box and fifty pounds of sausage; no insurance.

There arrived late one evening last week, at the residence of Julius Wolff a stranger, he came over the Pan Handle route; its a boy and he came to stay.

Pro. L. Schlegelmilch who has charge of the observatory at this place discovered a new comet, its tail is over a mile long, it is approaching the earth with tremendous velocity; its position in the firmament is 8h 27m below the dewpoint, it can be seen with the naked eye in the N. E. corner of the constellation of Capricorn. Astronomers will no doubt be somewhat astonished.

Subscribe for the VALLEY HERALD.

LUCIEN DIACON, SR.

—:0:—

Watchmaker & Jeweler

CHASKA MINN,

Dealer in fine Watches, Jewelry, Clocks &c.

Repairing neatly done and work guaranteed.

Shop on 2nd St. Thie's old Store

"Crack-Proof" RUBBER BOOTS

—AND—

LUMBERMEN'S OVERS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

To Test the Quality of Rubbers.

With your thumb nail pick the edge of the sole. If made of pure rubber, it will be elastic and will not crumble. If shoddy and made of old goods ground up, it will pick off and crumble, and will not wear one half the time that it would if made of pure rubber.

All Rubber Shoes or Boots stamped on the sole or heel with this stamp, are made of pure rubber.

For sale by Boot and Shoe Dealers.

GOODYEAR RUBBER CO.,

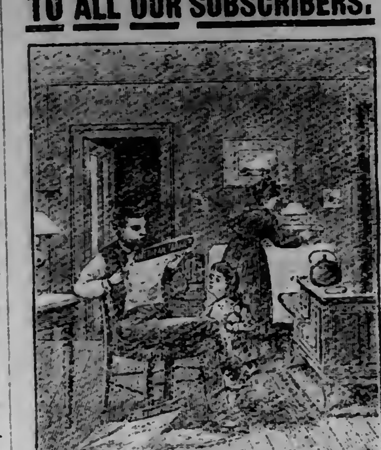
873 & 874 E. Water Street, - MILWAUKEE.

The only store in Wisconsin or Minnesota connected with Goodyear Rubber Co, New York.

AMERICAN FARMER

FREE

TO ALL OUR SUBSCRIBERS.



All of our subscribers who will pay their subscription accounts to this paper in full to date, and one year in advance, will be presented with one year's subscription to the

"AMERICAN FARMER"

a sixteen page agricultural magazine, published by E. A. K. Hackett, at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and which is rapidly taking rank as one of the leading agricultural publications of the country. It is devoted exclusively to the interests of the Farmer, Stock Breeder, Dairyman, Gardener, and their Household, and every species of industry connected with that great portion of the people of the world, the Farmer. The subscription price is $1 00 per year. Farmers can not well get along without it. It puts new ideas into their minds. It teaches them how to farm with profit to themselves. It makes the home happy, the young folks cheerful, the growler contented, the downcast happy, and the demagogue honest.

JOHN WUDKE

MERCHANT TAILOR,

CHASKA, MINN.

Good fits a specialty. Sample cloth of all kinds always kept on hand.

Shop over Gehl's Butcher Shop.

MEAT MARKET

by

Charles Gehl

CHASKA, — — MINN.

Always keep on hand Fresh Beef, Pork, Mutton, Corned Beef, Ham, Smoked Sausage, Dried Beef, Lard, &c.

Shop 2nd street. By 19 ly 81.

Minneapolis & St. Louis

RAILWAY.

ALBERT LEA ROUTE

NEW AND POPULAR LINE TO

CHICAGO Via ROCK ISLAND.

Through Cars, connecting in Union Depot with trains for all points East.

THE PIONEER & PEERLESS LINE TO

ST. LOUIS

several miles the shortest; connecting in Grand Union Depot with trains for all points South, Southeast and Southwest.

Des Moines Short line.

The only direct and first-class route between the capital cities of the great States of Minnesota and Iowa.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS

between St. Paul and Minneapolis and Fort Dodge and the extensive coal fields of Iowa.

The only route offering TWO TRAINS DAILY to

Kansas City, Atchison & Leavenworth

Making close connection with trains of the Union Pacific and Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railways.

A full line of tickets to all points in the Union States and Canadas on sale at principal ticket offices throughout the Northwest.

For information regarding Rates, Routes, sleeping car Berths &c., inquire of nearest Ticket Agent, or of

S. F. BOYD, E. RYDER.
Gen'l Tkt & Pass Agt. Supt.

MINNEAPOLIS

SHORT LINE.

The use of the term "Short Line" in connection with the corporate name of a great road, conveys an idea of just what is required by the traveling public a Short Line, Quick Time and the best of accommodations all of which are furnished by the greatest railway in America.

CHICAGO, MILWUKEE, and St. Paul.

It owns and operates over 4,500 miles road in Northern Illinois, Wisconsin Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota, and as its main lines, branches and connections reach all the great business centres of the Northwest and Far West it naturally answers the description of Short Line, and Best Route between.

Chicago, Milwaukee St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Chicago, Milwaukee, La Crosse, and Winona.

Chicago, Milwaukee Aberdeen and Ellendale.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Eau Claire and Stillwater.

Chicago, Milwaukee Wausau and Merrill.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Beaver Dam and Oshkosh.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Waukesha and Oconomowoc.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison and Prairie du Chien.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Owatonna and Faribault.

Chicago, Beloit, Janesville and Mineral Point.

Chicago, Elgin, Rockford and Dubuque.

Chicago, Clinton, Rock Island, and Ceder Rapids.

Chicago, Council Bluffs and Omaha.

Chicago, Sioux City, Sioux Falls and Yankton.

Chicago, Milwaukee, Mitchel and Chamberlain.

Rock Island, Dubuque, St. Paul and Minneapolis

Davenport' Calmer, St Paul and Minneapolis,

Pullman Sleepers and the Finest Dining Cars in the World are run on the main lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and every attention is paid to passengers by courteous employes of the Company.

S. S. MERILL, A. V. H. CARPENTER,
General Manager, Gen. Pass. & Tkt Agt
J. T. CLARK, GEO. H. HARTFORD
Genl Sup't. Ass't Gen Pass Agt

CLOTHING	CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS CAPS	BUFFALO COATS

OERTER & EDER.

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CHASKA - MINN.

Call early and get your Bargains in CLOTHING, as we have made a General reduction on all winter goods.

COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER COATS OVER

CITY DRUG STORE!

JOSEPH FRANKEN, Prop'r.

Prescriptions a Specialty.

I HAVE A COMPLETE STOCK OF

NON-SECRET AND PATENT MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Toilet Goods, Books, Stationery, Notions Liquors and Cigars. A full line of

Homeopathic Tinctures and Pellets.

The largest and best selected stock of

Wall Paper,

A Full Assortment of Glassware.

All orders from the country or surrounding towns solicited and promptly filled.

Just Stop and Think!

Don't you know that one of the best and easiest ways to save your "hard earned wealth" is to buy where you can get the

BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY?

Of course you know it, and in order that you may know that we know you know it, we want to remind you that we are now offering at

VERY LOW PRICES!

One of the Largest and Best Selected stocks of

Hardware of all Descriptions!

It has ever been your fortune to witness or our fortune to secure. An examination of our goods and a knowledge of our prices will convince you that we are telling you only the PLAIN, UNVARNISHED TRUTH! You are respectfully invited to call and test the truth of our remarks.

P. HENK, - Chaska

HERMAN KREUTZIANS,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Farm Machinery,

CHASKA, - - MINN.

Also Agent for the Celebrated

Champion Twine Binders,

Champion Reapers & Mowers,

Constantly keep on hand a full line of repairs for all machinery I have for sale. I also keep on hand and sell at bottom prices all kinds of first class agricultural implements, from a grub hoe on to a steam threshing machine.

H. J. Kreutzian.

ATTENTION!

Selling at COST for CASH or Grain all winter Goods at

FRED SEEGER.

Take in Now Artics	1.35—1 55
" " Women "	1.25—
" " children "	75 1.00
Boots & Shoes felt	1.00—[illegible]
" " leather	1 60—[illegible]

Men & Boys Clothing and Over Coats at cost.

Big BARGAINS in Flannels, Sheeting and Dress Goods Now is the time to buy cheap. Highest price paid for Wheat, Oats and Barley in Cash or GOODS. Come early and get the cream of a large Stock.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Washington House!

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

Jno. Beirstettel.

This old and well known Hotel has been entirely refitted, and now offers the best of accommodation to the traveling public.

Good Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen.

The Best of LIQUORS, WINES & CIGARS kept at the Bar.

Fresh Beer always on tap.

Charges Reasonable.

STABLE ATTACHED.)

Marble Shop.

St. HUBERT CHANHASSEN.

The undersigned has opened a new marble shop, in St. Hubert, Chanhassen, and is ready to furnish Monuments, head stones and marble work of all kind, and will guarantee all of his work as to quality and workmanship, and prices that will defy all competitions.

WORK SOLICITED

PETER FEYEREISEN, Propr.

C. BESEMANN. ANTON TIETZ.

BESEMANN & TIETZ

Billiard Hall!

CHASKA, MINN.

We have just fitted up one of the neatest SALOONS AND BILLIARD HALLS In Chaska, and will keep constantly on hand the best of Liqors, Wines and Cigars.

Also Fresh Beer on tap every morning.

FREE LUNCH EVERY MORNING.

GIVE US A CALL.

"OLD RELIABLE"

CHASKA

Insurance Agency.

JOSEPH FRANKEN, Ag't.

Agent for all of the leading

FIRE, LIFE & HAIL

Insurance Companies.

Policies issued at home, and Losses promptly paid.

For full particulars inquire at the DRUG STORE, Chaska.

DR. P. F. SHILLOCK,

Deutscher Arzt,

Office in Herald Block Chaska, Minn. Office hours 9—11 a. m. & 2—4 p. m.

CHASKA ONE PRICE

Boot & Shoe

STORE by

G. H. Schroers,

CHASKA, MINN.

All goods warranted to be A No. 1.

Cheap for Cash.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER.

Repairing done neatly for customers.

NEW

FURNITURE STORE

Burkhart Bros.

Opposite Goodrich's 99 cent store.

CHASKA, - MINNESOTA.

Wool, Hair and Husk Mattresses, Wool Pillows, &c. &c.

Repairing promptly attended to. All work warranted, and charges reasonable.

BURKHART BROS.

NEW STORE!

NEW GOODS!!

NEW PRICES!!!

NEW

BOOTS & SHOES STORE.

BY

FRANK EISELE

Chaska - - - Minn.

I have just received and opened a large stock of boots, shoes, rubbers, rubber boots, slippers &c. All goods warranted No. 1 [illegible]

[illegible]

VALLEY HERALD.

R. R. Time Table

Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R.

SOUTH.		NORTH.	
Passenger	8:33 a. m.	Passenger	7:50 p. m.
do	4.12 p. m.	do	10:35 a. m.
do	7:30 p. m.	do	6:30 a. m.
do	7:30 a. m.	do	10:13 a. m.
do	9:28 a. m.	do	5:39 p. m.
do	5:39 p m.	do	9:30 p. m

H. D. WEAVER, Agt.

C. M. & St. P. R'y, H. & D. Div.

TIME TABLE NO. 5.

EAST.		WEST.	
Mixed	6:55 a. m.	Passenger	9:55 a. m
Passenger	4:45 p. m.	Mixed	8:00p. m

The above Trains connect at Cologne with main line Passenger Trains.

FRED GREINER, Jr. Agent

HOME AND COUNTY NEWS.

Happy New Year!

Now for business.

The Holidays will soon be over.

Dont forget to make your good resolves for the New Year.

We will have a new roller by next week.

Sleighing is poor, still Sleighs are being used in preference to wheels.

This being Holiday week our readers will excuse all deficiencies in the HERALD this week.

The Chaska band will furnish music for the grand New Years ball, at Nicolin's Hall.

For a first class Cutter, Bob sled or anything else in his line call on Jos. Ess.

We were visited by a good snow storm Saturday night, and sleighing is splendid this Monday forenoon.

Fred Faber, George Schutz and Anton Riederle, are home from St. Joseph University, spending the Holidays.

The Miss Lewis, Miss. Lizzie Linenfelser and Rosa Kerker, are home from St. Joseph Academy, St Paul, spending the Holiday vacation with their parents.

Christmas was generally observed in this village. The stores were closed, and religious services held at our different churches. The HERALD Office was closed all day.

Business has been lively in town since sleighing Wheat brings better prices, and cord wood is in good demand and is being rushed in, in large quantities. The Holidays have also stimulated trade.

Our farmer subscribers in Laketown and Chanhassen are way behind in paying up their subscriptions. If not paid before January 2d, we will send an agent after them. So make up your mind to pay us at once and save us that trouble.

The HERALD office is under obligation to Iltis & Sheave, proprietors of the Union Brewery of this place for an eight of their unrivalled beer. They are now making just as good an article of beer as is being manufactured in the State, and they should be liberally supported by our citizens.

Bob Sleds and Cutters.

If you wish a first class home made bob sled call on Joseph Ess. Every Bob made by Joseph is warranted first class in every respect. He has a number of very nice Cutters, different styles, which he is selling at bottom prices for cash. Call and examine his stock before going elsewhere.

School Vacation.

Our public schools are enjoying a two weeks vacation, from 1 st Friday until after the Holidays. Prof. Taylor and his associate teachers as well as their pupils expect to have a good time in the meantime.

The Sisters school is also enjoying a vacation until after the Holidays.

A Nice Saloon.

Casper Teipel, formerly opened his new saloon last Saturday evening, with the usual ceremonies. The band furnished music and at 10 o'clock p. m., Casper furnished his customers with a fine lunch. Casper has a fine saloon, and there is no doubt but that he will succeed in his undertaking as he is very popular with the public.

Grand Ball!

Remember the Grand Ball, given as a benefit to the Chaska, Cornet Band, which will take place at Concordia Hall, on New Year Eve., Dec. 31st.

A grand time is guaranteed. Come and dance out the old year and the new one in.

WANTED! WANTED!! Muskrat Skins.

For which the highest cash price will be paid by

G. H. SCHROERS, Chaska.

Land Sale.

[illegible] Shele, of Laketown, has [illegible] acres of land, to Martin [illegible]n, his neighbor, for $700. He will move into town [illegible] family, and work upon our [illegible]ds.

No More Credit.

Notice is hereby given that after the first day of January 1884, I will change to the cash system, and sell my meat for cash only. All those indebted to me are requested to settle their accounts at once.

HENRY GEHL, Butcher.

Grand Benefit Ball.

We are pleased to learn that our Cornet Band, have decided to give a grand benefit ball on New Year Eve. Dec, 31st. The Band is a new institution, and the members thereof have already paid out a little over $700, for their Instruments and Uniform, and in view of this fact we hop their Ball on New Year Eve. will be largely attended and prove a good "benefit" to the boys.

Naturalization issued from Janaurs 1st 1883 to December 24th 1884.

January	1.
February	3.
March	10.
April	2.
May	35.
June	1.
July	2.
August	—
September	5
October	9.
November	72.
December	2.
	142

Jewelry Store.

We call the attention of our readers to the new add of Lucien Diacon Sr., watchmaker and Jeweler, which appears in this issue of the HERALD. Mr. Diacon is a practical workman, and will promptly repair all work intrusted to his care. He also keeps a good assortment of watches, clocks rings &c., on hand whichhe will sell at close figures for cash.

County Beard.

The board of County Commissioners meet in annual session on the 1st Tuesday in January, which happens to be on New Years day this year. It is not probable that they will transact any business on that day, but adjourn over until the following day.

Our Correspondents.

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L. Streukens, Co Auditor.
G. Krayenbuhl, Clerk Dist Court.

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Six Silver Spoons,
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A "trio" of Laketownites, invaded our office on Saturday, just for the purpose of wishing the HERALD a Merry Christmas. They were, Paul Bierlein, Gottlieb Maetzold and B. Kaufheid. Call often gents.

Jno. M. Miller, atty of Minneapolis, called at our office on Saturday while in town on business.

Our old friend Jos. Wessbecher, of Waconia, was in town last Saturday greeting his many old friends.

Farm For Sale.

The undersigned offers his farm consisting of 80 acres, for sale. The farm is situated in Sect. 11, one and a half mile from Cologne, and is under good cultivation with timber & meadow land, and farm residence, stable and granary thereon. Price ½ cash balance on long time. For full particulars call on premises of

HUBERT DOLS.

NOTICE To Whom It May Concern!

The saloon keepers of the county of Carver and the public generally are hereby notified not to sell or give to my son John Fick Jr., any intoxicating liquors of any kind including beer, as he is an habitual drunkard and I will prosecute all violations of this order.

Dated Laketown, Dec 4th 1883.

JOHN FICK,

Farm For Sale.

I offer the Fred Janke farm in this town for sale. This is a good chance for some one who wishes a good piece of land.

HUGO VOLKENANT.

Hides! Hides!!

The highest cash price paid for Hides at the butcher shop of

HENRY GEHL, Chaska.

Norwood.

Mr. John McCurry an old time resident of Norwood has returned for the winter at least to his old love. He has been employed in the Engineer corps of the Manitoba Road on the extension of their line to Devils Lake during the past season. John is well known here and his visit will be enjoyed by his many friends.

L E. Booth was noticed at his place of business yesterday. We are pleased to note this evidence of returning health and heartily hope he may soon be seen among us daily.

The first Club Dance of the season was held at the Grange Hall in this Village on last Saturday evening and was an enjoyable affair. Many were present from distant parts of the County. These dances will occur every two weeks and all are cordially invited to attend.

Mr. Wm P. Joy, Attorney, lately of No. 110 Hennepin Avenue Minneapolis has located in this village for the practice of law. He is a man of ability and we wish him the best of success in his practice.

Mr. Elmer Elliott has returned from his home in Sanborn D. T. where he is in the hardware business, on a visit to his parents. We hope he may be prevailed upon to keep us company for the winter.

Dr. Greave of Glencoe has left for his old home in Manchester Iowa where he will continue the practice of his profession, Dr. G. has been very successful in his field and it is to be hoped he will be so still.

Mr James Cash of Duluth has lately been making his brother Dr. W. P. Cash, of this village, a visit. We live in hopes he may come again soon and stay longer.

The Norwood literary society is again alive and flourishing, and with a few more such lively programe as the one of last Friday evening our reputation will be that of a decidedly formiable institution. The programme for the next meeting contains among other things a debate on the following question.

Resolved that trial by jury ought to be abolished.

Aff	Neg
J. W. Creven,	Wm J. McLeod
H. J. Ruenneman	F. L. Bradly
Thos. McFadden	Riley Helms
A. W. Tiffany	Dr. W. P. Cash,

Augusta.

An alarm of fire startled our citizens last week, caused by the burning of Fred Lembecker's smoke house. The fire department responded with its usual promptness. Hook & Ladder arrived just in time to see the building fall. Steamer No. 1½ no doubt would have arrived in a short space of thirty minutes, if they had not got stuck in the mudhole just beyond the P. O. Mr L's loss is one dry goods box and fifty pounds of sausage; no insurance.

There arrived late one evening last week, at the residence of Julius Wolff a stranger, he came over the Pan Handle route; its a boy and he came to stay.

Pro. L. Schlegelmilch who has charge of the observatory at this place discovered a new comet, its tail is over a mile long, it is approaching the earth with tremendous velocity; its position in the firmament is 3h 27m below the dewpoint, it can be seen with the naked eye in the N. E. corner of the constellation of Capricorn. Astronomers will no doubt be somewhat astonished.

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—:0:—

Watchmaker & Jeweler

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Dealer in fine Watches, Jewelry, Clocks &c.

Repairing neatly done and work guaranteed.

Shop on 2nd St. Thie's old Store

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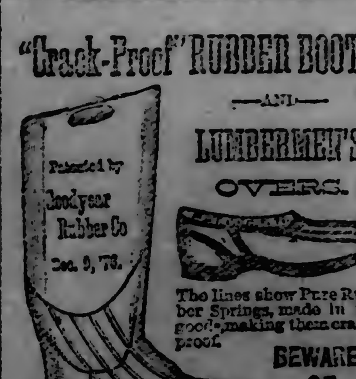

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To Test the Quality of Rubbers.

With your thumb nail pick the edge of the sole. If made of pure rubber, it will be elastic and will not crumble. If shoddy and made of old goods ground up, it will pick off and crumble, and will not wear one half the time that it would if made of pure rubber.

All Rubber Shoes or Boots stamped on the sole or heel with this stamp, are made of pure rubber.

For sale by Boot and Shoe Dealers.

GOODYEAR RUBBER CO.,

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The only [illegible] in Wisconsin or Minnesota connected with Goodyear Rubber Co., New York.

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It owns and operates over 4,500 miles road in Northern Illinois, Wisconsin Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota, and as its main lines, branches and connections reach all the great business centres of the Northwest and Far West it naturally answers the description of Short Line, and Best Route between.

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Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison and Prairie du Chien.
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Chicago, Clinton, Rock Island, and Ceder Rapids.
Chicago, Council Bluffs and Omaha.
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Call early and get your Bargains in CLOTHING, as we have made a General reduction on all winter goods.

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Of course you know it, and in order that you may know that we know you know it, we want to remind you that we are now offering at

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One of the Largest and Best Selected Stocks of

Hardware of all Descriptions!

It has ever been your fortune to witness or our fortune to secure.

An examination of our goods and a knowledge of our prices will convince you that we are telling you only the PLAIN, UNVARNISHED TRUTH!

You are respectfully invited to call and test the truth of our remarks.

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Selling at COST for CASH or Grain all winter Goods at

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Take in New Artics	1.35—1 55
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" " Children "	75—1.00
Boots & Shoes felt	1.00—[illegible]
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" The Weekly Valley Herald "

Missing Issues: Jan 5 - Feb 2, Apr 27, Aug 10, 1882
Feb 1, 1883

Damaged Issues: Jun 8, 15, 1882
Aug 30, 1883

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